

Vigor3220 Series

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Multi-WAN Security Router

User's Guide

Vigor3220n

Vigor3220 Series Multi-WAN Security Firewall

User's Guide

Version: 3.2 Firmware Version: V3.8.2 (For future update, please visit DrayTek web site) Date: November 23, 2015

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Safety Instructions

- Read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.
- The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only be authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.
- Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.
- The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.
- Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not deploy the cable for LAN connection outdoor to prevent electronic shock hazards.
- Keep the package out of reach of children.
- When you want to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

Warranty

• We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the router will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary tore-store the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions. The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

Be a Registered Owner

• Web registration is preferred. You can register your Vigor router via http://www.DrayTek.com.

Firmware & Tools Updates

• Due to the continuous evolution of DrayTek technology, all routers will be regularly upgraded. Please consult the DrayTek web site for more information on newest firmware, tools and documents.

http://www.DrayTek.com

European Community Declarations

Manufacturer: DrayTek Corp.

Address: No. 26, Fu Shing Road, Hukou Township, Hsinchu Industrial Park, Hsinchu County, Taiwan 303

Product: Vigor3220 Series Router

DrayTek Corp. declares that Vigor3220 Series of routers are in compliance with the following essential requirements and other relevant provisions of R&TTE 1999/5/EC, ErP 2009/125/EC and RoHS 2011/65/EU.

The product conforms to the requirements of Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2004/108/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN55022/Class A and EN55024/Class A.

The product conforms to the requirements of Low Voltage (LVD) Directive 2006/95/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN60950-1.

This product is designed for 2.4GHz WLAN network throughout the EC region.

Regulatory Information

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device may accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. The antenna/transmitter should be kept at least 20 cm away from human body.



More update, please visit www.draytek.com.

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Part I Installation



This part will introduce Vigor router and guide to install the device in hardware and software.

I-1 Introduction

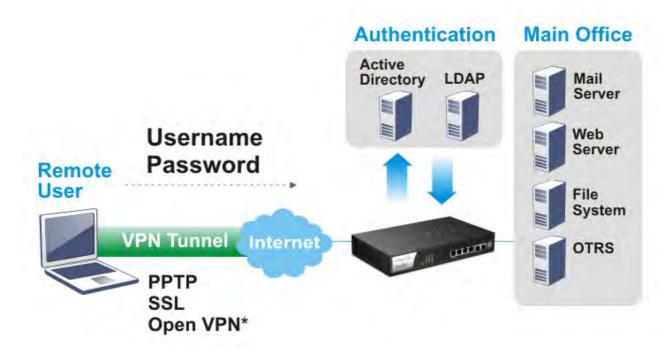
This is a generic International version of the user guide. Specification, compatibility and features vary by region. For specific user guides suitable for your region or product, please contact local distributor.

Vigor3220 Series, a broadband router, integrates IP layer QoS, NAT session/bandwidth management to help users control works well with large bandwidth.

By adopting hardware-based VPN platform and hardware encryption of AES/DES/3DES, the router increases the performance of VPN greatly and offers several protocols (such as IPSec/PPTP/L2TP) with up to 100 VPN tunnels.

The object-based design used in SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall allows users to set firewall policy easily. CSM (Content Security Management) provides users control and management in IM (Instant Messenger) and P2P (Peer to Peer) more efficiency than before. By the way, DoS/DDoS prevention and URL/Web content filter strengthen the security outside and control inside.

Object-based firewall is flexible and allows your network be safe. In addition, Vigor3220 Series supports USB interface for connecting USB printer to share printer, USB storage device for sharing files, or for 3G/4G WAN.



I-1-1 Indicators and Connectors

Before you use the Vigor router, please get acquainted with the LED indicators and connectors first.



LED		Status	Explanation
ACT (A	ctivity)	Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
		Off	The router is powered off.
USB1~L	JSB2	On	A USB device is connected and active.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
CSM		On	The profile of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P application is enabled from Firewall >> General Setup. (Such profile is established under CSM menu).
WLAN		On	Wireless access point is ready.
		Blinking	Ethernet packets are transmitting over wireless LAN.
		Off	The WLAN function is inactive.
WAN1~WAN4		On	The WAN connection is ready.
		Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.
VPN		On	The VPN tunnel is active.
		Off	VPN services are disabled
		Blinking	Traffic is passing through VPN tunnel.
LED on	Connecto	r	
DMZ	Left	On	The port is connected.
	LED (Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED (Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps.
	Left	On	The port is connected.
LAN	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps
	Left	On	The port is connected.
WAN1	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
~WAN		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
4	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps



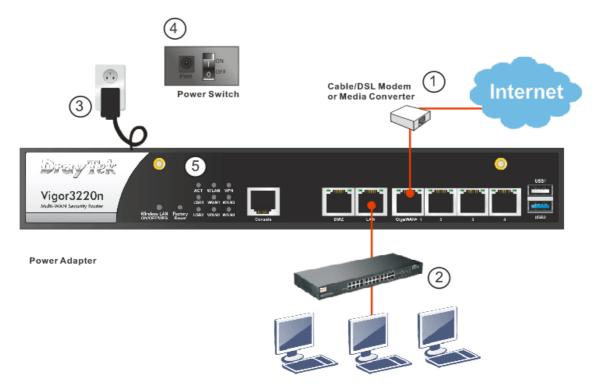


Interface	Description
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	 WLAN On - Press the button and release it within 2 seconds. When the wireless function is ready, the green LED will be on. WLAN Off - Press the button and release it within 2 seconds to turn off the WLAN function. When the wireless function is not ready, the LED will be off. WPS - When WPS function is enabled by web user interface, press this button for more than 2 seconds to wait for client's device making network connection through WPS.
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
Console	Connecter reserved for RD debug.
DMZ	Connecter for local DMZ host.
LAN	Connecters for local networked devices.
WAN1~WAN4	Connecter for remote networked devices.
USB1~USB2	Connecter for a USB device (for 3G/4G USB Modem or printer).
E	Connecter for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

I-2 Hardware Installation

I-2-1 Installing Vigor Router

Before starting to configure the router, you have to connect your devices correctly.



- 1. Connect the cable Modem/DSL Modem/Media Converter to any WAN port of router with Ethernet cable (RJ-45).
- 2. Connect one end of an Ethernet cable (RJ-45) to the LAN port of the router and the other end of the cable (RJ-45) into the Ethernet port on your computer. Or, use a switch to connect Vigor router and computer(s).
- 3. Connect one end of the power adapter to the router's power port on the rear panel, and the other side into a wall outlet.
- 4. Power on the device by pressing down the power switch on the rear panel.

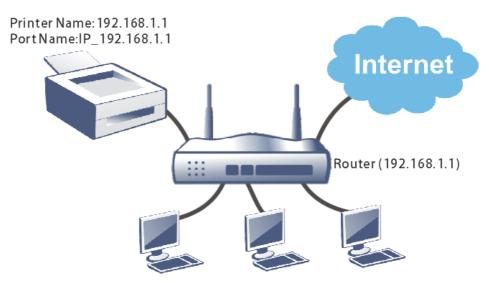


5. The system starts to initiate. After completing the system test, the ACT LED will light up and start blinking.

(For the detailed information of LED status, please refer to section 3. Panel Explanation)

I-2-2 Installing USB Printer to Vigor Router

You can install a printer onto the router for sharing printing. All the PCs connected this router can print documents via the router. The example provided here is made based on Windows 7. For other Windows system, please visit www.DrayTek.com.



Before using it, please follow the steps below to configure settings for connected computers (or wireless clients).

- 1. Connect the printer with the router through USB/parallel port.
- 2. Open All Programs>>Getting Started>>Devices and Printers.

Client Smart VPN Client	
Getting Started	Computer
Privatefirewall 7.0	Control Panel
2	Devices and Printers
Connect to a Projector	Default Programs
Calculator	Help and Support
	Windows Security
 All Programs 	Log off

3. Click Add a printer.

00 1	▼ Control Panel ▼ Hardware and Sound ▼ Devices an	d Printe
Add a device	Add a printer	

4. A dialog will appear. Click Add a local printer and click Next.

🧀 Ac	ld Printer	x
\bigcirc	🖶 Add Printer	
	What type of printer do you want to install?	
	Add a local printer Use this option only if you don't have a USB printer. (Windows automatically installs USB printers when you plug them in.)	
	Add a network, wireless or Bluetooth printer Make sure that your computer is connected to the network, or that your Bluetooth or wireless printer is turned on.	
	Next Cance	1

5. In this dialog, choose Create a new port. In the field of Type of port, use the drop down list to select Standard TCP/IP Port. Then, click Next.

Add Printer		
🖌 🖶 Add Printer		
Choose a printer port		
A printer port is a type of con	nection that allows your computer to exchange	information with a printer.
C Use an existing port:	LPT1: (Printer Port)	<u>*</u>
• Create a new port. Type of port:	Standard TCP/IP Port	•
Type of porc		
		Next Cancel

6. In the following dialog, type **192.168.1.1** (router's LAN IP) in the field of Hostname or IP Address and type **192.168.1.1** as the Port name. Then, click Next.

🖶 Add Printer		
Type a printer hostname or If) address	
Device type:	TCP/IP Device	
Hostname or IP address:	192.168.1.1	
. .		
Port name:	192.168.1.1	
	pmatically select the driver to use	

7. Click Standard and choose Generic Network Card.

Additional port info	ormation required	
Additional porchine	omiddon reganed	
The device is not	t found on the network. Be sure that:	
1. The device is t	turned on.	
2. The network i	is connected.	
	nyeneylu configured	
3. The device is		
	on the previous page is correct.	
4. The address o	on the previous page is correct.	correct the
 The address o If you think the a address and performed 	on the previous page is correct. address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then form another search on the network. If you are sure the address is cor	
 The address on If you think the a address and perform device type below 	on the previous page is correct. address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then form another search on the network. If you are sure the address is cor	
 The address o If you think the a address and performed 	on the previous page is correct. address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then form another search on the network. If you are sure the address is cor	
 The address on If you think the a address and perform device type below 	on the previous page is correct. address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then form another search on the network. If you are sure the address is cor	
 The address of the second secon	on the previous page is correct. address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then form another search on the network. If you are sure the address is cor w.	rect, select the

8. Now, your system will ask you to choose right name of the printer that you installed onto the router. Such step can make correct driver loaded onto your PC. When you finish the selection, click Next.

🔒 Add Printer	
Install the printer driver	
Choose your prin	inter from the list. Click Windows Update to see more models.
l o install the dri	iver from an installation CD, click Have Disk.
Monafactarer	
D at a	
Brother	Brother DCP-116C
Canon	Brother DCP-117C
Canon DrayTek	Brother DCP-117C
Canon DrayTek Epson	Brother DCP-117C Brother DCP-128C Brother DCP-129C
Canon DrayTek Epson Fuii Xerox	Brother DCP-117C Brother DCP-128C Brother DCP-129C Brother DCP-130C
Canon DrayTek Epson Fuii Xerox 😭 This driver is digitally	/ signed.
Canon DrayTek Epson Fuii Xerox	/ signed.
Canon DrayTek Epson Fuii Xerox 🟹 This driver is digitally	/ signed.

9. Type a name for the chosen printer. Click Next.

差 Add Printer	
🌀 🖶 Add Printer	
Type a printer name	
Printer name: Brother DCP-116C	
This printer will be installed with the Brother DCP-116C dri	iver.
	Next Cance

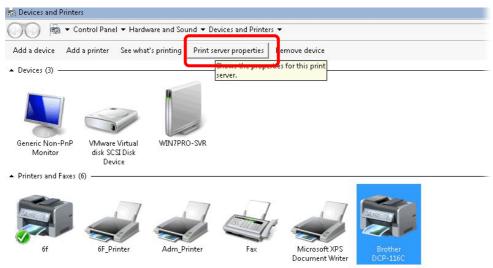
10. Choose Do not share this printer and click Next.

dd Printer	
🖶 Add Printer	
Printer Sharing	
If you want to share this printer, you must provide a share nan type a new one. The share name will be visible to other netwo	
Do not share this printer	
C Share this printer so that others on your network can find a	and use it
Share name:	
Location:	
Comment:	
	Next Can

11. Then, in the following dialog, click Finish.

🦟 A	Add Printer	x
0	📾 Add Printer	
	You've successfully added Brother DCP-116C	
	Set as the default printer	
	To check if your printer is working properly, or to see troubleshooting information for the printer, print a test page.	
	Print a test page	
	Finish	

12. The new printer has been added and displayed under **Printers and Faxes**. Click the new printer icon and click **Printer server properties**.



13. Edit the property of the new printer you have added by clicking Configure Port.

Port		Description	Printer		
TS00 TS00 TPV1 172.1	1 vi:	Inactive TS Port Inactive TS Port ThinPrint Print Port fo Standard TCP/IP Port	6f		
	local local	Standard TCP/IP Port Standard TCP/IP Port	Adm_Printer		
192.1 XPSF	l68.1.1 'ort:	Standard TCP/IP Port Local Port	Brother DCP-1 Microsoft XPS	L16C Document Writer	Ļ
	Add P	'ort Delet	e Port	Configure Port	

14. Select "LPR" on Protocol, type p1 (number 1) as Queue Name. Then click OK. Next please refer to the red rectangle for choosing the correct protocol and LPR name.

Ĩ	 Configure Standard TCP/IP Port Mo	nitor		
-	Port Settings			
F	Port Name:	192.168.1.1		
Ĩ	Printer Name or IP Address:	192.168.1.1		
	Protocol C Raw	,	€ LPR]
	Raw Settings Port Number: 910	0		
1	LPR Settings Queue Name: p1			
	LPR Byte Counting Enable	ŧ		
	SNMP Status Enabled -			
	Community Name: pul	blic		
-	SNMP Device Index: 1			

The printer can be used for printing now. Most of the printers with different manufacturers are compatible with vigor router.



Note 1: Some printers with the fax/scanning or other additional functions are not supported. If you do not know whether your printer is supported or not, please visit www.draytek.com to find out the printer list. Open Support >FAQ/Application Notes; find out the link of USB>>Printer Server and click it.



Then, click the What types of printers are compatible with Vigor router? link.



Note 2: Vigor router supports printing request from computers via LAN ports but not WAN port.

I-3 Accessing Web Page

1. Make sure your PC connects to the router correctly.

You may either simply set up your computer to get IP dynamically from the router or set up the IP address of the computer to be the same subnet as the default IP address of Vigor router 192.168.1.1. For the detailed information, please refer to the later section - Trouble Shooting of the guide.

2. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. The following window will be open to ask for username and password.

Dray Tek	Vigor3220 Series
Login	
Username Password	admin
	Login
	oyright © 2015 DrayTek Corp. All Rights erved

3. Please type "admin/admin" as the Username/Password and click Login.



If you fail to access to the web configuration, please go to "Trouble Shooting" for detecting and solving your problem.

4. Now, the Main Screen will appear.

	Dashboa	3220 Series				
Auto Logout 🔻 🛛 🛛 🛛 🔻	Businova					
ashboard	0	maTPalla	()			()
zards line Status	20	aylek	~			
						i
/AN	Vigo	or3220n	ACT WEAK VPN			
AN	Multi-WA	N Security Router	USB1 WAN1 WAN3			
oad-Balance/Route Policy		Wirele ON O	FFWPS Reset USB2 WAN2 WAN4	Cansole DM2	LAN GigaWAN+ 1	2 3 4
AT						
ardware Acceleration	System	nformation				Quick Access
rewall	Model Na		Sve	tem Up Time 0:0:20		System Status
ser Management	Bouter Na			rent Time 2000 Jan 1	Sat 0:0:11	Dynamic DNS
bjects Setting		Version 3.8.2		d Date/Time Nov 18 201		TR-069
SM		Address 00-1D-AA-0			.5 14.51.20	User Management
andwidth Management						IM/P2P Block
PN and Remote Access	IRv4 Int	ernet Access				Schedule
ertificate Management	11 947 1115	Line / Mode	IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time	
entral VPN Management	WAN1	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-01	00:00:00	SysLog / Mail Alert
entral AP Management	WAN2	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-01	00:00:00	LDAP
vireless LAN	WAN2	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-02	00:00:00	RADIUS
SL VPN	WAN4	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-03	00:00:00	Firewall Object Setting
SB Application	WAN5		Disconnected		00:00:00	Data Flow Monitor
ystem Maintenance	WANS	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-05	00:00:00	
iagnostics						
xternal Devices	Interfac					
	WAN	Connected : 0,	WAN1 WAN2	WAN3 WAN4 W	4N5	
upport Area	C LAN	Connected : 0,	@LAN1			
apport Area	WLAN	Connected : 0				
	USB		USB 1 USB 2			
		I 0.				

1

Info

The home page will be different slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have.

5. The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting is **Auto Logout**, which means the web configuration system will logout after 5 minutes without any operation. Change the setting for your necessity.

Auto Logout 🔽	
Auto Logout	
Off	
1 min	
3 min	an
5 min	01
10 min	

I-4 Changing Password

Please change the password for the original security of the router.

- 1. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. A pop-up window will open to ask for username and password.
- 2. Please type "admin/admin" as Username/Password for accessing into the web user interface with admin mode.
- 3. Go to System Maintenance page and choose Administrator Password.

System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup

Administrator Password

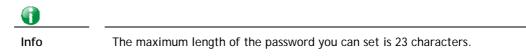
Old Password	
New Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
New Fassword	
Confirm Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Commi Passworu	(Maxi 25 characters allowed)

Note:Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : . " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

Administrator Local User

🔲 Local User	
Local User List	
Index User Name	<u>~</u>
	~
Specific User	
User Name:	
Password: Confirm Password:	
Add Edit Delete	
🗹 Enable 'Admin' Login From Wan	

4. Enter the login password (the default is "admin") on the field of Old Password. Type New Password and Confirm Password. Then click OK to continue.



5. Now, the password has been changed. Next time, use the new password to access the Web user interface for this router.

Dray Tek Login	Vigor3220 Series
Username Password Group	admin •
	Login oyright © 2015 DrayTek Corp. All Rights

() Info

Even the password is changed, the Username for logging onto the web user interface is still "admin".

I-5 Dashboard

Dashboard shows the connection status including System Information, IPv4 Internet Access, IPv6 Internet Access, Interface (physical connection), Security and Quick Access.

Click **Dashboard** from the main menu on the left side of the main page.

Auto Logout	<u>•</u> 186	
Dashboard		
Wizards Quick Start V Service Activ		

A web page with default selections will be displayed on the screen. Refer to the following figure:

Dra Vigo	rd Tay Ta or 3220n N Security Route		ACT WILAN USBI WANI AN Factory Linky Wang	VPN WAN3 WINI4				
		ON/OFF/W	PS Reset		Console	DMZ	LAN GigaWAN*	
System I Model Na	nformati	ion Vigor3220n		Curt		0:21:22		Quick Access
Nodel Na Router Nai		DravTek			em Up Time ent Time		. Sat 0:21:13	System Status Dynamic DNS
		· ·			Build Date/Time Nov 18 2015 14:31:20		TR-069	
irmware Version 3.8.2 AN MAC Address 00-1D-AA-00-00-00		Build Datey fille 1000 18 2013 14.		10 11.01.20				
AN MAC	AUULESSI	1 UU-1U-AA-UU-I	UU-UU I			1		Liser Management
AN MAC	Auuress	00-10-44-00-	00-00					User Management
	ernet Aco		00-00			1		IM/P2P Block
		cess	IP Address		MAC Addres	s	Up Time	IM/P2P Block Schedule
	ernet Aco	cess ode		ed	MAC Addres		Up Time 00:00:00	IM/P2P Block Schedule SysLog / Mail Alert
Pv4 Inte	ernet Aco Line / M	cess ode et /	IP Address			0-00-01	•	IM/P2P Block Schedule
Pv4 Inte <u>WAN1</u>	ernet Acc Line / M Ethern	cess ode et / et /	IP Address Disconnecte	ed	00-1D-AA-0)0-00-01)0-00-02	00:00:00	IM/P2P Block Schedule SysLog / Mail Alert LDAP RADIUS
Pv4 Inte <u>WAN1</u> <u>WAN2</u>	ernet Acc Line / M Ethern Ethern	cess ode et / et / et /	IP Address Disconnecte Disconnecte	ed ed	00-1D-AA-0	0-00-01 0-00-02 0-00-03	00:00:00 00:00:00	IM/P2P Block Schedule SysLog / Mail Alert LDAP
Pv4 Inte <u>WAN1</u> <u>WAN2</u> <u>WAN3</u>	ernet Aco Line / M Ethern Ethern Ethern	cess ode et / et / et / et /	IP Address Disconnecte Disconnecte Disconnecte	ed ed ed	00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0	0-00-01 0-00-02 00-00-03 00-00-03	00:00:00 00:00:00 00:00:00	IM.P2P Block Schedule SysLog / Mail Alert LDAP RADIUS Firewall Object Setting
Pv4 Inte <u>WAN1</u> <u>WAN2</u> <u>WAN3</u> <u>WAN4</u>	ernet Acc Line / M Ethem Ethem Ethem USB / - Conr Conr Conr	cess ode et / et	IP Address Disconnecte Disconnecte Disconnecte Disconnecte	ed ed ed ed	00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0 00-1D-AA-0	00-00-01 00-00-02 00-00-03 00-00-04 00-00-05	00:00:00 00:00:00 00:00:00 00:00:00	IM.P2P Block Schedule SysLog / Mail Alert LDAP RADIUS Firewall Object Setting

I-5-1 Virtual Panel

On the top of the Dashboard, a virtual panel (simulating the physical panel of the router) displays the physical interface connection. It will be refreshed every five seconds. When you move and click the mouse cursor on LEDs (except ACT), USB ports, DMZ, LAN, or WAN1~4, related web setting page will be open for you to configure if required.

Dashboard

DREYTER Vigor3220n Multi-WAN Security Router Water KAN WAN Weiter KAN WAN Weiter WAN Water Water Wan Wan Weiter Wan Wan Water Wan								
Port	Color	Description						
DMZ	Black	DMZ port is disconnected.						
	Orange	DMZ port is connected at 10/100 Mbps.						
	Green	DMZ port is connected at 1 Gbps.						
LAN	Black	LAN port is disconnected.						
	Orange	LAN port is connected at 10/100 Mbps.						
	Green	LAN port is connected at 1 Gbps.						
GigaWAN	Black	WAN2 port is disconnected.						
1~4	Orange	WAN2 port is connected at 10/100 Mbps.						
	Green	WAN2 port is connected at 1 Gbps.						
USB	Black	No USB device is connected.						
	Green	A USB device is connected.						

For detailed information about the LED display, refer to I-1-1 LED Indicators and Connectors.

I-5-2 Name with a Link

A name with a link (e.g., <u>Router Name</u>, <u>Current Time</u>, <u>WAN1~5</u> and etc.) below means you can click it to open the configuration page for modification.

System Information						
	Model Name	Vigor3220n	System Up Time	1:26:40		
ſ	Router Name	DrayTek	<u>Current Time</u>	2000 Jan 1 Sat 1:26:37		
l	Firmware Version	3.8.2_RC1	Build Date/Time	May 20 2015 19:36:37		
	LAN MAC Address	00-1D-AA-00-00-00				

IPv4 Internet Access							
	Line / Mode	IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time			
WAN1	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-01	00:00:00			
WAN2	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-02	00:00:00			
WAN3	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-03	00:00:00			
WAN4	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-04	00:00:00			
WAN5	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-05	00:00:00			

I-5-3 Quick Access for Common Used Menu

All the menu items can be accessed and arranged orderly on the left side of the main page for your request. However, some **important** and **common** used menu items which can be accessed in a quick way just for convenience.

Look at the right side of the Dashboard. You will find a group of common used functions grouped under **Quick Access**.

Quick Access
System Status
Dynamic DNS
<u>TR-069</u>
User Management
IM/P2P Block
Schedule
SysLog / Mail Alert
LDAP
RADIUS
Firewall Object Setting
Data Flow Monitor

The function links of System Status, Dynamic DDNS, TR-069, User Management, IM/P2P Block, Schedule, Syslog/Mail Alert, LDAP, RADIUS, Firewall Object Setting and Data Flow Monitor are displayed here. Move your mouse cursor on any one of the links and click on it. The corresponding setting page will be open immediately.

In addition, quick access for VPN security settings such as **Remote Dial-in User** and **LAN to LAN** are located on the bottom of this page. Scroll down the page to find them and use them if required.

Interface								
WAN	Coni	nected :0,	WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4	WAN5	
E LAN	Coni	nected :0,	LAN1					
VLAN	Coni	nected :0						
USB	Coni	nected :0, 0,	USB 1 USB 2					
Security	_	_	_	_		_	_	
III YPN	Conne	cted : O				<u>Remote Dial</u>	<u>-in User</u> /	LAN to LAN
	Conne Activat					<u>Remote Dial</u>	<u>-in User</u> /	<u>LAN to LAN</u>
PN PN	Activat	e:O				<u>Remote Dial</u>	<u>-in User</u> /	<u>LAN to LAN</u>

Note that there is a plus () icon located on the left side of VPN/LAN. Click it to review the VPN connection(s) used presently.

Security				
VPN	Connected : 1		<u>Remote Dial-in l</u>	Iser / LAN to LAN
	Current Page: 1		Pa	ge No. 1 🖌 Go To
	Name / User	Type / Security	Host IP	Up Time
	V2920	IPsec/3DES	172.16.2.145	0:0:20

User Mode is OFF now.

1	WAN	Connectea : 2,	VVAN1	WAN2	- VVA	W3 -				
	📑 LAN	Connected : 3,	LAN1	LAN2	LAI	VЗ	LAN4	LAN5	LAN6	
		Host ID	IP Add	ress		MAG	2			
		ALPHA-NB	10.28	.60.13		1C-	4B-D6-D2-0	D7-DB		
			10.28	.60.14		00-3	15-AF-09-7	'E-FA		
			10.28	.60.11		00-	50-7F-C9-7	'6-45		
- 11		Commented to C	CLUCE 4							

Host connected physically to the router via LAN port(s) will be displayed with green circles in the field of Connected.

All of the hosts (including wireless clients) displayed with Host ID, IP Address and MAC address indicates that the traffic would be transmitted through LAN port(s) and then the WAN port. The purpose is to perform the traffic monitor of the host(s).

I-5-4 GUI Map



All the functions the router supports are listed with table clearly in this page. Users can click the function link to access into the setting page of the function for detailed configuration. Click the icon on the top of the main screen to display all the functions.

GUI Map

Dashboard		Certificate Management	
Wizards			Local Certificate
	Quick Start Wizard		Trusted CA Certificate
	Service Activation Wizard		Certificate Backup
	VPN Client Wizard	Wireless LAN	
	<u>VPN Server Wizard</u>		General Setup
	<u>Wireless Wizard</u>		Security
Online Status			Access Control
	Physical Connection		<u>WPS</u>
	<u>Virtual WAN</u>		<u>WDS</u>
WAN			Advanced Setting
	<u>General Setup</u>		AP Discovery
	Internet Access		Station List
	<u>Multi-VLAN</u>		Station Control
LAN		SSL VPN	
	<u>General Setup</u>		<u>General Setup</u>
	Static Route		SSL Web Proxy
	VLAN		SSL Application
	Bind IP to MAC		<u>User Account</u>
	<u>LAN Port Mirror</u>		<u>User Group</u>
	Web Portal Setup		<u>Online User Status</u>
Route Policy		USB Application	
	<u>General Setup</u>		USB General Settings
	<u>Diagnose</u>		<u>USB User Management</u>
NAT			<u>File Explorer</u>
	Port Redirection		USB Device Status
	DMZ Host		Modern Support List

I-5-5 Web Console



It is not necessary to use the telnet command via DOS prompt. The changes made by using web console have the same effects as modified through web user interface. The functions/settings modified under Web Console also can be reviewed on the web user interface.

Click the Web Console icon on the top of the main screen to open the following screen.

🧔 192.168.1.	1/doc/console.htm	通信制管器			
192.168.1.1	/doc/console.htm				0.0 +
Type ? for > 2	c command help				
% Valid co	ommands are:				
bpa ip mngt switch vigbrg radius ≥∎	csm ip6 msubnet gos sys vlan wol	ddns ipf object quit testmail vpn user	dos log port show fs wan nand	exit Idap portmaptime smb upnp wpt1 ha	internet tacacsplus ppa srv usb wl_dual

I-5-6 Config Backup



There is one way to store current used settings quickly by clicking the **Config Backup** icon. It allows you to backup current settings as a file. Such configuration file can be restored by using **System Maintenance**>>**Configuration Backup**.

Simply click the icon on the top of the main screen and a pop up dialog will appear.

下載工(乍確認		×
儲存至	V3220_20150625.cfg 8.9 KB 下載		-
下載	後開啓	儲存	取消

Click Save to store the setting.

I-5-7 Logout



Click this icon to exit the web user interface.

I-5-8 Online Status

Online Status	
Physical Connection	
Virtual WAN	

I-5-8-1 Physical Connection

Such page displays the physical connection status such as LAN connection status, WAN connection status, ADSL information, and so on.

Physical Connection for IPv4 Protocol

Online Status

Physical Connectio	n			System	Uptime: Oday 1:41:	
IPv4			IPv6			
LAN Status	l Status Primary		yDNS: 8.8.8.8		Secondary DNS: 8.8.4.4	
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Pa	ckets			
192.168.1.1	0	3012				
WAN 1 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00		
IP	GW IP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0	
WAN 2 Status					>> <u>Dial PP</u>	
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00		
IP	GW IP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0	
WAN 3 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00		
IP	GW IP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0	
WAN 4 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00		
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)	

Physical Connection for IPv6 Protocol

Online Status				
Physical Connecti	on			System Uptime: Oday 1:42:38
LAN Status				
IP Address				
FE80::21D:AAF	F:FE00:0/64 (Link)			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
30	0	3460	0	

Detailed explanation (for IPv4) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	Primary DNS- Displays the primary DNS server address for WAN interface.
	Secondary DNS -Displays the secondary DNS server address for WAN interface.
	IP Address-Displays the IP address of the LAN interface.
	TX Packets-Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.
	RX Packets -Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.
WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 /WAN4 Status	Enable - Yes in red means such interface is available but not enabled. Yes in green means such interface is enabled.
	Line - Displays the physical connection (VDSL, ADSL, Ethernet, or USB) of this interface.
	Name - Display the name of the router.
	Mode - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., PPPoE).
	Up Time - Displays the total uptime of the interface.
	IP - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.
	GW IP - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.
	TX Packets - Displays the total transmitted packets at the WAN interface.
	TX Rate - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the WAN interface.
	RX Packets - Displays the total number of received packets at the WAN interface.
	RX Rate - Displays the speed of received octets at the WAN interface.

Detailed explanation (for IPv6) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	IP Address- Displays the IPv6 address of the LAN interface
	TX Packets-Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.
	RX Packets -Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.
	TX Bytes - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the LAN interface.
	RX Bytes - Displays the speed of received octets at the LAN interface.

Item	Description
WAN IPv6 Status	Enable - No in red means such interface is available but not enabled. Yes in green means such interface is enabled. No in red means such interface is not available.
	Mode - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., TSPC).
	Up Time - Displays the total uptime of the interface.
	IP - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.
	Gateway IP - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.



Info

The words in green mean that the WAN connection of that interface is ready for accessing Internet; the words in red mean that the WAN connection of that interface is not ready for accessing Internet.

I-5-8-2 Virtual WAN

Such page displays the virtual WAN connection information.

Virtual WAN are used by TR-069 management, VoIP service and so on.

The field of Application will list i-9the purpose of such WAN connection.

I-6 Quick Start Wizard

Quick Start Wizard can help you to deploy and use the router easily and quickly. The first screen of **Quick Start Wizard** is entering login password. After typing the password, please click **Next**.

Quick	Start	Wizard

Please enter an alpha-num	ric string as your Password (Max 23 characters).	
Old Password	••••	
New Password	•••••	
Confirm Password	•••••	

On the next page as shown below, please select the WAN interface (WAN 1 to WAN5) that you use. If Ethernet interface is used, please choose WAN1~WAN4. If USB interface is used, choose WAN5. For WAN 1 to WAN4, choose **Auto negotiation** as the physical type for your router. Here we take WAN1 as an example. Then, click **Next** for next step.

Ethernet Auto negotiation Auto negotiation 10M half duplex 10M full duplex 100M half duplex
Auto negotiation Auto negotiation 10M half duplex 10M full duplex 100M half duplex
Auto negotiation 10M half duplex 10M full duplex 100M half duplex
10M half duplex 10M full duplex 100M half duplex
10M full duplex 100M half duplex
100M half duplex
100M full duplex
1000M full duplex
100M full duplex 1000M full duplex

WAN1~ WAN4 and WAN5 will bring up different configuration page. Refer to the following sections for detailed information.

I-6-1 For WAN1~ WAN4 (Ethernet)

WAN1~ WAN4 are dedicated to physical mode in Ethernet. Please select the appropriate Internet access type according to the information from your ISP. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface.

PPPoE

1. Choose WAN1 as the WAN Interface and click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet				
WAN 1				
Select one of the following Internet Access	s types provid	ded by your I	SP.	
PPPoE				
O PPTP				
O L2TP				
O Static IP				
O DHCP				
	< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

2. Click **PPPoE** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 1		
Enter the user name and pase	sword provided by your ISP.	
Service Name (Optional)	СНТ	
Username	84005657@hinet.net	
Password		
Confirm Password	•••••	

Item	Description
Service Name (Optional)	Enter the description of the specific network service.

Item	Description
Username	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.
Confirm Password	Retype the password.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please manually enter the Username/Password provided by your ISP. Click Next for viewing summary of such connection.

WAN Interface:	WAN1
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Internet Access:	PPPoE
Click Back to modify char settings and restart the \	nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current Vigor router.

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Quick Start Wizard

PPTP/L2TP

1. Choose **WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard	
Connect to Internet	
WAN 2	
Select one of the following Internet Acce	ess types provided by your ISP.
O PPPoE	
• РРТР	
○ L2TP	
O Static IP	
O DHCP	
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Cancel</pre>

2. Click **PPTP/L2TP** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2 Enter the user name, pass your ISP.	vord, WAN IP configuration and PPTP server IP provided by	
User Name	5477aec	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password	••••	
WAN IP Configuration		
🔘 Obtain an IP address	automatically	
Specify an IP address		
IP Address	192.168.3.100	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.3.1	
Primary DNS		
Second DNS		
PPTP Server		

Item	Description
User Name	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.

Confirm Password	Retype the password.
WAN IP Configuration	Obtain an IP address automatically - the router will get an IP address automatically from DHCP server.
	Specify an IP address - you have to type relational settings manually.
	IP Address - Type the IP address.
	Subnet Mask -Type the subnet mask.
	Gateway - Type the IP address of the gateway.
	Primary DNS -Type in the primary IP address for the router.
	Second DNS -Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
PPTP Server / L2TP Server	Type the IP address of the server.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please type in the IP address/mask/gateway information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface: Physical Mode:	WAN2 Ethernet
Internet Access:	PPTP
Click Back to modify cha settings and restart the	nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current Vigor router.
L	<back next=""> Finish Cancel</back>

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Static IP

1. Choose **WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard	
Connect to Internet	
WAN 2	
Select one of the following Inter	met Access types provided by your ISP.
O PF	PPoE
O PF	РТР
O L2	2ТР
 St 	tatic IP
OD	НСР
1	
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Cancel</pre>

2. Click Static IP as the Internet Access type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2			
Enter the Static IP config	juration pr <u>ovided by your I</u> s	SP.	
WAN IP	192.168.3.102		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Gateway	192.168.3.1		
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8		
Secondary DNS	8.8.4.4	(optional)	

Item	Description
WAN IP	Type the IP address.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.
Gateway	Type the IP address of gateway.
Primary DNS	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
Secondary DNS	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please type in the IP address information originally provided by your ISP. Then click Next for next step.

Please confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface: Physical Mode: Internet Access:	WAN2 Ethernet Static IP
Click Back to modify char settings and restart the	nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current Vigor router.
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Cancel</pre>

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

DHCP

1. Choose WAN2 as WAN Interface and click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard	
Connect to Internet	
WAN 2	
Select one of the following Internet Access types provi	ded by your ISP.
O PPPoE	
○ РРТР	
O L2TP	
O Static IP	
DHCP	
< Back	Next > Finish Cancel

2. Click DHCP as the Internet Access type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2 If your ISP requester it in.	uires you to enter a specific host name or specific MAC address, please
Host Name	(optional)
MAC	00 - 1D - AA - A8 - B7 - 6A (optional)

Item	Description	
Host Name	Type the name of the host. Note: The maximum length of the host name you can set is 39 characters.	
MAC	Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to enter the MAC address.	
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.	
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.	
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.	

3. After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface: Physical Mode: Internet Access:	WAN2 Ethernet DHCP nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current Vigor router.
	≤ Back Next > Finish Cancel

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

I-6-2 For WAN5 (USB)

WAN5 is dedicated to physical mode in USB.

1. Choose WAN5 as WAN Interface.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN Interface	
WAN Interface: Display Name: Physical Mode:	WAN5 V USB
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

2. Then, click **Next** for getting the following page.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 5	
Internet Access :	3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode) 🔽
	3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)
3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)
SIM PIN code	
Modem Initial String	AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0
	(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)
APN Name	Apply

Item	Description
Internet Access	Choose one of the selections as the protocol of accessing the internet.
3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)	SIM Pin code -Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the pin code you can set is 15 characters.
	Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters.
	APN Name - APN means Access Point Name which is provided

	and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply.
4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)	SIM Pin code -Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.
	Network Mode - Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.
	APN Name - APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs.

Info

Such mode (4G USB Modem (DHCP mode) is supported by WAN3 only.

3. Then, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface: Physical Mode: Internet Access:	WAN5 USB PPP
Click Back to modify char settings and restart the V	nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current Vigor router.
	Sack Next > Finish Cancel

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

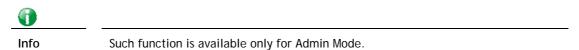
5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

I-7 Service Activation Wizard

Service Activation Wizard can guide you to activate WCF service (Web Content Filter) with a quick and easy way. For the Service Activation Wizard is only available for admin operation, therefore, please type "admin/admin" on Username/Password while Logging into the web user interface.

Service Activation Wizard is a tool which allows you to use trial version of WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com. For using Web Content Filter Profile, please refer to later section Web Content Filter Profile for detailed information.

Now, follow the steps listed below to activate WCF feature for your router.



1. Open Wizards>>Service Activation Wizard.

	Dashboard
	Wizards
	Quick Start Wizard
1	Service Activation Wizard
1	VPN Client Wizard
	VPN Server Wizard
	Wireless Wizard

2. The screen of **Service Activation Wizard** will be shown as follows. Click **Next** to activate free trail edition.

Service Activation Wizard

the service type that you w This wizard is used for a - Web Content Filter Please choose the editio	tivating				
	⊙ Free trial edition				
		ſ	Next >	Finish	Cancel

Free trial edition: it offers a period of trial for you to get acquainted with WCF function.

3. In the following page, you can activate the Web content filter services at the same time or individually. When you finish the selection, please click **Next**.

	ct provides 30 days of free trial, please choose the item(s) you want to use.	
WCF servic	re: ontent Filter (BPjM)	
	the web content filter based on service operated in Germany. We recommend only users liv	ve in
	ny to try the BPjM WCF service. This is a free service without guarantee.	
	Activation Date : 2013-02-18	
Web Co	ontent Filter (Commtouch) License Agreement	
trial per	couch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. Three is a 30 riod. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package g outlets.	
	Activation Date : 2013-02-18	
O Web Co	ontent Filter (fragFINN) License Agreement	Activation Date : 2013-02-18
	Agreement	Date , 2013-02-10
	read and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).	
		Next> Finish Cance
	activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.	
\square	activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.	
\square	activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.	Next> Finish Cance
Note: The a	Activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed. Second Second	Next> Finish Cance new control operated in the al, you can purchase ackage from retailing NN is whitelist for Germa

Service Activation Wizard

Please confirm your settings	
Sevice Type : Sevice Activated :	Trial version Web Content Filter (Commtouch)
Please click Back to re-sele	ct service type you to activate.
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

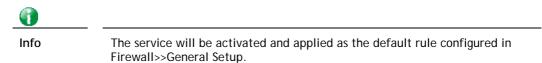
4.

5. Wait for a moment till the following page appears.

Service Activation Wizard

Connection Succeeded!		
Please check the following item(s) to enable services on your router.		
Enable Web Content Filter		
1	Next >	Finish

When such page appears, you can enable or disable these services for your necessity. Then, click **Finish**.



6. Now, the web page will display the service that you have activated according to your selection(s). The valid time for the free trial of these services is one month.

abled!			
	DrayTek Servic	e Activation	
Service Name	Start Date	Expire Date	Status
Web Content filter	2013-02-18	2013-03-21	Commtouch
Please check if the licens			
Please check if the licens normal operation for you	r router, update you	r signature again is	
		r signature again is	

When all the trial editions for various web content filters had been enabled, the configuration page of Service Activation Wizard will be invalid as shown below.

Service Activation Wizard



I-8 Registering Vigor Router

You have finished the configuration of Quick Start Wizard and you can surf the Internet at any time. Now it is the time to register your Vigor router to MyVigor website for getting more service. Please follow the steps below to finish the router registration.

1 Please login the web configuration interface of Vigor router by typing "admin/admin" as User Name / Password.

Dray Tek	Vigor3220 Series
Username Password Group	admin
	Login
	oyright © 2015 DrayTek Corp. All Rights erved.

2 Click **Support Area>>Production Registration** from the home page.



3 A Login page will be shown on the screen. Please type the account and password that you created previously. And click Login.



Please take a moment to register.

Membership Registration entitles you to upgrade firmware for your purchased product and receive news about upcoming products and services!

Once you receive the DrayTek membership, welcome your further login to advise us of your opinion about DrayTek product. Your precious suggestions will be of further help for innovation and enhancement. By joining MyVigor, your data will be handled carefully and not passed onto any 3rd party unrelated organizations. Your data will only be used/accessed by DrayTek Corp and regional offices/agents within your own country.

Fass	word : ••••••
Auth C	202901
	20290
	Forgotten password?
Don'	t have a MyVigor Account ? Create an account now
Become	the MyVigor member, you can receive the e-newsletter update. omer survey after you are a member! Your opinion is very appreciated.

Info

If you haven't an accessing account, please refer to section Creating an Account for MyVigor to create your own one. Please read the articles on the Agreement regarding user rights carefully while creating a user account.

4 The following page will be displayed after you logging in MyVigor. From this page, please click Add or Product Registration.

Dray Tek	Login User : carrieni (Logout) My Vigo			
About Us My Information My Product My Password My Settings Vigor Series Product Registration	My Information - My Product Welcome, carrieni Last login time : 2015-02-25 1 Last login from : 220.132.109 Current login time : 2015-03. Current login trom : 220.132.1 My Device List	0:00:31 .130 14 13:35:34	Rows : 10 💌	Page : 1 ¥ (Add)
Survey	Serial Number / Host ID	Device Name	Model	Note
	<u>111900325027</u>	2130	Vigor2130	-
	2013030811172502	vigor2760	Vigor2760	

5 When the following page appears, please type in Nickname (for the router) and choose the right registration date from the popup calendar (it appears when you click on the box of Registration Date). After adding the basic information for the router, please click **Submit**.

Dray Tek	Login User : carrieni (Logout)
About Us My Information My Product My Password	My information - My Products Search for this site © Registration Device Registration Date: * 03-04-2015
 > My Settings Vigor Series Product Registration Customer Survey 	Registration Date : * 03-04-2015 Serial number : 2015030413341201 Nickname : * Vigor3220 Usage : Select ♥ Product Rating : Select ♥ (Your opinion so far)
	No. of Employees : Select ♥ (In total within your company) Supplier : (Where you bought it from) Date of Purchase : (mm-dd-yyyy) Internet Connection : * (mm-dd-yyyy)
	Cable ADSL VDSL Fiber 3G WIMAX LTE Cancel Submit

6 When the following page appears, your router information has been added to the database.

Your device has been successfully added to the database.

ОK	
----	--

7 After clicking **OK**, you will see the following page. Your router has been registered to *myvigor* website successfully.

Dray Tek	🌡 Login User : carrieni (<mark>Log</mark>	out)		MyVigo
 About Us My Information 	My Information - My Products	;		
> My Product > My Password > My Settings	Welcome, carrieni Last login time : 2015-02-25 Last login from : 220.132.10 Current login time : 2015.03 Current login from : 220.132	9.130 8-04 13:35:34		
🗦 Vigor Series			Davia 10	Dana J d La
-	My Device List		Rows : 10 💊	r Page : 1 🗸
-		Device Name	Rows : 10 🔹	Page : 1 v Note
-	My Device List			
 Vigor Series Customer Survey 	My Device List Serial Number / Host ID	Device Name	Model	

Part II Connectivity



It means wide area network. Public IP will be used in WAN.

It means local area network. Private IP will be used in LAN.

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network.

DNS, LAN DNS, UPnP, IGMP, WOL, RADIUS, \ldots

Static Route, Load-Balance/Route Policy

II-1 WAN

It allows users to access Internet.

Basics of Internet Protocol (IP) Network

IP means Internet Protocol. Every device in an IP-based Network including routers, print server, and host PCs, needs an IP address to identify its location on the network. To avoid address conflicts, IP addresses are publicly registered with the Network Information Centre (NIC). Having a unique IP address is mandatory for those devices participated in the public network but not in the private TCP/IP local area networks (LANs), such as host PCs under the management of a router since they do not need to be accessed by the public. Hence, the NIC has reserved certain addresses that will never be registered publicly. These are known as *private* IP addresses, and are listed in the following ranges:

From 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255 From 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255 From 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

What are Public IP Address and Private IP Address

As the router plays a role to manage and further protect its LAN, it interconnects groups of host PCs. Each of them has a private IP address assigned by the built-in DHCP server of the Vigor router. The router itself will also use the default **private IP** address: 192.168.1.1 to communicate with the local hosts. Meanwhile, Vigor router will communicate with other network devices through a **public IP** address. When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network. Thus, all the host PCs can share a common Internet connection.

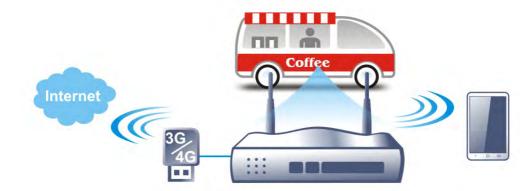
Get Your Public IP Address from ISP

In ADSL deployment, the PPP (Point to Point)-style authentication and authorization is required for bridging customer premises equipment (CPE). Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connects a network of hosts via an access device to a remote access concentrator or aggregation concentrator. This implementation provides users with significant ease of use. Meanwhile it provides access control, billing, and type of service according to user requirement.

When a router begins to connect to your ISP, a serial of discovery process will occur to ask for a connection. Then a session will be created. Your user ID and password is authenticated via PAP or CHAP with RADIUS authentication system. And your IP address, DNS server, and other related information will usually be assigned by your ISP.

Network Connection by 3G/4G USB Modem

For 3G/4G mobile communication through Access Point is popular more and more, Vigor3220 adds the function of 3G/4G network connection for such purpose. By connecting 3G/4G USB Modem to the USB port of Vigor3220, it can support LTE/HSDPA/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS/GSM and the future 3G/4G standard (HSUPA, etc). Vigor3220n with 3G/4G USB Modem allows you to receive 3G/4G signals at any place such as your car or certain location holding outdoor activity and share the bandwidth for using by more people. Users can use LAN ports on the router to access Internet. Also, they can access Internet via 802.11(a/b/g/n/ac) wireless standard, and enjoy the powerful firewall, bandwidth management, and VPN features of Vigor3220n series.



After connecting into the router, 3G/4G USB Modem will be regarded as the WAN3/WAN4 port. However, the original WAN1 and WAN2 still can be used and Load-Balance can be done in the router. Besides, 3G/4G USB Modem in WAN3/WAN4 also can be used as backup device. Therefore, when WAN1 and WAN2 are not available, the router will use 3.5G for supporting automatically. The supported 3G/4G USB Modem will be listed on DrayTek web site. Please visit www.draytek.com for more detailed information.

Web User Interface

II-1-1 General Setup

This section will introduce some general settings of Internet and explain the connection modes for WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3/WAN4 in details.

This router supports multiple-WAN function. It allows users to access Internet and combine the bandwidth of the multiple WANs to speed up the transmission through the network. Each WAN port can connect to different ISPs, Even if the ISPs use different technology to provide telecommunication service (such as DSL, Cable modem, etc.). If any connection problem occurred on one of the ISP connections, all the traffic will be guided and switched to the normal communication port for proper operation. Please configure WAN1, WAN2, WAN3 and WAN4 settings.

This webpage allows you to set general setup for WAN1, WAN2, WAN3 and WAN4 respectively. In default, WAN2 is disabled. If you want to enable it, simply click the WAN2 link and select Yes in the field of Enable.

Load Balance Mode: Auto Weight 🔹				
Setup				
Index	Enable	Physical Mode/Type	Line Speed(Kbps) DownLink/UpLink	Active Mode
WAN1	V	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0/0	Always On
WAN2	V	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0/0	Always On
WAN3	V	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0/0	Always On
WAN4	V	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0/0	Always On
WAN5	V	USB/-	0/0	Always On

WAN >> General Setup

Note: The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

OK

Item	Description
Load Balance Mode	This option is available for multiple-WAN for getting enough bandwidth for each WAN port. If you know the practical bandwidth for your WAN interface, please choose the setting of According to Line Speed. Otherwise, please choose Auto Weight to let the router reach the best load balance.
Index	Click the WAN interface link under Index to access into the WAN configuration page.
Enable	V means such WAN interface is enabled and ready to be used.
Physical Mode / Type	Display the physical mode and physical type of such WAN interface.
Line Speed(Kbps) DownLink/UpLink	Display the downstream and upstream rate of such WAN interface.
Active Mode	Display whether such WAN interface is Active device or backup device. Backup (WAN#)- Display the backup WAN interface for such

1nfo

In default, each WAN port is enabled.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-1 WAN1 ~ WAN4 (Ethernet)

Ethernet is the Physical Mode for WAN1 to WAN4.

WAN >> General Setup

WAN 1

Enable:	Yes •
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	0
UpLink	0
VLAN Tag insertion :	Disable 🔻 (Please configure Internet Access setting first)
Tag value:	0 (0~4095)
Priority:	0 (0~7)
Active Mode:	Failover 🔻 Load Balance: 🖉
Active When:	Any of the selected WAN disconnect
	All of the selected WAN disconnect
	🗌 WAN 1 🗌 WAN 2 🗌 WAN 3 💭 WAN 4 💭 WAN 5
N .	

Note:

The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.



Item	Description
Enable	Choose Yes to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose No to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.
Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
Physical Type	You can change the physical type for WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 or choose Auto negotiation for determined by the system.
Line Speed	If your choose According to Line Speed as the Load Balance Mode, please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.
VLAN Tag insertion	Enable - Enable the function of VLAN with tag.
	The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out.
	Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1.
	Disable - Disable the function of VLAN with tag.
	Tag value - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The

	range is form 0 to 4095.	
	Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.	
Active Mode	Choose Always On to make the WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 connection being activated always.	
	Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface.	
	When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.	
Active When	If you choose Failover as the Active Mode, the option of Active When will appear.	
	 Any of the selected WAN disconnect - Such WAN connection will be activated when any selected WAN interface (checked below) disconnects. 	
	• All of the selected WAN disconnect - Such WAN connection will be activated only when all of selected WAN interfaces (checked below) disconnect.	
	• Check boxes for WAN1 to WAN5 - Specify the WAN interface by checking the WAN box.	

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-1-2 WAN5 (USB)

WAN >> General Setup

To use 3G/4G network connection through 3G/4G USB Modem, please configure WAN3 or WAN4 interface.

AN 5	
Enable:	Yes •
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	USB
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation 🔻
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	0
UpLink	0
Active Mode:	Failover 🔻 Load Balance: 🗹
Active When:	Any of the selected WAN disconnect
	All of the selected WAN disconnect
	🔲 WAN 1 🔲 WAN 2 🗌 WAN 3 🗌 WAN 4 🗌 WAN 5
0.	

The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Choose Yes to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose No to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.

Vigor3220 Series User's Guide

Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
Line Speed	If your choose According to Line Speed as the Load Balance Mode, please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.
Active Mode	Choose Always On to make such WAN connection being activated always. Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface. When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.
Active When	 If you choose Failover as the Active Mode, the option of Active When will appear. Any of the selected WAN disconnect - Such WAN connection will be activated when any selected WAN interface (checked below) disconnects. All of the selected WAN disconnect - Such WAN connection will be activated only when all of selected WAN interfaces (checked below) disconnect. Check boxes for WAN1 to WAN5 - Specify the WAN interface by checking the WAN box.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-1-2 Internet Access

For the router supports multi-WAN function, the users can set different WAN settings (for WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4) for Internet Access. Due to different Physical Mode for WAN interface, the Access Mode for these connections also varies. Refer to the following figures.

WAN >> Internet Access

Internet .	Access			
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode	
WAN1		Ethernet	None	Details Page IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	None PPPoE	Details Page IPv6
WAN3		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP PPTP/L2TP	Details Page IPv6
WAN4		Ethernet	None	Details Page IPv6
WAN5		USB	None	Details Page IPv6

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

And,

WAN >> Internet Access

Internet	Access				
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN4		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN5		USB	None	Details Page	IPv6
			None		
			3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)		

Advanced You can configure DHCP client optio 3G/46 USB Modem(DHCP mode)

Available settings are explained as follows:	

Item	Description	
Index	Display the WAN interface.	
Display Name	It shows the name of the WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 that entered in general setup.	
Physical Mode	It shows the physical connection for WAN1~4 (Ethernet) /WAN5 (3G/4G USB Modem) according to the real network connection.	
Access Mode	Use the drop down list to choose a proper access mode. The details page of that mode will be popped up. If not, click Details Page for accessing the page to configure the settings.	
Details Page	This button will open different web page (based on IPv4) according to the access mode that you choose in WAN interface.	
	Note that Details Page will be changed slightly based on physical mode.	

IPv6	This button will open different web page (based on Physical Mode) to setup IPv6 Internet Access Mode for WAN interface
	If IPv6 service is active on this WAN interface, the color of "IPv6" will become green.
Advanced	This button allows you to configure DHCP client options.
	DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number and data information when such function is enabled and configured.
	DHCP Client Options Status
	Options List Enable Interface Option Type Data
	Enable: All WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4 WAN5 WAN6 WAN7 WAN8 Interface: All WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4 WAN5 WAN6 WAN7 WAN8 Option Number: DataType: ASCII Character (EX: Option:18, Data:/path)
	OK
	Enable - Check the box to enable the function of DHCP Option. Each DHCP option is composed by an option number with data. For example,
	Option number:100
	Data: abcd
	When such function is enabled, the specified values for DHC option will be seen in DHCP reply packets.
	Interface - Specify the WAN interface(s) that will be overwritten by such function. WAN5 ~ WAN7 can be located under WAN>>Multi-PVC/VLAN.
	Option Number - Type a number for such function.
	DataType - Choose the type (ASCII or Hex) for the data to be stored.
	Data - Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.



If you choose to configure option 61 here, the detailed settings in WAN>>Interface Access will be overwritten.

II-1-2-1 Details Page for PPPoE in Etherenet WAN

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the Internet, please select **PPPoE** from the WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1 page. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

		IPv6
amic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPVU
PPP/MP	Setup	
PPP Au	thentication P/	AP or CHAP 🔻
Idle Tin	neout -1	second(s)
IP Addre	ess Assignment Metho	d (IPCP)
		u (ii 01)
		vnamic ID)
	,	ynanne ir y
Fixed II	P Auuress	
Def	out MAC Address	
_	·	
	Address: OO (ID 0/	AA 00 00 01
(:1492)		
	PPP/MP PPP Au Idle Tir IP Addro WAN If Fixed I Fixed I © Def © Spe	PPP/MP Setup PPP Authentication P/ Idle Timeout 1 IP Address Assignment Methon WAN IP Alias Fixed IP: Yes Fixed IP Address Obefault MAC Address Specify a MAC Address: MAC Address: 00 ID

Item	Description	
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.	
ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.	
	Service Name (Optional) - Enter the description of the specific network service.	
	Username - Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.	
	The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.	
	Password - Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.	
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.	
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.	
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.	

	Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) - Type TTL value.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet.
PPP/MP Setup	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.
	Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.
IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)	Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Type the additional WAN IP address and check the Enable box. Then click OK to exit the dialog.
	Fixed IP - Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of Fixed IP Address .
	Default MAC Address - You can use Default MAC Address or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.
	Specify a MAC Address - Type the MAC address for the router manually.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-2 Details Page for Static or Dynamic IP in Etherenet WAN

For static IP mode, you usually receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet, namely multiple public IP addresses from your DSL or Cable ISP service providers. In most cases, a Cable service provider will offer a fixed public IP, while a DSL service provider will offer a public subnet. If you have a public subnet, you could assign an IP address or many IP address to the WAN interface.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the **Static or Dynamic IP** tab. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE		Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP		IPv6	
Enable	🖲 Disa	ble	WANI	P Network Settings	WAN I	P Alias	
			_	otain an IP address a	utomati	ically	
Keep WAN Conr			Rou	ter Name	Vigor		*
🔲 Enable PIN		alive	Dom	ain Name			*
PING to the IP			D	ICP Client Identifier *			
PING Interval		0 minute(s)		rname			
			_	sword			_
WAN Connection	n Detection						
Mode		ARP Detect 🔻		ecify an IP address			
				ddress			
MTU		1500 (Max:1500)	Sub	net Mask			
			— Gate	eway IP Address			
RIP Protocol							
🔲 Enable RIP				efault MAC Address			
Bridge Mode				pecify a MAC Addre			_
Enable Brid	dao Modo			Address: 00 ·1D	·AA :	00 00 00	1
	-						
Bridge Subnet		LAN 1 🔻		erver IP Address			
			Prima	ry IP Address	8.8.8.8		
			Secor	ndary IP Address	8.8.4.4	-	

ОK

*: Required for some ISPs
Note: 1. If enable firewall in bridge mode, IPv6 connection type would be change to DHCPv6 mode.
2. Bridge Subnet cannot be selected by Multi-WAN Interface at the same time.
3. If both Bridge Mode and Firewall are enabled, the settings under User Management will be ignored.

Cancel

Item	Description
Enable / Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
Keep WAN Connection	Normally, this function is designed for Dynamic IP environments because some ISPs will drop connections if there is no traffic within certain periods of time. Check Enable PING to keep alive box to activate this function.
	PING to the IP - If you enable the PING function, please specify the IP address for the system to PING it for keeping alive.
	PING Interval - Enter the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.
	 Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	• TTL (Time to Live) - Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet.
RIP Protocol	Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information.

	Click Enable RIP for activating this function.
Bridge Mode	Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem.
	Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated.
	Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface.
WAN IP Network Settings	This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.
	Obtain an IP address automatically - Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use Dynamic IP mode.
	 Router Name: Type in the router name provided by ISP.
	 Domain Name: Type in the domain name that yo have assigned.
	DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP
	• Enable: Check the box to specify username and password as the DHCP client identifier for some ISP.
	• Username: Type a name as username. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
	 Password: Type a password. The maximum lengt of the password you can set is 62 characters.
	Specify an IP address - Click this radio button to specify some data if you want to use Static IP mode.
	• IP Address: Type the IP address.
	• Subnet Mask: Type the subnet mask.
	 Gateway IP Address: Type the gateway IP address.
	Default MAC Address : Click this radio button to use default MAC address for the router.
	Specify a MAC Address : Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the Specify a MAC Address and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address field.
DNS Server IP Address	Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use Static IP mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP addres for necessity in the future.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-3 Details Page for PPTP/L2TP in Etherenet WAN

To use PPTP/L2TP as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the PPTP/L2TP tab. The following web page will be shown.

PPTP/L2TP IPv6 entication PAP or CHAP v out -1 second(Assignment Method (IPCP) as Ves No (Dynamic IP)	(s)
Assignment Method (IPCP)	s)
Assignment Method (IPCP)	s)
Assignment Method (IPCP) as	(s)
as	
📃 Vec 🔿 No (Dynamic ID)	
U IES U INU (Dynannic IF)	
ddress]
work Settings	
an IP address automatically	
/ an IP address	
ss	7
1ask	1
	work Settings an IP address automatically an IP address ss

WAN >> Internet Access

Item	Description
PPTP/L2TP	Enable PPTP- Click this radio button to enable a PPTP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.
	Enable L2TP - Click this radio button to enable a L2TP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.
	Disable - Click this radio button to close the connection through PPTP or L2TP.
	Server Address - Specify the IP address of the PPTP/L2TP server if you enable PPTP/L2TP client mode.
	Specify Gateway IP Address - Specify the gateway IP address for DHCP server.
ISP Access Setup	Username -Type in the username provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
	Password -Type in the password provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet.
PPP Setup	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.
	Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.
IP Address Assignment Method(IPCP)	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use

	WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.		
	Fixed IP - Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box. Fixed IP Address -Type a fixed IP address.		
WAN IP Network Settings	Obtain an IP address automatically - Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.		
	Specify an IP address - Click this radio button to specify some data.		
	 IP Address - Type the IP address. 		
	• Subnet Mask - Type the subnet mask.		

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to activate them.

II-1-2-4 Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode) in USB WAN

To use **3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from WAN menu. Then, select **3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)** for WAN5. The following web page will be shown.

```
WAN >> Internet Access
```

3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)	IPv6
		Modem Support Li
3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	🗆 Enable 🛛 💿 Disable	
SIM PIN code		
Modem Initial String	AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0	
Modelli Inidal Schrig	(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C	1SO=O)
APN Name		Apply
Modem Initial String2	AT	
Modem Dial String	ATDT*99#	
	(Default:ATDT*99#, CDMA:A SCDMA:ATDT*98*1#)	TDT#777, TD-
Service Name		(Optional)
PPP Username		(Optional)
PPP Password		(Optional)
PPP Authentication	PAP or CHAP 🔻	
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:		
=>,,,		
WAN Connection Detection		
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻	

Item	Description
Modem Support List	It lists all of the modems supported by such router.

	192.168.1.1/doc/pppsupdist.htm		
	3G/4G Modern Support List(PPP mode) The following compatibility test lists 3.56/LTE moderns supported by Vigor router under certain environment or countries. If the LTE modern you have is on the list but cannot work properly, please		
	environment of Countries, In the Large the source is on the last duct calindo work poperty, presses with an e-mail to support@draytek.com or consult your dealer for further information. Brand Model LTE Status Aiko Aiko 83D Y Alcatel Alcatel L100V Y Alcatel Alcatel W100 Y BandRich BandRuce C170 Y BandRich BandRuce C270 Y		
3G /4G USB Modem (PPP mode)	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.		
SIM PIN code	Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the PIN code you can set is 15 characters.		
Modem Initial String	Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters.		
APN Name	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply . The maximum length of the name you can set is 43 characters.		
Modem Initial String2	The initial string 1 is shared with APN. In some cases, user may need another initial AT command to restrict 3G band or do any special settings. The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters.		
Modem Dial String	Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of the string you can set is 31 characters.		
Service Name	Enter the description of the specific network service.		
PPP Username	Type the PPP username (optional). The maximum length of the name you can set is 63 characters.		
PPP Password	Type the PPP password (optional). The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.		
PPP Authentication	Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.		
Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup	You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page		
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP 		

 address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
• Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to activate them.

II-1-2-5 Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode) in USB WAN

To use 3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode) as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose Internet Access from WAN menu. Then, select 3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode) for WAN3/WAN4. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 5 3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode) 3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode) IPv6 Modern Support List 3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode) 🖲 Enable 🛛 🗆 Disable SIM PIN code Network Mode 4G/3G/2G • (Default:4G/3G/2G) APN Name (Default:1380) MTU 1380 Path MTU Discovery Choose IP LTE software version LTE hardware version WAN Connection Detection ARP Detect V Mode

Note: Please note that in some case USB port connection will be terminated temporarily to activate the new configuration.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description				
Modem Support List	It lists all of the modems supported by such router.				
	192.168.1.1/doc/pppsuptlst.htm				Q. 55
	3G/4G Modern Support List	(PPP mode)			^
	environment or countries. write an e-mail to supp	lity test lists 3.5G/LTE modems sup If the LTE modem you have is on t ort@draytek.com or consult your d	he list but cannot wo ealer for further infor	ork properly, please mation.	
	Aiko	Model Aiko 83D	LTE	Status	
	Alcatel	Alcatel L100V		Y	
	Alcatel	Alcatel W100		Y	
	BandRich	Bandluxe C170		Y	
	BandRich	Bandluxe C270		Y	
3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.				
SIM PIN code	Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.			cess	
	The maximum leacharacters.	ngth of the PIN o	code you c	an set is 19	9

No. to construct a NA solution	Energy Menor and the second set between the data the second
Network Mode	Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.
APN Name	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply . The maximum length of the name you can set is 47 characters.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	 Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Retry - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-6 Details Page for IPv6 – Offline in Ethernet/USB WAN

When Offline is selected, the IPv6 connection will be disabled.

WAN >> Internet Access

	atic or Dynamic IP	PPTP	IPv6
cess Mode			
n Type	Offline	~	

II-1-2-7 Details Page for IPv6 – PPP in Ethernet WAN

During the procedure of IPv4 PPPoE connection, we can get the IPv6 Link Local Address between the gateway and Vigor router through IPv6CP. Later, use DHCPv6 or accept RA to acquire the IPv6 prefix address (such as: 2001:B010:7300:200::/64) offered by the ISP. In addition, PCs under LAN also can have the public IPv6 address for Internet access by means of the generated prefix.

No need to type any other information for PPP mode.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPOE		Static or Dyn	amic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet A	ccess Mode					
Connecti	on Type			PPP	Ŧ	
Note : IPv	4 WAN setti	ng should b	e PPPoE clien	t.		
	4 WAN setti	-	e PPPoE clien	t.		
		tion		t.		
WAN Conr Mode		tion	e PPPoE clien Ping Detect 🔻	t.		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	 Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on PPP mode.

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion		System Uptime: 0:2:3
	IPv4	-	IPv6
LAN Status			
IP Address			
	00:201:21D:AAFF:F FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L	FEA6:2568/64 (Global) Link)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes
7	4	690	328
WAN2 IPv6 Status	5		>> Drop PPF
Enable	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	PPP	0:02:08	
1P			Gateway IP
	00:201:21D:AAFF:F F:FEA6:256A/128 (L		l) FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52
DNS IP			
2001:B000:16 2001:B000:16			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes
7	9	544	1126

?



WAN >> Internet Access

At present, the IPv6 prefix can be acquired via the PPPoE mode connection which is available for the areas such as Taiwan (hinet), the Netherlands, Australia and UK.

II-1-2-8 Details Page for IPv6 – TSPC in Etherenet WAN

Tunnel setup protocol client (TSPC) is an application which could help you to connect to IPv6 network easily.

Please make sure your IPv4 WAN connection is OK and apply one free account from hexago (http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account) before you try to use TSPC for network connection. TSPC would connect to tunnel broker and requests a tunnel according to the specifications inside the configuration file. It gets a public IPv6 IP address and an IPv6 prefix from the tunnel broker and then monitors the state of the tunnel in background.

After getting the IPv6 prefix and starting router advertisement daemon (RADVD), the PC behind this router can directly connect to IPv6 the Internet.

PPOE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access M	ode			
Connection Type	I	TSPC	T	
TSPC Configuratio	n			
Username				
Password				
Tunnel Broker				
WAN Connection E	etection			
Mode	Ping Detect	•		
Ping IP/Hostna	me			
TTL(1-255,0:Au	to) 0			

Available settings are explained as follows:

ltem	Description
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker. It is suggested for you to apply another username and password for http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account.
	The maximum length of the name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name. The maximum length of the name you can set is 19 characters.
Tunnel Broker	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.

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WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	 Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

After finished the above settings, click $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OK}}$ to save the settings.

II-1-2-9 Details Page for IPv6 – AICCU in Ethernet WAN

1				
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mode				
Connection Type		AICCU	•	
AICCU Configuration				
🔲 Always On				
Username				
Password				
Tunnel Broker	tic.sixxs.net			
Tunnel ID				
Subnet Prefix			/	
WAN Connection Dete	ection			
Mode	Ping Detect	•		
Ping IP/Hostname				
TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	0			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Always On	Check this box to keep the network connection always.
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker. Please apply new account at http://www.sixxs.net/. It is suggested for you to apply another username and password. The maximum length of the name you can set is 19 characters.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name. The maximum length of the password you can set is 19 characters.
Tunnel Broker	It means a server of AICCU. The server can provide IPv6 tunnels to sites or end users over IPv4. Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.

OK Cancel

Tunnel ID	One user account may have several tunnels. And, each tunnel shall have one specified tunnel ID (e.g., T115394). Type the ID offered by Tunnel Broker.
Subnet Prefix	Type the subnet prefix address obtained from service provider. The maximum length of the prefix you can set is 128 characters.
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

After finished the above settings, click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the settings.

II-1-2-10 Details Page for IPv6 – DHCPv6 Client in Ethernet WAN

DHCPv6 client mode would use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

WAN >> Internet Access

ode		
	DHCPv6 Client	
figuration		
ssociation ID) 44162083		
-44:		
Ping Detect	•	
ne		
to) 0		
e Mode		
all		
	LAN 1 🔻	
	etection Ping Detect	figuration ssociation ID) 44162083 etection Ping Detect ▼ me to) 0 e Mode all

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Identify Association	Choose Prefix Delegation or Non-temporary Address as the identify association.
IAID	Type a number as IAID.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through NS Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On, Ping Detect or NS Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. With NS Detect mode, the system will check if network connection is established or not, like IPv4 ARP Detect. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	 Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.
Bridge Mode	Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem.
	Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated.
	Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

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II-1-2-11 Details Page for IPv6 – Static IPv6 in Ethernet WAN

This type allows you to setup static IPv6 address for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPoE Stat	ic or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mode			
Connection Type	[Static IPv6 🔹	
Static IPv6 Address Config	uration		
IPv6 Address		/ Prefix Length	
		/ Add	Delete
Current IPv6 Address Tab Index IPv6 Address/P		Scope	
Static IPv6 Gateway configu IPv6 Gateway Address			Ŧ
IPv6 Gateway Address			Ŧ
IPv6 Gateway Address			Ŧ
IPv6 Gateway Address ::]	Ŧ
IPv6 Gateway Address]	T
IPv6 Gateway Address :: WAN Connection Detection Mode]	T
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname	Ping Detect ▼]	T
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	Ping Detect ▼]	T
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto) Bridge Mode	Ping Detect ▼]	T

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Static IPv6 Address configuration	 IPv6 Address - Type the IPv6 Static IP Address. Prefix Length - Type the fixed value for prefix length. Add - Click it to add a new entry. Delete - Click it to remove an existed entry.
Current IPv6 Address Table	Display current interface IPv6 address.
Static IPv6 Gateway Configuration	IPv6 Gateway Address - Type your IPv6 gateway address here.
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always. Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

?

Bridge Mode	Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem.
	 Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated. Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-2-12 Details Page for IPv6 – 6in4 Static Tunnel in Ethernet WAN

This type allows you to setup 6in4 Static Tunnel for WAN interface.

Such mode allows the router to access IPv6 network through IPv4 network.

However, 6in4 offers a prefix outside of 2002::0/16. So, you can use a fixed endpoint rather than anycast endpoint. The mode has more reliability.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPoE	Static or Dyna	mic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Ac				
Connectio	in Type	6in4	Static Tunnel 🔻	
6in4 Static	Tunnel			
Remote I	Endpoint IPv4 Address			
6in4 IPv6	6 Address		/ 64	(default:64)
LAN Rout	ted Prefix		/ 64	(default:64)
Tunnel T	TL	255 (defau	ult:255)	
WAN Conne	ection Detection			
Mode	Pi	ng Detect 🔻		
Ping IP/H	lostname			
	i5,0:Auto) 0			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Remote Endpoint IPv4 Address	Type the static IPv4 address for the remote server.
6in4 IPv6 Address	Type the static IPv6 address for IPv4 tunnel with the value for prefix length.
LAN Routed Prefix	Type the static IPv6 address for LAN routing with the value for prefix length.
Tunnel TTL	Type the number for the data lifetime in tunnel.

WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	• Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

After finished the above settings, click $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OK}}$ to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6in4 Static Tunnel mode.

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:4:16
IPv4		IPv6		A REAL PROPERTY OF THE DESIGN OF THE CASE
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	F00:83E4:21D:AAFF:FE FF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link		Global)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
14	80	1244	6815	
WAN1 IPv6 Status	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6in4 Static Tunnel	0:04:07		
IP			Gateway IP	
	-10:83E4::2131/64 (G 51D/128 (Link)	lobal)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
3	26	211	2302	

II-1-2-13 Details Page for IPv6 – 6rd in Ethernet WAN

This type allows you to setup 6rd for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mode	;		
Connection Type	6r	d 🔻	
6rd Settings			
6rd Mode	🔍 Auto 6rd 🛛 🖲 Stat	ic 6rd	
Static 6rd Settings			
IPv4 Border Relay	:		
IPv4 Mask Length	: 0		
6rd Prefix:			
6rd Prefix Length:	0		
WAN Connection Dete	ection		
Mode	Ping Detect 🔻		
Ping IP/Hostname			
TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	0		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
6rd Mode	Auto 6rd - Retrieve 6rd prefix automatically from 6rd service provider. The IPv4 WAN must be set as "DHCP".
	Static 6rd - Set 6rd options manually.
IPv4 Border Relay	Type the IPv4 addresses of the 6rd Border Relay for a given 6rd domain.
IPv4 Mask Length	Type a number of high-order bits that are identical across all CE IPv4 addresses within a given 6rd domain.
	It may be any value between 0 and 32.
6rd Prefix	Type the 6rd IPv6 address.
6rd Prefix Length	Type the IPv6 prefix length for the 6rd IPv6 prefix in number of bits.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	• Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6rd mode.

2

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:9:15
IPv4			IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	5:1D00:21D:AAFF: FF:FE83:11B4/64 (obal)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
15	113	1354	18040	
WAN1 IPv6 Statu	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6rd	0:09:06		
IP			Gateway IP	
(Global)	5:1D01:21D:AAFF:	FE83:11B5/128		
TX Packets	51D/128 (Link) RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
13	29	967	2620	

II-1-3 Multi-PVC/VLAN

This router allows you to create multi-PVC for different data transferring for using. Simply go to WAN and select Multi-PVC/VLAN page.

The system allows you to set up to eight channels which are ready for choosing as the first PVC line that will be used as multi-PVC.

WAN >> Multi-VLAN

Multi-VLAN

General			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag
1	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None
2	No	Ethernet(WAN2)	None
3	No	Ethernet(WAN3)	None
4	No	Ethernet(WAN4)	None
<u>6.</u> WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None
<u>7.</u> WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None
<u>8.</u> WAN8	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None

Note: Channel 5 is reserved for USB WAN.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Channel	Display the number of each channel. Channels 1 and 2 are used by the Internet Access web user interface and can not be configured here. Channels 5 ~ 10 are configurable.
Enable	Display whether the settings in this channel are enabled (Yes) or not (No).
WAN Type	Displays the physical medium that the channel will use.
VLAN Tag	Displays the VLAN tag value that will be used for the packets traveling on this channel.

Click any index (6~8) to get the following web page:

WAN >> Multi-VLAN >> Channel 8

Multi-VLAN Channel 8:					
WAN Type : Ethernet(WAN1) •					
General Settings VLAN Header VLAN Tag: Priority: O▼ Note: Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and unique for each channel.					
Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0) at a time. Open WAN Interface for this Channel WAN Application: Management ▼ WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP ▼					
ISP Access Setup	WAN IP Network Settings				
ISP Name	🔍 Obtain an IP address a	utomatically			
Username	Router Name	Vigor	*		
Password	Domain Name		*		
PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP	*: Required for some IS	Ps			
Always On	Specify an IP address				
Idle Timeout -1 second(s)	IP Address				
IP Address From ISP	Subnet Mask				
Fixed IP 🛛 🔍 Yes 🔍 No (Dynamic IP)	Gateway IP Address				
Fixed IP Address	DNS Server IP Address				
	Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8			
	Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4			
ОК	Cancel				

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Multi-VLAN Channel 6~8	Enable - Click it to enable the configuration of this channel. Disable -Click it to disable the configuration of this channel.	
WAN Type	The connections and interfaces created in every channel may select a specific WAN type to be built upon. In the Multi-VLAN application, only the Ethernet WAN type is available. The user will be able to select the physical WAN interface the channel shall use here.	
General Settings	 VLAN Tag - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. Valid settings are in the range from 1 to 4095. The network traffic flowing on each channel will be identified by the system via their VLAN Tags. Channels using the same WAN type may not configure the same VLAN tag value. Priority - Choose the number to determine the packet priority for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7. 	
Bridge mode	Enable - Click it to enable Bridge mode for such channel. Physical Members - Group the physical ports by checking the corresponding check box(es) for applying the bridge connection.	

Open WAN Interface for	Check the box to enable relating function.		
this Channel	WAN Application - Management - It can be specified for general management (Web configuration/telnet/TR069). If you choose Management, the configuration for this VLAN will be effective for Web configuration/telnet/TR069.		
	IPTV - The IPTV configuration will allow the WAN interface to send IGMP packets to IPTV servers.		
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.		
	Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.		
	Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.		
	TTL (Time to Live) - Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.		
WAN Setup	It is available only when VDSL or Ethernet (WAN2) is selected as WAN Type. Choose PPPoE/PPPoA Client or Static or Dynamic IP as the WAN mode for such channel.		
	• If PPPoE/PPPoA Client is selected as WAN Setup, you have to configure the settings listed under ISP Access Setup. Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.		
	ISP Name - Type in the name of your ISP.		
	Username - Type in the username provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the name you can set is 80 characters.		
	Password - Type in the password provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the password you can set i 48 characters.		
	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP fo PPP.		
	Always On - Check it to keep the network connection always.		
	Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.		
	Fixed IP - Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of Fixed IP Address.		
	 If Static or Dynamic IP is selected as WAN Setup, you have to configure the settings listed under WAN IP Network Settings. 		
	Obtain an IP address automatically - Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.		
	Router Name - Type in the router name provided by ISP.		
	Domain Name - Type in the domain name that you have assigned.		
	Specify an IP address - Click this radio button to specify some data.		
	IP Address - Type in the private IP address.		
	Subnet Mask - Type in the subnet mask.		

Gateway IP Address - Type in gateway IP address.	
DNS Server IP Address - Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use Static IP mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings and return to previous page.

II-1-4 WAN Budget

This function is used to determine the data *traffic volume* for each WAN interface respectively to prevent from overcharges for data transmission by the ISP. Please note that the Quota Limit and Billing cycle day of month settings will need to be configured correctly first in order for some period calculations to be performed correctly.

II-1-4-1 General Setup

WAN >> WAN Budget

General Setup		սթ	Monitor Page		
Index	Enable	Quota	When quota exceeded	Time cycle	Duration
WAN1	×	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00
WAN2	×	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00
WAN3	×	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00
WAN4	×	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00
WAN5	×	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00

Note: 1. The budget traffic information provided here is for reference only, please consult your ISP for the actual traffic usage and charges.

2. When hardware acceleration function is used, the monitored WAN traffic of Ethernet WAN interfaces may be slightly inaccurate.

Click WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 link to open the following web page.

WAN >> WAN Budget

able Criterion and Action		
Quota Limit:	0	MB 🔻
When quota exceeded :	Shutdow	n WAN interface
	🔲 Send Ma	il Alert to Administrator
	🔲 Send SM	S messages to Administrator
Monthly	Custom	
Select the day of a month	when your (cellular) d	ata resets.
Data quota resets on day [1 v at 00:00 v	

After clicking OK, the counter used in WAN Budget for this WAN interface will be reset.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable such function.
Quota Limit	Type the data traffic quota allowed for such WAN interface. There are two unit (MB and GB) offered for you to specify.
When quota exceeded	Check the box(es) as the condition(s) for the system to perform when the traffic has exceeded the budget limit.
	Shutdown WAN interface - All the outgoing traffic through such WAN interface will be terminated.
	Send Mail Alert to Administrator - The system will send out a warning message to the administrator when the quota is

Cancel

	running out. However, the calculated continuously.	e connection charges will be	
	Send SMS messages to Administrator - The system will send out SMS message to the administrator when the quota is running out.		
MonthlySome ISP might apply for the network limitation traffic limit per month. This setting is to offer of resetting the traffic record every month.		his setting is to offer a mechanism	
	Monthly	Custom	
	Select the day of a month Data quota resets on day	n when your (cellular) data resets. / 1 💟 at 00:00 💟	
	Data quota resets on day day in one month.	You can determine the starting	
Custom	This setting allows the user to define the billing cycle according to his request.		
	The WAN budget will be reset with an interval of billing		
	period is required, use Cu is between 1 day and 60 d	ult setting. If long period or a short stom. The period of cycle duration lays. You can determine the cycle e days and the hours. In addition, of today is in a cycle.	
	Monthly	Custom	
		t the beginning of each cycle. days and 0 👽 hours	
	Today is day 🚺 💌 in t	he cycle.	
	record. For example, 7 20 means the whole cy	Ty the days to reset the traffic 7 means the whole cycle is 7 days; cle is 20 days. When the time is up, ne traffic record automatically.	
	point which Vigor route	the day in the cycle as the starting er will reset the traffic record. For ne third day of the cycle duration.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-1-4-2 Monitor Page

The monitor page displays the status WAN budget, including the duration and the usage.

WAN >> WAN Budget

General Setup	Monitor Page		
		Refresh Min(s) : 1 💌	<u>Refresh</u>
Interface: WAN2 OMB 0%	Duration: 2014/07/19	9 11:00~2014/08/07 11:00	
		1000MB	

If the WAN budget is exhausted, a lock will be displayed on the page if Shutdown WAN interface is selected. Which means no data transmission will be carried out. Moreover, the system will send out a warning message to the administrator if Send Mail Alert to Administrator is selected. Or, the system will send out SMS message to the administrator if Send SMS messages to Administrator is selected.

WAN	>>	WAN	Budget
VVAN		VVAN	Duuyei

General Setup	Monitor Page		
		Refresh Min(s) : 1 💌	<u>Refresh</u>
Interface: WAN2	Duration: 2014/07/19	11:00~2014/08/07 11:00 2500MB 5MB 250%	
	â		
	1000	IMB	

Application Notes

A-1 How to configure settings for IPv6 Service in Vigor3220

Due to the shortage of IPv4 address, more and more countries use IPv6 to solve the problem. However, to continually use the original rich resources of IPv4, both IPv6 and IPv4 networks shall communicate for each other via intercommunication mechanism to complete the shifting job from IPv4 to IPv6 gradually. At present, there are three common types of intercommunication mechanisms:

Dual Stack

The user can use both IPv4 and IPv6 techniques at the same time. That means adding an IPv6 stack on the origin network layer to let the host own the communication capability of IPv4 and IPv6.

Tunnel

Both IPv6 hosts can communication for each other via existing IPv4 network environment. The IPv6 packets will be encapsulated with the header of IPv4 first. Later, the packets will be transformed and judged by IPv4 router. Once the packets arrive the border between IPv4 and IPv6, the header of IPv4 on the packets will be removed. Then, the packets with IPv6 address will be forwarded to the destination of IPv6 network.

Translation

Such feature is active only for the user who uses IPv4 to communicate with other user using IPv4 service.

Before configuring the settings on Vigor3220, you need to know which connection type that your IPv6 service used.

0

Info

For the IPv6 service, you have to configure WAN/LAN settings before using the service.

I. Configuring the WAN Settings

For the IPv6 WAN settings for Vigor3220, there are five connection types to be chosen: PPP, TSPC, AICCU, DHCPv6 Client and Static IPv6.

 Access into the web user interface of Viogr3220. Open WAN>> Internet Access. Choose one of the WAN interfaces as the one supporting IPv6 service. Then, click the IPv6 button of the selected WAN.

WAN >> Internet Access

Internet .	Access				
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN4		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN5		USB	None	Details Page	IPv6

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

Only one WAN interface support IPv6 service at one time. In this example, WAN2 is chosen as the one supporting IPv6 service.

2. In the following figure, use the drop down list to choose a proper connection type.

N >> Internet Acc	ess				
N 2					
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP		Pv6
Internet Acces	s Mode				
Connection T	уре	Offline	•		
		Offline			
		PPP			
		TSPC			
	OK	AICCU DHCPv6 Clie Static IPv6 6in4 Static T			
		6rd	unner		

Different connection types will bring out different configuration page. Refer to the following:

PPP - Dual Stack application, IPv4 and IPv6 services can be utilized at the same time ۲ Choose PPP and type the information for PPPoE of IPv4.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 2				
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Enable	Disable	PPP/	AP Setup	
		PPP 4	uthentication P/	AP or CHAP 🔻
ISP Access Setup		Idle T	'imeout -1	second(s)
Service Name (Op	itional) 73768635@hinet.net	IP Ad	dress Assignment Metho	d (IPCP)
Username	73768635	WAN	I IP Alias	
Password		Fixed	IP: 🔍 Yes 🖲 No (D)	ynamic IP)
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		Fixed	IP Address	
=> ,	, , , ,			
		. 🖲 D	efault MAC Address	
WAN Connection D	etection	🔍 s	pecify a MAC Address	
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻	MAG	Address: 00 ·1D ·/	4A:00 ·00 ·02
МТU	1492 (Max: 1492)			
	OK	Ca	ncel	

2

Access into the setting page for IPv6 service, it is not necessary for you to configure anything.

WAN >> Internet Access ? WAN 2 PPTP/L2TP IPv6 PPPoE Static or Dynamic IP Internet Access Mode PPP Connection Type • Note : IPv4 WAN setting should be PPPoE client. WAN Connection Detection Mode Always On 🔻 OK Cancel

Click OK and open Online Status. If the connection is successful, you will get the IP address for IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.

Physical Connection	n			Sy	stem Uptime: 0:1:1
	IPv4		IPv6		
LAN Status	Prima	ry DNS: 168.9	5.192.1	Secondary D	IS: 168.95.1,1
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Pac	kets		
192,168.1.1	0	3085			
WAN 1 Status					>> Dial PPPoE
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	ADSL		PPPoE	00:00:00	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
		0	0	0	O
WAN 2 Status					>> Drop PPPoE
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	Ethernet		PPPoE	0:00:54	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
114,44,49,54	168.95.98.254	800	4761	821	6617
WAN 3 Status					
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Signal
Yes	USB		100 C	00:00:00	+
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
		0	0	0	0

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0:2:32
	IPv4	IPv6		
LAN Status		_		
IP Address				
2001:B010:73	800:201:21D:AAFF:F	EA6:2568/64 (Glo)	pal)	
FE80::21D:AA	FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L	.ink)	and the second	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
7	4	690	328	
WAN2 IPv6 Statu	s			>> Drop PPP
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	PPP	0:02:08		
IP			Gateway IP	
2001:B010:73	00:201:21D:AAFF:F	EA6:256A/128 (Gl	obal) FE80::90:1A00:24	2:AD52
	F:FEA6:256A/128 (L	.ink)		
DNS IP				
2001:B000:16 2001:B000:16				
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
7	9	544	1126	

TSPC - Tunnel application, both IPv6 hosts communicate through IPv4 network Choose **TSPC** and type the information for TSPC service.

Info	While using such mode, you have to make sure the IPv4 network connection is normal.

(In the following figure, the TSPC information is obtained from http://gogo6.com/ after applied for the service.)

N 2			
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access M	lode		
Connection Type	TS	PC 🔻	
TEDC Configurati			
TSPC Configurati			
Username	cacahsu		
Password			
Tunnel Broker	broker.freenet6.net		
WAN Connection	Detection		
Mode	Alwaγs On 🔻		

Click OK and open Online Status. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shown as follows:

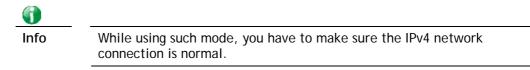
Physical Connect		System Uptime: 0:2:3		
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
2001:500:150	12:D00:21D:AAFF:FE	EA6:2568/64 (Global)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
88	121	15596	10249	
WAN2 IPv6 Status	6			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	TSPC	0:01:40		
IP			Gateway IP	
	10(8):1089/128 (Gld 559/128 (Link)	ibal)	-	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
127	89	9219	15866	

2

Online Status

• AICCU - Tunnel application

Choose AICCU and type the information for AICCU of IPv6.



(In the following figure, the AICCU information is obtained from https://www.sixxs.net/main/ after applied for the service.)

WAN >> Internet Access

PPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mod	e		
Connection Type	AICC	U 🔹	
AICCU Configuration	n		
🔲 Always On			
Username	JCR3-SIXXS		
Password	•••••		
Tunnel Broker	tic.sixxs.net		
Tunnel ID	JCR		
Subnet Prefix	2001:4DD0:FF00:8805::2	/ 64	
WAN Connection De	etection		
Mode	Always On 🔻		

Click OK and open Online Status. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Cancel

OK

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0:1:18
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	00:83E4:21D:AAFF		obal)	
	FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
147	187	34205	19176	
WAN2 IPv6 Status	5	10.00		
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	AICCU	0:00:48		
IP			Gateway IP	
2001:4DD0:FF	00:3E4::2/64 (Glob	al)		
FE80::4CD0:F	F00:3E4:2/64 (Link))		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
186	137	16438	33093	

2

• DHCPv6 Client

WAN >> Internet Access

Choose DHCPv6 Client. Click one of the identity associations and type the IAID number.

	Static of Dy	namic IP		PPTP/L	.2TP	IPv6
Internet Access	Mode				-	
Connection Ty	pe		DHCP	v6 Client 🔹 🔻		
DHCPv6 Client	Configuration					
IAID (Identit	y Association ID)	88324166				
WAN Connectio	on Detection					
		Always On	•			
Mode		i inajo on				
Mode Bridge Mode						
	lge Mode]			

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0:0:50
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status IP Address				
FE80;:21D:AA	FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L	ink)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
6	2	588	156	
WAN2 IPv6 Status	\$			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	DHCPv6 Client	0:00:40		
IP		1000	Gateway IP	
THE REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY AND A	00:201:21D:AAFF:F			
2001:1111:22	22:5555:21D:AAFF 22:3333::1111/128 FF:FEA6:256A/64 (L	3 (Global)	obal)	
DNS IP				
2001:4860:48 2001:4860:48	C DAY ELD D.C.			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
14	5	1174	694	

2

• Static IPv6

Choose Static IPv6. Type IPv6 address, Prefix Length and Gateway Address.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv	6
Internet Acces	s Mode				
Connection Ty	уре	Static IP	⁄6 ▼		
Static IPv6 Add	dress Configuration				
IPv6 Address	5	/	Prefix Length		
] /	Add	Delete	
Current IPv6	Address Lable				
Index IPv6	Address/Prefix Length		Scope		
1 2001	:B010:7300:201:21D:AAFF:FI	CA6:256A/	64 Global		
				-	
				-	
Static IPv6 Gat	teway configuration				
	teway configuration				

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online St	tatus
-----------	-------

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0:4:2
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status			2.1	
IP Address				
FE80(:21D:AA	FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L	.ink)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	IX Bytes	RX Bytes	
4	O	312	0	
WAN2 IPv6 Status	3			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Static IPv6	0:03:56		
IP			Gateway IP	
2001:B010:73	00:201:21D:AAFF:F	EA6:256A/64 (Gloi	oal)	
	22:5555:21D:AAFF FF:FEA6:256A/64 (L		obal).	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
8	2	608	364	

?

• 6in4 Static Tunnel

Choose 6in4 Static Tunnel. Type remote endpoint IPv4 address, 6in4 IPv6 Address, LAN Routed Prefix and Tunnel TTL.

2 PPoE	Static or Dyn	amic IP	РРТ	P/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Acces					
Connection Ty	/pe	6in	4 Static Tunnel	•	
6in4 Static Tun	nal			-	
	ooint IPv4 Address				
6in4 IPv6 Ad				/ 64	(default:64)
LAN Routed	Prefix			/ 64	(default:64)
Tunnel TTL		255 (defau	ilt:255)		
WAN Connecti	on Detection				
Mode		Alwaγs On .▼			

Click OK and open Online Status. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:4:10
	IPv4		IPv6	and a second
LAN Status				
IP Address				
2001:4DD0:FF	00:83E4:21D:AAE	E:FE83:11B4/64 (0	Global)	
FE80::21D:AA	FF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
14	80	1244	6815	
WAN1 IPv6 Status	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6in4 Static Tunr	nel 0:04:07		
IP		a set to be a set of	Gateway IP	
2001:4DD0:FF	10:83E4::2131/64	(Global)		
FE80::C0A8:6	51D/128 (Link)	100		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
3	26	211	2302	

۲ 6rd

Choose 6rd. Type IPv4 Border Relay, IPv4 Mask Length, 6rd Prefix and 6rd Prefix Length.

2 PPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mod		_		
Connection Type		Grd	•	
6rd Settings				
6rd Mode	🔍 Auto 6rd	Static 6rd		
Static fird Settings IPv4 Border Relay		3.101.111		
IPv4 Mask Length	: 0			
6rd Prefix:	2001:E4	41::		
6rd Prefix Length:	32			
WAN Connection De	tection			
Mode	Always On	•		

Click OK and open Online Status. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:9:18
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
2001:E41:A86	5:1D00:21D:AAFF:	FE83:11B4/64 (Glo	bal)	
FE80::21D:AA	FF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
15	113	1354	18040	
WAN1 IPv6 Statu	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6rd	0:09:06		
IP			Gateway IP	
2001:E41:A86 (Global)	5:1D01:21D:AAFF:	FE83:11B5/128		
FE80::COA8:6	51D/128 (Link)		_	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
13	29	967	2620	

II. Configuring the LAN Settings

LAN >> General Setup

After finished the WAN settings for IPv6, please configure the LAN settings to make the router's client get the IPv6 address.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Viogr3220. Open LAN>> General Setup. Click the IPv6 button.
- 2. In the field of **DHCPv6 Server Configuration**, when DHCPv6 service is enabled, you can assign available IPv6 address for the client manually.

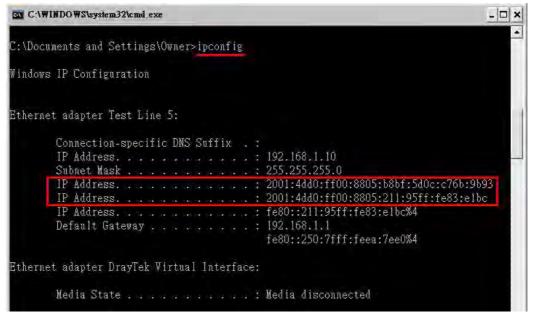
WAN Primary Interface WAN1	↓ ▼
Static IPv6 Address	
IPv6 Address	/ Prefix Length / Add Delete
	7 Aug Delete
Unique Local Address(ULA)	configuration
Off • ::	/ 64
Current IPv6 Address Table	P
Index IPv6 Address/Pr	
1 FE80::21D:AAFF:	:FE00:0/64 Link
	•
	Ψ.
	Ţ
DNS Server IPv6 Address	▼
DNS Server IPv6 Address Primary DNS Server	2001:4860:4860::8888
	▼ 2001:4860:4860::8888 2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server	2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management	2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management	2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management S DHCPv6 Server	2001:4860:4860::8844 SLAAC(stateless) ▼ Other Option(O-bit)
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server	2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server Auto IPv6 range	2001:4860:4860::8844 SLAAC(stateless) ▼ Other Option(O-bit) isable Server
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server	2001:4860:4860::8844 SLAAC(stateless) ▼ Other Option(O-bit)
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server Auto IPv6 range	2001:4860:4860::8844 SLAAC(stateless) ▼ Other Option(O-bit) isable Server
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server Auto IPv6 range Start IPv6 Address	2001:4860:4860::8844 SLAAC(stateless) ▼ Other Option(O-bit) isable Server 2001:1111:2222:3333::1111

Info

When both mechanisms are enabled, the client can determine which mechanism to be used (e.g., the default mechanism for Windows7 is RADVD).

III. Confirming IPv6 Service Run Successfully

1. Make sure you have obtained the correct IPv6 IP address. Get into MS-DOS interface and type the command of "ipconfig". Refer to the following figure.



From the above figure we can see IPv6 IP address has been captured by the system.

2. Use the Ping command to ping any IPv6 address indicating an IPv6 website. For example, www.kame.net is a website supporting IPv4 IP and IPv6 IP services. Its IPv6 address is seen with a format of 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7.

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe	- 🗆 ×
C:\Documents and Settings\Owner>ping 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7	<u>*</u>
Pinging 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=743ms Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=623ms Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=626ms Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=617ms	_
Ping statistics for 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 617ms, Maximum = 743ms, Average = 652ms	
C:\Documents and Settings\Owner>	•

After getting the above message, it means the IPv6 service has been activated successfully.

3. Connect to the website for IPv6. Open a web browser and type an URL of IPv6, e.g., www.kame.net. If your computer accesses into the website by using IPv6 address, you may see a turtle dancing on the screen. If not, only a steady turtle will be seen.

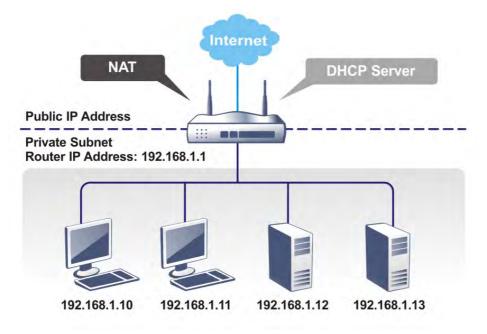


If you can see a turtle dancing on the screen, that means IPv6 service is ready for you to access and utilize.

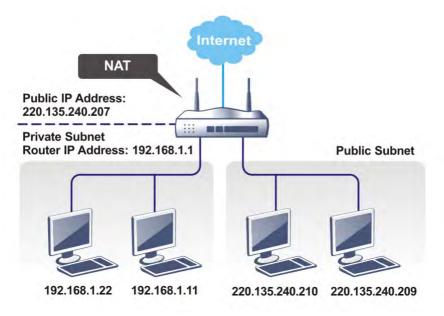
II-2 LAN

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

The most generic function of Vigor router is NAT. It creates a private subnet of your own. As mentioned previously, the router will talk to other public hosts on the Internet by using public IP address and talking to local hosts by using its private IP address. What NAT does is to translate the packets from public IP address to private IP address to forward the right packets to the right host and vice versa. Besides, Vigor router has a built-in DHCP server that assigns private IP address to each local host. See the following diagram for a briefly understanding.



In some special case, you may have a public IP subnet from your ISP such as 220.135.240.0/24. This means that you can set up a public subnet or call second subnet that each host is equipped with a public IP address. As a part of the public subnet, the Vigor router will serve for IP routing to help hosts in the public subnet to communicate with other public hosts or servers outside. Therefore, the router should be set as the gateway for public hosts.



What is Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

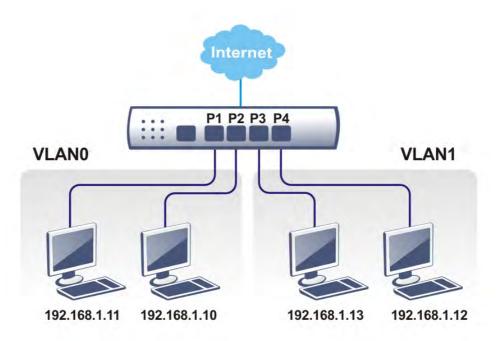
Vigor router will exchange routing information with neighboring routers using the RIP to accomplish IP routing. This allows users to change the information of the router such as IP address and the routers will automatically inform for each other.

What is Static Route

When you have several subnets in your LAN, sometimes a more effective and quicker way for connection is the **Static routes** function rather than other method. You may simply set rules to forward data from one specified subnet to another specified subnet without the presence of RIP.

What are Virtual LANs and Rate Control

You can group local hosts by physical ports and create up to 8 virtual LANs. To manage the communication between different groups, please set up rules in Virtual LAN (VLAN) function and the rate of each.



Web User Interface

II-2-1 General Setup

This page provides you the general settings for LAN. Click LAN to open the LAN settings page and choose General Setup.

There are several subnets provided by the router which allow users to divide groups into different subnets (LAN1 - LAN6). In addition, different subnets can link for each other by configuring Inter-LAN Routing. At present, LAN1 setting is fixed with NAT mode only. LAN2 - LAN6 can be operated under NAT or Route mode. IP Routed Subnet can be operated under Route mode.

LAN >> General Setup

. .

General Setup Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2		V	192.168.2.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 3		V	192.168.3.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 4		\checkmark	192.168.4.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 5		V	192.168.5.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 6		\checkmark	192.168.6.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 7		V	192.168.7.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 8		\checkmark	192.168.8.1	Details Page	IPv6
DMZ Port			192.168.9.1	Details Page	IPv6
IP Routed Subnet		\checkmark	192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP options here.

Inter-LAN Routing

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	LAN 5	LAN 6	LAN 7	LAN 8	DMZ Port
LAN 1									
LAN 2		V							
LAN 3			V						
LAN 4				V					
LAN 5					V				
LAN 6						\checkmark			
LAN 7							V		
LAN 8								\checkmark	
DMZ Port									V

Note: LAN 2/3/4/5/6/7/8 is available when VLAN is enabled.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
General Setup	Allow to configure settings for each subnet respectively.

	Index - Display all of the LAN items.					
	Status- Basically, LAN1 status is enabled in default. LAN2 -LAN6 and IP Routed Subnet can be observed by checking the box of Status.					
	DHCP- LAN1 is configured with DHCP in default. If required, please check the DHCP box for each LAN.					
	IP Address - Display the IP address for each LAN item. Such information is set in default and you can not modify it.					
	Details Page - Click it to access into the setting page. Each LAN will have different LAN configuration page. Each LAN must be configured in different subnet.					
	IPv6 - Click it to access into the settings page of IPv6.					
Advanced	DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number and data information when such function is enabled.					
	DHCP Server Customized Status					
	Customized List Enable Interface Option Type Data					
	Interface: In the bar					
	 "Gateway IP Address" field. Configuring option 15 here will overwrite the setting in "WAN >> Internet Access >> Static or Dynamic IP" Detail Page's "Domain Name" field. Enable/Disable - Enable/Disable the function of DHCP Option. Each DHCP option is composed by an option number with data. For example, Option number:100 					
	Data: abcd When such function is enabled, the specified values for DHCP option will be seen in DHCP reply packets.					
	Interface - Choose the interface for such option.					
	Next Server IP Address/SIAddr - Type the IP address for the next server. Vigor router's DHCP server can redirect clients to a secondary server specified in such field.					
	Option Number - Type a number for such function.					
	DataType - Choose the type (ASCII or Hex or address list) for the data to be stored.					
	Data - Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.					
Inter-LAN Routing	Check the box to link two or more different subnets (LAN and LAN).					

When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-1 Details Page for LAN1 – Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information.

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP	and DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup	
Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration	
For NAT Usage		💿 Enable Server 🔘 Disable Server	
IP Address	192.168.1.1	Enable Relay Agent	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Start IP Address 192.168.1.10	
		IP Pool Counts 200	
RIP Protocol Control	Disable 🔽	Gateway IP Address 192.168.1.1	
		Lease Time 86400	(s)
		Clear DHCP lease for inactive client periodically	s
		DNS Server IP Address	
		Primary IP Address	
		Secondary IP Address	

LAN >> General Setup

Note: Change IP Address or Subnet Mask in Network Configuration will also change <u>HA</u> LAN1 Virtual IP to the same domain IP.

_		_
	OK	

Item	Description	
Network Configuration	For NAT Usage,	
	IP Address - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).	
	Subnet Mask - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)	
	RIP Protocol Control,	
	Disable - deactivate the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)	
	Enable - activate the RIP protocol.	
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatches related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.	
	If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.	
	Enable Server - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.	
	Disable Server - Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.	
	Enable Relay Agent -Specify which subnet that DHCP server is located the relay agent should redirect the DHCP request to.	
	DHCP Server IP Address - It is available when Enable	

	Relay Agent is checked. Set the IP address of the DHCP server you are going to use so the Relay Agent can help to forward the DHCP request to the DHCP server.
	Start IP Address - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
	IP Pool Counts - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.
	Gateway IP Address - Enter a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.
	Lease Time - Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.
	Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically - Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him).
DNS Server IP Address	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.
	Primary IP Address -You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default DNS Server IP address: 194.109.6.66 to this field.
	Secondary IP Address - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default secondary DNS Server IP address: 194.98.0.1 to this field.
	The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:
	Online Status
	Physical Connection System Uptime: 22:22:45 IPv4 IPv6 LAN Status Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8 Secondary DNS: 8.8.4.4 IP Address TX Packets RX Packets 192.168.1.1 0 41533
	If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server and maintain a DNS cache.
	If the IP address of a domain name is already in the DNS cache, the router will resolve the domain name immediately. Otherwise, the router forwards the DNS query packet to the external DNS server by establishing a WAN (e.g. DSL/Cable)

connection.

When you finish the configuration, please click OK to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-2 Details Page for LAN1 – IPv6 Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information. Below shows the settings page for IPv6.

LAN >> General Setup

Enable IPv6 WAN Primary Interface WAN1	▼
Static IPv6 Address IPv6 Address	/ Prefix Length / Add Delete
Unique Local Address(ULA) c	configuration
Off 💽 🛛	/ 64
Current IPv6 Address Table	
Index IPv6 Address/Pre 1 FE80::21D:AAFF:F	
DNS Server IPv6 Address Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server	2001:4860:4860::8888 2001:4860:4860::8844
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management S	
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server Management S DHCPv6 Server	2001:4860:4860::8844

It provides 2 daemons for LAN side IPv6 address configuration. One is **SLAAC**(stateless) and the other is **DHCPv6 Server** (Stateful).

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable the configuration of LAN 1 IPv6 Setup.
WAN Primary Interface	Use the drop down list to specify a WAN interface for IPv6.
Static IPv6 Address	IPv6 Address - Type static IPv6 address for LAN.

configuration	Prefix Length - Type the fixed value for prefix length.		
	Add - Click it to add a new entry.		
	Delete - Click it to remove an existed entry.		
Unique Local Address (ULA) configuration	Such feature is used for the host without assigned IPv6 address to obtain IPv6 address automatically or have an IPv6 address specified manually via ULA configuration. It is convenient for communication among different subnets.		
	Auto ULA Prefix - The system will generate the required IPv6 address.		
	Manually ULA Prefix - A user can type the ULA IPv6 address manually.		
DNS Server IPv6 Address	 Primary DNS Sever - Type the IPv6 address for Primary DNS server. Secondary DNS Server -Type another IPv6 address for DNS server if required. 		
Management	 Host under LAN can be assigned IP address from Vigor router via the following method. SLAAC(stateless) SLAAC(stateless) DHCPv6(stateful) Off SLAAC(stateless) - The IP address (with Prefix) of the host shall be formed according to RA transmitted by Vigor router. DHCPv6(stateful) - The IP address of the host shall be assigned after communicating with DHCPv6 server for answering the request of client. Off - No IP address is assigned. Other Option (O-bit) - Check this box to enable the O-bit for obtaining additional information (e.g., DNS) from DHCPv6. 		
DHCPv6 Server Configuration	 Enable Server -Click it to enable DHCPv6 server. DHCPv6 Server could assign IPv6 address to PC according to the Start/End IPv6 address configuration. Disable Server -Click it to disable DHCPv6 server. Start IPv6 Address / End IPv6 Address -Type the start and end address for IPv6 server. 		
Advance setting	More options are offered under the Advance setting. Click Edit to open the pop-up window.		

Router Advertisement	Configuration		
📀 Enable 🔘 Disal	-		
Hop Limit		64	
Min Interval Time(s	ec)	200	=
Max Interval Time(600	=
Default Lifetime(se		1800	_
Default Preference	·	Medium 🔽	
MTU		Auto	
		0	
		-	
	Available WAN	Sel	ected WAN
Extension WAN			AN2 AN3 AN4 AN5
	OK	Close	
RFC 2461, to a l	outer Adverti ocal Ethernet node sending are required	sement mes LAN period a Router Sol	sages, specified by ically and when licitation message.
Disable - Click i	t to disable ro	outer advert	isement server.
Hop Limt - The router when IPv		red for the	device behind the
Min/Max Interva (between minim (Router Advertis	um time and	maximum t	the interval ime) for sending RA
Default Lifetime Vigor2925 can b		•	
	er when RA (F		riority of the host tisement) packets
MTU - It means selected, the ro			cket. If Auto is ITU value for LAN.
from the primar	y WAN, but a	lso the prefi	can be obtained x for IPv6 LAN IP N specified here.

When you finish the configuration, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-3 Details Page for LAN2 ~ LAN6 and DMZ

LAN >> General Setup

DMZ Ethernet TCP / IP an	d DHCP Setup		DMZ IPv6 Setup	
Network Configuration			DHCP Server Configuration	
📀 For NAT Usage	○For Routing	Usage	◯Enable Server ⊙Dis	able Server
IP Address	192.168.9.1		🗹 Enable Relay Agent	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		DHCP Server IP Address	0.0.0.0
			Start IP Address	192.168.9.10
			IP Pool Counts	100
			Gateway IP Address	192.168.9.1
			Lease Time	259200 (s)
			Clear DHCP lease for periodically.	inactive clients

Note: Change IP Address or Subnet Mask in Network Configuration will also change <u>HA</u> DMZ Virtual IP to the same domain IP.

Item	Description	
Network Configuration	Enable/Disable - Click Enable to enable such configuration; click Disable to disable such configuration.	
	For NAT Usage - Click this radio button to invoke NAT function.	
	For Routing Usage - Click this radio button to invoke this function.	
	IP Address - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).	
	Subnet Mask - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/24)	
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.	
	Enable Server - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.	
	Disable Server - Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.	
	Enable Relay Agent - If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.	
	DHCP Server IP Address - It is available when Enable Relay Agent is checked. Set the IP address of the DHCP server you are going to use so the Relay Agent can help to forward the DHCP request to the DHCP server.	
	Start IP Address - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than	

192.168.1.254.
IP Pool Counts - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.
Gateway IP Address - Enter a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.
Lease Time - Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.
Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically - Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him.

When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-4 Details Page for IP Routed Subnet

LAN >> General Setup

TCP/IP and DHCP Setup for	IP Routed Subnet		
Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration	
⊙Enable ⊙Disable		Start IP Address	
For Routing Usage		IP Pool Counts	0 (max. 32)
IP Address	192.168.0.1	Lease Time	259200 (s)
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Use LAN Port	✓ P1
RIP Protocol Control	Disable 💌	Vse MAC Address	
		Index Matched MAC Add	tress given IP Address
			<u>^</u>
			~
		MAC Address :	
		Add Delete	Edit Cancel
		ЭК	

Item	Description
Network Configuration	Enable/Disable - Click Enable to enable such configuration; click Disable to disable such configuration.
	For Routing Usage,
	IP Address - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).

	Subnet Mask - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.25.0/24)
	RIP Protocol Control,
	Disable - deactivate the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)
	Enable - activate the RIP protocol.
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.
	Start IP Address - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
	IP Pool Counts - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.
	Lease Time - Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.
	Use LAN Port - Specify an IP for IP Route Subnet. If it is enabled, DHCP server will assign IP address automatically for the clients coming from P1. Please check the box of P1.
	Use MAC Address - Check such box to specify MAC address.
	MAC Address: Enter the MAC Address of the host one by one and click Add to create a list of hosts which can be assigned, deleted or edited from above pool. Set a list of MAC Address for 2 nd DHCP server will help router to assign the correct IP address of the correct subnet to the correct host. So those hosts in 2 nd subnet won't get an IP address belonging to 1 st subnet.
	Add - Type the MAC address in the boxes and click this button to add.
	Delete - Click it to delete the selected MAC address.
	Edit - Click it to edit the selected MAC address.
	Cancel - Click it to cancel the job of adding, deleting and editing.

When you finish the configuration, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save and exit this page.

II-2-2 VLAN

With the 6-port Gigabit switch on the LAN side, Vigor router provides extremely high speed connectivity for the highest speed local data transfer of any server or local PCs. On the Wireless-equipped models (e.g., Vigor3220n), each of the wireless SSIDs can also be grouped within one of the VLANs.

Tagged VLAN

The tagged VLANs (802.1q) can mark data with a VLAN identifier. This identifier can be carried through an onward Ethernet switch to specific ports. The specific VLAN clients can also pick up this identifier as it is just passed to the LAN. You can set the priorities for LAN-side QoS. You can assign each of VLANs to each of the different IP subnets that the router may also be operating, to provide even more isolation. The said functionality is tag-based multi-subnet.

Port-Based VLAN

Relative to tag-based VLAN which groups clients with an identifier, port-based VLAN uses physical ports (P1 \sim P6) to separate the clients into different VLAN group.

Virtual LAN function provides you a very convenient way to manage hosts by grouping them based on the physical port. The multi-subnet can let a small businesses have much better isolation for multi-occupancy applications. Go to LAN page and select VLAN. The following page will appear. Click Enable to invoke VLAN function.

Below is an example page in Vigor3220n:

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configuration 🗹 Enable VLAN Tag Wireless LAN Enable SSID2 SSID3 SSID4 VID Priority SSID1 I AN Port Subnet VLANO 0 0 🗸 LAN 1 🔽 VLAN1 0 0 🗸 LAN 1 🔽 VLAN2 0 0 🗸 LAN 1 🔽 VLAN3 0 0 🗸 LAN 1 🔽 VLAN4 0 LAN 1 🔽 LAN 1 🔽 VLAN5 0 🗸 VLAN6 0 0 🗸 LAN 1 🔽 VI AN7 0 LAN 1 🔽

Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

1. For each VLAN row, if enable is checked for the VLAN Tag then the corresponding VID will be applied to wired LAN traffic.

2. Wireless LAN traffic is always untagged, but will still be a member of the VLAN group selected.

3. Each VID must be unique.



Info

Settings in this page only applied to LAN port but not WAN port.

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable VLAN configuration.
VLAN Tag	Enable - Check the box to enable the function of VLAN with tag.
	The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the LAN while sending them out.
	Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by LAN.
	VID - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.
	Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.
Wireless LAN	SSID1 - SSID4 - Check the SSID boxes to group them under the selected VLAN.
Subnet	Choose one of them to make the selected VLAN mapping to the specified subnet only. For example, LAN1 is specified for VLAN0. It means that PCs grouped under VLAN0 can get the IP address(es) that specified by the subnet.
Permit untagged device in P1 to access router	It can help users to communicate with the router still even though configuring wrong VLAN tag setting. It is recommended to enable the management port (LAN 1) to ensure the data transmission is unimpeded.

Info

Leave one VLAN untagged at least to prevent from not connecting to Vigor router due to unexpected error.

Vigor3220 Series features a hugely flexible VLAN system. In its simplest form, each of the Gigabit LAN ports can be isolated from each other, for example to feed different companies or departments but keeping their local traffic completely separated.

Configuring port-based VLAN for wireless and non-wireless clients

- 1. All the wire network clients are categorized to group VLAN0 in subnet 192.168.1.0/24 (LAN1).
- 2. All the wireless network clients are categorized to group VLAN1 in subnet 192.168.2.0/24 (LAN2).
- 3. Open LAN>>VLAN Configuration. Check the boxes according to the statement in step 1 and Step 2.

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Config	uration								
Enable									
		VLAN Tag			Wirele	SS LAN			
	Enable	VID	Priority	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	LAN Port	Subnet
VLANO		0	0 🗸					~	LAN 1 🔽
VLAN1		0	0 🗸	~	~	~	~		LAN 1 🔽
VLAN2		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 🔽
VLAN3		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 🔽
VLAN4		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 🔽
VLAN5		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 🔽
VLAN6		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 🔽
VLAN7		0	0 🗸						LAN 1 💌

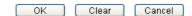
Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

1. For each VLAN row, if enable is checked for the VLAN Tag then the corresponding VID will be

applied to wired LAN traffic.

2. Wireless LAN traffic is always untagged, but will still be a member of the VLAN group selected.

3. Each VID must be unique.



- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Open LAN>>General Setup. If you want to let the clients in both groups communicate with each other, simply activate Inter-LAN Routing by checking the box between LAN1 and LAN2.

LAN	>>	General	Setup
-----	----	---------	-------

General Setup					
Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2		✓	192.168.2.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 3			192.168.3.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 4		\checkmark	192.168.4.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 5			192.168.5.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 6		\checkmark	192.168.6.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 7			192.168.7.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 8		\checkmark	192.168.8.1	Details Page	IPv6
DMZ Port	✓	✓	192.168.9.1	Details Page	IPv6
IP Routed Subnet		V	192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP options here.

Inter-LAN Routing

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	LAN 5	LAN 6	LAN 7	LAN 8	DMZ Port
LAN 1	\checkmark								
LAN 2	~	V							
LAN 3			V						
LAN 4				\checkmark					
LAN 5					V				
LAN 6						\checkmark			
LAN 7							V		
LAN 8								\checkmark	
DMZ Port									

Note: LAN 2/3/4/5/6/7/8 is available when VLAN is enabled.

OK

Vigor router supports up to six private IP subnets on LAN. Each can be independent (isolated) or common (able to communicate with each other). This is ideal for departmental or multi-occupancy applications.

() Info

As for the VLAN applications, refer to "Appendix I: VLAN Application on Vigor Router" for more detailed information.

II-2-3 Bind IP to MAC

This function is used to bind the IP and MAC address in LAN to have a strengthening control in network. When this function is enabled, all the assigned IP and MAC address binding together cannot be changed. If you modified the binding IP or MAC address, it might cause you not access into the Internet.

Click LAN and click Bind IP to MAC to open the setup page.

LAN >> Bind IP to MAC

Bind IP to MAC							
🔘 Enable 🛛 💿	Disable 🔘 Strict Bind						
ARP Table	Select All Sort Refre	esh	IP Bind	List (Limit: 300	entries)	Select A	All Sort
IP Address 10.28.60.12	Mac Address 00-50-7F-22-33-43	~	Index	IP Address	Mac A	Address	
Add or Update IP Address		*					
Mac Address						Show (Comment
	Add	9	Update	Delete		E 5/10 W C	Johnneric

Note: IP-MAC binding presets DHCP Allocations. If you select Strict Bind, unspecified LAN clients cannot access the Internet.

Backup IP Bind List :	Upload From File: 選擇檔案 未選擇檔案
Backup	Restore

ΟK

Item	Description
Enable	Click this radio button to invoke this function. However, IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List also can connect to Internet.
Disable	Click this radio button to disable this function. All the settings on this page will be invalid.
Strict Bind	Click this radio button to block the connection of the IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List.

ARP Table	This table is the LAN ARP table of this router. The information for IP and MAC will be displayed in this field. Each pair of IP and MAC address listed in ARP table can be selected and added to IP Bind List by clicking Add below.
Select All	Click this link to select all the items in the ARP table.
Sort	Reorder the table based on the IP address.
Refresh	Refresh the ARP table listed below to obtain the newest ARP table information.
Add or Update	 IP Address - Type the IP address that will be used for the specified MAC address. Mac Address - Type the MAC address that is used to bind with the assigned IP address. Comment - Type a brief description for the entry. Show Comment - Check this box to display the comment on IP Bind List box.
IP Bind List	It displays a list for the IP bind to MAC information.
Add	It allows you to add the one you choose from the ARP table or the IP/MAC address typed in Add and Edit to the table of IP Bind List.
Update	It allows you to edit and modify the selected IP address and MAC address that you create before.
Delete	You can remove any item listed in IP Bind List. Simply click and select the one, and click Delete. The selected item will be removed from the IP Bind List.
Backup	Store the configuration for Bind IP to MAC as a file.
Restore	Restore the previously stored configuration file and apply to such page.



Before you select Strict Bind, you have to bind one set of IP/MAC address for one PC. If not, no one of the PCs can access into Internet. And the web user interface of the router might not be accessed.

When you finish the configuration, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-2-4 LAN Port Mirror

LAN port mirror can be applied for the users in LAN. Generally speaking, this function copies traffic from one or more specific ports to a target port. This mechanism helps manager track the network errors or abnormal packets transmission without interrupting the flow of data access the network. By the way, user can apply this function to monitor all traffics which user needs to check.

There are some advantages supported in this feature. First, it is more economical without other detecting equipments to be set up. Second, it may be able to view traffic on one or more ports within a VLAN at the same time. Third, it can transfer all data traffics to be mirrored to one analyzer connecting to the mirroring port. Last, it is more convenient and easy to configure in user's interface.

LAN >> LAN Port Mirror

LAN Port Mirror						
Port Mirror:						
⊙Enable ○Disable						
	LAN	DMZ	WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4
Mirror Port		0	0	0	0	0
Mirrored Tx Port						
Mirrored Rx Port						
Note : The mirrored DMZ is a software mirror, it will lead to a substantial decline in performace.						

OK	
VIX	_

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Port Mirror	Check Enable to activate this function. Or, check Disable to close this function.
Mirror Port	Select a port to view traffic sent from mirrored ports.
Mirrored Tx Port	Select which ports are necessary to be mirrored for transmitting the packets.
Mirrored Rx Port	Select which ports are necessary to be mirrored for receiving the packets.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-2-5 Web Portal Setup

This page allows you to configure a profile with specified URL for accessing into or display a message when a wireless/LAN user connects to Internet through this router. No matter what the purpose of the wireless/LAN client is, he/she will be forced into the URL configured here while trying to access into the Internet or the desired web page through this router. That is, a company which wants to have an advertisement for its products to users can specify the URL in this page to reach its goal.

LAN >> Web Portal Setup

	н	
	-	

Web Portal Table:				
Enable	Profile	Status	Interface	
	<u>1.</u>	URL Redirect	None	

<u>1.</u>	URL Redirect	None	Preview
<u>2.</u>	URL Redirect	None	Preview
<u>3.</u>	URL Redirect	None	Preview
<u>4.</u>	URL Redirect	None	Preview

Note: The router must connect to the Internet before webpage redirection will work.

[OK]

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile	Display the number link which allows you to configure the profile.
Status	Display the content (Disable, URL Redirect or Message) of the profile.
Interface	Display the applied interface of the profile.
Preview	Open a preview window according to the configured settings.

There are four profiles which allow you to configure mode, priority, and applied interface in response to different conditions or requirements.

To configure the profile, click any index number link to open the following page.

I AN	>> Web	Portal	Setun

Profile Index: 1		
Enable	Preview	
Body	URL Redirect 💌	
	http://www.draytek.com	
Notice	The requested webpage will be redirected by Web Portal Setup. Please click Continue to access into the requested webpage.	
	(Max 4095 characters) Default Message	
	Position on screen Top Bottom Button <u>Continue</u> (Max 39 characters) User must click button to proceed	
Redirect	📀 HTTP 🔘 HTTPS	
Priority	💿 Override user management 💦 🔿 Prefer user management	
Applied Interfaces	Subnet LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 LAN7 LAN8	
	WLAN 2.4G 📃 SSID1 (DrayTek)	
	SSID2 (DrayTek_Guest)	
	SSID3	
	SSID4	

- Note: 1. URL Redirect may fail to display some web sites because of their protection for phishing attack. Please click the "Preview" icon to test.
 2. HTTPS Redirect will normally generate an untrusted certificate warning to web browsers, the user would need to ignore this warning to successfully display the web portal.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	m Description	
Enable	Check the box to enable this function.	
Body	Two types can be specified for web portal setup.	
	URL Redirect - Any user who wants to access into Internet through this router will be redirected to the URL specified here first. It is a useful method for the purpose of advertisement. For example, force the wireless user(s) in hotel to access into the web page that the hotel wants the user(s) to visit.	
	Message - Type words or sentences here. The message will be displayed on the screen for several seconds when the wireless users access into the web page through the router.	
	• Default Message - Click it to restore the default content.	
Notice	Content given in this field will be displayed on the screen when a web page is redirected by web portal mechanism.	
	Position on Screen - The content of notice and the defined button can be shown upside (Top) or downside (Bottom) the text defined for message body.	
	• Button - Define the word (default word is "Continue") shown on the button.	
	• User must click button to proceed - Check the box to force the user click the button (with the word defined on Button box) to proceed the operation.	

?

Redirect	Choose the protocol (HTTP or HTTPS) that corresponding web pages based on that protocol will be redirected.	
Priority	If User Management (refer to VII-3 User Management) mode and such web portal profile are configured and enabled for filtering users, you have to determine which one shall have the highest priority.	
	Override user management - Web portal profile will be us to filter users first.	
	Prefer user management - User Management profile will be used to filter users first.	
Applied Interfaces	Check the box(es) representing different interfaces to be applied by such profile.	
	The advantage is that each SSID (1/2/3/4) for wireless network can be applied with different web portal separately.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the configuration.

II-3 NAT

Usually, the router serves as an NAT (Network Address Translation) router. NAT is a mechanism that one or more private IP addresses can be mapped into a single public one. Public IP address is usually assigned by your ISP, for which you may get charged. Private IP addresses are recognized only among internal hosts.

When the outgoing packets destined to some public server on the Internet reach the NAT router, the router will change its source address into the public IP address of the router, select the available public port, and then forward it. At the same time, the router shall list an entry in a table to memorize this address/port-mapping relationship. When the public server response, the incoming traffic, of course, is destined to the router's public IP address and the router will do the inversion based on its table. Therefore, the internal host can communicate with external host smoothly.

The benefit of the NAT includes:

- Save cost on applying public IP address and apply efficient usage of IP address. NAT allows the internal IP addresses of local hosts to be translated into one public IP address, thus you can have only one IP address on behalf of the entire internal hosts.
- Enhance security of the internal network by obscuring the IP address. There are many attacks aiming victims based on the IP address. Since the attacker cannot be aware of any private IP addresses, the NAT function can protect the internal network.



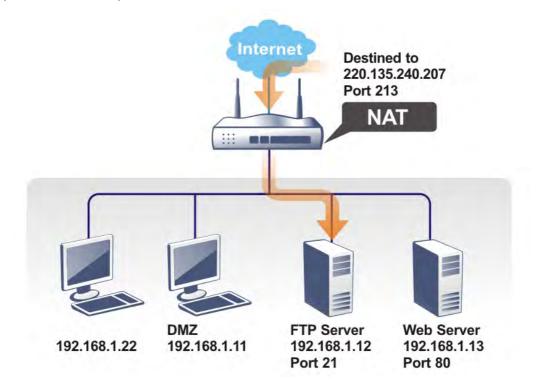
Info

On NAT page, you will see the private IP address defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router. As stated before, the NAT facility can map one or more IP addresses and/or service ports into different specified services. In other words, the NAT function can be achieved by using port mapping methods.

Web User Interface

II-3-1 Port Redirection

Port Redirection is usually set up for server related service inside the local network (LAN), such as web servers, FTP servers, E-mail servers etc. Most of the case, you need a public IP address for each server and this public IP address/domain name are recognized by all users. Since the server is actually located inside the LAN, the network well protected by NAT of the router, and identified by its private IP address/port, the goal of Port Redirection function is to forward all access request with public IP address from external users to the mapping private IP address/port of the server.



The port redirection can only apply to incoming traffic.

To use this function, please go to NAT page and choose Port Redirection web page. The Port Redirection Table provides 40 port-mapping entries for the internal hosts.

NAT >> Port Redirection

Port Red	irection				Set to Facto	ry Default
Index	Service Name	WAN Interface	Protocol	Public Port	Private IP	Status
<u>1.</u>		All				Х
<u>2.</u>		All				×
<u>3.</u>		All				х
<u>4.</u>		All				х
<u>5.</u>		All				X
<u>6.</u>		All				х
<u>7.</u>		All				х
<u>8.</u>		All				х
<u>9.</u>		All				х
<u>10.</u>		All				×
<< <u>1-10</u>	<u> 11-20 21-30 31</u>	-40 >>				Next >>

Note: The port number values set in this page might be invalid due to the same values configured for Management Port Setup in **System Maintenance>>Management** and **SSL VPN**.

Item	Description
Index	Display the number of the profile.
Service Name	Display the description of the specific network service.
WAN Interface	Display the WAN IP address used by the profile.
Protocol	Display the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).
Public Port	Display the port number which will be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host.
Private IP	Display the IP address of the internal host providing the service.
Status	Display if the profile is enabled (v) or not (x).

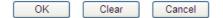
Each item is explained as follows:

Press any number under Index to access into next page for configuring port redirection.

Index	No.	1

Enable	
Mode	Range 💌
Service Name	Single Range
Protocol	💌
WAN IP	1.All 💌
Public Port	0 -
Private IP	-
Private Port	0
Note: In "Range" Mode the End IP will be calcul	lated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have

lote: In Mode the End IP will be calculated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have been entered.



Item	Description

NAT >> Port Redirection

Enable	Check this box to enable such port redirection setting.
Mode	Two options (Single and Range) are provided here for you to choose. To set a range for the specific service, select Range . In Range mode, if the public port (start port and end port) and the starting IP of private IP had been entered, the system will calculate and display the ending IP of private IP automatically.
Service Name	Enter the description of the specific network service.
Protocol	Select the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).
WAN IP	Select the WAN IP used for port redirection. There are eight WAN IP alias that can be selected and used for port redirection. The default setting is All which means all the incoming data from any port will be redirected to specified range of IP address and port.
Public Port	Specify which port can be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type the required number on the first box (as the starting port) and the second box (as the ending port).
Private IP	Specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type a complete IP address in the first box (as the starting point). The second one will be assigned automatically later.
Private Port	Specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Note that the router has its own built-in services (servers) such as Telnet, HTTP and FTP etc. Since the common port numbers of these services (servers) are all the same, you may need to reset the router in order to avoid confliction.

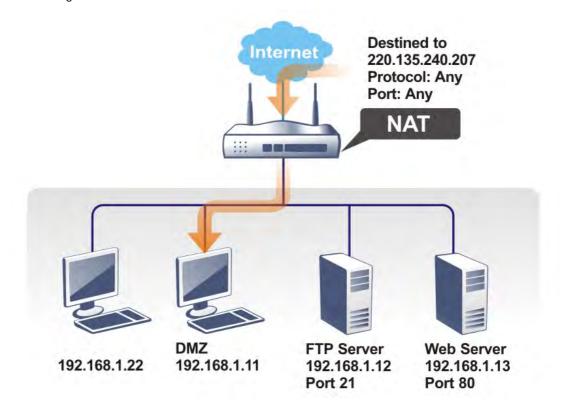
For example, the built-in web user interface in the router is with default port 80, which may conflict with the web server in the local network, http://192.168.1.13:80. Therefore, you need to change the router's http port to any one other than the default port 80 to avoid conflict, such as 8080. This can be set in the System Maintenance >>Management Setup. You then will access the admin screen of by suffixing the IP address with 8080, e.g., http://192.168.1.1:8080 instead of port 80.

IPv4 Management Set	up IPv6 M	lanag	ement Setup		LAN Ac	cess Setup
Router Name	DrayTek					
Default: Disable Auto-L Enable Validation Code Note: IE8 and below versio DrayOS CAPTCHA auth co Internet Access Control Allow management from Domain name allowed FTP Server HTTP Server HTTPS Server	ogout • in Internet/LAN Acc n does NOT support de.	I	Management Port Suser Define Port Telnet Port HTTP Port HTTPS Port FTP Port TR069 Port SSH Port TLS/SSL Encryptio	orts C	23 85 443 21 8069 22	Ports (Default: 23) (Default: 80) (Default: 443) (Default: 21) (Default: 8069) (Default: 22)
✓ Telnet Server ✓ TR069 Server		Enable SSL 3.0		ч		

System Maintenance >> Management

II-3-2 DMZ Host

As mentioned above, **Port Redirection** can redirect incoming TCP/UDP or other traffic on particular ports to the specific private IP address/port of host in the LAN. However, other IP protocols, for example Protocols 50 (ESP) and 51 (AH), do not travel on a fixed port. Vigor router provides a facility DMZ Host that maps ALL unsolicited data on any protocol to a single host in the LAN. Regular web surfing and other such Internet activities from other clients will continue to work without inappropriate interruption. DMZ Host allows a defined internal user to be totally exposed to the Internet, which usually helps some special applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.



The security properties of NAT are somewhat bypassed if you set up DMZ host. We suggest you to add additional filter rules or a secondary firewall.

Click **DMZ Host** to open the following page. You can set different DMZ host for each WAN interface. Click the WAN tab to switch into the configuration page for that WAN.

NAT	>>	DMZ	Host	Setup
-----	----	-----	------	-------

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4	WAN5
VAN 1				
None 💌				
Private IP			Choose If	
MAC Address of the	True IP DMZ Host	00 . 00 .	00 :00 · 00 · 00	
Note:If True-IP DMZ	is enabled the ro	uters WAN connecti	on will be forced to	remain on.

0K

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
WAN 1 None ✓ None Private IP Active True IP h∈	Choose Private IP or Active True IP first. Active True IP selection is available for WAN1 only.		
Private IP	Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.		
Choose IP	Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.		

DMZ Host for WAN2, WAN3, WAN4 or WAN5 is slightly different with WAN1. Active True IP selection is available for WAN1 only.

See the following figure.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup DMZ Host Setup						
WAN 3						
Enable		Private IP				
		0.0.0		Choose IP		
		ОК				

If you previously have set up WAN Alias for PPPoE or Static or Dynamic IP mode in WAN2 interface, you will find them in Aux. WAN IP for your selection.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

VAN 2				
Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	Private IP	
1.			0.0.0.0	Choose IP
2.		192.168.1.75	0.0.0	Choose IP

Available settings are explained as follows:

ltem	Description
Enable	Check to enable the DMZ Host function.
Private IP	Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.
Choose IP	Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.
	When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the screen. Click OK to save the setting.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-3-3 Open Ports

Open Ports allows you to open a range of ports for the traffic of special applications.

Common application of Open Ports includes P2P application (e.g., BT, KaZaA, Gnutella, WinMX, eMule and others), Internet Camera etc. Ensure that you keep the application involved up-to-date to avoid falling victim to any security exploits.

Click Open Ports to open the following page:

NAT >> Open Ports

Open Ports S	jetup			Set to Factor	<u>y Default</u>
Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Aux. WAN IP	Local IP Address	Status
<u>1.</u>					х
<u>2.</u>					×
<u>3.</u>					х
<u>4.</u>					х
<u>5.</u>					х
<u>6.</u>					х
<u>7.</u>					х
<u>8.</u>					х
<u>9.</u>					х
<u>10.</u>					×
<< <u>1-10 11-</u>	<u>-20 21-30 31-40 >:</u>	>			<u>Next</u> >>

Note: The port number values set in this page might be invalid due to the same values configured for Management Port Setup in **System Maintenance>>Management** and **SSL VPN**.

Item	Description
Index	Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to offer service in a local host. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry.
Comment	Specify the name for the defined network service.
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface used by such index.
Aux. WAN IP	Display the IP alias setting used by such index. If no IP alias setting exists, such field will not appear.
Local IP Address	Display the private IP address of the local host offering the service.
Status	Display the state for the corresponding entry. X or V is to represent the Inactive or Active state.

Available settings are explained as follows:

To add or edit port settings, click one index number on the page. The index entry setup page will pop up. In each index entry, you can specify **10** port ranges for diverse services.

NAT >> Open Ports >> Edit Open Ports

Index	No.	10
Index	10.	10

index	NO. 10								
🗹 E	🗹 Enable Open Ports								
Comment									
WAN Interface			WAN	1 💌					
Private IP						C	hoose IP)	
	Prote	ocol	Start Port	End Port		Proto	col	Start Port	End Port
1.		*	0	0	2.		*	0	0
з.		*	0	0	4.		*	0	0
5.		*	0	0	6.		*	0	0
7.		*	0	0	8.		*	0	0
9.		*	0	0	10.		*	0	0
	OK Clear Cancel								

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Open Ports	Check to enable this entry.
Comment	Make a name for the defined network application/service.
WAN Interface	Specify the WAN interface that will be used for this entry.
WAN IP	Specify the WAN IP address that will be used for this entry. This setting is available when WAN IP Alias is configured.
Private IP	Enter the private IP address of the local host or click Choose PC to select one.
	Choose IP - Click this button and, subsequently, a window having a list of private IP addresses of local hosts will automatically pop up. Select the appropriate IP address of the local host in the list.
Protocol	Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be TCP, UDP, or (none) for selection.
Start Port	Specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host.
End Port	Specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

NAT >> Open Ports

en Ports Setu	P			ctory Defaul
Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Local IP Address	Status
<u>1.</u>	P2261	WAN1	192.168.1.49	v
<u>2.</u>				х
<u>3.</u>				х
<u>4.</u>				х
<u>5.</u>				х
<u>6.</u>				х
7.				x

II-3-4 Port Triggering

Port Triggering is a variation of open ports function.

The key difference between "open port" and "port triggering" is:

- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "open port" keeps the ports opened forever.
- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "port triggering" will only attempt to open the ports once the triggering conditions are met.
- The duration that these ports are opened depends on the type of protocol used. The "default" durations are shown below and these duration values can be modified via telnet commands.

TCP: 86400 sec.

UDP: 180 sec.

IGMP: 10 sec.

TCP WWW: 60 sec.

TCP SYN: 60 sec.

NAT >> Port Triggering

Port Trig	ggering				Set to Factory	Default
Index	Comment	Triggering Protocol	Triggering Port	Incoming Protocol	Incoming Port	Status
<u>1.</u>						х
<u>2.</u>						х
<u>3.</u>						х
<u>4.</u>						х
<u>5.</u>						х
<u>6.</u>						х
<u>7.</u>						х
<u>8.</u>						х
<u>9.</u>						х
<u>10.</u>						x
<< 1-10	11-20 >>					Next >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Comment	Display the text which memorizes the application of this rule.
Triggering Protocol	Display the protocol of the triggering packets.
Triggering Port	Display the port of the triggering packets.
Incoming Protocol	Display the protocol for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
Incoming Port	Display the port for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
Status	Display if the rule is active or de-active.

Click the index number link to open the configuration page.

No. 1	
🗹 Enable	
Service	User Defined 💌
Comment	
Triggering Protocol	TCP 🗸
Triggering Port	80
Incoming Protocol	UDP 🗸
Incoming Port	1024
Note: The Triggering Port and Incoming Po 123-456,777-789 (legal),123-456,789 (leg	
OK	ear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable this entry.	
Service	Choose the predefined service to apply for such trigger profile. User Defined User Defined Real Player QuickTime WMP IRC AIM Talk ICQ PalTalk BitTorrent	
Comment	Type the text to memorize the application of this rule.	
Triggering Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for such triggering profile.	
Triggering Port	Type the port or port range for such triggering profile.	
Incoming Protocol	When the triggering packets received, it is expected the incoming packets will use the selected protocol. Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for the incoming data of such triggering profile.	
Incoming Port	Type the port or port range for the incoming packets.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

II-4 Applications

Dynamic DNS

The ISP often provides you with a dynamic IP address when you connect to the Internet via your ISP. It means that the public IP address assigned to your router changes each time you access the Internet. The Dynamic DNS feature lets you assign a domain name to a dynamic WAN IP address. It allows the router to update its online WAN IP address mappings on the specified Dynamic DNS server. Once the router is online, you will be able to use the registered domain name to access the router or internal virtual servers from the Internet. It is particularly helpful if you host a web server, FTP server, or other server behind the router.

Before you use the Dynamic DNS feature, you have to apply for free DDNS service to the DDNS service providers. The router provides up to three accounts from three different DDNS service providers. Basically, Vigor routers are compatible with the DDNS services supplied by most popular DDNS service providers such as www.dyndns.org, www.no-ip.com, www.dtdns.com, www.changeip.com, www.dynamic- nameserver.com. You should visit their websites to register your own domain name for the router.

LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor3220 Series will respond the specified private IP address.

Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

RADIUS/TACACS+

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

LDAP /Active Directory Setup

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform, inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router.

Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of **Wake on LAN** (WOL) of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as "Enable" on the BIOS setting.

Web User Interface

II-4-1 Dynamic DNS

Enable the Function and Add a Dynamic DNS Account

- 1. Assume you have a registered domain name from the DDNS provider, say *hostname.dyndns.org*, and an account with username: *test* and password: *test*.
- 2. In the DDNS setup menu, check Enable Dynamic DNS Setup.

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup

Dynamic DN	S Setup	Set to F	actory Default
🗹 Enable	Dynamic DNS Setup	View Log	Force Update
Auto-Upda	ate interval 14400 Min(s))(1~14400)	
Accounts:			
Index	WAN Interface	Domain Name	Active
<u>1.</u>	WAN1 First	vigor2925.ubddns.org	V
<u>2.</u>	WAN1 First		х
<u>3.</u>	WAN1 First		х
<u>4.</u>	WAN1 First		×
<u>5.</u>	WAN1 First		х
<u>6.</u>	WAN1 First		×
	(OK Clear All	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Setup	Check this box to enable DDNS function.
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
View Log	Display DDNS log status.
Force Update	Force the router updates its information to DDNS server.
Auto-Update interval	Set the time for the router to perform auto update for DDNS service.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of DDNS setup to set account(s).
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface used.
Domain Name	Display the domain name that you set on the setting page of DDNS setup.
Active	Display if this account is active or inactive.

3. Select Index number 1 to add an account for the router. Check Enable Dynamic DNS Account, and choose correct Service Provider: dyndns.org, type the registered hostname: *hostname* and domain name suffix: dyndns.org in the Domain Name block. The following two blocks should be typed your account Login Name: *test* and Password: *test*.

Applications >>	Dynamic DNS	Setup >> [Dynamic DNS	Account Setup
-----------------	-------------	------------	-------------	---------------

Account	
WAN1 First 💌	
dyndns.org (www.dyndns.org)	~
Dynamic 🐱	
chronic6653 dyndns.org	dyndns.org 🗸
chronic6653	(max. 64 characters)
•••••	(max. 23 characters)
Internet IP 💙	
	WAN1 First dyndns.org (www.dyndns.org) Dynamic chronic6653 chronic6653

Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Account	Check this box to enable the current account. If you did check the box, you will see a check mark appeared on the Active column of the previous web page in step 2).
WAN Interface	WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/wAN5 First - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 as the first channel for such account. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 /WAN4 /WAN5 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead. WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 Only - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 as the only channel for such account.
Service Provider	Select the service provider for the DDNS account.
Service Type	Select a service type (Dynamic, Custom or Static). If you choose Custom, you can modify the domain that is chosen in the Domain Name field.
Domain Name	Type in one domain name that you applied previously. Use the drop down list to choose the desired domain.
Login Name	Type in the login name that you set for applying domain.
Password	Type in the password that you set for applying domain.
Wildcard and Backup MX	The Wildcard and Backup MX (Mail Exchange) features are not supported for all Dynamic DNS providers. You could get more detailed information from their websites.
Mail Extender	If the mail server is defined with another name, please type the name in this area. Such mail server will be used as backup mail exchange.
Determine Real WAN IP	If a Vigor router is installed behind any NAT router, you can enable such function to locate the real WAN IP. When the WAN IP used by Vigor router is private IP, this function can detect the public IP used by the NAT router and use the detected IP address for DDNS update. There are two methods offered for you to choose:
	 WAN IP - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router

	is private, DDNS update will take place right away.
•	Internet IP - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, it will be converted to public IP before DDNS update takes place.

4. Click **OK** button to activate the settings. You will see your setting has been saved.

Disable the Function and Clear all Dynamic DNS Accounts

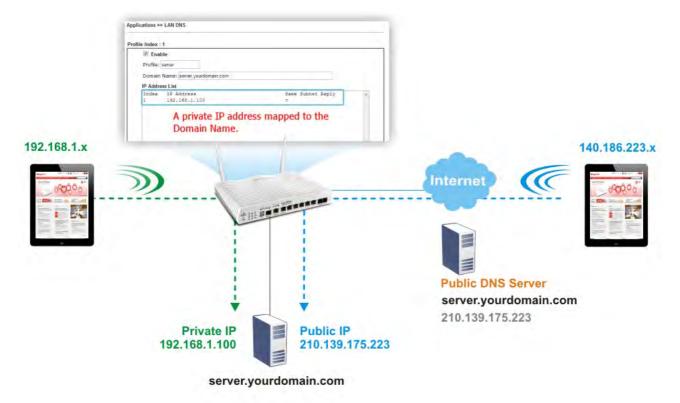
In the DDNS setup menu, uncheck **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**, and push **Clear All** button to disable the function and clear all accounts from the router.

Delete a Dynamic DNS Account

In the DDNS setup menu, click the **Index** number you want to delete and then push **Clear All** button to delete the account.

II-4-2 LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor3220 Series will respond the specified private IP address.



Simply click Application>>LAN DNS to open the following page.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

LAN DNS F	AN DNS Resolution / Conditional DNS Forwarding				Set to Factory Default
Enable	Index	Profile	Domain Name	Forwarding	DNS Server
	<u>1.</u>			-	
	<u>2.</u>			-	
	<u>3.</u>			-	
	<u>4.</u>			-	
	<u>5.</u>			-	
	<u>6.</u>			-	
	<u>7.</u>			-	
	<u>8.</u>			-	
	<u>9.</u>			-	
	<u>10.</u>			-	
<< <u>1-10</u>	<u>11-20</u> >>	>			

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.

OK

Enable	Check the box to enable the selected profile.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page.
Profile	Display the name of the LAN DNS profile.
Domain Name	Display the domain name of the LAN DNS profile.

You can set up to 20 LAN DNS profiles.

To create a LAN DNS profile:

- 1. Click any index, say Index No. 1.
- 2. The detailed settings with index 1 are shown below.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

LAN DNS	Conditional DNS Forwarding		
Profile Index : 1			
🗌 Enable			
Profile:			
Domain Na	ime:		
	ie domain Name has only one I	*.example.com or www.example.* Pv4 address and IPv6 address in the sar	ne
CNAME(Alia	as Domain Name): 🛛 Add		
IP Address I	List		
Index I	P Address	Same Subnet Reply	
Add []	Delete		\sim

OK Clear

ſ

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.
Profile	Type a name for such profile. Note: If you type a name here for LAN DNS and click OK to save the configuration, the name also will be applied to conditional DNS forwarding automatically.
Domain Name	Type the domain name for such profile.
CNAME (Alias Domain Name)	 CNAME is abbreviation of Canonical name record. Such option is used to record the domain name or the host alias. Add - Click it to add a new host with specified reference. Delete - Click it to remove the setting.
IP Address List	The IP address listed here will be used for mapping with the domain name specified above. In general, one domain name maps with one IP address. If required, you can configure two IP addresses mapping with the same domain name.

Host's IP Address
Only responds to the DNS Different LAN PCs can share the same domain name. However, you have to check this box to make the router identify & respond the IP address for the DNS query coming from different LAN PC.

3. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

4. If you need to configure LAN DNS settings, click index 1 to edit the LAN DNS profile just created. Or, you can click index 2 to use this profile as conditional DNS forwarding.

LAN DNS	Conditional DNS Forwarding	
Profile Index : 1		
Enable		
Profile: LAN_D1		
Domain Name:		
Note: Support wildcard subdomain, ex: *.example.com		
DNS Server IP Address:		

OK Clear

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.
Profile	Type a name for such profile. Note: If you type a name here for conditional DNS forwarding and click OK to save the configuration, the name also will be applied to LAN DNS automatically.
Domain Name	Type the domain name for such profile.
DNS Server IP Address	Type the IP address of the DNS server you want to use for DNS forwarding.

- 5. Click **OK** button to save the settings.
- 6. A new LAN DNS profile has been created.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

		Conditional DNS Forv	- "	Set to Factory Default	
Enable	Index	Profile	Domain Name	Forwarding	DNS Server
~	<u>1.</u>	sales_1	www.draytek.com	-	
	<u>2.</u>			-	
	<u>3.</u>			-	
	<u>4.</u>			-	
	<u>5.</u>			-	
	<u>6.</u>			-	
	<u>7.</u>			-	
	<u>8.</u>			-	
	<u>9.</u>			-	
	<u>10.</u>			-	

OK)

II-4-3 Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

You have to set your time before set schedule. In **System Maintenance>> Time and Date** menu, press **Inquire Time** button to set the Vigor router's clock to current time of your PC. The clock will reset once if you power down or reset the router. There is another way to set up time. You can inquiry an NTP server (a time server) on the Internet to synchronize the router's clock. This method can only be applied when the WAN connection has been built up.

ichedule:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Status	Index	Status
<u>1.</u>	х	<u>9.</u>	х
<u>2.</u>	х	<u>10.</u>	х
<u>3.</u>	x	<u>11.</u>	х
<u>4.</u>	х	<u>12.</u>	х
<u>5.</u>	х	<u>13.</u>	х
<u>6.</u>	х	<u>14.</u>	х
<u>7.</u>	х	<u>15.</u>	х
<u>8.</u>	x		

Applications >> Schedule

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule.
Status	Display if this schedule setting is active or inactive.

You can set up to 15 schedules. Then you can apply them to your Internet Access or VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN settings.

To add a schedule:

- 1. Click any index, say Index No. 1.
- 2. The detailed settings of the call schedule with index 1 are shown below.

Applications >> Schedule

ndex No. 1	
Enable Schedule Setup	
Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	2000 🗸 - 1 💉 - 1 💌
Start Time (hh:mm)	0 🕶 : 0 🕶
Duration Time (hh:mm)	0 🕶 : 0 🕶
Action	Force On
Idle Timeout	0 minute(s).(max. 255, 0 for default)
How Often	
O Once	
Weekdays	
🗌 Sun 🗹 Mon 🗹 T	Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗌 Sat
ОК	Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Schedule Setup	Check to enable the schedule.
Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Specify the starting date of the schedule.
Start Time (hh:mm)	Specify the starting time of the schedule.
Duration Time (hh:mm)	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.
Action	Specify which action Call Schedule should apply during the period of the schedule.
	Force On -Force the connection to be always on.
	Force Down -Force the connection to be always down.
	Enable Dial-On-Demand -Specify the connection to be dial-on-demand and the value of idle timeout should be specified in Idle Timeout field.
	Disable Dial-On-Demand -Specify the connection to be up when it has traffic on the line. Once there is no traffic over idle timeout, the connection will be down and never up again during the schedule.
Idle Timeout	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.
	How often -Specify how often the schedule will be applied Once -The schedule will be applied just once
	Weekdays -Specify which days in one week should perform the schedule.

3. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Example

Suppose you want to control the PPPoE Internet access connection to be always on (Force On) from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week. Other time the Internet access connection should be disconnected (Force Down).



- 1. Make sure the PPPoE connection and Time Setup is working properly.
- 2. Configure the PPPoE always on from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week.
- 3. Configure the Force Down from 18:00 to next day 9:00 for whole week.
- 4. Assign these two profiles to the PPPoE Internet access profile. Now, the PPPoE Internet connection will follow the schedule order to perform Force On or Force Down action according to the time plan that has been pre-defined in the schedule profiles.

II-4-4 RADIUS/TACACS+

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

II-4-4-1 External RADIUS

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

Vigor router can be operated as a RADIUS client. Therefore, this page is used to configure settings for external RADIUS server. Then LAN user of Vigor router will be authenticated by such server for network application.

External RADIUS	Internal RADIUS	External TACACS+
	Enable	
	Server IP Address	
	Destination Port	1812
	Shared Secret	
	Confirm Shared Secre	t
Note: If your radius	server does not suppor	t MS-CHAP / MS-CHAPv2, please go to VPN and Remote

Applications >> RADIUS/TACACS+

Note: If your radius server does not support MS-CHAP / MS-CHAPv2, please go to VPN and Remote Access >> <u>PPP General Setup</u>, and select 'PAP Only' for 'Dial-In PPP Authentication'.

OK	Clear	Cancel
----	-------	--------

Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable RADIUS client feature.
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of RADIUS server

Destination Port	The UDP port number that the RADIUS server is using. The default value is 1812, based on RFC 2138.	
Shared Secret	The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret. The maximum length of the shared secret you can set is 36 characters.	
Confirm Shared Secret	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

II-4-4-2 Internal RADIUS

Except for being a built-in RADIUS client, Vigor router also can be operated as a RADIUS server which performs security authentication by itself. This page is used to configure settings for internal RADIUS server. Then LAN user of Vigor router will be authenticated by Vigor router directly.

	DIUS	Internal RAD	IUS Exte	ernal TACACS+		
Enable						
Auther	ticatio	n Port 1812				
RADIU	S Clien	t Access List				
Index	Enable	Shared Secret	IP Address	IP Mask	IPv6 Address	IPv6 Length
1		•••	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	and the second second	0
2			0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
3			0.0.0.0	0.0.0		0
4			0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
	ible Lis		*	Authentica	ation List	*
				>>	ation List	*
		<u>.</u>	*		ation List	*
Syı	nchroni L. Only	ze Internal RADI	which is enabl	>> Cocal 802.1X us ed in <u>User Mana</u>	er list. gement >> User Profile wi	Il be listed here, an

Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable internal RADIUS client feature.	
Authentication Port	Set a port number for internal RADIUS server.	
RADIUS Client Access List	Allow to configure that clients under specified domain (IPv4 and IPv6) must be authenticated with the specified shared secret.	
	Enable - Check to enable RADIUS client feature.	
	Shared Secret - The RADIUS server and client share a secret	

	that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret. The maximum length of the shared secret you can set is 36 characters.
	IP Address - Type the IP addres of the wired/wireless client.
	IP Mask - Type the subnet mask required for the IP address.
	IPv6 Address - Type the IPv6 address of the wired/wireless client.
	IPv6 Length - Type the prefix length required for the IPv6 address.
User Profile	During the process of security authentication, user account and user password will be required for identity authentication. Before configuring such page, create at least one user profile in User Management>>User Profile first.
	Select All - Click it to select all of the user profiles in Available List.
	Clear All- Click to remove all of the user profiles in Available List.
	Available List - The user profiles without RADIUS server enabled in User Management >> User Profile will be listed in this field.
	Authentication List -The user profiles with RADIUS server enabled in User Management >> User Profile will be listed in this field.
Synchronize Internal RADIUS user list to Local 802.1X user list	Users can be authenticated by RADIUS server and local 802.1X to get certain network service. It is not necessary to create new user profiles (containing user accounts and user passwords) for RADIUS and local 802.1X respectively. Simply check this box; all of the user profiles (prepared for
	RADIUS server authentication) listed in Authentication List will be synchronized for local 802.1X user authentication.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

II-4-4-3 External TACACS+

It means Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus. It works like RADIUS does. Click the TACACS+ Setup to open the following page:

Applications >> RADIUS/TACACS+

External RADIUS	Internal RADIUS	External TACACS+
	Enable	
	Server IP Address	
	Destination Port	49
	Туре	ASCII
	Shared Secret	
	Confirm Shared Secr	et
	OK	Clear Cancel

Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable TACACS+ feature.
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of TACACS+ server.
Destination Port	The UDP port number that the TACACS+ server is using.
Shared Secret	The TACACS+ server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret.
Confirm Shared Secret	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

II-4-5 Active Directory/ LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform, inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

General Setup

This page allows you to enable the function and specify general settings for LDAP server.

	tive Directory / .DAP Profiles	
Enable Bind Type Server Address Destination Por Use SSL	t	Simple Mode V
Regular DN Regular Passwo	_	DK Cancel
of VPN and Remote Ad	cess >> <u>PPP Gener</u> k the boxes unde	of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page a <u>l Setup</u> . If you want to use the profiles for VPN r PPTP LDAP Profiles in VPN and Remote Access >>

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable such function.
Bind Type	 There are three types of bind type supported. Simple Mode - Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.
	 Anonymous - Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication. Regular Mode- Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority.
	For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the Regular DN and Regular Password.
Server Address	Enter the IP address of LDAP server.
Destination Port	Type a port number as the destination port for LDAP server.
Use SSL	Check the box to use the port number specified for SSL.
Regular DN	Type this setting if Regular Mode is selected as Bind Type .
Regular Password	Specify a password if Regular Mode is selected as Bind Type.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

Profiles

You can configure eight AD/LDAP profiles. These profiles would be used with User Management for different purposes in management.

Applications >>	Active	Directory /LDAP
Applications	ACTIVE	Directory/EDA

eneral Setup	Active Directory / LDAP Profiles	
Index	Name	Distinguished Name
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u> <u>5.</u>		
<u>5.</u> <u>6.</u>		
7.		
<u>8.</u>		
f VPN and Rem	ote Access >> <u>PPP Ge</u> , check the boxes un	n of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page <u>neral Setup</u> . If you want to use the profiles for VPN der PPTP LDAP Profiles in VPN and Remote Access >>

Click any index number link to open the following page.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

ndex No. 1		
Name	RD1	
Common Name Identifier		
Base Distinguished Name		9
Additional Filter		
Note: Please type in your additional For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)		
Group Distinguished Name	OK Cancel	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the user name is limited to 19 characters.	
Common Name Identifier	Type or edit the common name identifier for the LDAP server. The common name identifier for most LDAP server is "cn".	
Additional Filter	Type the condition for additional filter.	
Base Distinguished Name / Group Distinguished Name	Type or edit the distinguished name used to look up entries on the LDAP server. Sometimes, you may forget the Distinguished Name since it's too long. Then you may click the source to list all the account information on the AD/LDAP Server to assist you finish the setup.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save and exit this page. A new profile has been created.

For detailed information about LDAP application, refer to section 4.6 How to Implement the AD/LDAP Authentication for User Management?

II-4-6 UPnP

Info

The **UPnP** (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router.

UPnP is required for some applications such as PPS, Skype, eMule...and etc.

Cancel

	If you are not familiar with UPnP, it i security.	s suggested to	turn off this function for
Applications >> UP	nP		
UPnP			
Enable UPnP S	Gervice	Default WAN 💌	
	Enable Connection Control Service Enable Connection Status Service	Default WAN WAN1 WAN2	
Note:To allow NAT enabled.	pass-through to a UPnP enabled client the c	WAN3 WAN4 WAN5	ol service must also be

Clear

Available settings are explained as follows:

0K

Item	Description
Enable UPNP Service	Accordingly, you can enable either the Connection Control Service or Connection Status Service.
Default WAN	It is used to specify the WAN interface for applying such function.

The reminder as regards concern about Firewall and UPnP

Can't work with Firewall Software

Enabling firewall applications on your PC may cause the UPnP function not working properly. This is because these applications will block the accessing ability of some network ports.

Security Considerations

Activating the UPnP function on your network may incur some security threats. You should consider carefully these risks before activating the UPnP function.

Some Microsoft operating systems have found out the UPnP weaknesses and hence you need to ensure that you have applied the latest service packs and patches.

> Non-privileged users can control some router functions, including removing and adding port mappings.

The UPnP function dynamically adds port mappings on behalf of some UPnP-aware applications. When the applications terminate abnormally, these mappings may not be removed.

II-4-7 IGMP

IGMP is the abbreviation of *Internet Group Management Protocol*. It is a communication protocol which is mainly used for managing the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups.

Applications >> IGMP

IGMP		
Enable IGMP Proxy	WAN1 🔽	
IGMP Proxy is to act as a mu will access any multicast gro Enable IGMP Snooping Enable IGMP Snooping, multi Disable IGMP snooping, multi	WAN2 is function takes no effect when Bridge WAN3 WAN4 is only forwarded to ports that have	e Mode is enabled. e members of that group.
Working Multicast Groups Index Group ID P1		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Enable IGMP Proxy	Check this box to enable this function. The application of multicast will be executed through WAN/PVC/VLAN port. In addition, such function is available in NAT mode.	
Enable IGMP Snooping	Check this box to enable this function. Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disabling IGMP snooping will make multicast traffic treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.	
Refresh	Click this link to renew the working multicast group status.	
Group ID	This field displays the ID port for the multicast group. The available range for IGMP starts from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.254.	
P1	It indicates the LAN port used for the multicast group.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-4-8 Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of **Wake on LAN** (WOL) of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as "Enable" on the BIOS setting.

Application >> Wake on LAN

	IP.
Wake by:	MAC Address 🗸
IP Address:	*
MAC Address:	: : : : Wake Up!
Result	

Item	Description	
Wake by	Two types provide for you to wake up the binded IP.	
	 If you choose Wake by MAC Address, you have to type the correct MAC address of the host in MAC Address boxes. 	
	• If you choose Wake by IP Address, you have to choose the correct IP address.	
IP Address	The IP addresses that have been configured in Firewall>>Bind IP to MAC will be shown in this drop down list. Choose the IP address from the drop down list that you want to wake up.	
MAC Address	Type any one of the MAC address of the bound PCs.	
Wake Up	Click this button to wake up the selected IP. See the following figure. The result will be shown on the box.	

II-4-9 SMS / Mail Alert Service

The function of SMS (Short Message Service)/Mail Alert is that Vigor router sends a message to user's mobile or e-mail box through specified service provider to assist the user knowing the real-time abnormal situations.

Vigor router allows you to set up to 10 SMS profiles which will be sent out according to different conditions.

SMS Provider

This page allows you to specify SMS provider, who will get the SMS, what the content is and when the SMS will be sent.

SMS Alert	Mail Alert			Set to Factory Default
Index	SMS Provider	Recipient	<u>Notify Profile</u>	<u>Schedule(1-15)</u>
1 🗹	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
2 🗆	1 - ??? 🛛 👻		1 - ??? 💌	
3 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
4 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
5 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
6 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
7 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
8 🗆	1 - ???		1 - ??? 💌	
9 🗖	1 - ???		1 - ??? 💌	
10 🗖	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	

Applications >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

Note: All the SMS Alert profiles share the same "Sending Interval" setting if they use the same SMS Provider.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.
SMS Provider	Use the drop down list to choose SMS service provider. You can click SMS Provider link to define the SMS server.
Recipient	Type the name of the one who will receive the SMS.
Notify	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the Notify Profile link to define the content of the SMS.
Schedule	Type the schedule number that the SMS will be sent out. You can click the Schedule(1-15) link to define the schedule.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Mail Server

This page allows you to specify Mail Server profile, who will get the notification e-mail, what the content is and when the message will be sent.

SMS Alert	Mail Alert		5	Set to Factory Default
Index	<u>Mail Service</u>	Recipient	<u>Notify Profile</u>	<u>Schedule(1-15)</u>
1 🗹	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
2 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
3 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
4	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
5 🗌	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
6 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
7 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
8 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
9 🗖	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
10 🗖	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 🔽	

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

Note: All the Mail Alert profiles share the same "Sending Interval" setting if they use the sam Mail Server.

OK		Cancel
----	--	--------

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.	
Mail Service	Use the drop down list to choose mail service object. All the available objects are created in Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Service Option . If there is no object listed, click Mail Service link to define a new one with specified service provider.	
Recipient	Type the e-mail address of the one who will receive the notification message.	
Notify	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the Notify Profile link to define the content of the mail message.	
Schedule	Type the schedule number that the notification will be sent out. You can click the Schedule(1-15) link to define the schedule.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

II-4-10 Bonjour

Bonjour is a service discovery protocol which is a built-in service in Mac OS X; for Windows or Linux platform, there is correspondent software to enable this function for free.

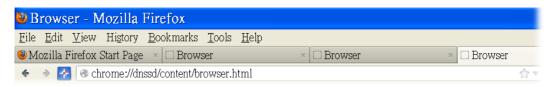
Usually, users have to configure the router or personal computers to use above services. Sometimes, the configuration (e.g., IP settings, port number) is complicated and not easy to complete. The purpose of Bonjour is to decrease the settings configuration (e.g., IP setting). If the host and user's computer have the plug-in bonjour driver install, they can utilize the service offered by the router by clicking the router name icon. In short, what the Clients/users need to know is the name of the router only.

To enable the Bonjour service, click **Application**>>**Bonjour** to open the following page. Check the box(es) of the server service(s) that you want to share to the LAN clients.

Applications >> Bonjour	
Bonjour Setup	
Enable Bonjour Service	
HTTP Server	
Telnet Server	
FTP Server	
SSH Server	
LPR Printer Server	
	OK Cancel

Below shows an example for applying the bonjour feature that Vigor router can be used as the FTP server.

1. Here, we use Firefox and DNSSD to discover the service in such case. Therefore, just ensure the Bonjour client program and DNSSD for Firefox have been installed on the computer.



2. Open the web browse, Firefox. If Bonjour and DNSSD have been installed, you can open the web page (DNSSD) and see the following results.

27011350/COI	tent/browser.html			☆ ▼ C Soogle
NSSD	for Firefox			
owser Co	nfiguration Options Diagnostic Information			
Interface	Name	Туре	Domain	Service Info
2	DS1010Plus	_httptcp.	local.	Select a service on the left to view
2	DS1010Plus(WebDAV)	_httptcp.	local.	further details.
2	HP LaserJet 1300	_ipptcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine	D_udisks-sshtcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine [00:0c:29:78:bc:24]	_workstationtcp.	local.	
2	tomkao-desktop [00:0c:29:26:09:5d]	workstation. tcp.	local.	

3. Open System Maintenance>>Management. Type a name (e.g., Dray_2925) as the Router Name and click OK.

IPv4 Managem	ent Setup	IPv6 Management Setup		
Router Name	Vigor Router	Management Port Setu	р	
		🔄 💿 User Define Ports	🔘 Defai	ult Ports
Management Access Co	ntrol	Telnet Port	23	(Default: 23)
Allow management	from the Internet	HTTP Port	80	(Default: 80)
FTP Server		HTTPS Port	443	(Default: 443)
HTTP Server		FTP Port	21	(Default: 21)
HTTPS Server		SSH Port	22	(Default: 22)
Telnet Server				(Dendarci 22)
SSH Server Disable PING from t	de e Turberne b			
	the Internet	_		
Access List				
List IP	Subnet Mask			
1	*			
2	×			
3	×			
		ок		

System Maintenance >> Management

4. Next, open Applications>>Bonjour. Check the service that you want to use via Bonjour.

Applications >> Bonjour	
Bonjour Setup Image: Setup Image: Setup Image: Setup	
HTTP Server	
 Telnet Server 	
FTP Server	
SSH Server	
LPR Printer Server	
	OK Cancel

5. Open the DNSSD page again. The available items will be changed as the follows. It means the Vigor router (based on Bonjour protocol) is ready to be used as a printer server, FTP server, SSH Server, Telnet Server, and HTTP Server.

☆ マ C 🛽 S - Google

wser Co	nfiguration Options Diagnostic Information			
Interface	Name	Туре	Domain	Service Info
2	DS1010Plus	_httptcp.	local.	Select a service on the left to view further details.
2	DS1010Plus(WebDAV)	_httptcp.	local.	lurther details.
2	HP LaserJet 1300	_ipptcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_ftptcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_httptcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_printertcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_sshtcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_telnettcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine		local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine [00:0c:29:78:bc:24]	_workstationtcp.	local.	
2	tomkao-desktop [00:0c:29:26:09:5d]	workstation. tcp.	local.	

◎ chrome://dnssd/content/browser.html

6. Now, any page or document can be printed out through Vigor router (installed with a printer).

Print		×
Printer <u>N</u> ame Status Type Location Comment	Microsoft XPS Document Writer Properties Auto HP LaserJet 1200 Series PCL on RD-KC Auto Microsoft XPS Document Writer on RD-KC Auto Microsoft XPS Document Writer on TIM-PC Vigor Router	
Print to file Print range O All pages Pag <u>es</u> Selection	Copies Number of copies 1	
Options	OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

II-4-11 High Availability

The High Availability (HA) feature refers to the awareness of component failure and the availability of backup resources. The complexity of HA is determined by the availability needs and the tolerance of system interruptions. Systems, provide nearly full-time availability, typically have redundant hardware and software that make the system available despite failures.

The high availability of the Vigor3220 Series is designed to avoid single points-of-failure. When failures occur, the failover process moves processing performed by the failed component (the "primary") to the backup component (the "secondary"). This process remains system-wide resources, recovers partial of failed transactions, and restores the system to normal within a few seconds.

To configure High Availability on, at least two DrayTek routers:

- Enable High Availability on the Primary and Secondary routers.
- Set a high Priority ID number on the Primary router and lower numbers for the Secondary router(s).
- Set the same Redundancy Method/Group ID/Authentication Key on the Primary and Secondary rotuers.
- Set the Management Interface to the same subnet for the Primary and Secondary routers.
- Enable Virtual IP on the Primary and Secondary routers for each subnet in use and set the same virtual IP on each rouer.

Open Applications>>High Availability to get the following page.

Applications >> High Availability

Enable High Availability

Redundancy Method Active-Standby 🔻 **General Setup Config Sync** Status Set to Factory Default (1-255)Group ID 1 10 (1-30)Priority ID Authentication Key draytek (Max. 31 characters allowed) LAN1 🔻 Management Interface Update DDNS 🔲 Enable Sysloa 🔲 Enable Index Enable Virtual IP LAN1 0.0.0.0 LAN2 0.0.0.0 LAN3 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 LAN7 LAN8 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 DMZ

Item	Description
Enable High Abailablity	Check this box to enable HA function.

Redundancy Method	Choose Hot-Standby or Active-Standby as the method for HA.
	Hot-Standby -
	Such method is suitable for a user which has one ISP account. With such method;
	• All WANs of secondary routers will be shut down by HA function.
	• WAN settings of primary and secondary routers can be the same.
	Note: When Hot-Standby is used, wireless LAN will be "enabled" automatically for clients connecting to the primary router; however, wireless LAN on secondary router will be "disabled" directlly. Thus clients can not connect to the secondary router any more.
	Active-Standby -
	Such method is suitable for a user which has multiple ISP accounts. With such method;
	 All WANs of secondary routers can be up. Therefore, the user can route it's traffic to secondary.
	 WAN settings of primary and secondary routers must not be the same.
	 The Config Sync must be disabled, or you cannot change redundancy method to active-standby.

II-4-11-1 General Setup

General Setup Config	Sync	Status Set to Factory Defau
Group ID	1 (1-25	5)
Priority ID	10	(1-30)
Authentication Key	draytek	(Max. 31 characters allowed)
Management Interface	LAN1 🔻	
Update DDNS	🔲 Enable	
Syslog	🔲 Enable	
Index	Enable	Virtual IP
LAN1		0.0.0.0
LAN2		0.0.0.0
LAN3		0.0.0.0
LAN4		0.0.0.0
LAN5		0.0.0.0
LAN6		0.0.0.0
LAN7		0.0.0.0
LAN8		0.0.0.0
DMZ		0.0.0.0

Item	Description
Group ID	Type a value (1~255).
	In LAN environment, multiple routers can be devided into several groups. Each router must be specified with one group ID. Different routers with the same ID value will be categoried into the same group.
	Only one of the routers in the same group will be selected as

	the primary router.		
Priority ID	Type a value (1~30).		
	Different routers must be configured with different IDs.		
	The router with the highest priority will be treated as primary router. If multiple routers have the same priority, the router with lower "IP" will be treated as primary. "IP" is the IP address configured on LAN >> General Setup page, in which LAN is determined by management interface.		
Authentication Key	Type a string as the authentication key (maximum 31 characters allowed).		
	It is used for encrypting the DARP to prevent malicious attack.		
Management Interface	Such interface is used for DARP (DrayTek Address Redundancy Protocol) negotiation between routers. Only the interface which is enabled in LAN>>General Setup is available for selection.		
	However, LAN1 is always enabled.		
Update DDNS	Enable - Check the box to update the DDNS server for the secondary device if required.		
	If the primary device fails, and the secondary device must take over the job of data transmitting and receiving. Then the system will update the DDNS server to make the user connect to the specified domain name.		
Syslog	Enable - Check the box to record required information on Syslog.		
LAN1 ~ LAN8, DMZ	Enable - Check the box to enable the interface. Virtual IP - Type the IP address of the router plays the role of Primary device.		

II-4-11-2 Config Sync

This page is used to specify the synchronization time for such Vigor router and only available when **Hot-Standby** method is specified and High Availability is enabled.

 Enable High Availability Redundancy Method Active-Standby ▼
 General Setup Config Sync (Max. Sync to 10 routers) Config Sync Interval:
 Day 0 ▼ Hour 0 ▼ Minute 15 ▼

Note: This feature requires that both routers are of the same model i.e. two Vigor 2925n routers. A Vigor 2925 and a Vigor 2925n would not be able to use Config Sync.

The following settings must be configured for Config Sync to operate:

- Enable High Availability.
- Set Redundancy Method to Hot-Standby.



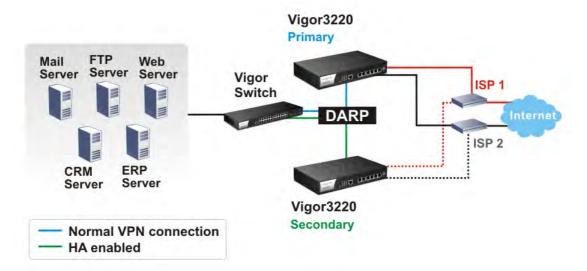
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Config Sync (Max. Sync to 10 routers)	Check this box to enable configuration synchronization. To sync configuration from primary to secondary router, both primary and seconday routers need to enable "config sync". Note that config sync can be enabled by Hot-Standby redundancy method only.
Config Sync Interval	Day / Hour / Minute - Primary router will sync its configuration to secondary router based on the time interval set here.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Example:

Take the following picture as an example. The upper Vigor3220 is regarded as primary device, the lower Vigor3220 is regarded as secondary device. When primary Vigor3220 Series is broken down, the secondary device could replace the primary role to take over all jobs as soon as possible. However, once the primary device is working again, the secondary device would be changed to original role to stand by.



Application Notes

A-1 How to Implement the LDAP/AD Authentication for User Management?

For simplifying the configuration of LDAP authentication for User Access Management, we implement "Group" feature.

There is no need to pre-configure user profile for each user on Vigor router anymore. We only need to configure the Groups DN, then the Vigor router (e.g., Vigor 2860 series) can pass the authentication to LDAP server with the pre-defined Group path.

Below shows the configuration steps:

- 1. Access into the web user interface of the Vigor router.
- 2. Open Applications>>Active Directory /LDAP to get the following page for configuring LDAP related settings.

e Directory /LDAP		Set to Factory De
General Setup	Active Directory / LDAP Profiles	
🕑 Enable		
Bind Type		Regular Mode 🔻
Server Add	ress	172.16.2.8
Destination	Port	389
🗌 Use SSL		
Regular DN		uid=vpntest,ou=vpnuser,dc=ms,dc=draytel
Regular Pas	sword	••••
		DK Cancel

There are three types of bind type supported:

- Simple Mode Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.
- Anonymous Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.
- **Regular Mode** Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority. For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the **Regular DN** and **Regular Password**.
- 3. Create LDAP server profiles. Click the Active Directory /LDAP tab to open the profile web page and click any one of the index number link.

If we have two groups "RD1" and "SHRD" on LDAP server, we can configure two LDAP server profiles with different Group Distinguished Name.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

ex No. 1		
Name	rd1	
Common Name Identifier	uid	
Base Distinguished Name	ou=people,dc=ms,de=draytek,dc=com	
Additional Filter	cn=shrd,ou-group,dc=msg	
Note: Please type in your addition. For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=50 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE		
Group Distinguished Name		
	OK Cancel	

and

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

Index	No	2
шиех	nu.	z

Name	shrd	
Common Name Identifier	uid	
Base Distinguished Name	ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com	<u>,</u>
Additional Filter	cn=shrd.ou=group.dc=ms.dc=draytek.dc=	
Note: Please type in your additional fi For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)	lter for BaseDN search request.	
Group Distinguished Name	OK Cancel	

- 4. Click **OK** to save the settings above.
- 5. Open User Management>>General Setup. Select User-Based as the Mode option.

User Management >> General Setup

that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based	Mo	de Selection:
 different firewall rules to different user profiles. Notice for User-Based mode: In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, pack that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required. Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based 	0	
 In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, pack that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required. Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based 	۲	
that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based		Notice for User-Based mode:
mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect. Intentication page:	Au	mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.
		Web Authentication: 💿 HTTPS 🔍 HTTP
Web Authentication: 🖲 HTTPS 🔍 HTTP		

6. Then open VPN and Remote Access>>PPP General Setup to check the profile(s) that will be authenticated with LDAP server.

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

PPP General Setup						
PPP/MP Protocol			PPP Authentication Methods			
Dial-In PPP	PAP/CH	AP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2	Remote Dial-in User			
Authentication			RADIUS			
Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE)	Optional	MPPE 🔻	✓ AD/LDAP			
Mutual Authentica	tion (PA	P) 🔍 Yes 🖲 No	🗹 rd1			
Username			Shrd			
			✓ TACACS+			
Password						
IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users			Note: Please select 'PAP Only 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP or			
(When DHCP Disable set)						
Assigned IP start	igned IP start LAN 1 192.168.1.200		TACACS+ for PPP Authentication.			
	LAN 2	192.168.2.200	Note: Default priority is Remote Dial-in User ->			
	LAN 3	192.168.3.200	RADIUS -> AD/LDAP -> TACACS+.			
	LAN 4	192.168.4.200	While using Radius or LDAP Authentication:			
	LAN 5	192.168.5.200	Assign IP from subnet: LAN1			
	LAN 6	192.168.6.200				
	LAN 7	192.168.7.200				
	LAN 8	192.168.8.200				

After above configurations, users belong to either "rd1" or "shrd" group can access Internet after inputting their credentials on LDAP server.

II-5 Routing

Route Policy (also well known as PBR, policy-based routing) is a feature where you may need to get a strategy for routing. The packets will be directed to the specified interface if they match one of the policies. You can setup route policies in various reasons such as load balance, security, routing decision, and etc.

Through protocol, IP address, port number and interface configuration, Route Policy can be used to configure any routing rules to fit actual request. In general, Route Policy can easily reach the following purposes:

Load Balance

You may manually create policies to balance the traffic across network interface.

Specify Interface

Through dedicated interface (WAN/LAN/VPN), the data can be sent from the source IP to the destination IP.

Address Mapping

Allows you specify the outgoing WAN IP address (es) for an internal private IP address or a range of internal private IP addresses.

Priority

The router will determine which policy will be adopted for transmitting the packet according to the priority of Static Route and Route Policy.

Failover to/Failback

Packets will be sent through another Interface or follow another Policy when the original interface goes down (Failover to). Once the original interface resumes service (Failback), the packets will be returned to it immediately.

Other routing

Specify routing policy to determine the direction of the data transmission.



Info

For more detailed information about using policy route, refer to Support >>FAQ/Application Notes on www.draytek.com.

Web User Interface

II-5-1 Static Route

Go to LAN to open setting page and choose Static Route. The router offers IPv4 and IPv6 for you to configure the static route. Both protocols bring different web pages.

II-5-1-1 Static Route for IPv4

LAN >> Static Route Setup

IPv4		IPv6		<u>Set</u>	to Factory Default	View Routing Table
Index	Dest	ination Address	Status	Index	Destination Add	ress Status
1.		???	?	<u>6.</u>	???	?
<u>2.</u>		???	?	<u>7.</u>	???	?
<u>3.</u>		???	?	<u>8.</u>	???	?
<u>4.</u>		???	?	<u>9.</u>	???	?
<u>5.</u>		???	?	<u>10.</u>	???	?
<< <u>1-10 11-2</u>	<u>20 21-30</u>	<u>) 31.40 >></u>				<u>Next</u> >>

<< <u>1-10 | 11-20 | 21-30 | 31-40 >></u>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

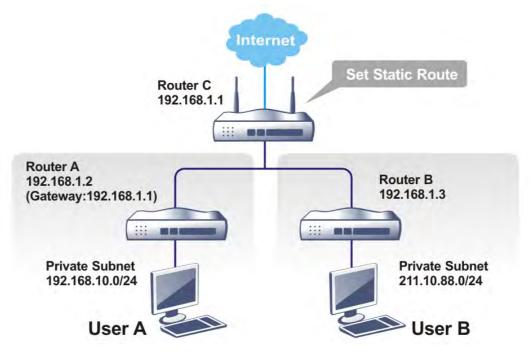
Item	Description				
Index	The number (1 to 30) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.				
Destination Address	Displays the destination address of the static route.				
Status	Displays the status of the static route.				
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.				
Viewing Routing Table	Displays the routing table for your reference. Diagnostics >> View Routing Table Current Running Routing Table IPv6 Routing Table Refresh Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private C- 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0 directly connected LAN1				

Add Static Routes to Private and Public Networks

Here is an example (based on IPv4) of setting Static Route in Main Router so that user A and B locating in different subnet can talk to each other via the router. Assuming the Internet access has been configured and the router works properly:

- use the Main Router to surf the Internet.
- create a private subnet 192.168.10.0 using an internal Router A (192.168.1.2)
- create a public subnet 211.100.88.0 via an internal Router B (192.168.1.3).
- have set Main Router 192.168.1.1 as the default gateway for the Router A 192.168.1.2.

Before setting Static Route, user A cannot talk to user B for Router A can only forward recognized packets to its default gateway Main Router.



1. Go to LAN page and click General Setup, select 1st Subnet as the RIP Protocol Control. Then click the OK button.



There are two reasons that we have to apply RIP Protocol Control on 1st Subnet. The first is that the LAN interface can exchange RIP packets with the neighboring routers via the 1st subnet (192.168.1.0/24). The second is that those hosts on the internal private subnets (ex. 192.168.10.0/24) can access the Internet via the router, and continuously exchange of IP routing information with different subnets. 2. Click the LAN >> Static Route and click on the Index Number 1. Check the Enable box. Please add a static route as shown below, which regulates all packets destined to 192.168.10.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.2. Click OK.

Index No. 1		
🔲 Enable		
	Destination IP Address	???
	Subnet Mask	
	Gateway IP Address	
	Network Interface	LAN1 🔻
	OK	Cancel Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable this profile.
Destination IP Address	Type an IP address as the destination of such static route.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask for such static route.
Network Interface	Use the drop down list to specify an interface for such static route.

3. Return to **Static Route Setup** page. Click on another **Index Number** to add another static route as show below, which regulates all packets destined to 211.100.88.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.3. Click **OK**.

Index No. 1		
🗹 Enable		
	Destination IP Address	211.100.88.0
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway IP Address	192.138.1.3
	Network Interface	LAN1 V
	OK	Delete

LAN >> Static Route Setup

LAN >> Static Route Setup

4. Go to **Diagnostics** and choose **Routing Table** to verify current routing table.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

Current Running Routing Table	IPv6 Routing Table	Refresh
		*

II-5-1-2 Static Route for IPv6

You can set up to 40 profiles for IPv6 static route. Click the IPv6 tab to open the following page:

LAN >>	Static	Route	Setup
--------	--------	-------	-------

IPv4 IPv6			Set to Fa	ctory Default View IPv6 Rou	uting Table	
Index	Des	tination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
<u>1.</u>		::/0	х	<u>11.</u>	::/0	х
<u>2.</u>		::/0	х	<u>12.</u>	::/0	х
<u>3.</u>		::/0	х	<u>13.</u>	::/0	х
<u>4.</u>		::/0	x	<u>14.</u>	::/0	х
<u>5.</u>		::/0	х	<u>15.</u>	::/0	х
<u>6.</u>		::/0	х	<u>16.</u>	::/0	х
<u>7.</u>		::/0	х	<u>17.</u>	::/0	х
<u>8.</u>		::/0	х	<u>18.</u>	::/0	х
<u>9.</u>		::/0	х	<u>19.</u>	::/0	х
<u>10.</u>		::/0	х	<u>20.</u>	::/0	х
- 1 20 21	1 40 ~~					Novt >

<< <u>1 - 20</u> | <u>21 - 40</u> >>

<u>Next</u> >>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	The number (1 to 40) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.
Destination Address	Displays the destination address of the static route.
Status	Displays the status of the static route.
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Viewing IPv6 Routing Table	Displays the routing table for your reference.

Click any underline of index number to get the following page.

ОK

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 1

🔲 Enable		
Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len	::	/ 0
Gateway IPv6 Address		
Network Interface	LAN1 •	

Cancel

Delete

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable this profile.
Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len	Type the IP address with the prefix length for this entry.
Gateway IPv6 Address	Type the gateway address for this entry.

Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static
route.

When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

II-5-2 Load-Balance /Route Policy

II-5-2-1 General Setup

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Load-E	Balance/	Route Pol	icy			1	0 🔻 rule:	s per pag	e <u>Se</u> t	t to Fac	tory De	efault
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Priority	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
1		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any		<u>Down</u>
2		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>3</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
4		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>5</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>6</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
Z		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>8</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>9</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>10</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<< <u>1-1</u>	<u>D 11-20</u>	<u>0 21-30</u>	<u>31-40 41</u>	<u>-50 51-6</u>	<u>;0</u> >>						N	lext >>

Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages

Advance Mode: all settings in one page

ОK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Click the number of index to access into the configuration web page.
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.
Protocol	Display the protocol used for this policy.
Interface	Display the interface to send packets to once the policy is matched.
Interface Address	Display the WAN IP or WAN IP alias address which is used as source IP of the outgoing packets.
Src IP Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the source IP.
Src IP End	Displays the IP address for the end of the source IP.
Dest IP Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination IP.
Dest IP End	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination IP.
Dest Port Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination port.
Dest Port End	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination port.

2

Move UP/Move Down	Use Up or Down link to move the order of the policy.
Wizard Mode	Allows to configure frequently used settings of route policy via three setting pages
Advance Mode	Allows to configure detailed settings of route policy.

To use Wizard Mode, simple do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Wizard Mode radio button.
- 2. Click Index 1. The setting page will appear as follows:

Load-Balance/Route Policy

ndex: 1 criteria	
Load-Balance/Rou	te Policy applies to packets that meet the following criteria
Source IP	 ⊙ Any ○ Src IP Start Src IP End
Destination IP	 Any Dest IP Start Dest IP End 192.168.1.6 ~ 192.168.1.66
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Source IP	Any - Any IP can be treated as the source IP.
	Src IP Start - Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.
	Src IP End - Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.
Destination IP	 Any - Any IP can be treated as the destination IP. Dest IP Start- Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface. Dest IP End - Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the
	destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.

3. Click Next to get the following page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Index: 1 Interface	
Load-Balance/Route Policy direct	ts the packets to the interface below
Interface	WAN1 V
Interface Address	1 •
	1
-	2-192.168.1.56
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Cancel</pre>

Item	Description
Interface	Use the drop down list to choose an interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.
Interface Address	Use the drop down list to choose an existed IP address.

4. After specifying the interface, click **Next** to get the following page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Based o	n the settings in the previous pages, we guess you want to have: Force NAT
The curr	ent setting is:
۲	Force NAT
ŏ	Force Routing
	·
	Sack [Next >] Finish Cance

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Force NAT /Force Routing	It determines which mechanism that the router will use to forward the packet to WAN.

5. After choosing the mechanism, click Next to get the summary page for reference.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Criteria	
Source IP	Any
Destination IP	192.168.1.6 ~ 192.168.1.56
Interface	
WAN3	
More options	
Force NAT	
	< Back Next > Finish

6. If there is no error, click Finish to complete wizard setting.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Load-	Balance/	Route Po	licy	10 🔻 r	10 • rules per page Set to Factory Default							
Index	: Enable	Protocol	Interface	Priority	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Port	Move Up	Move Down
1		Any	WAN3	200	Any	Any	192.168.1.6	192.168.1.56	Any	Any		<u>Down</u>
2		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
3		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	UP	Down

To use Advance Mode, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Advance Mode radio button.
- 2. Click Index 2 to access into the following page.

Load-Balance/Route	Policy
--------------------	--------

Enable Criteria		
Protocol Source IP	Any Any Src IP Range Src IP Subnet	
Destination IP	 Any Dest IP Range Dest IP Subnet 	
Destination Port Send via if Criteria Match	Any Dest Port Start Dest Port End	
Interface	● WAN/LAN WAN1 ▼	
Gateway	 ● VPN ✓ VPN 1.??? ▼ ● Default Gateway ● Specific Gateway 	
Priority	Low	High
	2011	
Priority: 200	250 150 ault Route Routes in Routing Table	0
Priority: 200	ault Route Routes in Routing Table	0
Priority: 200	ault Route Routes in Routing Table	0

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.
Protocol	Use the drop-down menu to choose a proper protocol for the WAN interface.
Source IP	Any - Any IP can be treated as the source IP. Src IP Start - Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.
	Src IP End - Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source

	IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.					
Destination IP	Any - Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.					
	Dest IP Start- Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.					
	Dest IP End - Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.					
Destination Port	Any - Any port number can be treated as the destination port.					
	Dest Port Start - Type the destination port start for the destination IP.					
	Dest Port End - Type the destination port end for the destination IP. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination ports will be passed through the WAN interface.					
Send to if criteria matched	Interface - Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.					
	Gateway IP - Specific gateway is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway. Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.					
Priority	Packets will be transmitted based on all routes or Route Policy. Vigor router will determine which rule will be adopted for transmitting the packet according to the priority of Static Route and Route Policy.					
	The greater the value is, the lower the priority is. Default value for route policy is "200" which means it has higher priority than the default route.					
More options	Packet Forwarding to WAN via - When you choose WAN (e.g., WAN1) as the Interface for packet transmission, you have to specify the way the packet forwarded to. Choose Force NAT or Force Routing.					
	Failover to - Check this button to lead the data passing through specific interface (WAN/LAN/VPN/Route Policy) automatically when the selected interface (defined in Send via if criteria matched) is down.					
	 WAN/LAN - Use the drop down list to choose an interface as an auto failover interface. 					
	• VPN - Use the drop down list to choose a VPN tunnel as a failover tunnel.					
	• Route Policy - Use the drop down list to choose an existed route policy profile.					
	Gateway IP - Specific gateway is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway. Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.					

3. When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Load-Balance/Route Policy Set to Factory											
Index Enable Protocol Interface		Interface Address	Src IP Start		Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Mov Up		
1		Any	WAN1	172.16.3.130	Any	Any	192.168.1.6	192.168.1.66	Any	Any	
2		Δnv	WAN1	172.16.3.130							UP

II-5-2-2 Diagnose

With the analysis done by such page, possible path (static route, routing table or policy route) of the packets sent out of the router can be traced.

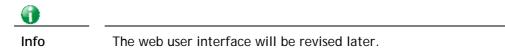
lode	
	 analyze how a packet will be sent
	$igodoldsymbol{ imes}$ analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent
acket l	nformation
	● ICMP ○ UDP ○ TCP ○ ANY
	Src IP Specify an IP 🔽 192.168.1.2
	Dst IP Specify an IP 💌
	Dst Port Any Port
	Analyze
Load-E	Balance/Route Policy >> Diagnose
	Balance/Route Policy >> Diagnose
Load-E Mode	
	analyze how a packet will be sent
	 analyze how a packet will be sent analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent
Mode	 analyze how a packet will be sent analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent
Mode	 analyze how a packet will be sent analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent ile
Mode	 analyze how a packet will be sent analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent ile Select (<u>download</u> an example input file)

Item	Description			
Mode	Analyze how a packet will be sent - Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how a single packet will be sent by a route policy.			
	Analyze how multiple packets Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how multiple packets in a specified file will be sent by a route policy.			
Packet Information	Specify the nature of the packets to be analyzed by Vigor router.			
	ICMP/UDP/TCP/ANY- Specify a protocol for diagnosis.			
	Src IP - Type an IP address as the source IP.			
	Dst IP - Type an IP address as the destination IP.			
	Dst Port - Use the drop down list to specify the destination port.			
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, click export analysis to export the result as a file.			

Input File	Select - Click the download link to get a blank example file. Then, click such button to select that blank ".csv" f for saving the result of analysis.
	Mode
	● ana 下載工作確認 ×
	Input File 選擇檔案 Analyze 儲存至 下載
	下載後開啓 儲存 取消
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, cli export analysis to export the result as a file.
	analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, cli export analysis to export the result as a file.
	analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, cli export analysis to export the result as a file.
	analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, clip export analysis to export the result as a file. Load Balance Route Policy >> Diagnose @ Mode
	analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, cli export analysis to export the result as a file. Load Balance Route Policy >> Diagnose Mode © analyze how a packet will be sent © analyze how a packet will be sent © analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent singlef file Matching Route Analyzes Profile Proto Packet (roomation) Profile Proto Packet (roomation) Canado (roomation) Profile Proto Packet (roomation) Profile Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Packet (roomation) Profile Packet (roomation) Profil

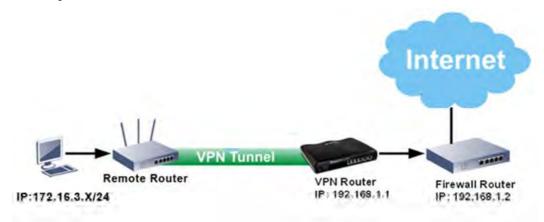
Application Notes

A-1 How to Customize a Secure Route between VPN Router and Remote Router by Using Route Policy



Example 1:

In the following figure, a LAN to LAN VPN tunnel is built between DrayTek VPN router (e.g., Vigor3220 Series) and the remote router. Firewall Router can receive all of the traffic coming from remote PC which wants to access into Internet; and send back the packets to Remote Router through VPN Router.



- 1. Establish a VPN tunnel between VPN Router and the Remote Router.
- 2. Change to default route for the router located in Remote Router.
- 3. Access into the web user interface of the router in VPN Router. Then, open Load-Balance / Route Policy and click Advance Mode.

.uau-c	salance/	Route Po	псу			[1	0 🔹 rule:	s per pag	e <u>Se</u>	t to Fac	tory D	erault
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Priority	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Dowi
1		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any		Dow
2		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Dowi</u>
<u>3</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>4</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Dowi</u>
<u>5</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>6</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Dowi</u>
7		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>8</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Dow</u>
<u>9</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>10</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dow

Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages

Advance Mode: all settings in one page

Load-Balance/Route Policy

OK

4. Click any Index number link (e.g., 1 in this case). Configure the settings as follows. Load-Balance/Route Policy

Protocol	Any
Source IP	Any
	 Src IP Range Src IP Subnet Network: 172.16.3.0 Mask: 255.255.255.0/24
Destination IP	 Any Dest IP Range Dest IP Subnet
Destination Port Send via if Criteria Matcher	 Any Dest Port Start Dest Port End
Interface	
Gateway	VPN VPN 1.??? Default Gateway 192.168.1.2
Low	v High

Now, if you want such route policy will be applied by Vigor router with higher priority, please adjust the value of **Priority** for such route policy. In general, default route is specified with the lowest priority for it value is fixed as "250". And Routes in Routing Table are fixed as "150". You can adjust the value for such route policy with lower value, e.g., 100 to ensure it will be applied to packets transmission with the highest priority.

5. After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

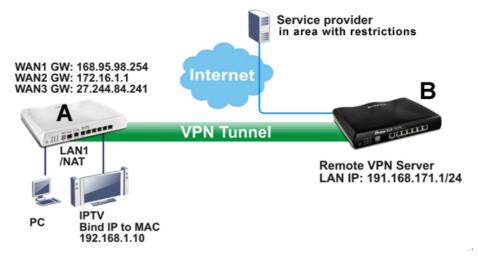
_oad-E	Balance/R	oute Polic	у.			10 💌 rule	es per	page	<u>Set</u>	to Fa	ctory D	<u>efault</u>
Inde>	< Enable	Protocol	Interface	Priority	Src IP Start	Src IP End	IΡ	IΡ	Dest Port Start	Port	Move Up	Move Dowr
<u>1</u>	V	Any	LAN1	100	172.16.3.2	172.16.3.25	Any	Any	Any	Any		Down
2		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Down
<u>3</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>4</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Down
<u>5</u>		Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>

6. To route the packets coming from the Firewall Router back to the remote router, access into the web user interface of the Firewall Router. Then, set "192.168.1.1/24" as the gateway IP address and set "172.16.3.0/24" as the destination IP address.

0

Example 2:

Below shows a scenario that local users behind Vigor router A want to access into a remote service (e.g., YouTube) which is blocked or restricted by local Service Provider in area with restrictions. A policy route can be created by the side of Router A to break through the Internet censorship circumvention.



A VPN tunnel has been established between Router A and router B.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Router A.
- 2. Open Load-Balance/Route Policy.
- 3. Click any index number (e.g., #1 in this case).
- 4. In the following web page, check Enable; type "192.168.1.10" as Src IP Range; type "213.57.89.100" as the Destination IP for the remote VPN server; and choose VPN as the Interface setting.

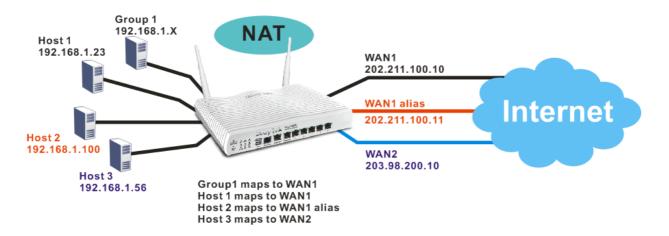
Load-Balance/Route Policy	

Enable Criteria		
Protocol	Any T	
Source IP	◎ Any ® Src IP Range	
	Start: 192.168.1.10 End: 192.168.1.10	
	Src IP Subnet	
Destination IP	Any	
	Dest IP Range Start:213.57.89.100 End:213.57.89.100	
	 Dest IP Subnet 	
Destination Port	Any	
	Dest Port Start Dest Port End	
	~	
Send via if Criteria Mato	hed	
Interface	● WAN/LAN LAN1 ▼	
	VPN VPN VPN 1. For Branch	
Gateway	• Default Gateway	
	Specific Gateway	
Priority		
Lo	bw .	High
Priority: 200		-
250	150	0

5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

A-2 How to Setup Address Mapping

Address Mapping is used to map a specified private IP or a range of private IPs of NAT subnet into a specified WAN IP (or WAN IP alias IP). Refer to the following figure.



Suppose the WAN settings for a router are configured as follows:

WAN1: 202.211.100.10, WAN1 alias: 202.211.100.11

WAN2: 203.98.200.10

Without address mapping feature, when a NAT host with an IP say "192.168.1.10" sends a packet to the WAN side (or the Internet), the source address of the NAT host will be mapped into either 202.211.100.10 or 203.98.200.10 (which IP or mapping is decided by the internal load balancing algorithm).

With address mapping feature, you can manually configure any host mapping to any WAN interface to fit the request. In the above example, you can configure NAT Host 1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1); Host 2 to always map to 202.211.100.11 (WAN1 alias); Host 3 always map to 203.98.200.10 (WAN2) and Group 1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1).

NAT Address Mapping function lets you specify the outgoing IP address(es) for one internal IP address or a block of internal IP addresses.

We will take an example to introduce how to make use of this feature.

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor3220.
- 2. Open WAN>>Internet Access. For WAN1, choose Static or Dynamic IP as the Access Mode.

nternet a	Access					
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode			
WAN1		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	•	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	None PPPoE		Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP		Details Page	IPv6
WAN4		Ethernet	PPTP/L2TP		Details Page	IPv6
WAN5		USB	None	T	Details Page	IPv6

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

Click the **Details Page** of WAN 1 to open the following page. From the above figure, set main WAN IP address as *202.211.100.10*. 3.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1									
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6					
Enable	Disable	WANI	P Network Settings	WAN IP Alias					
Kaan WAN Cana	4 :	Obtain an IP address automatically							
Keep WAN Conn	G to keep alive	Rout	ter Name	Vigor *					
PING to the IP	G to keep alive	Dom	iain Name	*					
	0 minute(s)	DHCP Client Identifier *							
PING Interval	0minute(s)	Use	rname						
WAN Connection	n Detection	Pass	sword						
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻	🖲 Sp	ecify an IP address						
		IP A	ddress	202.211.100.10					
MTU	1500 (Max:1500)	Sub	net Mask	255.255.255.0					
		Gate	eway IP Address						
RIP Protocol		\sim							
🔲 Enable RIP			efault MAC Address	-					
Bridge Mode			pecify a MAC Addre						
Enable Brid	ae Mode	MAC	Address: 00 ·1D	AA 00 00 01					
Bridge Subnet	-	DNS S	erver IP Address						
		Prima	ry IP Address	8.8.8.8					
		Secor	ndary IP Address	8.8.4.4					

Click the WAN IP Alias button to configure the other IP address which is *202.211.100.11.* Make sure Join IP NAT Pool is not checked. Click OK to save the settings.

Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	Join NAT IP Pool
1.	\checkmark	202.211.100.10	
2.		202.211.100.11	
з.		0.0.0.0	
4.		0.0.0.0	
5.		0.0.0.0	
6.		0.0.0.0	
7.		0.0.0.0	
8.		0.0.0.0	
		OK Clear All	Close

WAN4 ID Aliae / Multi NAT \

4. After finished configuration for WAN1, open Load-Balance/Route Policy.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

olicy F	Route							<u>Se</u>	t to Fa	ctory D	<u>efault</u>
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Port	Move Up	Move Dowr
<u>1</u>		any	WAN1								<u>Down</u>
2		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	Down
<u>3</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>4</u>		any	WAN1							UP	Down
<u>5</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	Down
<u>6</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	Down
7		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>8</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>9</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>10</u>		any	WAN1							<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
:< <u>1-10</u>	<u>11-20</u>	<u>21-30 3</u>	<u>1-40 41-50</u>	>>						ļ	Next >

5. Click Index number 1 and 2 to configure the details. After finished the settings, click OK to save the settings respectively.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

✓ Enable criteria	
Protocol	any 💌
Source IP	O any
	 Src IP Start Src IP End
	192.168.1.16 ~ 192.168.1.31
Destination IP	In any in a second s
	O Dest IP Start Dest IP End
	~
	In any in a second s
Destination Port	O Dest Port Start Dest Port End
	~
send to if criteria matched	
Interface	WAN1 🗸
Interface Address	1
Gateway IP	Ø default gateway
	specific gateway
more options	
Auto Failover To The Other State	ner WAN
Packet Forwarding to WAN	^{∕ia} ⊙ force NAT
	o force Routing

0

And

Load-Balance/Route Policy

			_
 l n	d	v	2

✓ Enable criteria	
Protocol	any 🗸
Source IP	O any
	 Src IP Start Src IP End
	192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.100
Destination IP	 any
	 Dest IP Start Dest IP End
	~
	 any
Destination Port	 Dest Port Start Dest Port End
	~
send to if criteria matched	
Interface	WAN1
Interface Address	2-202.211.100.11
Gateway IP	⊙ default gateway
	specific gateway
more options	
Auto Failover To The (Dther WAN
Packet Forwarding to WA	
	 force Routing
	O force Routing

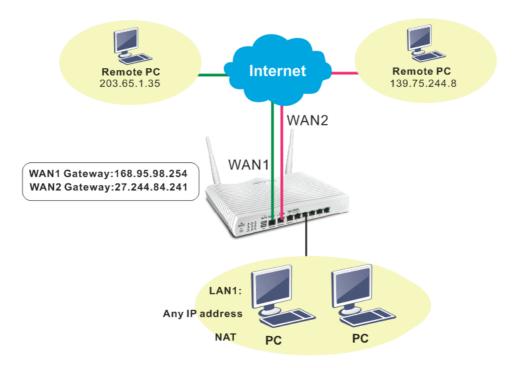
Upon completing the above configuration, you have specified the outgoing IP address(es) for some specific computers. 6.

Policy F	Route								<u>s</u>	et to Fa	actory [Default
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	IP	IP	Dest Port Start	Port	Move	Move Dow
1	V	any	WAN1		192.168.1.16	192.168.1.31	Any	Any	Any	Any		Down
<u>2</u>	~	any	WAN1	202.211.100.11	192.168.1.100	192.168.1.100	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>3</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>4</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>5</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>6</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>7</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>8</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
<u>9</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dowr
10		any	WAN1								UP	Dowr

Now, you bind some specific computers to some WAN IP alias for outgoing traffic.

A-3 How to setup Load Balance for Packets?

The following figure shows a simple application of load balance. WAN1 and WAN2 can be used to access into Internet. The PC in LAN1 can send the data to the remote PC through the specified WAN1.



1. Access into web user interface of Vigor3220 Series. Open Load-Balance/Route Policy.



2. From the following web page, simply click index number #1.

Policy F	loute									t to Fac		
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start		Move Up	Mov Dow
<u>1</u>		any	WAN1									Dow
2		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>3</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>4</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>5</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>6</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
7		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
8		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>9</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>10</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
< 1-10	0 11-20	21-30	31-40 41-9	50 >>							1	vext :

3. In the following page, check Enable; set Dest IP Start and Dest IP End with 203.65.1.35 and 203.65.1.35; choose WAN1 as the Interface; click default gateway.

✓ Enable criteria	
Protocol	any 💌
Source IP	💿 any
	Src IP Start Src IP End
	~
Destination IP	🔎 anv
	Oest IP Start Dest IP End
	203.65.1.35 ~ 203.65.1.35
	 any
Destination Port	O Dest Port Start Dest Port End
	~
send to if criteria matched	
Interface	WAN1
Interface Address	7-7113 60 175 31
Gateway IP	💿 default gateway

Load-Balance/Route Policy

4. After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

olicy F	Route									t to Fac		
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start		Move Up	Mov Dow
1	V	any	WAN1	203.69.175.31	Any	Any	203.65.1.35	203.65.1.35	Any	Any		Dow
2		any	WAN1								UP	Dow
<u>3</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>4</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>5</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>6</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
7		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>8</u>		any	WAN1								UP	Dow
<u>9</u>		any	WAN1								<u>UP</u>	Dow
<u>10</u>		any	WAN1								UP	Dow
< 1-10	0 11-20	21-30	31-40 41-	50 >>							1	Vext :

Now, the packets sent to the remote PC (IP address: 203.65.1.35) will be forced to pass through WAN1.

- 1

This page is left blank.

Part III Wireless LAN



Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

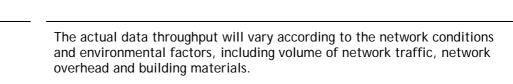
III-1 Wireless LAN

Info

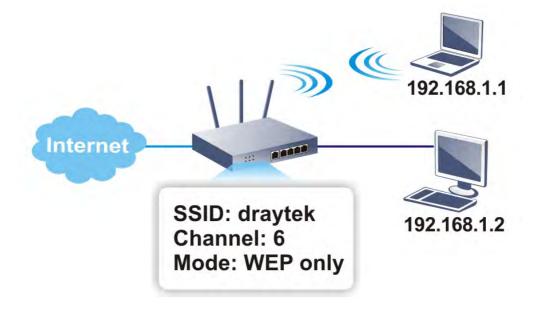
This function is used for "n" models only.

Over recent years, the market for wireless communications has enjoyed tremendous growth. Wireless technology now reaches or is capable of reaching virtually every location on the surface of the earth. Hundreds of millions of people exchange information every day via wireless communication products. The Vigor3220 wireless series router (with "n" in model name) is designed for maximum flexibility and efficiency of a small office/home. Any authorized staff can bring a built-in WLAN client PDA or notebook into a meeting room for conference without laying a clot of LAN cable or drilling holes everywhere. Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

Vigor3220 wireless router is a highly integrated wireless local area network (WLAN) for 2.4 GHz 802.11n WLAN applications. Vigor3220 "n" series router supports 802.11n up to 300 Mbps for 40 MHz channel operations.



In an Infrastructure Mode of wireless network, Vigor wireless router plays a role as an Access Point (AP) connecting to lots of wireless clients or Stations (STA). All the STAs will share the same Internet connection via Vigor wireless router. The **General Settings** will set up the information of this wireless network, including its SSID as identification, located channel etc.



Multiple SSIDs

Vigor router supports four SSID settings for wireless connections. Each SSID can be defined with different name and download/upload rate for selecting by stations connected to the router wirelessly.

Real-time Hardware Encryption

Vigor Router is equipped with a hardware AES encryption engine so it can apply the highest protection to your data without influencing user experience.

Complete Security Standard Selection

To ensure the security and privacy of your wireless communication, we provide several prevailing standards on market.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a legacy method to encrypt each frame transmitted via radio using either a 64-bit or 128-bit key. Usually access point will preset a set of four keys and it will communicate with each station using only one out of the four keys.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), the most dominating security mechanism in industry, is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x.

In WPA-Personal, a pre-defined key is used for encryption during data transmission. WPA applies Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption while WPA2 applies AES. The WPA-Enterprise combines not only encryption but also authentication.

Since WEP has been proved vulnerable, you may consider using WPA for the most secure connection. You should select the appropriate security mechanism according to your needs. No matter which security suite you select, they all will enhance the over-the-air data protection and /or privacy on your wireless network. The Vigor wireless router is very flexible and can support multiple secure connections with both WEP and WPA at the same time.



Info

The password (PSK) of default security mode is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



Separate the Wireless and the Wired LAN- WLAN Isolation

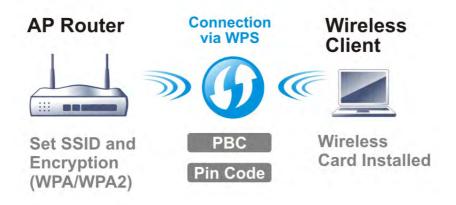
It enables you to isolate your wireless LAN from wired LAN for either quarantine or limit access reasons. To isolate means neither of the parties can access each other. To elaborate an example for business use, you may set up a wireless LAN for visitors only so they can connect to Internet without hassle of the confidential information leakage. For a more flexible deployment, you may add filters of MAC addresses to isolate users' access from wired LAN.

Manage Wireless Stations - Station List

It will display all the stations in your wireless network and the status of their connection.

WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.



Web User Interface

III-1-1 Wireless Wizard

The wireless wizard allows you to configure settings specified for a host AP (for home use or internal use for a company) and specified for a guest AP (for any wireless clients accessing into Internet).

Follow the steps listed below:

1. Open Wizards>>Wireless Wizard.



2. The screen of wireless wizard will be shown as follows. This page will be used for internal users in a company or your home.

Wireless Wizard

Wireless 2.4GHz Sett	ings
Name:	DrayTek
Mode:	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) 🔻
Channel:	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🔻
Security Key:	*******
NULE: THE HOST AP C	onfigured here will be used for home or internal company use.

Item	Description
Name	Type the SSID name of this router for wireless 2.4GHz. The default name is defined with DrayTek. Change the name if required.
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11n Only, 11g Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11a+11n), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mix (11b+11g+11n) mode.
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected

	channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

3. After typing the required information, click **Next**. The settings in the page limit the wireless station (guest) accessing into Internet but not being allowed to share the LAN network and VPN connection.

Wireless Wizard

Wireless 2.4GHz Set	5
Enable Olisa	
SSID:	DrayTek_Guest
Security Key:	*****
Bandwidth Limit:	Enable Total Upload 30000 kbps Total Download 30000 kbps
	ed guest AP will not be able to access the LAN network, VPN connections, or wireless devices connecting to the router's other APs. This AP interface shall be

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click it to enable or disable settings in this page.
SSID	Type the SSID name of this router. (SSID1)
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Bandwidth Limit	It controls the data transmission rate through wireless connection. Total Upload - Check Enable and type the transmitting rate for data upload. Default value is 30,000 kbps. Total Download - Type the transmitting rate for data download. Default value is 30,000 kbps.

Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

- 4. After typing the required information, click Next.
- 5. The following page will display the configuration summary for wireless setting.

Wireless Wizard

Wireless 2.4GHz Settings		
Mode:Mixed(11b+11g+11n) Channel:Channel 6, 2437MHz		
Host AP SSID Name:DrayTek Security Key:************		
Guest AP Status:Enabled SSID Name:DrayTek_Guest Security Key:************* Bandwidth Limit:Disabled		

6. Click **Finish** to complete the wireless settings configuration.

III-1-2 General Setup

Wireless LAN >> General Setup

By clicking the Wireless LAN>> General Settings, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the SSID and the wireless channel. Please refer to the following figure for more information.

	5 LAN			
Mode :		Mixed(11b+1	1g+11n) ▼	
Channel:		Channel 6, 2	437MHz 🔻	
Enable Hi	ide SSID	SSID	Isolate Member	Isolate VPN
1		DrayTek		
2		DrayTek_Guest		
3 🔲				
4				
Enabling the	e Isolate M	lember configuration will	l forbid the wireless client	s associated
to the same The isolate \	SSID from VPN config		er. vireless traffic from VPN co ccess the VPN network ur	
to the same The isolate V and thus, wi setting. Associated § Note:	SSID from VPN config ireless clie <u>Schedule</u> P	uration will isolate the v nts will not be able to a rofiles:	vireless traffic from VPN co	nder this

Item	Description
Enable Wireless LAN	Check the box to enable wireless function.
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11b Only, 11g Only, 11n Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mixed (11b+11g+11n) mode.
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.
Hide SSID	Check it to prevent from wireless sniffing and make it harder for unauthorized clients or STAs to join your wireless LAN. Depending on the wireless utility, the user may only see the information except SSID or just cannot see any thing about Vigor wireless router while site surveying. The system allows you to set four sets of SSID for different usage. In default, the first set of SSID will be enabled. You can hide it for your necessity.
SSID	Means the identification of the wireless LAN. SSID can be any text numbers or various special characters.
Isolate	Member -Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other.

	VPN - Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with different VPN not accessing for each other.
Schedule	Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.

After finishing all the settings here, please click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the configuration.

III-1-3 Security

This page allows you to set security with different modes for SSID 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively. After configuring the correct settings, please click **OK** to save and invoke it.

The password (PSK) of default security mode is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



By clicking the Security Settings, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the settings of WPA and WEP.

Wireless LAN >> Security Settings

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4	
Mode:			WEP/802.1x C	Dnly T
WPA				
	Encryption Mode	э:	TKIP for WPA	VAES for WPA2
	Pre-Shared Key	(PSK):	*****	
	Type 8~63 ASC example "cfgs0:			al digits leading by "0x", for
<u>WEP</u>				
	Encryption Mode	э:	64-Bit 🔻	
	® Key 1 :		*****	
	Key 2 :		*****	
	🔍 Кеу З :		*****	
	🔍 Key 4 :		*****	
Note:				
Please	configure the M	Aireless LAN(2.4G	Hz) 802.1X Setti	ng .
Hexade For 128	ecimal digits lea	ding by "Ox". Ex Infigurations, pl	amples are "A	SCII characters or 10 B312" or "0x4142333132". 3 ASCII characters or 26
		OK	Cancel	

Item	Description
Mode	There are several modes provided for you to choose.

	Info You should also set RADIUS Server			
	simultaneously if 802.1x mode is selected.			
	Disable - Turn off the encryption mechanism.			
	WEP-Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key.			
	WEP/802.1x Only - Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.			
	WPA/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.			
	WPA2/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.			
	Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only) - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.			
	WPA/PSK-Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.			
	WPA2/PSK-Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.			
	Mixed (WPA+ WPA2)/PSK - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.			
WPA	The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such a 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").			
	Pre-Shared Key (PSK) - Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678 (or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").			
WEP	64-Bit - For 64 bits WEP key, either 5 ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digitals leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.)			
	128-Bit - For 128 bits WEP key, either 13 ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D).			
	Encryption Mode: 64-Bit 64-Bit 128-Bit			
	All wireless devices must support the same WEP encryption bit size and have the same key. Four keys can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

III-1-4 Access Control

In the Access Control, the router may restrict wireless access to certain wireless clients only by locking their MAC address into a black or white list. The user may block wireless clients by inserting their MAC addresses into a black list, or only let them be able to connect by inserting their MAC addresses into a white list.

In the Access Control web page, users may configure the white/black list modes used by each SSID and the MAC addresses applied to their lists.

Wireless LAN >> Access Control

Access Control					
Enable Mac Addres	s Filter 🛛 🔲 SSI	D 1 White List	SSID	2 White List 🔻	
	SSI	D 3 White List	SSID	4 White List 🔻	
	MAC Addr	ess Filter(Limit: 6	4 entries)		
_Index Attrib	ute MAC Addres	5	Apply SSID		
				*	
	Client's MAC Addre	ess : : :	: : : : : :		
Арр	ly SSID : 🔲 SSID 1 🛛	🗉 SSID 2 🔲 SS	SID 3 🔲 SSID 4		
At	tribute : 🔲 s: Isolate	e the station from	m LAN		
	Add C	elete Edi	Cancel		
		OK Clear	All		

Backup Access Control:	Backup	Upload From File:	選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案	Restore

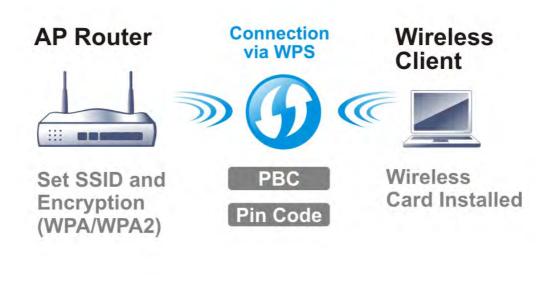
Item	Description
Enable Mac Address Filter	Select to enable the MAC Address filter for wireless LAN identified with SSID 1 to 4 respectively. All the clients (expressed by MAC addresses) listed in the box can be grouped under different wireless LAN. For example, they can be grouped under SSID 1 and SSID 2 at the same time if you check SSID 1 and SSID 2.
MAC Address Filter	Display all MAC addresses that are edited before.
Client's MAC Address	Manually enter the MAC address of wireless client.
Apply SSID	After entering the client's MAC address, check the box of the SSIDs desired to insert this MAC address into their access control list.
Attribute	s: Isolate the station from LAN - select to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client of the MAC address from LAN.
Add	Add a new MAC address into the list.
Delete	Delete the selected MAC address in the list.

Edit	Edit the selected MAC address in the list.
Cancel	Give up the access control set up.
ОК	Click it to save the access control list.
Clear All	Clean all entries in the MAC address list.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

III-1-5 WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.



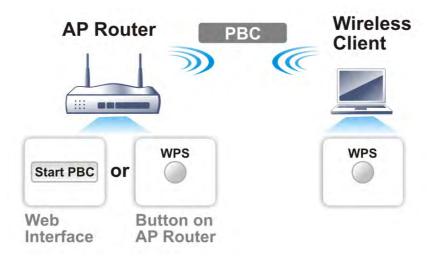
Info

WPS is available for the wireless station with WPS supported.

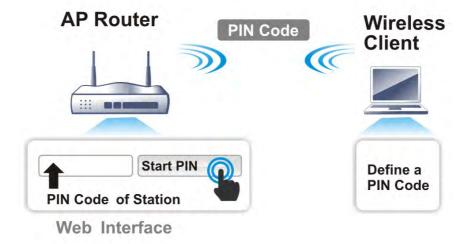
It is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and vigor router. Users do not need to select any encryption mode and type any long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. He/she only needs to press a button on wireless client, and WPS will connect for client and router automatically.

There are two methods to do network connection through WPS between AP and Stations: pressing the *Start PBC* button or using *PIN Code*.

• On the side of Vigor 3220 series which served as an AP, press WPS button once on the front panel of the router or click Start PBC on web configuration interface. On the side of a station with network card installed, press Start PBC button of network card.



• If you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code specified in wireless client. Then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to the vigor router.



For WPS is supported in WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode, if you do not choose such mode in Wireless LAN>>Security, you will see the following message box.

Microsof	t Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
⚠	WPS only supports in WPA/WPA2-PSK Mode.
	ОК

Please click OK and go back Wireless LAN>>Security to choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode and access WPS again.

Below shows Wireless LAN>>WPS web page:

Wireless LAN >> WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

🕑 Enable WPS 🔇

Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information

WPS Status	Configured
SSID	DrayTek
Authentication Mode	Disable

Device Configure

Configure via Push Button	Start PBC
Configure via Client PinCode	Start PIN

Status: The Authentication Mode is NOT WPA/WPA2 PSK!!

Note: WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access

point.

😳: WPS is Disabled.

🖏 : WPS is Enabled.

🔃: Waiting for WPS requests from wireless clients.

Item	Description
Enable WPS	Check this box to enable WPS setting.
WPS Status	Display related system information for WPS. If the wireless security (encryption) function of the router is properly configured, you can see 'Configured' message here.
SSID	Display the SSID1 of the router. WPS is supported by SSID1 only.
Authentication Mode	Display current authentication mode of the router. Only WPA2/PSK and WPA/PSK support WPS.
Configure via Push Button	Click Start PBC to invoke Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. The router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients about two minutes. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)
Configure via Client PinCode	Please input the PIN code specified in wireless client you wish to connect, and click Start PIN button. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)

III-1-6 WDS

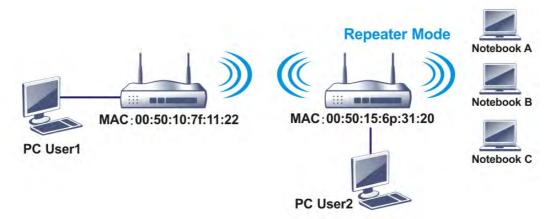
WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points (AP) wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

- Provide bridge traffic between two LANs through the air.
- Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

To meet the above requirement, two WDS modes are implemented in Vigor router. One is **Bridge**, the other is **Repeater**. Below shows the function of WDS-bridge interface:

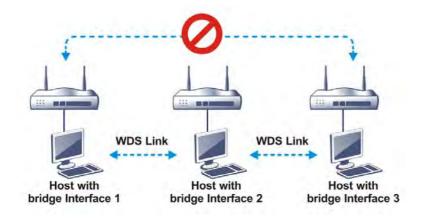


The application for the WDS-Repeater mode is depicted as below:



The major difference between these two modes is that: while in **Repeater** mode, the packets received from one peer AP can be repeated to another peer AP through WDS links. Yet in **Bridge** mode, packets received from a WDS link will only be forwarded to local wired or wireless hosts. In other words, only Repeater mode can do WDS-to-WDS packet forwarding.

In the following examples, hosts connected to Bridge 1 or 3 can communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 2 through WDS links. However, hosts connected to Bridge 1 CANNOT communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 3 through Bridge 2.



Click WDS from Wireless LAN menu. The following page will be shown.

Wireless	LAN	2.4GHz	>>	WDS	Setting	s
1110000	E All I	ZITOTIZ.			occurry	-

Mode: Bridge 🗸	Bridge
	Enable Peer MAC Address
Security:	
⊙ Disable ○ WEP ○ Pre-shared Key	
WEP:	
Use the same WEP key set in <u>Security Settings</u> .	Note: Disable unused links to get better performance.
Des shared Karr	
Pre-shared Key: Type:	Repeater
	Enable Peer MAC Addess
○ WPA ④ WPA2	
Key :	
Note: WPA and WPA2 are not compatible with DrayTek WPA.	
Type 8~63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfgs01a2"	
or "0x655abcd".	Access Point Function:
	⊙ Enable ○ Disable
	Status:
	Send "Hello" message to peers.
	Link Status
	Note: The status is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

Item	Description
Mode	Choose the mode for WDS setting. Disable mode will not invoke any WDS setting. Bridge mode is designed to fulfill the first type of application. Repeater mode is for the second one.

	Disable V Disable Bridge Repeater	
Security	There are three types for security, Disable , WEP and Pre-shared key . The setting you choose here will make the following WEP or Pre-shared key field valid or not. Choose one of the types for the router.	
WEP	Check this box to use the same key set in Security Settings page. If you did not set any key in Security Settings page, this check box will be dimmed.	
Pre-shared Key	Type - There are some types for you to choose. WPA and WPA2 are used for WDS devices (e.g.2920n wireless router, you can set the encryption mode as WPA or WPA2 to establish your WDS system between AP and the router. Key - Type 8 ~ 63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x".	
Bridge	If you choose Bridge as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Yet please disable the unused link to get better performance. If you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing.	
Repeater	If you choose Repeater as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Similarly, if you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing.	
Access Point Function	Click Enable to make this router serve as an access point; click Disable to cancel this function.	
Status	It allows user to send "hello" message to peers. Yet, it is valid only when the peer also supports this function.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

III-1-7 Advanced Setting

This page allows users to set advanced settings such as operation mode, channel bandwidth, guard interval, and aggregation MSDU for wireless data transmission.

Wireless LAN >> Advanced Setting

HT Physical Mode	
Operation Mode	💿 Mixed Mode 🔍 Green Field
Channel Bandwidth	◎ 20 ◉ 20/40
Guard Interval	🔍 long 🖲 auto
Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU)	🖲 Enable 🔍 Disable
Long Preamble	🔍 Enable 🖲 Disable
Packet-OVERDRIVE TM TX Burst	🔍 Enable 🖲 Disable
Tx Power	🖲 100% 🔍 80% 🔍 60% 🔍 30% 🔍 20% 🔍 10%
WMM Capable	🖲 Enable 🔍 Disable
APSD Capable	🔍 Enable 💿 Disable

OK

Item	Description
Operation Mode	Mixed Mode - the router can transmit data with the ways supported in both 802.11a/b/g and 802.11n standards. However, the entire wireless transmission will be slowed down if 802.11g or 802.11b wireless client is connected.
	Green Field - to get the highest throughput, please choose such mode. Such mode can make the data transmission happen between 11n systems only. In addition, it does not have protection mechanism to avoid the conflict with neighboring devices of 802.11a/b/g.
Channel Bandwidth	 20- the router will use 20Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations. 20/40 - the router will use 20Mhz or 40Mhz for data transmission and receiving according to the station capability. Such channel can increase the performance for data transit. 20/40/80 - the router will use 20Mhz, 40Mhz or 80Mhz for
	data transmission and receiving according to the station capability. Such channel can increase the performance for data transit.
Guard Interval	It is to assure the safety of propagation delays and reflections for the sensitive digital data. If you choose auto as guard interval, the AP router will choose short guard interval (increasing the wireless performance) or long guard interval for data transmit based on the station capability.
Aggregation MSDU	Aggregation MSDU can combine frames with different sizes. It is used for improving MAC layer's performance for some brand's clients. The default setting is Enable .
Long Preamble	This option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with

	128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. Click Enable to use Long Preamble if needed to communicate with this kind of devices.	
Packet-OVERDRIVE [™] TX Burst	 This feature can enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by checking Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. That is, the wireless client must support this feature and invoke the function, too. Note: Vigor N61 wireless adapter supports this function. Therefore, you can use and install it into your PC for matching with Packet-OVERDRIVE (refer to the following picture of Vigor N61 wireless utility window, choose Enable for TxBURST on the tab of Option). 	
	Vigor N61 802.11n Wireless USB Adapter Utility	
	Configuration Status Option About General Setting Atvo launch when Windows gtart up Bergeneral Setting Disable Badio Remember mini status position Atvo laide mini status Bragmentation Threshold : 2346 Atuo laide mini status Bragmentation Threshold : 2346 RTS Threshold : 2347 Frequency : 802.11b/g/n - 2.4GH v Ad-hoc Ad-hoc WLAN type to connect Disable Infrastructure and Ad-hoc getwork Disable Infrastructurg network only Ad-hoc network only Automatically connect to non-preferred networks Disable	
	OK Cancel Apply	
	Tx Burst : Disable Disable Enable	
	Info * means the real transmission rate depends on the environment of the network.	
Tx Power	Set the power percentage for transmission signal of access point. The greater the value is, the higher intensity of the signal will be.	
WMM Capable	To apply WMM parameters for wireless data transmission, please click the Enable radio button.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

III-1-8 AP Discovery

Vigor router can scan all regulatory channels and find working APs in the neighborhood. Based on the scanning result, users will know which channel is clean for usage. Also, it can be used to facilitate finding an AP for a WDS link. Notice that during the scanning process (about 5 seconds), no client is allowed to connect to Vigor.

This page is used to scan the existence of the APs on the wireless LAN. Yet, only the AP which is in the same channel of this router can be found. Please click **Scan** to discover all the connected APs.

Index	BSSID	Channel	RSSI	SSID	Authentication	ı
				Scan		
	See <u>Statistics</u> .					
	Add to WDS Set	tings :				
	AP's MAC addre	ss		: : : : : :		
	Add to			Bridge 🛛 🔍	Repeater	

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Note:

1. During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

Item	Description	
Scan	It is used to discover all the connected AP. The results will be shown on the box above this button.	
Statistics	It displays the statistics for the channels used by APs. Wireless LAN >> Site Survey Statistics Recommended channels for usage: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 AP number v.s. Channel 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 Channel Cancel	
Add to	If you want the found AP applying the WDS settings, please type in the AP's MAC address on the bottom of the page and click Bridge or Repeater. Next, click Add to. Later, the MAC address of the AP will be added to Bridge or Repeater field of WDS settings page.	

III-1-9 Station List

Station List provides the knowledge of connecting wireless clients now along with its status code. There is a code summary below for explanation. For convenient Access Control, you can select a WLAN station and click Add to Access Control below.

Wireless LAN >> Station List

Station List

Index					General	Advance
	Status	IP Address	MAC	Address	Associated wi	ith
						-
			Refresh			
Status Co	doe '					
	ected, No er	cryption.				
	cted, WEP.					
	ected, WPA.					
	ected, WPA2					
в: вюске N: Conne	d by Access acting	s Control.				
	-	PSK authentication				
	····,		•			
\dd to <u>Ac</u>	cess Control	[:				
		_]: []]:		
Client's N	AC addres:	5			•	

Add

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the status of station list.
Add	Click this button to add current typed MAC address into Access Control.

III-1-10 Station Control

Station Control is used to specify the duration for the wireless client to connect and reconnect Vigor router. If such function is not enabled, the wireless client can connect Vigor router until the router shuts down.

Such feature is especially useful for free Wi-Fi service. For example, a coffee shop offers free Wi-Fi service for its guests for one hour every day. Then, the connection time can be set as "1 hour" and reconnection time can be set as "1 day". Thus, the guest can finish his job within one hour and will not occupy the wireless network for a long time.

Wireless LAN >> Station Control

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3		SSID 4
SSID Enable		DrayTek		
Connection Time		1 hour	۲	
Reconn	Reconnection Time		۲	
Display All Station Control		<u>ol List</u>		
WEB Portal Setup				

Note: Once the feature is enabled, the connection time quota will apply to each wireless client (identified by MAC address).

OK C:

Item	Description	
SSID	Display the SSID that the wireless station will use it to connect with Vigor router.	
Enable	Check the box to enable the station control function.	
Connection Time / Reconnection Time	Use the drop down list to choose the duration for the wireless client connecting /reconnecting to Vigor router. Or, type the duration manually when you choose User defined.	
Display All Station Control List	All the wireless stations connecting to Vigor router by using such SSID will be listed on Station Control List.	
WEB Portal Setup	Click it to access in to LAN>>Web Portal Setup page for modifying the settings if required.	

Available settings are explained as follows:

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

III-1-11 Bandwidth Management

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Bandwidth Management to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

Wireless LAN >>	Bandwidth	Management
-----------------	-----------	------------

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4	
SSID:		D	rayTek	
Enable		6	/	
Bandwidth Limit Type			Auto Adjustment 🔅	•
Total Upload Limit(Kbps)		s) 3	0000	
Total Do	ownload Limit(k	(bps) 3	0000	

Note: 1.Download: Traffic going to any station.Upload: Traffic being sent from a wireless station. 2.Allow auto adjustment could make the best utilization of available bandwidth.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
SSID	Display the specific SSID name.
Enable	Check this box to enable the bandwidth management for clients.
Bandwidth Limit Type	Auto Adjustment - Bandwidth limit is determined by the system automatically.
	Per Station Limit - Bandwidth limit is determined according to the limitation of the wireless client.
Total Upload Limit	It is available when Auto Adjustment is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (uploading) for all of the wireless clients connecting to Vigor3220.
Total Download Limit	It is available when Auto Adjustment is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data clientstations connecting to Vigor3220.
Upload Limit	It is available when Per Station Limit is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (uploading) for each wireless client connecting to Vigor3220.
Download Limit	It is available when Per Station Limit is selected
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (downloading) for each wireless client connecting to Vigor3220.

After finishing this web page configuration, please click OK to save the settings.

Part IV VPN





SSL VPN



Management

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

It is a form of VPN that can be used with a standard Web browser.

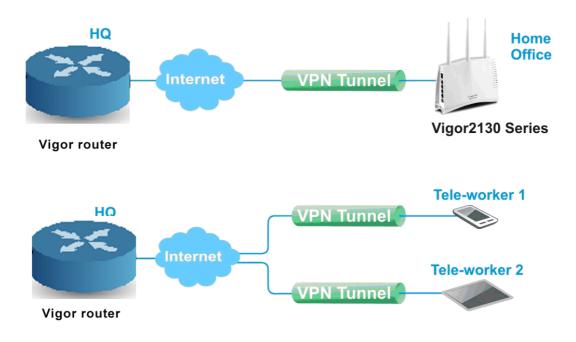
A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

IV-1 VPN and Remote Access

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

The VPN built is suitable for:

- Communication between home office and customer
- Secure connection between Teleworker, staff on business trip and main office
- Exchange data between remote office and main office
- POS between chain store and headquarters



Web User Interface

IV-1-1 VPN Client Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN client. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial out connection (from server to client) step by step.

1. Open Wizards>>VPN Client Wizard. The following page will appear.

VPN Client Wizard

Choose VPN Establishment Environment	
LAN-to-LAN VPN Client Mode Selection:	Route Mode Route Mode
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile:	NAT Modeus] [Name] 🔻
Note: Please use Route Mode for typical LAN-to If the remote network is only expecting a route the subnet then select NAT Mode. If you are unsure of your configuration se	single client or IP and is not configured to
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Item	Description
LAN-to-LAN Client Mode Selection	Choose the client mode. Route Mode/NAT Mode - If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose NAT mode, otherwise please choose Route Mode.
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile	There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.

2. When you finish the mode and profile selection, please click **Next** to open the following page.

Security ranking (1 is the highest; 5 is the lowest	t) Throughput ranking (1 is the highest; 5 is the lowest
 L2TP over IPsec IPsec PPTP (Encryption) L2TP PPTP (None Encryption) 	1. PPTP (None Encryption) 2. L2TP 3. IPsec 4. L2TP over IPsec 5. PPTP (Encryption)
1 	PTP (Encryption) PTP (None Encryption) PTP (Encryption) Psec 2TP 2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have) 2TP over IPsec (Must) SSL

In this page, you have to select suitable VPN type for the VPN client profile. There are six types provided here. Different type will lead to different configuration page. After making the choices for the client profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection(s) you made.



VPN Client Wizard

The following descriptions for VPN Type are based on the Route Mode specified in LAN-to-LAN Client Mode Selection.

When you choose **PPTP** (None Encryption) or **PPTP** (Encryption), you will see the following graphic:

Profile Name	???	
/PN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First 🔹	
Always on		
Server IP/Host Name for VPN e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)		
Jsername	???	
Password		
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	

When you choose IPsec, you will see the following graphic:

VPN Client Wizard

VPN Client IPsec Settings

Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First 🔹
Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
 Digital Signature (X.509) 	
Peer ID	None 🔻
Local ID	
• Alternative Subject Name First • Subject Name First	
Local Certificate	None
IPsec Security Method Medium (AH)	
High (ESP)	DES without Authentication 🔻
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

When you choose L2TP, you will see the following graphic:

VPN Client Wizard

VPN Client L2TP Settings	
Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First 🔹
Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	
Username	???
Password	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

When you choose L2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have) or L2TP over IPsec (Must), you will see the following graphic:

VPN Client Wizard

??? WAN1 First ▼	
WAN1 First 🔹	
None 🔹	
None	
DES without Authenticatior 🔻	
???	
0.0.0.0	
255.255.255.0	
	None ▼ DES without Authenticatior ▼ ??? 0.0.0.0

When you choose SSL, you will see the following graphic:

VPN Client Wizard

Profile Name	???	
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First 🔹	
Always on		
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)		
Server Port (for SSL Tunnel):	443	
Username	???	
Password		
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.
VPN Dial-Out Through	Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface

	for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only. WAN1 First/ WAN2 First /WAN3 First/WAN4/WAN5 First- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead. WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN3 Only/WAN4/WAN5 Only - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 as the only channel for VPN connection. WAN1 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down - If WAN2 failed, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection. WAN2 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down - If WAN1 failed, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection.
Always On Server IP/Host Name	Check to enable router always keep VPN connection. Type the IP address of the server or type the host name for
for VPN	such VPN profile.
Server Port (for SSL Tunnel)	Type a port number for SSL tunnel.
IKE Authentication Method	 IKE Authentication Method usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN to LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPsec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPsec and IPsec tunnel. Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication. Confirm Pre-Shared Key-Confirm the pre-shared key.
Digital Signature (X.509)	Click Digital Signature to invoke this function. Peer ID - Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list. Local ID - Choose Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First. Local Certificate - Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in Certificate Management >> Local Certificate. Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.
IPsec Security Method	 Medium - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active. High - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the user name is limited to 11 characters.
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
Remote Network Mask	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

VPN Client Wizard

Please confirm your settings	
LAN-to-LAN Index: Profile Name: VPN Connection Type: VPN Dial-Out Through: Always on: Server IP/Host Name: Server Port: Remote Network IP: Remote Network Mask:	3 ??? SSL WAN1 First No 1.1.1.2 443 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.0
 Click Back to modify changes if nec and proceed to the following actior 	essary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current settings n:
	 Go to the VPN Connection Management. Do another VPN Client Wizard setup. View more detailed configurations.
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Item	Description
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.
Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.
View more detailed configuration	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.

IV-1-2 VPN Server Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN server. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial in connection (from client to server) step by step.

1. Open Wizards>>VPN Server Wizard. The following page will appear.

VPN Server Wizard

Choose VPN Establishment Environment	
VPN Server Mode Selection:	Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker 🔻
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile:	[Index] [Status] [Name]
Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts:	2 x ??? T
Allowed Dial-in Type:	 ✓ PPTP ✓ IPsec ✓ L2TP with IPsec Policy None ▼ ✓ SSL Tunnel
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Item	Description	
VPN Server Mode Selection	Choose the direction for the VPN server.	
	Site to Site VPN - To set a LAN-to-LAN profile automatically, please choose Site to Site VPN.	
	Remote Dial-in User -You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection.	
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile	This item is available when you choose Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.	
Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts	This item is available when you choose Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN tunnels for users to set.	
Allowed Dial-in Type	This item is available after you choose any one of dial-in user account profiles. Next, you have to select suitable dial-in type for the VPN server profile. There are several types provided here (similar to VPN Client Wizard).	

✓ PPTP✓ IPsec		
💌 L2TP with IPsec Policy	None 🔹	
🕑 SSL Tunnel	None	
	Nice to Have	
	Must	
Different Dial-in Type will lead to page. In addition, adjustable iten be changed according to the VPN VPN and Remote Dial-in User) se	ns for each dial- Server Mode (Si	in type will

2. After making the choices for the server profile, please click Next. You will see different configurations based on the selection you made. Here we take the examples of choosing Site-to-Site VPN as the VPN Server Mode.

When you check PPTP, you will see the following graphic:

VPN Server Wizard

VPN Authentication Setting

Profile Name	???		
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Authentication			
Username	???		
Password			
Peer IP/VPN Client IP			
Site to Site Information			
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0		
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0		
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel		

When you check PPTP & IPsec & L2TP (three types) or PPTP & IPsec (two types) or L2TP with Policy (Nice to Have/Must), you will see the following graphic:

VPN Server Wizard

VPN Authentication Setting		
Profile Name	???	
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Authentication		
Username	???	
Password		
IPsec / L2TP over IPsec Authentication		
🗹 Pre-Shared Key		
Confirm Pre-Shared Key		
🔲 Digital Signature (X.509)		
Peer ID	None 🔻	
Local ID		
Alternative Subject Name First		
Subject Name First		
Peer IP/VPN Client IP		
Peer ID		
Site to Site Information		
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel	

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.	
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.	
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.	
Pre-Shared Key	For IPsec/L2TP IPsec authentication, you have to type a pre-shared key. The length of the name is limited to 64 characters.	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	Type the pre-shared key again for confirmation.	
Digital Signature (X.509)	Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function. Peer ID - Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list. Local ID - Choose Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First.	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	Type the WAN IP address or VPN client IP address for the remote client.	
Peer ID	Type the ID name for the remote client. The length of the name is limited to 47 characters.	
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.	
Remote Network	Please type the network mask (according to the real location	

Mask	of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

VPN Server Wizard

Please Confirm Your Settings

VPN Environment: Index: Profile Name: Username: Allowed Service: Peer IP/VPN Client IP: Peer ID: Remote Network IP: Remote Network Mask: Click Back to modify changes if nece and proceed to the following action	Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) 1 John john IPsec+SSL Tunnel 172.16.3.56 56 172.16.3.8 255.255.255.0 essary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current settings :
	 Go to the VPN Connection Management. Do another VPN Server Wizard setup. View more detailed configurations.
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Cancel</pre>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.	
Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.	
View more detailed configuration	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.	

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IV-1-3 Remote Access Control

Enable the necessary VPN service as you need. If you intend to run a VPN server inside your LAN, you should disable the VPN service of Vigor Router to allow VPN tunnel pass through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings, such as DMZ or open port.

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Access Control Setup

Remote Access Control Setup

Enable PPTP VPN Service
Enable IPSec VPN Service
Enable L2TP VPN Service
Enable SSL VPN Service

Note: To allow VPN pass-through to a separate VPN server on the LAN, disable any services above that use the same protocol and ensure that NAT <u>**Open Ports**</u> or <u>**Port Redirection**</u> is also configured.

OK)	Clear	Cancel

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-1-4 PPP General Setup

This submenu only applies to PPP-related VPN connections, such as PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec.

PPP General Setup			
PPP/MP Protocol			PPP Authentication Methods
Dial-In PPP Authentication	PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 V		▼ Remote Dial-in User RADIUS
Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE)	Optional MPPE 🔹		AD/LDAP
Mutual Authentica		⊃) ─ Yes ● No	TACACS+
Username			
Password			
IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)		Dial-In Users	Note: Please select 'PAP Only 'Dial-In PPP Authentication',if you want to use AD/LDAP or
Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200	TACACS+ for PPP Authentication.
	LAN 2	192.168.2.200	Note: Default priority is Remote Dial-in User ->
	LAN 3	192.168.3.200	RADIUS -> AD/LDAP -> TACACS+.
	LAN 4	192.168.4.200	While using Radius or LDAP Authentication:
	LAN 5	192.168.5.200	Assign IP from subnet: LAN1 V
	LAN 6	192.168.6.200	
	LAN 7	192.168.7.200	
	LAN 8	192.168.8.200	

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

OK

Item	Description
Dial-In PPP Authentication	 PAP Only - elect this option to force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol. PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 - Selecting this option means the router will attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.
Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE)	 Optional MPPE - This option represents that the MPPE encryption method will be optionally employed in the router for the remote dial-in user. If the remote dial-in user does not support the MPPE encryption algorithm, the router will transmit "no MPPE encrypted packets". Otherwise, the MPPE encryption scheme will be used to encrypt the data. Require MPPE (40/128bits) - Selecting this option will force the router to encrypt packets by using the MPPE encryption algorithm. In addition, the remote dial-in user will use 40-bit to perform encryption prior to using 128-bit for encryption. In other words, if 128-bit MPPE encryption scheme will be applied to encrypt the data. Maximum MPPE - This option indicates that the router will use the MPPE encryption scheme with maximum bits (128-bit) to encrypt the data.
Mutual Authentication	The Mutual Authentication function is mainly used to

(PAP)	communicate with other routers or clients who need bi-directional authentication in order to provide stronger security, for example, Cisco routers. So you should enable this function when your peer router requires mutual authentication. You should further specify the User Name and Password of the mutual authentication peer. The length of the name/password is limited to 23/19 characters.
Assigned IP Start	Enter a start IP address for the dial-in PPP connection. You should choose an IP address from the local private network. For example, if the local private network is 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0, you could choose 192.168.1.200 as the Start IP Address. You can configure up to four start IP addresses for LAN1 ~
	LAN6.
PPP Authentication Methods	Select the method(s) to be used for authentication in PPP connection.
While using Radius or LDAP Authentication	If PPP connection will be authenticated via RADIUS server or LDAP profiles, it is necessary to specify the LAN profile for the dial-in user to get IP from.

IV-1-5 IPsec General Setup

In IPsec General Setup, there are two major parts of configuration.

There are two phases of IPsec.

- Phase 1: negotiation of IKE parameters including encryption, hash, Diffie-Hellman parameter values, and lifetime to protect the following IKE exchange, authentication of both peers using either a Pre-Shared Key or Digital Signature (x.509). The peer that starts the negotiation proposes all its policies to the remote peer and then remote peer tries to find a highest-priority match with its policies. Eventually to set up a secure tunnel for IKE Phase 2.
- Phase 2: negotiation IPsec security methods including Authentication Header (AH) or Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) for the following IKE exchange and mutual examination of the secure tunnel establishment.

There are two encapsulation methods used in IPsec, **Transport** and **Tunnel**. The **Transport** mode will add the AH/ESP payload and use original IP header to encapsulate the data payload only. It can just apply to local packet, e.g., L2TP over IPsec. The **Tunnel** mode will not only add the AH/ESP payload but also use a new IP header (Tunneled IP header) to encapsulate the whole original IP packet.

Authentication Header (AH) provides data authentication and integrity for IP packets passed between VPN peers. This is achieved by a keyed one-way hash function to the packet to create a message digest. This digest will be put in the AH and transmitted along with packets. On the receiving side, the peer will perform the same one-way hash on the packet and compare the value with the one in the AH it receives.

Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) is a security protocol that provides data confidentiality and protection with optional authentication and replay detection service.

l-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users a	and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).
IKE Authentication Method	
Certificate for Dial-in	None 🔻
Pre-Shared Key	
Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
IPsec Security Method	
Medium (AH) Data will be authentic, but v	vill not be encrypted.
High (ESP)	

Available settings are explained as follows:

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup

Item	Description
IKE Authentication Method	This usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN-to-LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPsec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPsec and IPsec tunnel. There are two methods offered by Vigor router for you to authenticate the incoming data coming from remote dial-in user, Certificate (X.509) and Pre-Shared

	Key. Certificate for Dial-in -Choose one of the local certificates
	from the drop down list.
	Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication.
	Confirm Pre-Shared Key- Retype the characters to confirm the pre-shared key.
	Note: Any packets from the remote dial-in user which does not match the rule defined in VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-In User will be applied with the method specified here.
IPsec Security Method	Medium - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	High (ESP) - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

IV-1-6 IPsec Peer Identity

To use digital certificate for peer authentication in either LAN-to-LAN connection or Remote User Dial-In connection, here you may edit a table of peer certificate for selection. As shown below, the router provides 100 entries of digital certificates for peer dial-in users.

09 Peer ID Ac					Factory Defaul
Index	Name	Status	Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>	???	×	<u>17.</u>	???	×
<u>2.</u>	???	×	<u>18.</u>	???	×
<u>3.</u>	???	×	<u>19.</u>	???	×
<u>4.</u>	???	×	<u>20.</u>	???	×
<u>5.</u>	???	×	<u>21.</u>	???	×
<u>6.</u>	???	×	<u>22.</u>	???	×
<u>7.</u>	???	×	<u>23.</u>	???	×
<u>8.</u>	???	×	<u>24.</u>	???	×
<u>9.</u>	???	×	<u>25.</u>	???	×
<u>10.</u>	???	×	<u>26.</u>	???	×
<u>11.</u>	???	×	<u>27.</u>	???	×
<u>12.</u>	???	×	<u>28.</u>	???	×
<u>13.</u>	???	×	<u>29.</u>	???	X
<u>14.</u>	???	×	<u>30.</u>	???	X
<u>15.</u>	???	×	<u>31.</u>	???	X
<u>16.</u>	???	×	<u>32.</u>	???	×

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec Peer Identity

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click it to clear all indexes.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page

	of IPsec Peer Identity.
Name	Display the profile name of that index.

Click each index to edit one peer digital certificate. There are three security levels of digital signature authentication: Fill each necessary field to authenticate the remote peer. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec Peer Identity

Profile Index : 1					
Profile Name ???					
Enable this account					
Accept Any Peer ID					
Accept Subject Alternative National Statement Provide National Statement	ame				
Туре	IP Address				
IP					
Accept Subject Name					
Country (C)					
State (ST)					
Location (L)					
Orginization (O)					
Orginization Unit (OU)					
Common Name (CN)					
Email (E)					
	OK Clear Cancel				

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type the name of the profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 32 characters.	
Enable this account	Check it to enable such account profile.	
Accept Any Peer ID	Click to accept any peer regardless of its identity.	
Accept Subject Alternative Name	Click to check one specific field of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field can be IP Address , Domain , or E-mail Address . The box under the Type will appear according to the type you select and ask you to fill in corresponding setting.	
Accept Subject Name	Click to check the specific fields of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field includes Country (C), State (ST), Location (L), Organization (O), Organization Unit (OU), Common Name (CN), and Email (E).	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

IV-1-7 Remote Dial-in User

You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection. You may set parameters including specified connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router provides 100 access accounts for dial-in users. Besides, you can extend the user accounts to the RADIUS server through the built-in RADIUS client function. The following figure shows the summary table.

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

	Remote Access User Accounts:						<u>o Factory Default</u>
/iew:	🖲 All 🛛 Onlin	ne 🔍 Offline					Search
Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		

Note: User Accounts need to be added into User Group to enable SSL Portal Login.

ОK Cancel

Item	Description		
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.		
View	All - Click it to display the all of the user accounts.Online - Click it to display the online user accounts.Offline - Click it to display the offline user accounts.		
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of Remote Dial-in User.		
User	Display the username for the specific dial-in user of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.		
Active	Check the box to activate such profile.		
Status	Display the access state of the specific dial-in user. The symbol V and X represent the specific dial-in user to be active and inactive, respectively.		

Click each index to edit one remote user profile. Each Dial-In Type requires you to fill the different corresponding fields on the right. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

Index No. 1	
User account and Authentication Enable this account Idle Timeout Allowed Dial-In Type	Username ??? Password(Max 19 char) Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP) PIN Code Secret
 PPTP IPsec Tunnel L2TP with IPsec Policy None SSL Tunnel Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP 	IKE Authentication Method Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key Digital Signature(X.509) None
or Peer ID Netbios Naming Packet Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	IPsec Security Method ✓ Medium(AH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES Local ID (optional)
Subnet LAN 1 ▼ Assign Static IP Address 0.0.0.0	
ОК СІ	ear Cancel

Item	Description
User account and Authentication	Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function. Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.
Allowed Dial-In Type	PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.
	IPsec Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPsec VPN connection through Internet.
	L2TP with IPsec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPsec. Select from below:
	• None - Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	• Nice to Have - Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
	• Must -Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
	SSL Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an SSL VPN connection through Internet.

	Specify Remote Node -You can specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode).
	Uncheck the checkbox means the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.
	Netbios Naming Packet -
	 Pass - Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
	• Block - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.
	• Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
	 Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.
	User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.
	Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 19 characters.
	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP) - Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.
	PIN Code - Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).
	Secret - Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).
Subnet	Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile.
	Assign Static IP Address - Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.
IKE Authentication Method	This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPsec tunnel either with or without specifying the IP address of the remote node.
	Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	Digital Signature (X.509) - Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
IPsec Security Method	This group of fields is a must for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method. Medium-Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.
	High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES),

Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
Local ID (Optional)- Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-1-8 LAN to LAN

Here you can manage LAN-to-LAN connections by maintaining a table of connection profiles. You may set parameters including specified connection direction (dial-in or dial-out), connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The following figure shows the summary table according to the item (All/Trunk/Online/Offline) selected for **View**.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN



LAN-to-LAN	Profiles:					<u>Set t</u>	o Factory Default
View: 💿 All	Online	Offline	🔍 Trunk				Search
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
<u>1</u> .	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		
<< <u>1-32 33</u>	<u> 3-64 65-96</u>	<u>i 97-100</u> >	>				<u>Next</u> >>
			OK	Cance	el		

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile does not join for VPN TRUNK]

The following shows profiles joined into VPN Load Balance and VPN Backup mechanism.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

LAN-to-LAN Profiles: View: 〇 All 🛛 💿 Trunk			
Name	Activate	Members	Status
Loadbalan1	v	VPN-2	Offline
		Connection	Offline

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism] If there is no profile joined yet, this page will be shown as follows:

LAN-to-LAN Profiles: View: O All O Trunk			
Name	Activate	Members	Status

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
View	All - Click it to display the LAN to LAN profiles. Trunk - Click it to display the Trunk profiles.	
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.	
Name	Indicate the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.	
Active	V - means the profile has been enabled.X - means the profile has not been enabled.	
Status	Indicate the status of individual profiles. The symbol V and X represent the profile to be active and inactive, respectively.	

To edit each profile:

1. Click each index to edit each profile and you will get the following page. Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 5 subgroups. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanations will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Profile Index : 1

1. Common Settings	
Profile Name ???	Call Direction Both Dial-Out Dial-in Always on
	Idle Timeout 300 second(s)
VPN Dial-Out Through	Enable PING to keep IPsec tunnel alive
WAN1 First	PING to the IP
Netbios Naming Packet 💿 Pass 💿 Block	
Multicast via VPN 🛛 🔍 Pass 💿 Block	
(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	
2. Dial-Out Settings	
Type of Server I am calling	Username ???
PPTP	Password(Max 15 char)
IPsec Tunnel	PPP Authentication
L2TP with IPsec Policy None	PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 T
SSL Tunnel	VJ Compression 💿 On 💿 Off
Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) Server Port (for SSL Tunnel): 443	IKE Authentication Method ● Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key O Digital Signature(X.509) Peer ID None Local ID ● Alternative Subject Name First O Subject Name First Local Certificate None IPsec Security Method ● Medium(AH) ● High(ESP) DES without Authentication Index(1-15) in Schedule

Item	Description
Common Settings	Profile Name - Specify a name for the profile of the LAN-to-LAN connection.
	Enable this profile - Check here to activate this profile.
	VPN Dial-Out Through - Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.
	• WAN1 First/ WAN2 First/ WAN3 First/WAN4 First /WAN5 First- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.
	 WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN3 Only/WAN4 Only /WAN5 Only- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 as the only channel for VPN connection.
	 WAN1 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down - If WAN2 failed, the router will use WAN1 for VPN

	connection.
	 WAN2 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down - If WAN1 failed, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection.
	Netbios Naming Packet
	 Pass - click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunne while connecting.
	 Block - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.
	 Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
	• Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.
	Call Direction - Specify the allowed call direction of this LAN-to-LAN profile.
	Both:-initiator/responder
	• Dial-Out- initiator only
	• Dial-In- responder only.
	Always On-Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.
	Idle Timeout: The default value is 300 seconds. If the connection has been idled over the value, the router will drop the connection.
	Enable PING to keep alive - This function is to help the router to determine the status of IPsec VPN connection, especially useful in the case of abnormal VPN IPsec tunnel disruption. For details, please refer to the note below. Check to enable the transmission of PING packets to a specified IP address.
	Enable PING to keep alive is used to handle abnormal IPsed VPN connection disruption. It will help to provide the state of a VPN connection for router's judgment of redial. Normally, if any one of VPN peers wants to disconnect the connection, it should follow a serial of packet exchange procedure to inform each other. However, if the remote peer disconnects without notice, Vigor router will by no where to know this situation. To resolve this dilemma, by continuously sending PING packets to the remote host, the Vigor router can know the true existence of this VPN connection and react accordingly. This is independent of DPI (dead peer detection).
	PING to the IP - Enter the IP address of the remote host tha located at the other-end of the VPN tunnel.
Dial-Out Settings	Type of Server I am calling - PPTP - Build a PPTP VPN connection to the server through the Internet. You should se the identity like User Name and Password below for the authentication of remote server.IPsec Tunnel - Build an IPsec VPN connection to the server
	through Internet.
	L2TP with IPsec Policy - Build a L2TP VPN connection

	through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPsec. Select from below:
	 None: Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	 Nice to Have: Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-out VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
•	 Must: Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
L	User Name - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or 2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 49 characters.
L	Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or 27P with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the bassword is limited to 15 characters.
s F	PPP Authentication - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 is the most common selection due to compatibility.
F	/J compression - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. Normally set to On to improve bandwidth utilization.
	KE Authentication Method - This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy.
	 Pre-Shared Key - Input 1-63 characters as pre-shared key.
	 Digital Signature (X.509) - Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	Peer ID - Select one of the predefined Profiles set in VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	Local ID - Specify a local ID (Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First) to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.
	 Local Certificate - Select one of the profiles set in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate.
	Psec Security Method - This group of fields is a must for Psec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy.
	 Medium AH (Authentication Header) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	 High (ESP-Encapsulating Security Payload)- means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. Select from below:
	 DES without Authentication -Use DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
•	 DES with Authentication-Use DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
	 3DES without Authentication-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
	 3DES with Authentication-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication

algorithm.

- **AES without Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- AES with Authentication-Use AES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.

Advanced - Specify mode, proposal and key life of each IKE phase, Gateway, etc.

The window of advance setup is shown as below:

IKE phase 1 mode	Main mod	ie:	O Aggressive mode
IKE phase I proposal	Auto	8	
KE phase 2 proposal	HMAC_SHAT	HMAC_MD5 *	
KE phase 1 key lifetime	26800	(900 - \$6400)	
KE phase 2 key lifetime	3500	(600 - 86400)	
Perfect Forward Secret	Disable		O Enable
Local ID			

IKE phase 1 mode -Select from Main mode and Aggressive mode. The ultimate outcome is to exchange security proposals to create a protected secure channel. Main mode is more secure than Aggressive mode since more exchanges are done in a secure channel to set up the IPsec session. However, the Aggressive mode is faster. The default value in Vigor router is Main mode.

- IKE phase 1 proposal-To propose the local available authentication schemes and encryption algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Two combinations are available for Aggressive mode and nine for Main mode. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most schemes.
- IKE phase 2 proposal-To propose the local available algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Three combinations are available for both modes. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most algorithms.
- IKE phase 1 key lifetime-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 28800 seconds. You may specify a value in between 900 and 86400 seconds.
- IKE phase 2 key lifetime-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 3600 seconds. You may specify a value in between 600 and 86400 seconds.
- Perfect Forward Secret (PFS)-The IKE Phase 1 key will be reused to avoid the computation complexity in phase 2. The default value is inactive this function.

Local ID-In Aggressive mode, Local ID is on behalf of the IP address while identity authenticating with remote VPN server. The length of the ID is limited to 47 characters.

Index(1-15) - Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.

3. Dial-In Settings				
Allowed Dial-In Type		Usern	ame	???
✓ PPTP			vord(Max 11 char)	
🗹 IPsec Tunnel			mpression	🖲 On 🔍 Off
L2TP with IPsec Policy None				
🗷 SSL Tunnel			thentication Method	
			-Shared Key	
Specify Remote VPN	Gateway		re-Shared Key	00)
Peer VPN Server IP		None	gital Signature(X.5	09)
			 cal ID	
or Peer ID		1) Alternative Subje	rt Namo First
) Subject Name Fir	
			,	
			Security Method	
			edium(AH)	
		High(B	ESP) 🗹 DES 🗹	3DES 🖉 AES
4. GRE Settings				
=	t function GRE over IPse My GRE IP	С	Peer GRE IP	
Logical Traffic	My ORE IP		Peer GRE IP	
5. TCP/IP Network Settings			rection	Disable
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0			Disable T
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have		iote network, you nave
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0	1.0.00		Route T
Remote Network Mask 255.255.255.0		IPsec VPN with the Same Subnets		
Local Network IP	ocal Network IP 192.168.1.1			
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0			e to this VPN tunnel (
	More	Only s	single WAN suppor	ts this)
	ОК С	lear	Cancel	

Item	Description
Dial-In Settings	Allowed Dial-In Type - Determine the dial-in connection with different types.
	• PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.
	• IPsec Tunnel- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an IPsec VPN connection through Internet.
	• L2TP with IPsec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in use to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPsec. Select from below:
	None - Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	Nice to Have - Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
	 Must - Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
	• SSL Tunnel- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger a

	SSL VPN connection through Internet.
	Specify Remote VPN Gateway - You can specify the IP
	address of the remote dial-in user or peer ID (should be the same with the ID setting in dial-in type) by checking the box. Also, you should further specify the corresponding security methods on the right side.
	If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.
	User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.
	Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.
	VJ Compression - VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above.
	IKE Authentication Method - This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPsec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.
	• Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	 Digital Signature (X.509) -Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	 Local ID - Specify which one will be inspected first.
	 Alternative Subject Name First - The alternative subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.
	 Subject Name First - The subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.
	IPsec Security Method - This group of fields is a must for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the remote node.
	 Medium- Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	• High- Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
GRE over IPsec Settings	Enable IPsec Dial-Out function GRE over IPsec: Check this box to verify data and transmit data in encryption with GRE over IPsec packet after configuring IPsec Dial-Out setting. Both ends must match for each other by setting same virtual IP address for communication.
	Logical Traffic: Such technique comes from RFC2890. Define

	logical traffic for data transmission between both sides of VPN tunnel by using the characteristic of GRE. Even hacker can decipher IPsec encryption, he/she still cannot ask LAN site to do data transmission with any information. Such function can ensure the data transmitted on VPN tunnel is really sent out from both sides. This is an optional function. However, if one side wants to use it, the peer must enable it, too.My GRE IP: Type the virtual IP for router itself for verified by peer.Peer GRE IP: Type the virtual IP of peer host for verified by router.
TCP/IP Network Settings	My WAN IP -This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP. Remote Gateway IP - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a remote Gateway PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP. Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPsec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode. Local Network IP / Local Network Mask - Display the local network IP and mask for TCP / IP configuration. You can modify the settings if required. More - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Masks through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.
	Profile Index :1
	Remote Network
	Network IP Netmask 255.255.255.255/32 Add Delete Edit Create Phase2 SA for each subnet.(IPsec) OK Close
	RIP Direction - The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets. You can

	enable/disable one of direction here. Herein, we provide four options: TX/RX Both, TX Only, RX Only, and Disable.		
	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do - If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose NAT, otherwise choose Route.		
	Change default route to this VPN tunnel - Check this box to change the default route with this VPN tunnel.		
IPSec VPN with the Same subnet	For both ends (e.g., different sections in a company) are within the same subnet, there is a function which allows you to build Virtual IP mapping between two ends. Thus, when VPN connection established, the router will change the IP address according to the settings configured here and block sessions which are not coming from the IP address defined in the Virtual IP Mapping list. After checking the box of IPSec VPN with the Same subnet, the options under TCP/IP Network Settings will be changed as shown below: 5. TCP/IP Network Settings Remote Network IP Remote Network Mask Translated Local Network Advanced From Local Subnet to Remote network, you have to do Route Specific IP Address Whole Subnet Specific IP Address Virtual IP Mapping		
	OK Clear Cancel		
	Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPSec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.		
	Translated Local Network - This function is enabled in default. Use the drop down list to specify a LAN port as the transferred direction. Then specify an IP address. Click Advanced to configure detailed settings if required.		
	Advanced - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.		

P 192	168.1.1/doc/221MRt.htm	Q
192.		9
	Profile Index :2	
	Remote Network	
	Network IP	~
	Netmask	
	255.255.255.255 / 32 🗸	
		~
	Add Delete Edit	
	Create Phase2 SA for each subnet.(IPsec)	
	Local Network 🔽	~
		~
	Translated to 0.0.0.0	
	Add Delete Edit	
١	ок Сюзе slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet	u to ch
irtua	slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will appe fy the local IP address and the mapping y	ear for
rtua ecif Idre	slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will appe fy the local IP address and the mapping ess.	ear for virtual
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rtua ecif Idre	slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will appe fy the local IP address and the mapping ess.	ear for virtual
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rtua ecif dre	Slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will apper fy the local IP address and the mapping sss. 2.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2	ear for virtual
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rtua ecif Idre	Slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will apper fy the local IP address and the mapping sss. 2.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2	ear for virtual
tua ecif dre	Slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will apper fy the local IP address and the mapping sss. 2.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2	ear for virtual
tua cif	Slated Type - There are two types for yo Whole Subnet Specific IP Address al IP Mapping - A pop up dialog will apper fy the local IP address and the mapping sss. 2.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2	ear for virtual

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

IV-1-9 VPN Trunk Management

VPN trunk includes four features - VPN Backup, VPN load balance, GRE over IPsec, and Binding tunnel policy.

Features of VPN TRUNK — VPN Backup Mechanism

VPN TRUNK Management is a backup mechanism which can set multiple VPN tunnels as backup tunnel. It can assure the network connection not to be cut off due to network environment blocked by any reason.

- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism can judge abnormal situation for the environment of VPN server and correct it to complete the backup of VPN Tunnel in real-time.
- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism is compliant with all WAN modes (single/multi)
- Dial-out connection types contain IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec and ISDN (depends on hardware specification)
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- Fully compliant with VPN Server LAN Site Single/Multi Network
- Mail Alert support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Syslog support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Specific ERD (Environment Recovery Detection) mechanism which can be operated by using Telnet command

VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile will be activated when initial connection of single VPN tunnel is off-line. Before setting VPN TRUNK -VPN Backup mechanism backup profile, please configure at least two sets of LAN-to-LAN profiles (with fully configured dial-out settings) first, otherwise you will not have selections for grouping Member1 and Member2.

Features of VPN TRUNK — VPN Load Balance Mechanism

VPN Load Balance Mechanism can set multiple VPN tunnels for using as traffic load balance tunnel. It can assist users to do effective load sharing for multiple VPN tunnels according to real line bandwidth. Moreover, it offers three types of algorithms for load balancing and binding tunnel policy mechanism to let the administrator manage the network more flexibly.

- Three types of load sharing algorithm offered, Round Robin, Weighted Round Robin and Fastest
- Binding Tunnel Policy mechanism allows users to encrypt the data in transmission or specified service function in transmission and define specified VPN Tunnel for having effective bandwidth management
- Dial-out connection types contain IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec and GRE over IPsec
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- The TCP Session transmitted by using VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism will not be lost due to one of VPN Tunnels disconnected. Users do not need to reconnect with setting TCP/UDP Service Port again. The VPN Load Balance function can keep the transmission for internal data on tunnel stably

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN TRUNK Management

Profile Active		AN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or	<u>Set to Facto</u> r under Dial-In(Call Direction) at pro	-
	-	Memberl(Active)Type	Member2(Active)Type	•
				-
		Active:NO] The L tatus Name	-	Active:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In(Call Direction) at pro tatus Name Memberl(Active)Type Member2(Active)Type

Load Balance Profile List Set to Factory Default Note: [Active:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In(Call Direction) at present. No. Status Name Memberl(Active) Type Member2 (Active) Type Advanced

General Setup

Status	🖲 Enable 🔘 Disable	
Profile Name		
Member1	Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile.	•
Member2	Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile.	•
Active Mode	🖲 Backup 🗢 Load Balance	

Add	Update	Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Backup Profile List	Set to Factory Default - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	No - The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	Status - "v" means such profile is enabled; "x" means such profile is disabled.
	Name - Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	Member1 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.
	Active - "Yes" means normal condition. "No" means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.
	Type - Display the connection type for that profile, such as IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec (NICE), L2TP over IPsec(MUST) and so on.
	Member2 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member2 drop down list below.
	Advanced - This button is available only when LAN to LAN profile (or more) is created.

?

	VFM Backup Advances Settings - Windows Internet Explorer http://192.168.11/doc/vpatbac.htm
	VPN Backup Advance Settings Profile Name: Backup 1 ERD Mode: Resume (Member 1 first) Detail Information: Environment Recovers Detection (ERD) Status: Normal Mode
	OK Close
	Detailed information for this dialog, see later section - Advanced Load Balance and Backup.
Load Balance Profile List	Set to Factory Default - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism profile.
	No - The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism profile.
	Status - "v" means such profile is enabled; "x" means such profile is disabled.
	Name - Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism profile.
	Member1 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.
	Active - "Yes" means normal condition. "No" means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.
	Type - Display the connection type for that profile, such a IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec (NICE), L2TP over IPsec(MUST) and so on.
	Member2 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the
	Member2 drop down list below. Advanced - This button is only available when there is one
	More profiles created in this page.
	http://192.168.1.14/doc/vp.nt/lb.htm
	VPN Load Balance Advance Settings Profile Name: Loadbalan1 Load Balance Algorithm: Image: Comparison of the set of t
	VPN Load Balance Policy • Edit • Insert after Tunnel Bind Table Index: (1~64) Active: Active Binding Dial Out Profile: 20 Src IP Start: 0.0.0 Dest IP Start: 0.0.0 Dest IP Start: Dest Port Start: ANY
	OK Close Detail Information [VPN Load Balance Profile name: Loadbalan1]
	[Algorithm: Round Robin]

General Setup	Status- After choosing one of the profile listed above, please click Enable to activate this profile. If you click Disable, the
	selected or current used VPN TRUNK-Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile will not have any effect for VPN tunnel.
	Profile Name - Type a name for VPN TRUNK profile. Each profile can group two VPN connections set in LAN-to-LAN. The saved VPN profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be shown on Member1 and Member2 fields. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.
	Member 1/Member2 - Display the selection for LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles (configured in VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN) for you to choose for grouping under certain VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile.
	• No - Index number of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	• Name - Profile name of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	 Connection Type - Connection type of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	 VPN ServerIP (Private Network) - VPN Server IP of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles.
	Active Mode - Display available mode for you to choose. Choose Backup or Load Balance for your router.
	Add - Add and save new profile to the backup profile list. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in such new VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism profile will be locked. The profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in red. VPN TRUNK - VPN Load Balance mechanism profile will be locked. The profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in blue.
	Update - Click this button to save the changes to the Status (Enable or Disable), profile name, member1 or member2.
	Delete - Click this button to delete the selected VPN TRUNK profile. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in the deleted VPN TRUNK profile will be released and that profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in black.

Time for activating VPN TRUNK — VPN Backup mechanism profile

VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism will be activated automatically after the initial connection of single VPN Tunnel off-line. The content in Member1/2 within VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism backup profile is similar to dial-out profile configured in LAN-to-LAN web page. VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism backup profile will process and handle everything unless it is off-line once it is activated.

Time for activating VPN TRUNK — VPN Load Balance mechanism profile

After finishing the connection for one tunnel, the other tunnel will dial out automatically within two seconds. Therefore, you can choose any one of members under VPN Load Balance for dialing out.

Time for activating VPN TRUNK — Dial-out when VPN Load Balance Disconnected

For there is one Tunnel created and connected successfully, to keep the load balance effect between two tunnels, auto-dial will be executed within two seconds.

To close two tunnels of load balance after connecting, please click **Disable** for **Status** in **General Setup** field.

How can you set a VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile?

- First of all, go to VPN and Remote Access>>LAN-to-LAN. Set two or more LAN-to-LAN profiles first that will be used for Member1 and Member2. If you do not set enough LAN-to-LAN profiles, you cannot operate VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup /Load Balance mechanism profile management well.
- 2. Access into VPN and Remote Access>>VPN TRUNK Management.
- 3. Set one group of VPN TRUNK VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism backup profile by choosing Enable radio button; type a name for such profile (e.g., 071023); choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member1 drop down list; choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member2 drop down list; and click Add at last.

Seneral Setup		
Status	© Enable C Disable	
Profile Name	071023	
Member1	Please choose the combination that you want.	
Member2	Please choose the combination that you want.	1
Attribute Mode	Please choose the combination that you want No. (Name> <connection-type> <vpn network)="" serverip(private=""> 1 To-A PlaceIPSec 192.168.2.25(20.20.20.0) 2 To-B Site IPSec 192.168.2.26(20.20.21.0)</vpn></connection-type>	1.00
	Add Edit Delete	

4. Take a look for LAN-to-LAN profiles. Index 1 is chosen as Member1; index 2 is chosen as Member2. For such reason, LAN-to-LAN profiles of 1 and 2 will be expressed in red to indicate that they are fixed. If you delete the VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile, the selected LAN-to-LAN profiles will be released and expressed in black.

View: 🧕	All 🛛 🔿 Trunk		
Index	Name	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	To-A Place	V	offline
<u>2.</u>	To-B Site	V	offline
<u>3.</u>	To-C Place	V	offline
<u>4.</u>	To-D Site	V	offline
5.	???	×	

How can you set a GRE over IPsec profile?

- 1. Please go to LAN to LAN to set a profile with IPsec.
- 2. If the router will be used as the VPN Server (i.e., with virtual address 192.168.50.200). Please type 192.168.50.200 in the field of My GRE IP. Type IP address (192.168.50.100) of the client in the field of Peer GRE IP. See the following graphic for an example.

			High(E	SP)	🗹 DES	🗹 3DES 🗹 AES
4. Gre over IPsec Settings						
🔲 Enable IPsec Dial-Ou	t function GRE over IP		e			
🔲 Logical Traffic	My GRE IP 192.168.50.20)0		Pe	er GRE IP	192.168.50.100
5. TCP/IP Network Settings						
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0		RIP Dir	ection	1	Disable 💌
Remote Gateway IP	192.168.1.1		From fi	rst su	bnet to re	mote network, you have
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.0					Route 🗸
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	L				
Local Network IP	192.168.25.1	L				ute to this VPN tunnel (
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	Only single WAN supports this		orts this)		
	More					

3. Later, on peer side (as VPN Client): please type 192.168.50.100 in the field of My GRE IP and type IP address of the server (192.168.50.200) in the field of Peer GRE IP.

			High(ESP)	🗹 des 🗹	3DES 🗹 AES	
4. Gre over IPsec Settings						
🗹 Enable IPsec Dial O	ut function GRE over II	osei	C			
Logical Traffic	My GRE IP 192.168.50.100		Peer GRE IP 192.168.50.200		92.168.50.200	
5. TCP/IP Network Settings						_
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0		RIP Direction	n	Disable 💌	
Remote Gateway IP	192.168.25.1		From first su to do	ubnet to ren	note network, you have	е
Remote Network IP	192.168.25.0	Γ			Route 💌	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0					
Local Network IP	192.168.1.1				te to this VPN tunnel (
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	J	Only single	WAN SUPPOI	rts this)	
	More					

Advanced Load Balance and Backup

After setting profiles for load balance, you can choose any one of them and click Advance for more detailed configuration. The windows for advanced load balance and backup are different. Refer to the following explanation:

Advanced Load Balance

'PN Load Balance Advance Se Profile Name: Load Balance Algorithm:	Class © Round Robin		
	 Weighted Round Robin Auto Weighted 	Ratio (Member1:Member2): 50:50	,
VPN Load Balance Policy			
Tunnel Bind Table Index:	Edit Insert after (1~200)		
Active:	Active T		
Binding Dial Out Profile:	1 •		
Src IP Start:	0.0.0.0	End: 255.255.255.255	
Dest IP Start:	0.0.0.0	End: 255.255.255.255	
Dest Port Start:	1	End: 65535	
Protocol:	ANY 🔻 0		
	OK Clos	e	
Detail Information			
[VPN Load Balance Profi			
[Algorithm: Round Robin			
			-

Item	Description
Profile Name	List the load balance profile name.
Load Balance Algorithm	Round Robin - Based on packet base, both tunnels will send the packet alternatively. Such method can reach the balance of packet transmission with fixed rate.
	Weighted Round Robin - Such method can reach the balance of packet transmission with flexible rate. It can be divided into Auto Weighted and According to Speed Ratio. Auto Weighted can detect the device speed (10Mbps/100Mbps) and switch with fixed value ratio (3:7) for packet transmission. If the transmission rate for packets on both sides of the tunnels is the same, the value of Auto Weighted should be 50:50. According to Speed Ratio allows user to adjust suitable rate manually. There are 100 groups of rate ratio for Member1:Member2 (range from 1:99 to 99:1).
VPN Load Balance Policy	Below shows the algorithm for Load Balance.
	Edit - Click this radio button for assign a blank table for configuring Binding Tunnel.
	Insert after - Click this radio button to adding a new binding

	tunnel table.
	Tunnel Bind Table Index - 128 Binding tunnel tables are provided by this device. Specify the number of the tunnel for such Load Balance profile.
	Active - In-active/Delete can delete this binding tunnel table. Active can activate this binding tunnel table.
	Binding Dial Out Index - Specify connection type for transmission by choosing the index (LAN to LAN Profile Index) for such binding tunnel table.
	Scr IP Start /End- Specify source IP addresses as starting point and ending point.
	Dest IP Start/End - Specify destination IP addresses as starting point and ending point.
	Dest Port Start /End- Specify destination service port as starting point and ending point.
	Protocol - Any means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here, such binding tunnel table can be established for TCP Service Port/UDP Service Port/ICMP/IGMP specified here.
	TCP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. UDP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. TCP/UPD means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP/UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. ICMP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP/UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. ICMP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and ICMP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. IGMP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and IGMP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. Other means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here with different TCP Service Port/UDP Service Port/ICMP/IGMP, such binding tunnel table can be established.
Detail Information	This field will display detailed information for Binding Tunnel Policy. Below shows a successful binding tunnel policy for load balance:

VPN Load Balance Advance Set Profile Name:	tings Class
Load Balance Algorithm:	 Round Robin Weighted Round Robin Auto Weighted According to Speed Ratio (Member1:Member2): 60:50 •
VPN Load Balance Policy	
Tunnel Bind Table Index: Active: Binding Dial Out Profile:	Edit Insert after (1~200) Active 1
Src IP Start: Dest IP Start:	0.0.0.0 End: 255.255.255 0.0.0.0 End: 255.255.255
Dest Port Start:	1 End: 65535
Protocol:	ANY O
Binding Stc IP Dividing Data ID] Table Idnex :1
To configure a suc	cessful binding tunnel, you have to

Advanced Backup

🦻 VPN Backup Advance Settings - Google Chrome		X
192.168.1.1/doc/vpntrbak.htm		୍ଷ
VPN Backup Advance Settings		
Profile Name: New ERD Mode: Normal Resume (Member 1 first) Detail Information:		
Environment Recovers Detection(ERD) Status: Normal Mode	1.	
OK Close		

Item	Description
Profile Name List the backup profile name.	
ERD Mode	ERD means "Environment Recovers Detection". Normal - choose this mode to make all dial-out VPN TRUNK backup profiles being activated alternatively. Resume - when VPN connection breaks down or disconnects,

	Member 1 will be the top priority for the system to do VPN connection.
Detail Information	This field will display detailed information for Environment Recovers Detection.

IV-1-10 Connection Management

You can find the summary table of all VPN connections. You may disconnect any VPN connection by clicking **Drop** button. You may also aggressively Dial-out by using Dial-out Tool and clicking **Dial** button.

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

Dial-out To	ol				Refre:	sh Se	conds :	10 💌 R	efresh
	Ge	neral Mode: (V2	2925)vigor292	5.ub	ddns.c 🔽	Dia	al		
	Ba	ckup Mode:			~	Dia	al		
	Load Bal	lance Mode:			~	Di	al		
VPN Conne Current P	ection Status age: 1					Pa	ge No.	Go	>>
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps) UpTime	
1 (V2925)	IPsec Tunnel) DES-No Auth	111.251.193.14 via WAN2	⁰ 10.29.25.0/24	142	з	1510	З	3:3:55	Drop
					·××××××× :				

xxxxxxxx : Data isn't encrypted.

Dial-out Tool	General Mode - This filed displays the profile configured in LAN-to-LAN (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by General Mode does not support VPN backup function.
	Refresh Seconds :
	General Mode: (Alfa) 192.168.0.26 💌 Dial
	Backup Mode: Alfa) 192.168.0.26 Dial
	Load Balance Mode: Audi) 192.168.0.28 Dial
	(BMW) 192.168.0.29
	Buick) 192.168.0.30 Cadillac) 192.168.0.31
	Chrysler) 192.168.0.32
	(Citroen) 192.168.0.33
	Daihatsu) 192.168.0.34 Ferrari) 192.168.0.35
	Fiat) 192.168.0.36
	Backup Mode - This filed displays the profile name saved in
	VPN TRUNK Management (with Index number and VPN Server
	IP address). The VPN connection built by Backup Mode
	supports VPN backup function.
	General Mode: (Alfa) 192.168.0.26 🔽 Dial
	Backup Mode: (VpnBackup) 192.168.2.103 🔽 Dial
	Lood Rolance Model (VpnBackup) 192.168.2.103 Dial
	(VpnBackup) 192.168.2.203

Dial - Click this button to execute dial out function.
Refresh Seconds - Choose the time for refresh the dial information among 5, 10, and 30.
Refresh - Click this button to refresh the whole connection status.

Application Notes

A-1 How to Build a LAN-to-LAN VPN Between Remote Office and Headquarter via IPsec Tunnel (Main Mode)



Configuration on Vigor Router for Head Office

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Open VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN to create a LAN-to-LAN profile. The following settings are for a permanent VPN connection.

LAN-to-LAN I	Profiles:					<u>Set t</u>	o Factory Defaul
View: 💿 All	Online	Offline	🔍 Trunk				Search
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
6.	222			22.	222		

3. Click any index number to open the configuration page. Type a name which is easy for identification for such profile (in this case, type *VPN Server*), and check the box of **Enable This Profile**. For Vigor router will be set as a **server**, the call direction shall be set as **Dial-in** and set 0 as **Idle Timeout**.

Profile Index : 1 1 <u>. Common Settings</u>						
Profile Name Enable this profile	VPN Server		Call Direction Always on Idle Timeout	O Both	O Dial-	Out 💽 Dial-in
VPN Dial-Out Through Netbios Naming Packet Multicast via VPN (for some IGMP,IP-Ca		~	Enable PING PING to the IP	to keep a	alive	

4. Now navigate to the next section, **Dial-In Settings** to check PPTP, IPsec Tunnel and L2TP boxes. Check the box of **Specify Remote**... and type the **Peer VPN Server IP** (e.g.,

218.242.130.19 in this case). Press the IKE Pre-Shared Key button to set the PSK; and select Medium (AH) or High (ESP) as the security method.

3. Dial-In Settings	
Allowed Dial-In Type	Username ???
✓ РРТР	Password
☑ IPsec Tunnel	VJ Compression On Off
✓ L2TP with IPsec Policy None	
	IKE Authentication Method
Specify Remote VPN Gateway	✓ Pre-Shared Key
Peer VPN Server IP	IKE Pre-Shared Key
218.242.130.19	✓ Digital Signature(X.509)
or Peer ID	None 💌
	Local ID
	 Alternative Subject Name First
	🛇 Subject Name First
	IPsec Security Method
	Medium(AH)
	High(ESP) 🕑 DES 🗹 3DES 🗹 AES
4. Gre over IPsec Settings	

5. Continue to navigate to the TCP/IP Network Settings for setting the LAN IP for remote side.

		High(ESP) 🗹 DES 🗹 3DES 🗸 AES
4. Gre over IPsec Settings	;	
🗌 Enable IPsec Dial-Ou	It function GRE over IPsed	2
Logical Traffic	My GRE IP	Peer GRE IP
5. TCP/IP Network Setting	S	
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction Disable 👻
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have to
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.0	Route 🛩
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local Network IP	192.168.1.9	Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this)
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	single walk supports this)
	More	
	ОК	Clear Cancel

- 6. Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 7. Open VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management to check the dial-in connection status (from branch office).

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

Dial-out Tool						R	efres	h Seco	nds : 5	✓ Refresh
		(V2920) 1	172.16.:	2.145		 □ 	ial			
VPN Connecti	on Status									
Current Page	: 1							Pag	je No.	Go >>
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtua	al Network	Tx Pkts	Tx R (Bp		Rx Pkts	Rx Rat (Bps)	Unlime
1 (VPN Server)	IPSec Tunnel DES-SHA1 Auth	218.242.1	30.19	192,168,1,	0/24	353	з	291	з	0:13:58 Drop
1									norypte Lienoryp	

Configuration on Vigor Router for Branch Office

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Open VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN to create a LAN-to-LAN profile. The following settings are for a permanent VPN connection.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

LAN-to-LAN	Profiles:					Set t	o Factory Default
View: 💿 All	Online	Offline	🔍 Trunk				Search
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
1.	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
6.	???			22.	???		

3. Click any index number to open the configuration page. Type a name which is easy for identification for such profile (in this case, type *VPN Client*), and check the box of **Enable This Profile**. For such Vigor router will be set as a **client**, the call direction shall be set as **Dial-out**. Check the box of **Always on** for a permanent VPN connection.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Profile Index : 1 1. Common Settings		
Profile Name VPN Client Image: Profile Name VPN Client		Call Direction O Both ③ Dial-Out O Dial-in
VPN Dial-Out Through WAN1 First Netbios Naming Packet Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	*	Idle Timeout -1 second(s) Enable PING to keep alive PING to the IP

2. Dial-Out Settings

2

4. Now navigate to the next section, **Dial-Out Settings** to select the **IPsec Tunnel** service and type the remote server IP/host name (e.g., 218.242.133.91, in this case). Press the **IKE Pre-Shared Key** button to set the **PSK**; and select **Medium (AH)** or **High (ESP)** as the security method.

2. Dial-Out Settings	
Type of Server I am calling	Username ???
О РРТР	Password
IPsec Tunnel	PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP V
O L2TP with IPsec Policy None	VJ Compression On On Off
Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	IKE Authentication Method
218.242.133.91	Pre-Shared Key
210.242.133.31	IKE Pre-Shared Key
	O Digital Signature(X.509)
	Peer ID None 🗸
	Local ID
	Iternative Subject Name First
	🔿 Subject Name First
	IPsec Security Method
	O Medium(AH)
	High(ESP) 3DES with Authentication
	Advanced
	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:

5. Continue to navigate to the TCP/IP Network Settings for setting the LAN IP for the remote side.

Enable IPsec Dial-Ou	t function GRE over IPse	
Logical Traffic	My GRE IP	Peer GRE IP
5. TCP/IP Network Setting	S	
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction Disable 💙
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do
Remote Network IP	172.17.1.0	Route 🗸
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local Network IP	192.168.1.9	Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this)
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	More	

6. Click **OK** to save the settings.

7. Open VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management to check the dial-in connection status (from head office).

Dial-out Tool							Refres	h Seco	nds : 5	V F	Refresh
		(V2920) 1	72.16.2	.145		•	Dial				
VPN Connecti											
Current Page	: 1							Pag	je No.	G	io >>
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtua	l Network	Tx Pkts		Rate lps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rat (Bps)	e UpT	ime
1 (VPN Client)	IPSec Tunnel DES-SHA1 Auth	218,242,133	3,91	172,17,1,0	/24	8	з	132	36	0:6:41	Drop
									ncryptei t encryp		

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

IV-2 SSL VPN

An SSL VPN (Secure Sockets Layer virtual private network) is a form of VPN that can be used with a standard Web browser.

There are two benefits that SSL VPN provides:

- It is not necessary for users to preinstall VPN client software for executing SSL VPN connection.
- There are less restrictions for the data encrypted through SSL VPN in comparing with traditional VPN.

SSL VPN General Setup SSL Web Proxy SSL Application User Account User Group Online User Status

Web User Interface

IV-2-1 General Setup

This page determines the general configuration for SSL VPN Server and SSL Tunnel.

SSL VPN >> General Setup

SSL VPN General Setup			
Port	443 (Default: 443)		
Server Certificate	self-signed 🔻		

Note: The settings will act on all SSL applications.

Please go to **System Maintenance >> Management** to enable SSLv3.0 .

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Port	Such port is set for SSL VPN server. It will not affect the HTTPS Port configuration set in System Maintenance>>Management . In general, the default setting is 443.		
Server Certificate	When the client does not set any certificate, default certificate will be used for HTTPS and SSL VPN server. Choose any one of the user-defined certificates from the drop down list if users set several certificates previously. Otherwise, choose Self-signed to use the router's built-in default certificate. The default certificate can be used in SSL VPN server and HTTPS Web Proxy.		

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-2-2 SSL Web Proxy

SSL Web Proxy will allow the remote users to access the internal web sites over SSL.

SSL VPN >> SSL Web Proxy

SSL Web Prox	xy Servers Profiles:	I	Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	URL	Active
<u>1.</u>			х
<u>2.</u>			х
<u>3.</u>			х
<u>4.</u>			х
<u>5.</u>			х
<u>6.</u>			х
<u>7.</u>			х
<u>8.</u>			х
<u>9.</u>			х
<u>10.</u>			х

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Display the name of the profile that you create.	
URL Display the URL.		
Active Display current status (active or inactive) of such prot		

Click number link under Index filed to set detailed configuration.

SSL VPN >> SSL Web Proxy

Profile Index : 1					
Name					
URL					
Host IP Address					
Access Method	Disable	٠			
	Disable				
Note:	Secured Port Redirection				
1. URL format must be entered as http:/	SSL		/Domain_name/directory where		
Domain_name is a FQDN.					
2. SSL proxy cannot be compatible with all websites, many websites developed with new web coding technology may not work with proxy mode. We suggest using SSL Tunnel when SSL proxy is not working.					

OK Clear Cancel

Item	Description			
NameType name of the profile. The length of the name is I15 characters.				
URL	Type the address (function variation or IP address) or path of the proxy server.			

Host IP Address	If you type function variation as URL, you have to type corresponding IP address in this filed. Such field must match with URL setting.
Access Method	There are three modes for you to choose. Disable - The profile will be inactive. If you choose Disable, all the web proxy profile appeared under VPN remote dial-in web page will disappear.
	Secured Port Redirection - Such technique applies private port mapping to random WAN port. There are two restrictions for proxy web server for such selection: 1) it is only used for WAN to LAN access, the web server must be configured behind vigor router; 2) web server gateway must be indicated to vigor router. In addition, users must execute "Connect" manually in SSL Client Portal page. SSL - If you choose such selection, web proxy over SSL will be applied for VPN.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-2-3 SSL Application

It provides a secure and flexible solution for network resources, including VNC (Virtual Network Computer) /RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol), to any remote user with access to Internet and a web browser.

SSL VPN >> SSL Application

SSL Applicatio	ons Profiles:		1	Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Host Address	Service	Active
<u>1.</u>				х
<u>2.</u>				х
<u>3.</u>				х
<u>4.</u>				х
<u>5.</u>				х
<u>6.</u>				x
<u>7.</u>				х
<u>8.</u>				x
<u>9.</u>				х
<u>10.</u>				x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Display the application name of the profile that you create.
Host Address	Display the IP address for VNC/RDP or SAMBA path.
Service	Display the type of the service selected, e.g., VNC/RDP/SAMBA.
Active	Display current status (active or inactive) of the selected profile.

To create a new SSL application profile:

1. Click number link under Index filed to set detailed configuration.

ОK

2. The following page will appear.

SSL VPN >> SSL Application

Profile Index : 1	
Enable Application Service	
Application Name	
Application	Virtual Network Computing (VNC) 🔻
IP Address	Please Select
Port	Virtual Network Computing (VNC)
Idle Timeout	Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP)
Scaling	100% 🔻

Clear

Cancel

Item	Description
Enable Application	Check the box to enable such profile.

Server	
Application Name	Type a name for such application. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.
Application	There are two types offered for you to create an application profile.
	Virtual Network Computing (VNC) - It allows you to access and control a remote PC through VNC protocol.
	Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) - It allows you to access and control a remote PC through RDP protocol.
IP Address	If you choose VNC or RDP, you have to type the IP address for this protocol.
Port	If you choose VNC or RDP, you have to specify the port used for this protocol. The default setting is 5900.
Idle Timeout	If you choose VNC, you have to specify the time for disconnecting the SSL VPN tunnel.
Scaling	If you choose VNC, you have to choose the percentage (100%, 80%, 60%) for such application.
Screen Size	If you choose RDP, you have to choose the screen size for such application.

- 3. Enter the required information.
- 4. After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

SSL VPN >> SSL Application

SSL Applicatio	ons Profiles:		I	Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Host Address	Service	Active
<u>1.</u>	VNC_1	192.168.1.51:5900	VNC	v
<u>2.</u>				х
<u>3.</u>				х

IV-2-4 User Account

With SSL VPN, Vigor3220 Series let teleworkers have convenient and simple remote access to central site VPN. The teleworkers do not need to install any VPN software manually. From regular web browser, you can establish VPN connection back to your main office even in a guest network or web cafe. The SSL technology is the same as the encryption that you use for secure web sites such as your online bank. The SSL VPN can be operated in either full tunnel mode or proxy mode. Now, Vigor3220 Series allows up to 16 simultaneous incoming users.

For SSL VPN, identity authentication and power management are implemented through deploying user accounts. Therefore, the user account for SSL VPN must be set together with remote dial-in user web page. Such menu item will guide to access into VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-in user.

Remote	Access User A	ccounts:				Set t	o Factory Default
View:	🖲 All 🛛 🔍 Onli	ne 🔍 Offline					Search
Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
1.	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
4.	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>Z.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		

SSL VPN >> Remote Dial-in User

<< 1-32 | 33-64 | 65-96 | 97-100 >>

<u>Next</u> >>

Note: User Accounts need to be added into User Group to enable SSL Portal Login.

OK Cancel

Click each index to edit one remote user profile.

SSL VPN >> Remote Dial-in User

Index No. 1	
User account and Authentication Enable this account Idle Timeout Allowed Dial-In Type	Username ??? Password(Max 19 char) Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP) PIN Code Secret
PPTP IPsec Tunnel L2TP with IPsec Policy None SSL Tunnel Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP	IKE Authentication Method Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key Digital Signature(X.509) None
or Peer ID Netbios Naming Packet Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	IPsec Security Method Medium(AH) High(ESP) DES 3DES AES Local ID (optional)
Subnet LAN 1 V Assign Static IP Address 0.0.0.0	
ОК С	lear Cancel

Item	Description
User account and	Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function.
Authentication	Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.
	User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name/password is limited to 23 characters.
	Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name/password is limited to 19 characters.
	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP) - Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.
	• PIN Code - Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).
	 Secret - Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).
Allowed Dial-In Type	PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.
	IPSec Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.
	L2TP with IPSec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:
	• None - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy

Item	Description
	can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	• Nice to Have - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
	• Must -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
	SSL Tunnel - It allows the remote dial-in user to make an SSL VPN Tunnel connection through Internet, suitable for the application through network accessing (e.g., PPTP/L2TP/IPSec).
	If you check this box, the function of SSL Tunnel for this account will be activated immediately.
	Specify Remote Node - Check the checkbox to specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode). If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.
	Netbios Naming Packet
	 Pass - Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
	 Block - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.
	 Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
	• Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.
Subnet	Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile. Assign Static IP Address - Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.
IKE Authentication Method	 This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node. Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke
	this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	Digital Signature (X.509) - Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity.
IPSec Security Method	This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method. Medium-Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.
	High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload

Item	Description
	(data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
	Local ID - Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-2-5 User Group

There are 10 user group profiles which can be created for authentication by LDAP server. Such profiles will be used by applications such as User Management, VPN and etc.

SSL	VPN	>>	User	Group
U U L			0301	Group

SSL User Group Profile	95:	Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>		x
<u>2.</u>		x
<u>3.</u>		x
<u>4.</u>		x
<u>5.</u>		х
<u>6.</u>		x
<u>7.</u>		х
<u>8.</u>		x
<u>9.</u>		x
<u>10.</u>		x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
Index	Display the number of the client which connecting to FTP server.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

Click any index number link to open the following page for detailed configuration.

SSL	VPN >>	User	Group
			S. S. P.

roup Name		
ccess Authority		
🔲 SSL Web Proxy	SSL Application	
Authentication Methods		
🗌 Local User DataBase		
Available User Accounts	Selected User Accounts	
1-alpha_huang 2-dni		<
RADIUS TACACS+ LDAP / Active Directory		

Item	Description		
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.		
Group Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.		
Access Authority	Specify the authority for such At present, Vigor router allow and SSL Application profiles us profiles will be displayed here Access Authority SSL Web Proxy SSL_WP_1	s you to create SSL Web Proxy sed for SSL VPN. The available	
Authentication Methods	by using the user defined acco Access>>Remote Dial-In User listed in the Available User Ac profile into a group, simply ch and click the >> button. It wil User Account on the right box configuring the profile setting Group. RADIUS - The RADIUS server wit the username and password TACACS+ - The TACACS+ will of the username and password. LDAP / Active Directory - If it server will do the authentication password, information stated	stem will do the authentication unt profiles (in VPN and Remote count on the left box. To add a pose the one from the left box l be displayed in the Selected c. For detailed information about , refer to Objects Setting>>IP ill do the authentication by using do the authentication by using t is checked, the LDAP / AD ion by using the username, on the selected profiles. enabled, the system will do the	

After finishing all the settings here, please click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the configuration.

IV-2-6 Online User Status

If you have finished the configuration of SSL Web Proxy (server), users can find out corresponding settings when they access into DrayTek SSL VPN portal interface.

	Home	SSL Web Proxy	SSL Tunnel	[<u>loqou</u>
NFO	Main Page:			
mike , (172.17.1.42) Welcome to DrayTek SSL VPN!		You have successf You are given the f SSL Web F SSL Tunne	ollowing privileges: Prox y	
Timeout after 5 minutes. [<u>Reset</u>]				

Next, users can open SSL VPN>> Online Status to view logging status of SSL VPN.

SSL VPN >> Online User Status

			Refresh Seconds : 10 🔻 Re	fresh
Active User	Host IP	Time out(seconds)	Action	
Kate	192.168.30.14	299	Drop	

Item	Description
Active User	Display current user who visits SSL VPN server.
Host IP	Display the IP address for the host.
Time out	Display the time remaining for logging out.
Action	You can click Drop to drop certain login user from the router's SSL Portal UI.

IV-3 Certificate Management

A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

Any entity wants to utilize digital certificates should first request a certificate issued by a CA server. It should also retrieve certificates of other trusted CA servers so it can authenticate the peer with certificates issued by those trusted CA servers.

Here you can manage generate and manage the local digital certificates, and set trusted CA certificates. Remember to adjust the time of Vigor router before using the certificate so that you can get the correct valid period of certificate.

Below shows the menu items for Certificate Management.

Certificate Management Local Certificate Trusted CA Certificate Certificate Backup

Web User Interface

IV-3-1 Local Certificate

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
			View Delete
			View Delete
			View Delete

Note:

1. Please setup the "System Maintenance >> $\underline{\text{Time and Date}}$ " correctly before signing the local certificate.

2. The Time Zone MUST be setup correctly!!

GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Generate	Click this button to open Generate Certificate Request window.
	Type in all the information that the window requests. Then click Generate again.
Import	Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information.
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the information listed below.
View	Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.
Delete	Click this button to delete selected name with certification information.

GENERATE

Click this button to open Generate Certificate Signing Request window. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click GENERATE again.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

Generate Certificate Signing Request				
Certificate Name				
Subject Alternative Name				
Туре	IP Address 🔹			
IP				
Subject Name				
Country (C)				
State (ST)				
Location (L)				
Organization (O)				
Organization Unit (OU)				
Common Name (CN)				
Email (E)				
Кеу Туре	RSA 🔻			
Key Size	1024 Bit 🔻			

Generate

1nfo

Please be noted that "Common Name" must be configured with rotuer's WAN IP or domain name.

After clicking **GENERATE**, the generated information will be displayed on the window below:

```
Certificate Management >> Local Certificate
```

X509	Local	Certificate	Config	uration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
server	/C=TW/ST=Hsinchu/L=Hsinchu/O	Requesting	View Delete
			View Delete
			View Delete
GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH			

IMPORT

Vigor router allows you to generate a certificate request and submit it the CA server, then import it as "Local Certificate". If you have already gotten a certificate from a third party, you may import it directly. The supported types are PKCS12 Certificate and Certificate with a private key.

Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information. There are three types of local certificate supported by Vigor router.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

mport X509 Local Certificate
Jpload Local Certificate
Select a local certificate file.
Certificate file: Browse.
Click Import to upload the local certificate.
Import Cancel
Upload PKCS12 Certificate
Select a PKCS12 file.
PKCS12 file: Browse.
Password:
Click Import to upload the PKCS12 file.
Import Cancel
Upload Certificate and Private Key
Select a certificate file and a matchable Private Key.
Certificate file: Browse.
Key file: Browse.
Password:
Click Import to upload the local certificate and private key.
Import Cancel

Item	Description				
Upload Local Certificate	 It allows users to import the certificate which is generated by Vigor router and signed by CA server. 				
	If you have done well in certificate generation, the Status of the certificate will be shown as "OK".				
	Import X509 Local Certificate				
	Congratulation! Local Certificate has been imported successfully.				
	Please click Back to view the certificate.				
	X509 Local Certificate Configuration				
	Name Subject Status Modify				
	draytekdemo /O=Draytek/OU=Draytek Sales/ OK View Delete				
	···· View Delete				
	···· ··· View Delete				
	GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH				
Upload PKCS12	It allows users to import the certificate whose extensions a	ire			
Certificate	usually .pfx or .p12. And these certificates usually need passwords.				
	Note: PKCS12 is a standard for storing private keys and				
	certificates securely. It is used in (among other things)				
	Netscape and Microsoft Internet Explorer with their import and export options.				
Upload Certificate and Private Key	It is useful when users have separated certificates and private keys. And the password is needed if the private key is encrypted.				

REFRESH

Click this button to refresh the information listed below.

View

Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.

	Certificate Information	
Certificate Name :	server	
ssuer :		
Subject :	C=TW, ST=Hsinchu, L=Hsinchu, O=Draytek, OU=MKT, CN=DT, emailAddress=support@draytek.com	
Subject Alternative Name :		
Valid From :		
Valid To :		
PEM Format Content :	BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBwzCCASwCAQAwgYIxCzAJBgNVBAYTAIRXMRAwDgYDVQQIEwdIc2luY2h1MRAw DgYDVQQHEwdIc2luY2h1MRAwDgYDVQQKEwdEcmF5d6VrMQwwCgYDVQQLEwNNS1Qx CzAJBgNVBAMTAKRUMSIwIAYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhNzdXBwb3J0QGQGYYXL0ZWsUY29t MIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCb06gdDL7KUjwGouC9HYPwqIIa Ra/uaSCXjjhmJ+Vokmk8FRYkU28PTuWtavvPKH61M2cHDLRUJhQnXMAGbIuVsn3u k+2rW0Mp2IFpbnd7YgmQIBUx261Q1IK7vU/YmVYXIQR/CMhdpsgM0rGiK2N95GVr uZ/T+QqYZk7GaQw6fQIDAQABoAAwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAB1iNMnczHBdu X07+ktPJaRyo2VKo9YTYQxJxuNrbVaJhvTx9NqHCyAi/DLMW5IQYJPs5Tz94Ddcn yC1rbh+206IsxcUzK70GjMByY01ubchHRYRAxi2RTNQY0ICRscVJMExxAjpnXWNB IaNe0IwG2/1Z/+BhlnYXzFQ8u21IsXY= END CERTIFICATE REQUEST	
	Close	~



You have to copy the certificate request information from above window. Next, access your CA server and enter the page of certificate request, copy the information into it and submit a request. A new certificate will be issued to you by the CA server. You can save it.

Delete

Click this button to remove the selected certificate.

IV-3-2 Trusted CA Certificate

Trusted CA certificate lists three sets of trusted CA certificate. In addition, you can build a RootCA certificate if required.

When the local client and remote client are required to make certificate authentication (e.g., IPsec X.509) for data passing through SSL tunnel and avoiding the attack of MITM, a trusted root certificate authority (Root CA) will be used to authenticate the digital certificates offered by both ends.

However, the procedure of applying digital certificate from a trusted root certificate authority is complicated and time-consuming. Therefore, Vigor router offers a mechanism which allows you to generate root CA to save time and provide convenience for general user. Later, such root CA generated by DrayTek server can perform the issuing of local certificate.



Info

Root CA can be deleted but not edited. If you want to modify the settings for a Root CA, please delete the one and create another one by clicking Create Root CA.

Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate

X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
Root CA			Create Root CA
Trusted CA-1			View Delete
Trusted CA-2			View Delete
Trusted CA-3			View Delete

Note:

1. Please setup the "System Maintenance >> $\underline{\text{Time and Date}}$ " correctly before you try to generate a RootCA!!

2. The Time Zone MUST be setup correctly!!

IMPORT REFRESH

Creating a RootCA

Click Create Root CA to open the following page. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click **GENERATE** again.

Generate Root CA			
Certificate Name	Root CA		
Subject Alternative Name			
Туре	IP Address 🔹		
IP			
Subject Name			
Country (C)			
State (ST)			
Location (L)			
Organization (O)			
Organization Unit (OU)			
Common Name (CN)			
Email (E)			
Кеу Туре	RSA 🔻		
Key Size	1024 Bit 💌		

Certificate Management >> Root CA Certificate

Generate

Importing a Trusted CA

To import a pre-saved trusted CA certificate, please click **IMPORT** to open the following window. Use **Browse**... to find out the saved text file. Then click **Import**. The one you imported will be listed on the Trusted CA Certificate window.

Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate

Import X509 Trust	Import X509 Trusted CA Certificate		
	Select a trusted CA certificate file.		
	Browse.		
	Click Import to upload the certification.		
	Import Cancel		

For viewing each trusted CA certificate, click View to open the certificate detail information window. If you want to delete a CA certificate, choose the one and click Delete to remove all the certificate information.

Ce	rtificate Detail Information	
Certificate Name:	Trusted CA-1	
Issuer:		<
Subject:		<u>~</u>
Subject Alternative Name:		~
Valid From:		
Valid To:		

IV-3-3 Certificate Backup

Local certificate and Trusted CA certificate for this router can be saved within one file. Please click **Backup** on the following screen to save them. If you want to set encryption password for these certificates, please type characters in both fields of **Encrypt password** and **Confirm password**.

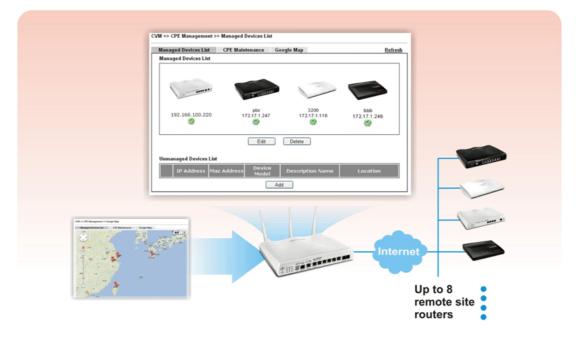
Also, you can use **Restore** to retrieve these two settings to the router whenever you want.

Certificate Bac	kup / Restoration
Backup	
	Encrypt password:
	Confirm password:
	Click Backup to download certificates to your local PC as a file.
Restoration	
	Select a backup file to restore.
	Browse.
	Decrypt password:
	Click Restore to upload the file.

Certificate Management >> Certificate Backup

IV-4 Central VPN Management

Vigor3220 can build virtual private network (VPN) between itself and any other TR-069 CPE by the function of central VPN management. In addition, it can be treated as a server (called CVM server) which can manage TR-069 CPE for periodical firmware upgrade, configuration backup and restoring configuration.



Web User Interface

Central VPN Management menu can manage the CPE connected through WAN only.



IV-4-1 General Setup

General Setup is used to configure settings which will be used by the clients to register to such Vigor router. Click the tabs of General Settings and IPsec VPN Settings to configure the basic settings for CVM mechanism.

IV-4-1-1 General Settings

To enable the CVM feature, the first thing you have to do is enabling CVM port or CVM SSL Port.

CVM >> General Setup

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings		
CVM SSL Port:	8443		
CVM Port:	8000		
WAN IP for Remote C	Connection: WAN1	▼ /	
Copy the following URL to paste onto Remote devices' ACS Server URL field "http://[hostname or IP address]:8000/ACSServer/services/ACSServlet" "https://[hostname or IP address]:8443/ACSServer/services/ACSServlet"			
Username:	acs		
Password:			
Polling Interval:	600	Seconds	
Note: 1. To enable the CVM feature, one of the Port MUST be Enabled ! 2. If you choose to use CVM Port, the data between CVM Server & CPE Client will be transfered in plaintext, and could be revealed to ISP.			

ОK

Item	Description
CVM SSL Port	Check the box to enable the port setting. Type the port number in the box.
CVM Port	Check the box to enable the port setting. Type the port number in the box.
WAN IP for Remote Connection	For Vigor router can manage only the client from WAN interface, therefore you have to specify which interface will be used for such function. If you choose MANUALLY, you have to specify WAN IP address.

Username	Type a username which will be used by any CPE trying to connect to Vigor router.
Password	Type the password for the user.
Polling Interval	Type the time value (unit is second). The range is from 60 ~ 86400.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

IV-4-1-2 IPsec VPN Settings

Central VPN management is operated through IPsec VPN connection.

CVM >> General Setup

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings		
IPsec Mode:	Aggressive mode	•	
Security Method:	ESP	•	
Encryption Type:	AES	•	
Local Subnet:	Manually	•	
		1	

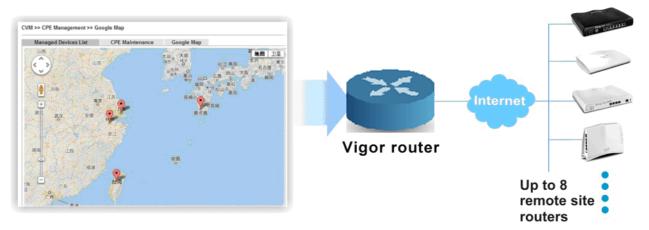
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
IPsec Mode	Choose Aggressive or Main as the IPsec Mode.
Security Method	Choose one of the following methods (AH or ESP) for the security of data transmission. For example, choose AH to specify the IPsec protocol for the Authentication Header protocol. The data will be authenticated but not be encrypted.
Encryption Type	Choose one of the selections as the encryption type.
Local Subnet	Type the IP address and subnet mask of local host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

IV-4-2 CPE Management

All the CPEs managed by Vigor3220 Series can be seen with icons from this page. Before using such feature, make sure the CVM port has been enabled and configured properly.



IV-4-2-1 Managed Device List

This page allows you to manage the CPEs connected to Vigor3220 Series.

Page without CPE connected

CVM >> CPE Management >> Managed Devices List

Manag	ed Devices List	CPE Mainte	nance G	ioogle Map	<u>Refresh</u>	
Manag	Managed Devices List					
Unmar	aged Devices L	.ist				
	IP Address	Mac Address	Device Model	Description Name	Location	
Add						

Page with CPE connected

CVM >> CPE Management >> Managed Devices List

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map	<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List			
(> 111			
192.168.100.220			
392.108.100.220			
	Edit	Delete	
		Delete	
Unmanaged Devices List			
onnanageu Devices Eist			
IP Address Ma	c Address Device Model		Location
		Add	

	Description
Managed Devices List	This area displays device icons (up to 8) for the CPE managed by Vigor3220 Series. Edit - To modify the name and location of specific CPE, click the one you want and click the Edit button. A pop up window
	will appear. Simply change the name and/or location manually.
	🔌 Device Information - Mozilla Firefox
	192.168.1.1/doc/cpeInfo.htm
	System Maintenance >> Edit Device Information
	Model Name Vigor2850
	Device Name 00507F7D9D00
	Name Kate_local_V2850 Manufacturer DrayTek
	OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor
	Mac Address 00507F7D9D00
	Location No. 26, Fu Road, HS Ci IP 192.168.30.12
	Port 8069
	URI /cwm/CRN.html Description DrayTek Vigor Router
	Hardware Version 104 Software Version 3.6.3
	Modem Firmware Version 211801_A Annex_A
	OK
	Double-clicking the CPE icon also can pop up the Managed
	Device Detail window. However, you cannot modify any data on the window.
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm
	on the window.
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail
	on the window.
	on the window.
	on the window.
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome I 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUT 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome I 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49 Port 8069 URI /cwm/CRN.html
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome I 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49 Port 8069
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome I 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49 Port 8069 URI /ccwn/CRN.html Description DrayTek Vigor Router Hardware Version 222 Software Version 3.5.9_RC2a
	on the window.
	on the window. Device Information - Google Chrome I 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49 Port 8069 URI /ccwn/CRN.html Description DrayTek Vigor Router Hardware Version 222 Software Version 3.5.9_RC2a
	on the window.
Unmanaged Devices List	▶ Device Information - Google Chrome 172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820 Device Name 00507F7E1DB0 Name PQC PBX Manufacturer DrayTek OUI 00507F Product Class Vigor Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0 Location 桃園縣 IP 220.132.97.49 Port 8069 URI /cwm/CRN.html Description DrayTek Vigor Router Hardware Version 222 Software Version 3.5.9_RC2a Modem Firmware Version 211011_A Annex_A

	Add - Move the selected device from Unmanaged Devices List to Managed Devices List.		
	IP Address - Display the IP address of the remote device.		
	Mac Address - Display the MAC address of the remote device.		
	Device Model - Display the model name of the remote device.		
	Description Name - Define the name or type the additional description of CPE for identification in VPN management and CPE management.		
	Location - Type the location (address) of the CPE to be displayed by Google Map.		
Refresh	Click it to refresh current web page.		

IV-4-2-2 CPE Maintenance

This area displays all the profiles which are created for applying to the managed device. This page can help the administrator to do maintenance jobs like firmware upgrade, configuration backup, configuration restoration and etc.

CVM >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenance

					S	et to Fac	ctory Defaul
Index	Enable	Profile Name	Device Name	Action		nedule	
<u>1.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>2.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>3.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>4.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>5.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>6.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>7.</u>					0	0	Now
<u>8.</u>					0	0	Now
< <u>1-8</u>	<u>9-16</u> >>						

OK Cancel

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click it to refresh current page.	
USB Disk	USB Disk : I - It means a USB disk connecting to Vigor3220. USB Disk : I - It means no USB disk connecting to Vigor3220.	
Disk Usage	age Disk Usage : 1084MB / 2009MB - When a USB disk connect to Vigor3220, the disk usage and the disk capacity will be displayed in such field. Disk Usage : USB Storage Disconnected - When there is r	

	USB disk connecting to Vigor3220, such message will be displayed in this field.
	Click the icon to see the content inside the USB disk.
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
Index	Display the number of the profile that you can edit.
Enable	Check the box to enable such index profile.
Profile Name	Display the name of the maintenance profile.
Device Name	Display the name of the managed CPE that the maintenance profile will apply to.
Action	Display the action that managed CPE shall accept.
Schedule	Display the schedule profiles selected for such profile.
Now	The action will be performed for the selected CPE immediately.

How to add a new Maintenance Profile

Follow the steps below to create a new maintenance profile.

- 1. Click any index number link, e.g., Index 1.
- 2. The Maintenance page appears.

Central VPN Management >> CPE Management >> Maintanance Profile

Profile Name:	V3220		
🗹 Enable			
Device Name:	001DAAB61BB8 🔻		
Router Name:			
Router Model:			
Action Type:	Firmware Upgrade 🔻		
File Path:		Select	
Index in <u>Schedule</u> :	0 0		
Note: Action and Idle 1	imeout settings will be ignored.		
		-	
	OK Clear Cancel		

0

Info

When restoring configuration to a CPE, make sure the configuration file you selected was backup from this CPE before. Because restoring from another device's configuration file may cause serious problem (e.g., Both devices have different ISP username/ password. Restoring configuration from one CPE to the other will cause Internet connection not being online)..

Available parameters are listed as follows:

Item	em Description	
Profile Name	me Type the name of the maintenance profile.	
Enable	Check it to enable such profile.	
Device Name	The drop down list will display all the CPE devices detected by Vigor3220 Series. Choose the one which will be applied with such new created profile.	

Action Type	 There are three actions for you to choose for such profile. Config Backup - It means such profile will be used for configuration backup of the selected CPE. Config Restore - It means such profile will be used for restoring the configuration of the selected CPE. 			
	Info When restoring configuration to a CPE, make sure the configuration file you selected was backup from this CPE before. Because restoring from another device's configuration file may cause serious problem (e.g., Both devices have different ISP username/ password. Restoring configuration from one CPE to the other will cause Internet connection not being online).			
	• Firmware Upgrade - It means such profile will be used for firmware upgrade.			
File Path	Click Select to locate the file you want to save, restore or upgrade for CPE.			
Index in Schedule	Vigor3220 Series will perform the specified action to the selected CPE based on the schedule configured here.			
	Specify one or two schedule profiles (represented by number) here.			

- 3. Enter all the settings and click **OK**.
- 4. A new maintenance profile has been created.

IV-4-2-3 Google Map

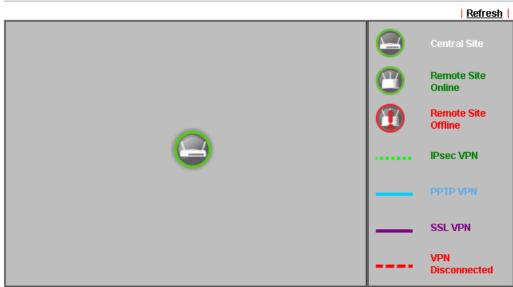
To display the **location** of the managed CPE with a bird's eye view, open **Central VPN Management**>>CPE **Management** and click the tab of **Google Map**.



IV-4-3 VPN Management

An easy and quick method is offered to configure VPN settings for building VPN connection automatically between Vigor3220 Series (treated as VPN server) and other Vigor router (treated as CPE device, i.e., VPN client).

CVM >> VPN Management



Note: CVM SSL LAN-to-LAN dial-up might fail with the CPE of old version firmware. Please update the remote CPE to the latest version.

CPE VPN Connection List							
VPN Type	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps)	Up Time

Available parameters are listed as follows:

Item	Description				
VPN Management					
CPE VPN Connection List					
VPN	Display the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile.				
	It is generated automatically when you click the PPTP/IPsec/Advanced button to build the VPN connection between Vigor3220 and remote CPE.				
Туре	Display the dial-in type and the authentication method.				
Remote IP	Display the IP address of the remote CPE and the interface.				
Virtual Network	Display the IP address and subnet mask of Vigor3220 Series.				
Tx Pkts	Display the number of the transmitted packets.				
Tx Rate(Bps)	Display the number of the transmitted rate.				
Rx Pkts	Display the number of the received packets.				
Rx Rate(Bps)	Display the number of the received rate.				
UP Time	Display the connection time of such VPN.				

IV-4-4 Log & Alert

This page offers brief information to identify the CPE connected to Vigor3220 Series.

CVM >> Log & Alert

Log			Alert		
				Display Mode Always	Refresh Clear s record the new event ▼
Device Name	Descriptio	n Name	time & date	Action Type	Message
001DAAB61BB8			2014-08-11 11:02:07	CPE Maintenance	CPE Online
001DAAB61BB8			2000-01-01 00:00:00	CPE Maintenance	Add CPE Successfully

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Display Mode	Choose the mode you want to display the related information on the following table.
	• Stop record when fulls - when the capacity of CVM log is full, the system will stop recording.
	• Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.
Device Name	Display the name of the managed CPE.
Description Name	Display the brief explanation for the managed CPE.
Time & date	Display the time and date that the managed CPE scanned by Vigor3220 Series.
Action Type	Display the action that Vigor3220 Series will perform for the managed CPE.
Message	Display the information for each event.

The Alert page offers brief information to identify the CPE connected to Vigor3220 Series.

Application Notes

A-1 CVM Application - How to manage the CPE (router) through Vigor3220 Series?

To manage CPEs through Vigor3220 Series, you have to set URL on CPE first and set username and password for Vigor3220 Series. For this section, we use Vigor2850 series as the example. All the CPE configuration will be done through Vigor2850 series.

Configure CVM Settings on Vigor3220 Series

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor3220 Series.
- 2. Open Central VPN Management>>General Setup.



3. In the following page, check the boxes for CVM Port and CVM SSL Port to enable the port setting. Type the values for CVM Port, CVM SSL Port, Username, and Password respectively. Remember the values configured in this page.

CVM	>>	General	Setup
-----	----	---------	-------

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings	
CVM Port:	8000	
🗹 CVM SSL Port:	8443	
	130:8000/ACSServer/servic 8.130:8443/ACSServer/servi	
Password:	•••••	
Polling Interval:	600	Seconds
Polling Interval:		

To enable the CVM feature, one of the Port MUST be Enabled !

OK

4. Click OK to save the settings.

Configure Settings on CPE

- 1. In the end of the CPE, access into the web user interface of the CPE (e.g., Vigor2850 series). Open a web browser (for example, IE, Mozilla Firefox or Netscape) and type http://192.168.1.1.
- 2. Open System Maintenance >> TR-069.

USB Application
System Maintenance
System Status
> TR-069
Admin Setting
User Password
Login Page Greeting

3. In the field of ACS Server, type the URL (IP address with port number) of Vigor3220 Series and type the same Username and Password defined on the page of Central VPN Management>>General Setup in Vigor3220 Series. Then, click Enable for CPE Client and then click OK to save the settings.

ACS Server On	Internet 💌
ACS Server	
URL	http://172.17.1.182:9000
Username	acs
Password	
	able
LIDI	
	8069
URL Port Username	
Port	8069
Port Username Password	8069 vigor
Port Username	8069 vigor

4. Open System Maintenance>>Management Setup.

System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting

5. Check Allow management from the Internet to set management access control and click OK.

IPv6 Management Setup
Management Port Setup O User Define Ports Default Ports
Telnet Port 23 (Default: 23)
HTTP Port 80 (Default: 80)
HTTPS Port 443 (Default: 443)
FTP Port 21 (Default: 21)
SSH Port 22 (Default: 22)
Mask
M
×
✓
OK
t

- 6. Open WAN>>Internet Access. Use the drop down list of Access Mode on WAN1 to select MPoA (RFC1483/2684). Then, click Details Page.
- 7. Click **Specify an IP address**. Type correct WAN IP address, subnet mask and gateway IP address for your CPE. Then click **OK**.

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RF)	C1483/2684)	IPv6
💿 Enable 🔿 Disable		WAN IP Network Settings	WAN IP Alias
DSL Modem Settings		○ Obtain an IP address a	utomatically
Multi-PVC channel	Channel 2 🛛 😽	Router Name	Vigor
Encapsulation			*
1483	Bridged IP LLC 🛛 😽	Domain Name	ч-
VPI	0	* : Required for some IS	T SPS
VCI	88	Specify an IP address	
Modulation	Multimode 🗸	IP Address	192.168.30.12
		Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
WAN Connection Detection	n	Gateway IP Address	172.16.3.4
Mode	ARP Detect 😪		
Ping IP		● Default MAC Address	
TTL:		Specify a MAC Addres	55
RIP Protocol		MAC Address: 00 ·50	·7F:00 ·00 ·01
🔲 Enable RIP		DNS Server IP Address	
Bridge Mode		Primary IP Address	
🔲 Enable Bridge Mode		Secondary IP Address	

WAN >> Internet Access



Reboot the CPE device and re-log into Vigor3220 Series. CPE which has registered to Vigor3220 Series will be captured and displayed on the page of Central VPN Management>>CPE Management.

Check CPE Maintenance Page

- 1. Return to the web user interface of Vigor3220 Series.
- 2. Open Central VPN Management>>VPN Management. Now there is one CPE displayed on the field of Unmanaged Devices List.
- 3. Choose the one (Vigor2850) from Unmanaged Devices List and click Add. The following dialog will be popped up. Type the name and the location of the router respectively. Click OK to save the configuration.

🎱 Device Information - Mozilla Firefox		
📀 192.168.1.1/doc/cpeInfo.htm		☆
System Maintenance >> Edit Device Information		
Model Name	Vigor2850	
Device Name	00507E7D9D00	
Name	Kate_local_V2850	
Manufacture	DrayTek	
IUO	00507F	
Product Class	Vigor	
Mac Address	005075709000	
Location	No. 26, Fu Road, HS Ci	
IF	102 169 20 12	
Port	8069	
URI	/cwm/CRN.html	
Description	DrayTek Vigor Router	
Hardware Version		
Software Version		
Modem Firmware Version	211801_A Annex_A	
OK		
30		

4. The selected CPE will be moved and displayed on Managed Devices List which means it is controlled / managed by Vigor3220 Series from now on.

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map		Refresh
Managed Devices List				
A HI				
Kate_local				
192.168.30.12				
S				
	Edit	Delete		
Unmanaged Devices List				
IP Address Mac Add	ress Device Model (Description Name L	ocation	
		Add		

A-2 CVM Application - How to build the VPN between remote devices and Vigor3220 Series?

When a remote device is managed by Vigor3220 Series, it is easy to build VPN between these two devices.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor3220 Series.
- 2. Open Central VPN Management>>CPE Management.

CVM >> VPN Management

VPN Management							
- III • I	A MARINE GEOLOGY						
Kate_local 192.168.30.12 🧭	Kate_local 192.168.30.13 🞯						
CPE VPN Connection List	PPTP	IPsec	Advan	uced			
VPN Type	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps)	Up Time

- 3. Click the device icon (marked with 🥙) and click the PPTP/IPsec button.
- 4. Wait for a moment. If VPN is built successfully, related information will be displayed on CPE VPN Connection List.

VPN Managemen	t							
111 mm m		a Hanna CITUG	U.					
Kate_lo: 192.168. S		Kate_local 192.168.30.1 🔇						
CPE VPN Connection List		PPTP	IPsec	Advar	nced			
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps)	Up Time
1 (cvm_7D9D00)	PPTP/MPPE	192.168.30.12 via WAN2	192.168.50.1/24	805	з	1088	з	0:40:30

CVM >> VPN Management

5. A LAN to LAN profile for such VPN will be generated automatically. You can access into VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN of the remote device for viewing the detailed information.

	LAN Profiles:						
View: (
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	cvm_7D9D00	~	online	<u>17.</u>	???		
' Profile li 1. Comn	ndex : 1 non Settings		1				
Profile Ena	Name able this profile	cvm_7D9D	000	Call Dire	ays on		Out 💿 Dial-in
	al-Out Through 🕅		~		ble PING to ke		.5114(5)
Multica	s Naming Packet st via VPN ome IGMP,IP-Cam	O Pass	 Block 	PING to	the IP		
3. Dial-Ir	n Settings						
Allowed	l Dial-In Type			Usernar	ne	7D9D00	
PP	тр			Passwo	rd(Max 11 cha	r) ••••	•
🗖 IP	sec Tunnel			VJ Comp	pression	💿 On (Off
L2	TP with IPsec Pol	icy None	*	IKE Auth	entication Metho	d	

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Info

The profile name is created automatically by the system. Do not modify any value in such page to avoid VPN error.

A-3 CVM Application - How to upgrade CPE firmware through Vigor3220

Series?

Download the newest firmware from your Draytek website to USB Storage Disk for the device (e.g., Vigor2850) managed by Vigor3220 Series.

Vigor2850, as an example, is chosen for Vigor3220 to perform the CPE firmware upgrade remotely in this case.

- 1. Plug in USB storage disk onto Vigor3220 Series via USB interface. Make sure the USB disk has been installed correctly, otherwise, the firmware upgrade will not be successful.
- 2. Access into web user interface of Vigor3220 Series. Open Central VPN Management>>CPE Management and click the CPE Maintenance tab.

Managed	Devices List	CPE Maintena	nce Google Map		<u>Refresh</u>
Maintena	ance Profile Li	st			Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Device Name	Action	File/Path	Schedule
<u>1.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>2.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>3.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>4.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>5.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>6.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>7.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>8.</u>					0 0 Now
File Exp	olorer	SB Disk Connec	ted eature, you'll have to j	ulue in a UCD Diald	

CVM >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenance

3. Click any index number link, e.g., Index 1.

CVM >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenan

Managed I	Devices List	CPE	Mainten
Maintenar	nce Profile List		
Index	Profile Na	me	Devic
<u>1.</u>			
<u>2.</u>			
<u>3.</u>			
4			

4. The Maintenance profile dialog appears.

Central VPN Management >> CPE Management >> Maintanance Profil	e
----------------------------------------------------------------	---

Profile Name:	V2850
🗷 Enable	
Device Name:	001DAAB61BB8 🔻
Router Name:	
Router Model:	
Action Type:	Firmware Upgrade 🔻
File Path:	Select
Index in <u>Schedule</u> :	0 0
Note: Action and Idle 1	imeout settings will be ignored.
_	
	OK Clear Cancel

In the field of Profile Name, type a name for such maintenance profile; check Enable; and choose the one you want to perform firmware upgrade from Device Name drop down list. From the Action Type, choose Firmware Upgrade. Type the file/path of the newest firmware or click Select to locate it. Specify the Schedule profile. At last, click OK.

5. Now, a new maintenance profile has been created.

CVM >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenance

Managed	Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map		<u>Refresh</u>
Maintena	nce Profile List				Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Device Name	Action	File/Path	Schedule
<u>1.</u>	V2850	00507F7D900	Firmware Upgrade		1 0 Now
<u>2.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>3.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>4.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>5.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>6.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>7.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>8.</u>					0 0 Now
<u>File Exp</u>	olorer	Disk Connecte	ed ire, you'll have to plug in a	a USB Disk!	

- 6. Click Now to perform the firmware upgrade immediately for Vigor2850.
- 7. Wait for several minutes for firmware upgrade.

8. Then check the device information for the managed device if the firmware upgrade is successful or not. Click Managed Devices List.

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map		<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List				
. III				
Kate_local				
192.168.30.12				
S				
	Edit	Delete		
Unmanaged Devices List				
IP Address Mac Add	ress Device Model (Description Nan	ne Location	
		Add		

Click the icon of Vigor2850 and click **Edit** and view the software version. Another way to check if the firmware upgrade is completed or not, simply open **Central VPN** Management>>Log & Alert.

Part V Security





While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet.

CSM is an abbreviation of Central Security Management which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

V-1 Firewall

While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet. Furthermore, it can filter out specific packets that trigger the router to build an unwanted outgoing connection.

Firewall Facilities

The users on the LAN are provided with secured protection by the following firewall facilities:

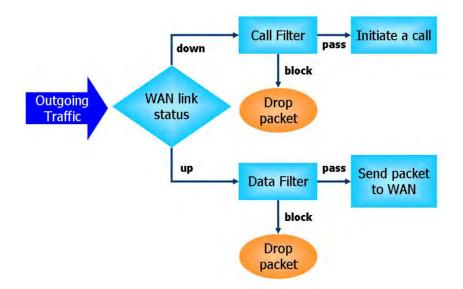
- User-configurable IP filter (Call Filter/ Data Filter).
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI): tracks packets and denies unsolicited incoming data
- Selectable Denial of Service (DoS) /Distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks protection

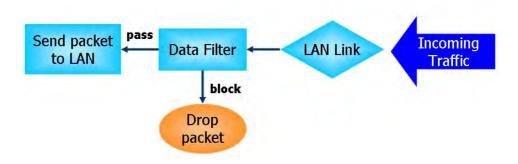
IP Filters

Depending on whether there is an existing Internet connection, or in other words "the WAN link status is up or down", the IP filter architecture categorizes traffic into two: Call Filter and Data Filter.

- Call Filter When there is no existing Internet connection, Call Filter is applied to all traffic, all of which should be outgoing. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass. Then the router shall "initiate a call" to build the Internet connection and send the packet to Internet.
- Data Filter When there is an existing Internet connection, Data Filter is applied to incoming and outgoing traffic. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass the router.

The following illustrations are flow charts explaining how router will treat incoming traffic and outgoing traffic respectively.





Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Stateful inspection is a firewall architecture that works at the network layer. Unlike legacy static packet filtering, which examines a packet based on the information in its header, stateful inspection builds up a state machine to track each connection traversing all interfaces of the firewall and makes sure they are valid. The stateful firewall of Vigor router not only examines the header information also monitors the state of the connection.

Denial of Service (DoS) Defense

The **DoS Defense** functionality helps you to detect and mitigate the DoS attack. The attacks are usually categorized into two types, the flooding-type attacks and the vulnerability attacks. The flooding-type attacks will attempt to exhaust all your system's resource while the vulnerability attacks will try to paralyze the system by offending the vulnerabilities of the protocol or operation system.

The **DoS Defense** function enables the Vigor router to inspect every incoming packet based on the attack signature database. Any malicious packet that might duplicate itself to paralyze the host in the secure LAN will be strictly blocked and a Syslog message will be sent as warning, if you set up Syslog server.

Also the Vigor router monitors the traffic. Any abnormal traffic flow violating the pre-defined parameter, such as the number of thresholds, is identified as an attack and the Vigor router will activate its defense mechanism to mitigate in a real-time manner.

The below shows the attack types that DoS/DDoS defense function can detect:

- 1. SYN flood attack
- 2. UDP flood attack
- 3. ICMP flood attack
- 4. Port Scan attack
- 5. IP options
- 6. Land attack
- 7. Smurf attack
- 8. Trace route

- 9. SYN fragment
- 10. Fraggle attack
- 11. TCP flag scan
- 12. Tear drop attack
- 13. Ping of Death attack
- 14. ICMP fragment
- 15. Unassigned Numbers

Web User Interface

Below shows the menu items for Firewall.



V-1-1 General Setup

General Setup allows you to adjust settings of IP Filter and common options. Here you can enable or disable the Call Filter or Data Filter. Under some circumstance, your filter set can be linked to work in a serial manner. So here you assign the Start Filter Set only. Also you can configure the Log Flag settings, Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets, and Accept incoming fragmented UDP packets.

Click Firewall and click General Setup to open the general setup page.

General Setup Page

Firewall >> General Setup

Such page allows you to enable / disable Call Filter and Data Filter, determine general rule for filtering the incoming and outgoing data.

	Default Rule	
Call Filter	Enable	Start Filter Set Set#1 🔻
D-4- Fill	Disable	
Data Filter	 Enable Disable 	Start Filter Set Set#2 🔻
🗷 Enable Str	,	
	packet from WAN	

Item	Description
Call Filter	Check Enable to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Call Filter.

Data Filter	Check Enable to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Data Filter.
Accept large incoming	Some on-line games (for example: Half Life) will use lots of fragmented UDP packets to transfer game data. Instinctively as a secure firewall, Vigor router will reject these fragmented packets to prevent attack unless you enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets". By checking this box, you can play these kinds of on-line games. If security concern is in higher priority, you cannot enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets".
Enable Strict Security Firewall	For the sake of security, the router will execute strict security checking for data transmission. Such feature is enabled in default. All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall. If the firewall system (e.g., content filter server) does not make any response (pass or block) for these packets, then the router's firewall will block the packets directly.
Block routing packet from WAN	Usually, IPv6 network sessions/traffic from WAN to LAN will be accepted by IPv6 firewall in default. IPv6 - To prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN, check the box to make the packets (routed from WAN to LAN) via IPv6 being blocked by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT. IPv4 - To prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN, check the box to make the incoming packets via IPv4 being blocked by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.

Default Rule Page

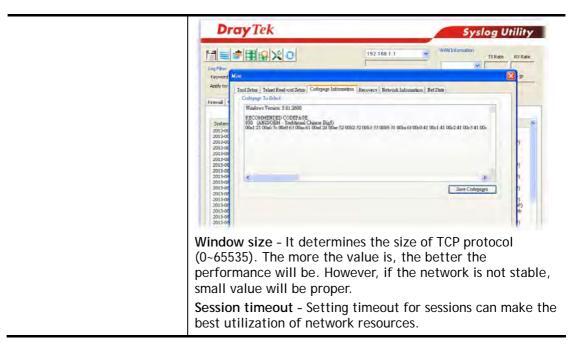
Such page allows you to choose filtering profiles including QoS, Load-Balance policy, WCF, APP Enforcement, URL Content Filter, for data transmission via Vigor router.

Firewall	>>	General	Setup

General Setup	Default Rule			
Actions for defa	ult rule:			
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog	
Filter		Pass 🔻		
Sessions Contr	ol	0 / 102000		
Quality of Servio	<u>:e</u>	None 🔻		
<u>User Managem</u>	<u>ent</u>	None 🔻		
APP Enforceme	<u>ent</u>	None 🔻		
URL Content Filt	er	None 🔻		
Web Content Fil	<u>ter</u>	None 🔻		
DNS Filter		None 🔻		
Advance Setti	ng	Edit		

Item	Description
Filter	Select Pass or Block for the packets that do not match with the filter rules.
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here. Note: When there is no user profile or group profile existed,
	Create New User or Create New Group item will appear for you to click to create a new one.
APP Enforcement	Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by

	checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.				
URL Content Filter	Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.				
Web Content Filter	Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.				
DNS Filter	Select one of the DNS Filter profile settings (created in CSM>>DNS Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or click the DNS Filter link in this page to create a new profile.				
Advance Setting	Click Edit to open the following window. However, it is strongly recommended to use the default settings here.				
	Firewall >> General Setup Advance Setting Codepage ANSI(1252)-Latin I Window size: 65535 Session timeout: 1440				
	OKCloseCodepage - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtain correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.				



After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

V-1-2 Filter Setup

Click Firewall and click Filter Setup to open the setup page.

Firewall >> Filter Setup

Filter Se	tup		Set to Factory Default
Set	Comments	Set	Comments
<u>1.</u>	Default Call Filter	<u>7.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	Default Data Filter	<u>8.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>9.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>10.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>11.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>12.</u>	

To edit or add a filter, click on the set number to edit the individual set. The following page will be shown. Each filter set contains up to 7 rules. Click on the rule number button to edit each rule. Check **Active** to enable the rule.

omments : Defa	Active	1	С	omments		Move Up	Move Down
1			Blo	ck NetBio	s		<u>Down</u>
2						<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
3						<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
4						<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
5						<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
6						<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
7						<u>UP</u>	
						Next Filte	r Set None 🔻

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Filter Rule	Click a button numbered (1 ~ 7) to edit the filter rule. Click the button will open Edit Filter Rule web page. For the detailed information, refer to the following page.
Active	Enable or disable the filter rule.
Comment	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 23-character long.
Move Up/Down	Use Up or Down link to move the order of the filter rules.
Next Filter Set	Set the link to the next filter set to be executed after the current filter run. Do not make a loop with many filter sets.

To edit Filter Rule, click the Filter Rule index button to enter the Filter Rule setup page.

Check to enable the Filter Rule	e	
Comments:	Block NetBios	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	T
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🔻	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block Immediately	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None 🔻	
Sessions Control	0 / 102000	
MAC Bind IP	Non-Strict 🔻	
Quality of Service	None 🔻	
<u>User Management</u>	None 🔻	
APP Enforcement:	None 🔻	
URL Content Filter:	None 🔻	
Web Content Filter:	None 🔻	
DNS Filter	None	

Item	Description			
Check to enable the Filter Rule	Check this box to enable the filter rule.			
Comments	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14- character long.			
Index(1-15)	Set PCs on LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.			
Clear sessions when schedule ON	Check this box to clear the sessions when the above schedule profiles are applied.			
Direction	Set the direction of packet flow. It is for Data Filter only. For the Call Filter, this setting is not available since Call Filter is only applied to outgoing traffic. LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN WAN -> LAN/RT/VPN LAN/RT/VPN -> LAN/RT/VPN LAN/RT/VPN -> LAN/RT/VPN Note: RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet or other LAN.			
Source/Destination IP	Click Edit to access into the following dialog to choose the source/destination IP or IP ranges.			

	P Address Edit - Windows Internet Explorer	
	http://192.168.1.1/doc/ipfipedt.htm	
	IP Address Edit	
	Address Type Any Address	
	Start IP Address 0.0.0.0	
	End IP Address 0.0.0.0	
	Subnet Mask 0.0.0.0	
	Invert Selection	
	IP Group None V	
	or IP Object None Y or IP Object None Y	
	or IP Object None V	
	IPv6 Group None	
	or IPv6 Object None	
	or IPv6 Object None	
	or IPv6 Object None 🗸	
	OK Close	
	Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address a the Address Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, you want to use the IP range from defined groups or object please choose Group and Objects as the Address Type.	, if
	Group and Objects 🔽	
	Any Address	
	Single Address	
	Range Address	
	Subnet Address	
	Group and Objects	
	From the IP Group drop down list, choose the one that you	
	want to apply. Or use the IP Object drop down list to choot the object that you want.	<i>ise</i>
ісе Туре	Click Edit to access into the following dialog to choose a suitable service type.	
	Service Type Edit - Google Chrome	
	🗅 192.168.1.1/doc/ipfstedt.htm	E d le
	Service Type Edit	
	Service Type User defined	
	Protocol TCP/UDP V	
	Source Port = ▼ 137 ~139 Destination Port = ▼ 1 ~65535	
	Service Group None V	
	or Service Object None	14
	or Service Object None 🔻 or Service Object None 🔻	
	OK Close	ed on
		5.0
		e
	To set the service type manually, please choose User	Le:
	defined as the Service Type and type them in this dialog.	
	addition, if you want to use the service type from defined	
	groups or objects, please choose Group and Objects as the	e
	Service Type.	
	Protocol - Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule wil	
	apply to.	
	Source/Destination Port -	
	(=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicate	es
	one port; when the first and last values are different, it	

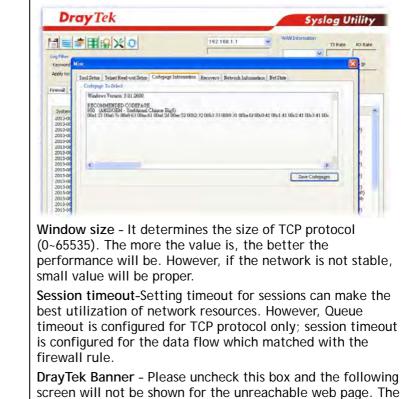
	indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.
	(!=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.
	(>) - the port number greater than this value is available.
	 (<) - the port number less than this value is available for this profile. Service Group/Object - Use the drop down list to choose the one that you want.
Fragments	Specify the action for fragmented packets. And it is used for Data Filter only.
	<i>Don't care -</i> No action will be taken towards fragmented packets.
	Unfragmented - Apply the rule to unfragmented packets.
	Fragmented - Apply the rule to fragmented packets.
	<i>Too Short</i> - Apply the rule only to packets that are too short to contain a complete header.
Filter	Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.
	Block Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.
	Pass Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.
	Block If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.
	Pass If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed through.
Branch to other Filter Set	If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set. Select next filter rule to branch from the drop-down menu. Be aware that the router will apply the specified filter rule for ever and will not return to previous filter rule any more.
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.
MAC Bind IP	 Strict – Make the MAC address and IP address settings configured in IP Object for Source IP and Destination IP are bound for applying such filter rule. No-Strict - no limitation.
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.
	None V None Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in

	User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here. None User Object [Create New User] User Group [Create New Group] ALL Note: When there is no user profile or group profile existed, Create New User or Create New Group item will appear for you to click to create a new one.
APP Enforcement	Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
URL Content Filter	Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
Web Content Filter	Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
DNS Filter	Select one of the DNS Filter profile settings (created in CSM>>DNS Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or click the DNS Filter link from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile.
Advance Setting	Click Edit to open the following window. However, it is strongly recommended to use the default settings here.

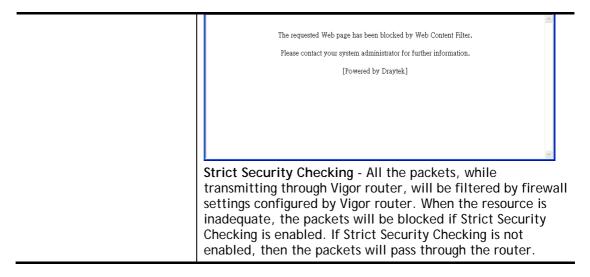
🦻 192.168.1.1/doc/ipfedradv.htm - Google Chro	me	ا	
🗋 192.168.1.1/doc/ipfedradv.htm			୍ କ
Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> E	dit Filter Rule		_
Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Advance Setting Codepage Window size: Session timeout: DrayTek Banner: Strict Security Checking APP Enforcement	ANSI(1252)-Latin I 65535 1440 Ø OK Close	• Minute	

Codepage - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.

If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.



default setting is Enabled.



Example

As stated before, all the traffic will be separated and arbitrated using on of two IP filters: call filter or data filter. You may preset 12 call filters and data filters in **Filter Setup** and even link them in a serial manner. Each filter set is composed by 7 filter rules, which can be further defined. After that, in **General Setup** you may specify one set for call filter and one set for data filter to execute first.

General Setup	Default Rule					
Call Filter	 Enable Desable 	Start Filter Set Set#1 👻				
Data Filter	Enable Disable	Start Filter Set 2 -				
	incoming fragmented U Security Firewall	IDP or ICMP packets { for some	gi Firewall >> Filter Setup			
			Filter Setup		Set to Factory I	Default
			Set Comments		nments	
			1. Default Call Filter	7.		
	OK	Cancel	2 Default Data Filter 3.	<u>8.</u> 9.		
			4	10.		
			5.	11.		
			<u>6.</u>	12.		
Filter Set 1 Comments :			Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter F	une		
Comments : D	Active	Comments Block NetBlos	Filter Set 1 Rule 1	le Block NetBios	1.	
Comments : D	Active		Filter Set 1 Rule 1	le Block NetBios	ĺ	
Comments : E	Active		Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) m <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	le Block NetBios	l	
Comments : [[1] 2] 3] 4	Active		Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Ø Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) m Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON	le Block NetBlos , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,) E	Edit
Comments : E	Active		Fitter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1:15) m Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction:	le Block NetBios 		Edit
Comments : E	Active		Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP:	Ile Block NetBios Elenable LARWRT/VPN -> WAN Any Any	E	
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Comments: Index(1:15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Destination IP: Service 17pe: Fragments:	Ile Block NetBios ,,,,, 	E	Edit
Comments : E	Active		Filter Set 1 Rule 1 C Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Service 1792 Fragments:	Ile Block NetBios Enable LARWRT/VPN -> WAN Any Any TCP/UDP. Port. from 137~139 to any Don't Care	E	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Comments: Index(1:15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Destination IP: Service 17pe: Fragments:	Ie Block NetBios I Enable LARURTIVPN -> WAN Any Any TCP/UDP, Port. from 137~139 to any	E	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Service Type: Fragments: Application	Ile Block: NetBios Enable LARVRTI/VPN -> WAN Any Any TCP/UDP. Port. from 137~139 to any Dont Care Action/Profile	Syslog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Comments: Index(1:15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Destination IP: Service 17pe: Fragments: Application Filter:	Ite Block NetBios Enable LAURTIVPIL-> WAN Any Any Any TCP/UDP, Port. from 137-139 to any Don't Care Care Action/Profile Pass Immediately	Syslog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source 19: Service 19: Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set:	de Block NetBios LAWRT/VPN -> WAN Any Any TCP/UDP. Port. from 137~139 to any Don't Care Action/Profile Pass Immediately	Syslog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Concerts: Comments: Clear sessions when schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source 1P: Service 1792 Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set: Sessions Control	Ite Block NetBios Block NetBios LANURT/VPN -> WAN Any Any Any TCP/UDP. Port. from 137~139 to any Don't Care Pass Immediately Commentioned and the second	Syslog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1	Ile Block NetBios I Enable LARVRTIVPN -> WAN Any Any TCP/UDP, Port. from 137~139 to any Don't Care Action/Profile Pass Immediately Name O / 60000 Non Strict	Sysiog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Comments: Index(1:15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Destination IP: Service 17pe: Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set: Sessions Control MAC Bind IP Quality of Service	Ite Block NetBios Block NetBios LAWRIVPN -> WAN Any Any Any Any Any Any Don't Care Pass Immediately None None None	Sysiog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Ru Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source 19: Destination IP: Service 17941 Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set: Sessions Control MAC Bind IP Quality of Service Load-Balance policy	de Block NetBios LANKTVPN -> WAN Any Any Any Any Dont Care ActionProfile Pass Immediately Manselite None Auto-Select	Syslog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Service IP: Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set: Sessions Control MAC Bind IP Quality of Service Load-Balance policy User Management APP Enforcement: URL Content Filter:	Ie Block NetBios Elenable LAWRIVPN -> WAN Any Any Any Any Don't Care CPUDP, Port, from 137-139 to any Don't Care Action/Profile Pass Immediately None None None None None None	Sysiog	Edit
Comments : E	Active	Diock NetBios	Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Filter Rule Comments: Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON Direction: Source IP: Service Type: Fragments: Application Filter: Branch to Other Filter Set: Sessions Control MAC Bind IP Guality of Service Load-Balance policy User Management APP Enforcement:	Ile Block NetBios Block NetBios LARWRT/VPN -> WAN Any Any Any Any TCP/UDP. Port from 137~139 to any Don't Care Pass Immediately Auto-Select None None None None	Systog	Edit

V-1-3 DoS Defense

As a sub-functionality of IP Filter/Firewall, there are 15 types of detect/ defense function in the **DoS Defense** setup. The DoS Defense functionality is disabled for default.

Click Firewall and click DoS Defense to open the setup page.

Firewall		DeC	defense	Catum
Filewaii	~~	005	defense	Setup

DoS defense Setup				
Enable DoS Defense Select All				
Enable SYN flood defense	Threshold	2000	packets / sec	
	Timeout	10	sec	
Enable UDP flood defense	Threshold	2000	packets / sec	
	Timeout	10	sec	
Enable ICMP flood defense	Threshold	250	packets / sec	
	Timeout	10	sec	
Enable Port Scan detection	Threshold	2000	packets / sec	
Block IP options	🔲 Block TCP flag	scan	-	
Block Land	🔲 Block Tear Dro	•		
Block Smurf	Block Ping of Death			
Block trace route	Block ICMP fragment			
Block SYN fragment	🔲 Block Unassigi	ned Numb	ers	
Block Fraggle Attack				
			11	

OK Clear All Cancel

Item	Description		
Enable Dos Defense	Check the box to activate the DoS Defense Functionality.		
Select All	Click this button to select all the items listed below.		
Enable SYN flood defense	Check the box to activate the SYN flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the TCP SYN packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent TCP SYN packets for a period defined in Timeout. The goal for this is prevent the TCP SYN packets' attempt to exhaust the limited-resource of Vigor router. By default, the threshold and timeout values are set to 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.		
Enable UDP flood defense	Check the box to activate the UDP flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the UDP packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent UDP packets for a period defined in Timeout. The default setting for threshold and timeout are 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be		

	paused for 10 seconds.
Enable ICMP flood defense	Check the box to activate the ICMP flood defense function. Similar to the UDP flood defense function, once if the Threshold of ICMP packets from Internet has exceeded the defined value, the router will discard the ICMP echo requests coming from the Internet. The default setting for threshold and timeout are 250 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 250 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable PortScan detection	Port Scan attacks the Vigor router by sending lots of packets to many ports in an attempt to find ignorant services would respond. Check the box to activate the Port Scan detection. Whenever detecting this malicious exploration behavior by monitoring the port-scanning Threshold rate, the Vigor router will send out a warning. By default, the Vigor router sets the threshold as 2000 packets per second. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event".
Block IP options	Check the box to activate the Block IP options function. The Vigor router will ignore any IP packets with IP option field in the datagram header. The reason for limitation is IP option appears to be a vulnerability of the security for the LAN because it will carry significant information, such as security, TCC (closed user group) parameters, a series of Internet addresses, routing messagesetc. An eavesdropper outside might learn the details of your private networks.
Block Land	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router to defense the Land attacks. The Land attack combines the SYN attack technology with IP spoofing. A Land attack occurs when an attacker sends spoofed SYN packets with the identical source and destination addresses, as well as the port number to victims.
Block Smurf	Check the box to activate the Block Smurf function. The Vigor router will ignore any broadcasting ICMP echo request.
Block trace route	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router not to forward any trace route packets.
Block SYN fragment	Check the box to activate the Block SYN fragment function. The Vigor router will drop any packets having SYN flag and more fragment bit set.
Block Fraggle Attack	Check the box to activate the Block fraggle Attack function. Any broadcast UDP packets received from the Internet is blocked. Activating the DoS/DDoS defense functionality might block some legal packets. For example, when you activate the fraggle attack defense, all broadcast UDP packets coming from the Internet are blocked. Therefore, the RIP packets from the Internet might be dropped.
Block TCP flag scan	Check the box to activate the Block TCP flag scan function. Any TCP packet with anomaly flag setting is dropped. Those scanning activities include <i>no flag scan</i> , <i>FIN without ACK</i>

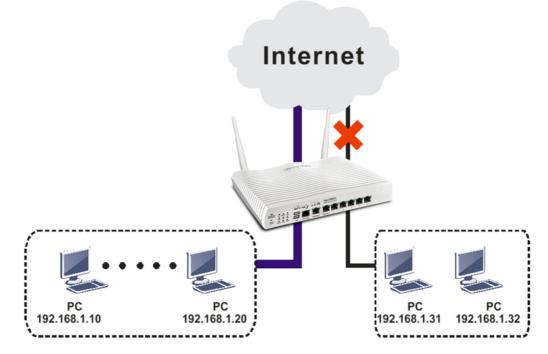
	scan, SYN FINscan, Xmas sc	an and full Xmas scan.	
Block Tear Drop	Check the box to activate the Block Tear Drop function. Many machines may crash when receiving ICMP datagrams (packets) that exceed the maximum length. To avoid this type of attack, the Vigor router is designed to be capable of discarding any fragmented ICMP packets with a length greater than 1024 octets.		
Block Ping of Death	This attack involves the per packets to the target hosts	he Block Ping of Death function. rpetrator sending overlapping so that those target hosts will t the packets. The Vigor routers zing this attacking activity.	
Block ICMP Fragment	Check the box to activate t function. Any ICMP packets dropped.	he Block ICMP fragment with more fragment bit set are	
Block Unassigned Numbers	datagram header to indicate the upper layer. However, 100 are reserved and undefi	the Block Unknown Protocol tet has a protocol field in the e the protocol type running over the protocol types greater than ined at this time. Therefore, the o detect and reject this kind of	
Warning Messages	from Vigor router. The user, the report sending from Vig Client. All the warning messages re sent to user and user can re	elated to DoS Defense will be eview it through Syslog daemon. n the message, followed by a	
	SysLog / Mail Alert Setup SysLog Access Setup Syslog Save to: Syslog Save to: Syslog Server USB Disk Router Name Server IP Address Destination Port 514 Mail Syslog Enable Enable syslog message: Firewall Log WAN Log WAN Log Router/DSL information AlertLog Setup Enable	Mail Alert Setup Image: Enable Send a test e-mail SMTP Server SMTP Server SMTP Port 25 Mail To Server Return-Path Server Authentication Server User Name Server Password Server Enable E-Mail Alert: Ø DOS Attack Im.P2P Ø VPN LOG	
	AlertLog Port 514 Note: 1. Mail Syslog cannot be activated unless U 2. Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its		

System ime Router ime Notes States	Damer	1.			
Constant Constan	Dray Tel	2K			Syslog Utilit
Show Syday Lat Show Syd	Apply to:	×	Refresh	LAN Information TX Packats RX Parkets	TX Rate RX Re
System time Router Time Host Message 2013-04-20 11:537-4 Aug 2013:5350 Vgen-router [Doc][doc][friggle_stics][0.0.00/040-2255;255;255;255;255;255;255;255;255;25	and the second se	and the second se			
System Time Router Time Host Hessage 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010:5705 Woor-voole DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [0:0.00.064-2055; 25:355:570; JCP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010:55105 Woor-voole DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [0:0.00.064-2055; 25:355:550; 25:255:570; JCP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010:55105 Woor-voole DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [1:2; 100, 1.10; 474 = 575; 255; 557; 5597] (LOP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010:55105 Woor-voore DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [1:2; 100, 1.10; 474 = 575; 255; 557; 5597] (LOP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010:55105 Woor voore DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [1:2; 100, 1.10; 474 = 575; 255; 557; 5597] (LOP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-20 (15:574) Aug 2010; 55105 Woor voore DOG [Jeod [Tragde, strad] [1:2; 100, 1.10; 474 = 575; 255; 557; 5597] (LOP [Titen=20; Iten=576] 2013-04-2011; 21:3514 Aug 2010; 25510; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2010; 2	IP Filter Log CSMLog De	Defense Lug		et al garage	
2013-04/01 11:2197 Aug 2012/5207 Speriodze Dozblad Tragge stas (2010/04/522, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25, 25,					2 Percer
	2013-00-20 11:53:47 2013-00-20 11:53:47 2013-00-20 11:53:46 2013-08-28 11:53:46 2013-08-28 11:53:49	Aug 20 03:53:05 Aug 20 03:53:05 Aug 20 03:53:05 Aug 20 03:53:03 Aug 28 03:53:02	Vigor-router Vigor-router Vigor-router Vigor-router	[DOS][Bock][Fraggle_attack][0.0.0008->255. [DOS][Bock][Fraggle_attack][0.0.0008->255. [DOS][Bock][Fraggle_attack][192.160.1.10.474 [DOS][Bock][Fraggle_attack][10.0.0068->255.	255.255.255:67TUOPTHten=20, 1Len=576] + >255.255.255.255:9997TUOPTHten=20, 1 255.255.255:67TUOPTHten=20, Tuon=576]

Application Notes

A-1 How to Configure Certain Computers Accessing to Internet

We can specify certain computers (e.g., $192.168.1.10 \sim 192.168.1.20$) accessing to Internet through Vigor router. Others (e.g., 192.168.1.31 and 192.168.1.32) outside the range can get the source from LAN only.



The way we can use is to set two rules under Firewall. For Rule 1 of Set 2 under Firewall>>Filter Setup is used as the default setting, we have to create a new rule starting from Filter Rule 2 of Set 2.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Open Firewall>>Filter Setup. Click the Set 2 link and choose the Filter Rule 2 button.

Firewall >> Filter Setup

ъ			Set t	o Factory Default
	Comments	Set	Comments	6
		<u>7.</u>		
Default Data Fi	lter	<u>8.</u>		
		_		
		<u>12.</u>		
	Filter]		
Rule Activ	e	Comments	Move Up	Move Down
∠		xNetBios -> DNS		Down
			<u>UP</u>	Down
			UP	<u>Down</u>
			UP	Down
	Default Call Filt Default Data Filt > Filter Setup >> E 2 s: Default Data Rule Activ 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Comments Default Call Filter Default Data Filter Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set S: Default Data Filter Rule Active	Comments Set Default Call Filter 7. Default Data Filter 8. 9. 10. 10. 11. 12. 12.	Comments Set Comments Default Call Filter 7. Default Data Filter 8. 9. 10. 10. 11. 12. 12. *> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set Move Up * ×NetBios -> DNS UP UP

3. Check the box of Check to enable the Filter Rule. Type the comments (e.g., block_all). Choose Block If No Further Match for the Filter setting. Then, click OK.

	Firewall >> Edit	Filter	Set >>	Edit	Filter	Rule
--	------------------	--------	--------	------	--------	------

🗹 Check to enable the Filter Ru	ule	
Comments:	block_all	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🐱	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block If No Further Match 💌	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None 💌	
Sessions Control	0 / 60000	

Info

In default, the router will check the packets starting with Set 2, Filter Rule 2 to Filter Rule 7. If Block If No Further Match for is selected for Filter, the firewall of the router would check the packets with the rules starting from Rule 3 to Rule 7. The packets not matching with the rules will be processed according to Rule 2.

- 4. Next, set another rule. Just open Firewall>>Filter Setup. Click the Set 2 link and choose the Filter Rule 3 button.
- 5. Check the box of Check to enable the Filter Rule. Type the comments (e.g., open_ip). Click the Edit button for Source IP.

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule

- Sot 2 Rule 3		
🗹 Check to enable the Filter R	Rule	
Comments:	open_ip	
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup		
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🔽	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block Immediately 💙	
Branch to Other Filter Set	None	

6. A dialog box will be popped up. Choose Range Address as Address Type by using the drop down list. Type 192.168.1.10 in the field of Start IP, and type 192.168.1.20 in the field of End IP. Then, click OK to save the settings. The computers within the range can access into the Internet.

Address Type	Range Address 🛛 👻
Start IP Address	192.168.1.10
End IP Address	192.168.1.20
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Invert Selection	
IP Group	None 💌
or <u>IP Object</u>	None 🔽
or IP Object	None 🔽
or IP Object	None 💌
IPv6 Group	None 💌
or <u>IPv6 Object</u>	None 💌
or IPv6 Object	None 🔽
or IPv6 Object	None 🔽

Now, check the content of Source IP is correct or not. The action for Filter shall be set 7. with Pass Immediately. Then, click OK to save the settings.

🗹 Check to enable the Filter Rul	e	
Comments:	open_ip	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	192.168.1.10~192.168.1.20	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 💌	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Pass Immediately	

8. Both filter rules have been created. Click OK.

Firewall >> Filte	er Setup >>	Edit Filter Set
-------------------	-------------	-----------------

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule

Filter Rule	Active	Comments	Move Up	Move Down
1		xNetBios -> DNS		Down
2		block_all	UP	Down
3		open_ip	UP	Down
4			UP	Down
5			UP	Down
6			UP	Down
7			UP	
			Next Filter	Set None

Now, all the settings are configured well. Only the computers with the IP addresses within 192.168.1.10 ~ 192.168.1.20 can access to Internet.

V-2 CSM(Central Security Management)

CSM is an abbreviation of Central Security Management which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

APP Enforcement Filter

As the popularity of all kinds of instant messenger application arises, communication cannot become much easier. Nevertheless, while some industry may leverage this as a great tool to connect with their customers, some industry may take reserved attitude in order to reduce employee misusage during office hour or prevent unknown security leak. It is similar situation for corporation towards peer-to-peer applications since file-sharing can be convenient but insecure at the same time. To address these needs, we provide CSM functionality.

URL Content Filter

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with URL Content Filter not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine URL Content Filter as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, URL Content Filter can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

Web Content Filter

We all know that the content on the Internet just like other types of media may be inappropriate sometimes. As a responsible parent or employer, you should protect those in your trust against the hazards. With Web filtering service of the Vigor router, you can protect your business from common primary threats, such as productivity, legal liability, network and security threats. For parents, you can protect your children from viewing adult websites or chat rooms.

Once you have activated your Web Filtering service in Vigor router and chosen the categories of website you wish to restrict, each URL address requested (e.g.www.bbc.co.uk) will be checked against our server database. This database is updated as frequent as daily by a global team of Internet researchers. The server will look up the URL and return a category to your router. Your Vigor router will then decide whether to allow access to this site according to the categories you have selected. Please note that this action will not introduce any delay in your Web surfing because each of multiple load balanced database servers can handle millions of requests for categorization.



The priority of URL Content Filter is higher than Web Content Filter.

Web User Interface

Objects Setting
CSM
APP Enforcement Profile
APPE Signature Upgrade
URL Content Filter Profile
Web Content Filter Profile
DNS Filter Profile

V-2-1 APP Enforcement Profile

You can define policy profiles for IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer)/Protocol/Misc application. This page allows you to set 32 profiles for different requirements. The APP Enforcement Profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

APP Enforcement License [Status:Not Activated]

APP Enforc	ement Profile Table:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
Name	Display the name of the APP Enforcement Profile.

Click the number under Index column for settings in detail.

There are four tabs IM, P2P, Protocol and Others displayed on this page. Each tab will bring out different items with supported versions that you can choose to disallow people using.

Activate

Below shows the items which are categorized under IM.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile				
Profile Inde	ex : 1	Profile Name	:	
IM		P2P	Protocol	OTHERS
Select	t All	Clear All		
				IM
Enable	A	PP Name	Version	Note
Adv		AIM	5.9	
		AIM	8	Only block Login. If users have already logged in, AIM services can not be blocked.
		AliWW	2008	
		Ares	2.0.9	
	1	BaiduHi	37378	
		Fetion	2010	
	GaduG	adu Protocol		
	Go	ogle Chat		
		ICQ	7	In ICQ6, if Videos are blocked, Voices will be blocked at the same time. In ICQ5 or former versions, Videos and Voices can be blocked separately.
		ICU2	8.0.6	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Select All	Click it to choose all of the items in this page.
Clear All	Uncheck all the selected boxes.
Enable	Check the box to select the APP to be blocked by Vigor router.
Adv	A button under Enable check box allows you to open a pop up window to specify activity for that APP.

The profiles configured here can be applied in the Firewall>>General Setup and Firewall>>Filter Setup pages as the standard for the host(s) to follow.

V-2-2 APPE Signature Upgrade

The APPE Enforcement Profile adopted by Vigor router will be treated as the APPE signature. DrayTek will periodically upgrade versions for all of the APPs supported by Vigor router. However, it might be inconvenient for users to upgrade the APP version one by one. This feature is specially designed to offer a quick method to execute APP version upgrade. Users can perform the APPE signature upgrade manually or configure the settings on this page to make Vigor router performing the APPE signature automatically.

CSM >> APPE Signature Upgrade

APP Enforcement License [Status:Not Activated]		Activate
Upgrade Setting APPE Module Version: 5.1 Upgrade via interface: auto-sel	ected V	New version from the Internet: Download (Waiting for WAN connection)
Signature authentication		Find more age wure failed. System will use APPE default
signature.	-	

Upgrade Manually	Import		
Upgrade Automatically			
Scheduled Update			
every:	1 (hour)	00 🔻 (minutes afte	er the hour)
Daily:	0 🔻 (hour)	00 🔻 (minute)	
O Weekly:	Sunday 🔹 (day)	0 🔻 (hour)	00 🔻 (minute)
		OK	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Upgrade Setting	APPE Module Version - Display current version status of APPE signature.	
	New version from the Internet - Download button is available only when Vigor router detects new APPE version. After clicking it, a dialog will appear with information added to such new version. Click OK to exit the dialog and start the signature upgrade. Upgrade via interface - Choose one of the WAN interfaces as a channel for APPE signature upgrade.	
Setup Download Server	Specify the download server by typing the URL of the server located. Or you can click <u>Find more</u> link to search the one you want. Signature authentication/download message - Display the status of APPE Signature Upgrade.	
Upgrade Manually	Import - Click this button to open the following page. Press Choose File to locate the signature file which downloaded	

	from MyVigor portal or FTP server previously. Then, click Upgrade and wait for the system completing the process.	
	<mark>5</mark> Signature Upload - 楓樹瀏覽器	
	المراجع (/vigor2925.ubddns.org:9443/doc/appesigupload.htm	Q 😗 🖓
	Select a signature file. Choose File Click Upgrade to upload the file. Upgrade Cancel	
Upgrade Automatically	Scheduled Update - Check the box to make Vigor router upgrading the APPE signature based on the schedule configured here.	

After finishing all the settings, please click OK to save the configuration.

V-2-3 URL Content Filter Profile

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with URL Content Filter not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine URL Content Filter as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, URL Content Filter can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

For example, if you add key words such as "sex", Vigor router will limit web access to web sites or web pages such as "www.sex.com", "www.backdoor.net/images/sex/p_386.html". Or you may simply specify the full or partial URL such as "www.sex.com" or "sex.com".

Also the Vigor router will discard any request that tries to retrieve the malicious code.

Click CSM and click URL Content Filter Profile to open the profile setting page.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

URL Content	Filter Profile Table:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	

Administration Message (Max 255 characters)

<body><center>
The requested Web page has been blocked by URL Content Filter.Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>

OK

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
Name	Display the name of the URL Content Filter Profile.
Administration Message	You can type the message manually for your necessity. Default Message - You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message.

You can set eight profiles as URL content filter. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

Profile Name:			
Priority:	Both : Pass	🖌 Log:	None 💌
1.URL Access	Control		
Enab	le URL Access Control	Prevent w	eb access from IP address
Actio	n:	Group/Objec	t Selections
Pass	~		Edit
2.Web Feature			
🗌 Enab	le Restrict Web Feature		
Actio	n:		
Pass	🕑 🗌 Cookie 🔲 Proxy	Upload File Ex	tension Profile: None 👻
1			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item Description

2

Default Message

Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Priority	 It determines the action that this router will apply. Both: Pass - The router will let all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below passing through. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive. Both:Block -The router will block all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive. Either: URL Access Control First - When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for web feature first, then URL second.
	Both : Pass Both : Pass Both : Block Either : URL Access Control First Either : Web Feature First
Log	None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile. Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog. Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog. All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog. None Pass Block
URL Access Control	 Enable URL Access Control - Check the box to activate URL Access Control. Note that the priority for URL Access Control is higher than Restrict Web Feature. If the web content match the setting set in URL Access Control, the router will execute the action specified in this field and ignore the action specified under Restrict Web Feature. Prevent web access from IP address - Check the box to deny any web surfing activity using IP address, such as http://202.6.3.2. The reason for this is to prevent someone dodges the URL Access Control. You must clear your browser cache first so that the URL content filtering facility operates properly on a web page that you visited before. Action - This setting is available only when Either : URL Access Control First or Either : Web Feature First is

	selected.			
		essing into the corresponding webpa Is listed on the box below.		
	webpage with the If the web pages	ccessing into the corresponding e keywords listed on the box below. do not match with the keyword set rocessed with reverse action.		
		fy the object profile(s) as the ill be processed in an opposite man above.		
	frames for users to def multiple keywords. The noun, or a complete U frame are separated b addition, the maximal long. After specifying k the connection request matched to any user-d	ons - The Vigor router provides sever ine keywords and each frame support e keyword could be a noun, a partia RL string. Multiple keywords within y space, comma, or semicolon. In length of each frame is 32-character keywords, the Vigor router will decl t to the website whose URL string efined keyword. It should be notice ed the blocking keyword list is, the gor router performs.		
	Object/Group Edit			
	Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 👻		
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Object	None 👻		
	or Keyword Group	None 🛩		
	or Keyword Group	None 🛩		
	or Keyword Group	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Group	None 🛩		
	or Keyword Group	None 🛩		
	or Keyword Group	None 🗸		
	or Keyword Group	None 🛩		
	or Keyword Group	None 🗸		
		OK Close		
Web Feature	Enable Restrict Web F keyword being blocked	eature - Check this box to make the or passed.		
		available only when Either: URL r Either: Web Feature First is		
		 Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. 		
	webpage with the If the web pages	ccessing into the corresponding e keywords listed on the box below. do not match with the specified it will be processed with reverse		
	Cookie - Check the box	x to filter out the cookie transmissi world to protect the local user's		

 Proxy - Check the box to reject any proxy transmission. To control efficiently the limited-bandwidth usage, it will be of great value to provide the blocking mechanism that filters out the multimedia files downloading from web pages. Upload - Check the box to block the file upload by way of web page.
File Extension Profile - Choose one of the profiles that you configured in Object Setting>> File Extension Objects previously for passing or blocking the file downloading.
File Extension Profile: None None 1-image

After finishing all the settings, please click OK to save the configuration.

V-2-4 Web Content Filter Profile

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using Service Activation Wizard, by means of CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile or via System Maintenance>>Activation.

Service Activation Wizard allows you to use trial version of WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com.

However, if you use the Web Content Filter Profile page to activate WCF feature, it is necessary for you to access into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com. Therefore, you need to register an account on http://myvigor.draytek.com for using corresponding service. Please refer to section of creating MyVigor account.

WCF adopts the mechanism developed and offered by certain service provider (e.g., DrayTek). No matter activating WCF feature or getting a new license for web content filter, you have to click **Activate** to satisfy your request. Be aware that service provider matching with Vigor router currently offers a period of time for trial version for users to experiment. If you want to purchase a formal edition, simply contact with the channel partner or your dealer.

Click **CSM** and click **Web Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page. The default setting for Setup Query Server /Setup Test Server is **auto-selected**. You can choose another server for your necessity by clicking **Find more** to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable one.

()	
Info 1	Web Content Filter (WCF) is not a built-in service of Vigor router but a service powered by Commtouch. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer/distributor for detailed information.
Info 2	Commtouch is merged by Cyren, and GlobalView services will be continued to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:
	http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/commtouch-is-now-cyren-239 025151.html



Web-Filter License Activate [Status:Not Activated] Setup Query Server auto-selected Find more Setup Test Server <u>Find more</u> auto-selected Web Content Filter Profile Table: Set to Factory Default Profile Profile Name Name Default <u>1.</u> <u>5.</u> <u>2.</u> <u>6.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>7.</u> <u>4.</u> <u>8.</u> Cache : L1 + L2 Cache 🔻 Administration Message (Max 255 characters) Default Message <body><center>

>
>to %URL%
>the requested Web page
> from %SIP%
>to %URL%
>that is categorized with %CL%
has been blocked by %RNAME% Web Content Filter.Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body> Legend: %SIP% - Source IP , %DIP% - Destination IP , %URL% - URL %CL% - Category , %RNAME% - Router Name

ΟK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Activate	Click it to access into MyVigor for activating WCF service.	
Setup Query Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. You need to specify a server for categorize searching when you type URL in browser based on the web content filter profile.	
Setup Test Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected.	
Find more	Click it to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable server.	
Set to Factory Default	Click this link to retrieve the factory settings.	
Default Message	You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message.	
Cache	 None - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF precisely, however, the processing rate is normal. Such item can provide the most accurate URL matching. L1 - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the URL has been accessed previously, it will be stored in the router to be accessed quickly if required. Such item can provide accurate URL matching with faster rate. 	
	L2 - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the data has been accessed previously, the IP addresses of source and destination IDs will be memorized for a short time (about 1 second) in the router. When the user tries to access the same destination ID, the router will	

check it by comparing the record stored. If it matches, the page will be retrieved quickly. Such item can provide URL matching with the fastest rate.
L1+L2 Cache - the router will check the URL with fast processing rate combining the feature of L1 and L2.

Eight profiles are provided here as Web content filters. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page. The items listed in Categories will be changed according to the different service providers. If you have and activate another web content filter license, the items will be changed simultaneously. All of the configuration made for web content filter will be deleted automatically. Therefore, please backup your data before you change the web content filter license.

CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile

Profile Index: 1			
Profile Name: Defaul	t		Log: Block 🔻
Black/White List			
Enable			
Action: Block T		Group/Object Selections	Edit
Action: Block T			
Groups	Categories		
Child Protection Select All Clear All	 Alcohol & Tobacco Hate & Intolerance Porn & Sexually School Cheating Child Abuse Images 	 ✓ Criminal Activity ✓ Illegal Drug ✓ Violence ✓ Sex Education 	 ✓ Gambling ✓ Nudity ✓ Weapons ✓ Tasteless
Leisure Select All Clear All	 Entertainment Travel 	Games Leisure & Recreation	 Sports Fashion & Beauty
Business Select All Clear All	🗆 Business	🗆 Job Search	🗆 Web-based Mail
Chating Select All Clear All	🗆 Chat	🔲 Instant Messaging	
Computer-Internet	Anonymizers	Forums & Newsgroups	

Available	settings ar	e explained	as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Log	None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile. Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog. Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog. All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog. Block None Pass Block All
Black/White List	Enable - Activate white/black list function for such profile. Group/Object Selections - Click Edit to choose the group or

	object profile as the content of white/black list. Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.
	Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.
Action	Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.
	Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.
	If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

V-2-5 DNS Filter Profile

The DNS Filter monitors DNS queries on UDP port 53 and will pass the DNS query information to the WCF to help with categorizing HTTPS URL's.

DNS can be specified in LAN>>General Setup by using the server (e.g., 168.95.1.1) on router or external DNS server (e.g., 8.8.8.8). If the router server is used, DNS Filter General Setting will be applied to DNS query from clients on LAN. However, if the external DNS server is used, DNS Filter Profile will be applied to DNS query coming from clients on LAN.

0				
nfo		nse must be activated	profile to filter the pa I first. Otherwise, DNS	
CSM >> DNS Filte	ſ			
DNS Filter Profile	e Table		Set to Factory Def	ault
Profile <u>1.</u> <u>2.</u> <u>3.</u>	Name	Profile <u>5.</u> <u>6.</u> <u>7.</u>	Name	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>		
DNS Filter Local	Setting			
DNS Filte Syslog <u>WCF</u> <u>UCF</u>	9 F	■ Enable None ▼ None ▼ None ▼		
Enable E	lock Page	✓ Enable		
Administration N	lessage (Max 255 characte	ers)	Default Message	
is categorize	> >br> >br> >d with %CL% has been dministrator for further	blocked by %RNAME% DNS	*SIP% to %URL% Filter.Please contact	that
Legend: %SIP% - Sourc %CL% - Categ	,	r Name		
		OK Cancel		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
DNS Filter Profile Table	It displays a list of different DNS filter profiles (with specified WCF and UCF).
	Click the profile link to open the following page. Then, type the name of the profile and specify WCF/UCF based on your requirement.
DNS Filter Local Setting	DNS Filter Local Setting will be applied to DNS query from clients on LAN when router's DNS server is used.
	DNS Filter - Check Enable to enable such feature.
	Syslog - The filtering result can be recorded according to the setting selected for Syslog.

	 None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.
	• Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.
	 Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.
	 All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.
	WCF- Set the filtering conditions.
	UCF - Set the filtering conditions.
	Enable Block Page - If such function is enabled, when DNS packets are blocked by DNS filter, a web page containing the description listed on Administration Message will be shown on the screen.
Administration Message	Type the words or sentences which will be displayed when a web page is blocked by Vigor router.

After finishing all the settings, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save the configuration.

Application Notes

A-1 How to Create an Account for MyVigor

The website of MyVigor (a server located on http://myvigor.draytek.com) provides several useful services (such as Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter, Anti-Intrusion, and etc.) to filtering the web pages for the sake of protecting your system.

To access into MyVigor for getting more information, please create an account for MyVigor.

Create an Account via Vigor Router

1. Click CSM>> Web Content Filter Profile. The following page will appear.

Neb-Filter License [Status:Not Activated	d]		<u>Activat</u>
Setup Query Server	auto-selected		Find more
Setup Test Server	auto-selected		Find more
Web Content Filter Prof	file Table:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>	Default	<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	
· ····································			Carbo - 14 - 12 Carbo -
Administration Messag	je (Max 255 character	rs) Default Messa	age Cache : L1 + L2 Cache 🔻
-			
%SIP% - Source IP,	%DIP% - Destinati %RNAME% - Router I		- URL
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category ,		Name	- URL
%CL% - Category ,		Name OK	
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , %	%RNAME% - Router I ntenance>>Activati	ion to open the fe	
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , Pr lick System Main	%RNAME% - Router I ntenance>>Activati	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , Iick System Main ystem Maintenance >> Veb-Filter License	%RNAME% - Router I htenance>>Activati	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , lick System Main ystem Maintenance >> Veb-Filter License Status:Not Activated	%RNAME% - Router I htenance>>Activati > Activation	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , Ir lick System Main ystem Maintenance >> Veb-Filter License	%RNAME% - Router I htenance>>Activati > Activation	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , lick System Main ystem Maintenance >> Veb-Filter License Status:Not Activated	%RNAME% - Router I htenance>>Activati > Activation	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.
%SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category , lick System Main ystem Maintenance >> Veb-Filter License Status:Not Activated	%RNAME% - Router I htenance>>Activati > Activation	ion to open the fe	ollowing page.

2. Click the Activate link. A login page for MyVigor web site will pop up automatically.

	Please take a moment to register. Membership Registration entitles you to upgrade firmware for your purchased product and receive news about upcoming products and services!
LOGIN	
UserName : Password :	
Auth Code :	t x x h d d
	If you cannot read the word, <u>click here</u>
	Forgotten password? Login
Don't have a M	IyVigor Account ? Create an account now
L	

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service. Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

- 3. Click the link of Create an account now.
- 4. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click Accept.



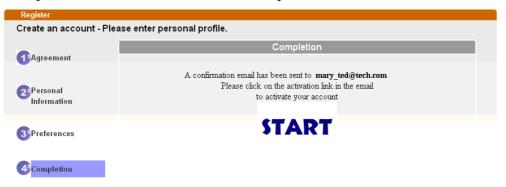
5. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

	Account Informati	ion	
Agreement	UserName:*	Mary	Check Account
		(3 - 20 characters)	
	Password:*		
Personal		(4 - 20 characters : Do not set th	he same as the username.)
Information	Confirm Password:*		
	Personal Informat	ion	
Preferences	First Name:*	Mary	
	Last Name:*	Ted	
Completion	Company Name:	Tech Ltd.	
	Email Address:*	mary_ted@tech.com	
		Please note that a valid E-mail need this code to activate your a	address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will account.
	Tel:	0 -	
	Country:*	SWITZERLAND	~
	Career.*	Supervisor	

6. Choose proper selection for your computer and click Continue.

Register		
Create an account - F	Please enter personal profile.	
	How did you find out about this website?	Internet 💌
U rigroomonik	What kind of anti-virus do you use?	AntiVir
2 Personal	I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.	
Information	l would like to receive DrayTek product news.	
3 Preferences	Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail.	Global Server
Completion		<< Back Continue >>

7. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



8. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation** Letter from myvigor.draytek.com.

***** This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com.*****

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : Activate my Account

9. Click the Activate my Account link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click Login.

Register	Search for this site GO
Register Confirm	
	Thank for your register in VigorPro Web Site The Register process is completed
	Close Login

10. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of UserName and Password.

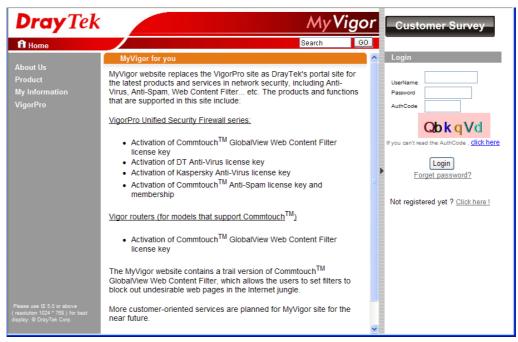
	Please take a moment to register. Membership Registration entitles you to upgrade firmware for your purchased product and receive news about upcoming products and services!
LOGIN	
UserName :	Mary
Password :	••••
Auth Code :	T4he1C T4he1C
	If you cannot read the word, <u>click here</u>
	Forgotten password? Login
Don't have	a MyVigor Account ? Create an account now

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service. Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

11. Now, click Login. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

Create an Account via MyVigor Web Site

1. Access into http://myvigor.draytek.com. Find the line of Not registered yet?. Then, click the link Click here! to access into next page.



2. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click Accept.



3. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

	Account Informati	ion
Agreement	UserName:*	Mary Check Account
	occurrante.	(3 ~ 20 characters)
Personal	Password:*	••••
Information		(4 ~ 20 characters : Do not set the same as the username.)
internation	Confirm Password:*	
	Personal Informat	tion
3 Preferences	First Name:*	Mary
	Last Name:*	Ted
Completion	Company Name:	Tech Ltd.
	Email Address:*	mary_ted@tech.com
		Please note that a valid E-mail address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will need this code to activate your account.
	Tel:	0 -
	Country:*	SWITZERLAND
	Career:*	Supervisor

4. Choose proper selection for your computer and click Continue.

Register		
Create an account - F	Please enter personal profile.	
	How did you find out about this website?	Internet
U iground	What kind of anti-virus do you use?	AntiVir
2 Personal	I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.	✓
Information	I would like to receive DrayTek product news.	
3 Preferences	Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail.	Global Server 💌
Completion		<< Back Continue >>

5. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.

Register	
Create an account - Ple	ease enter personal profile.
	Completion
Agreement	Completion
22Personal Information	A confirmation email has been sent to mary_ted@tech.com Please click on the activation link in the email to activate your account
3Preferences	START
Completion	

6. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation** Letter from myvigor.draytek.com.

***** This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com.*****

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

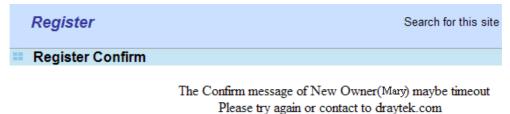
Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : Activate my Account

7. Click the Activate my Account link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click Login.

Close

Login



8. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**. Then type the code in the box of Auth Code according to the value displayed on the right side of it.

		stration entitles y d product and re	/ou to upgrade firmware eceive news about
LOGIN			
UserName :	Mary		
Password :	••••		
Auth Code :	T4he1C	T4he1C	
	If you cannot read the word	, <u>click here</u>	
	Forgotten password?	Login	
Don't have a l	MyVigor Account ?	Create an acco	unt now

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service. Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

Now, click Login. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

A-2 How to Block Facebook Service Accessed by the Users via Web Content Filter / URL Content Filter

There are two ways to block the facebook service, Web Content Filter and URL Content Filter. Web Content Filter,

Benefits: Easily and quickly implement the category/website that you want to block. Note: License is required.

URL Content Filter,

Benefits: Free, flexible for customize webpage.

Note: Manual setting (e.g., one keyword for one website.)

I. Via Web Content Filter

1. Make sure the Web Content Filter (powered by Commtouch) license is valid.

Dray Tek	Vigor 3220	Series			
off ▼ 1₽,6		CSM >> Web Content Filter F	Profile		0
Load-Balance/Route Policy NAT Hardware Acceleration	•	Web-Filter License [Status:Not Activated]			Activate
Firewall		Setup Query Server	auto-selected		Find more
User Management Objects Setting		Setup Test Server	auto-selected		Find more
CSM APP Enforcement Profile		Web Content Filter Profile Ta	able:		Set to Factory Default
APPE Signature Upgrade URL Content Filter Profile		Profile	Name	Profile	Name
Web Content Filter Profile		<u>1.</u>	Default	<u>5.</u>	
DNS Filter Profile		<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
Bandwidth Management Applications		<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
VPN and Remote Access		<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	
Certificate Management Central VPN Management		Administration Message	(Max 255 characters)	Default Message	Cache : L1 + L2 Cache 🔻
Central AP Management Wireless LAN SSL VPN USB Application System Maintenance			L% has been blocke	d by %RNAME% Web Co	<pre>SIP% to %URL% that ntent Filter.Please tter></pre>
Diagnostics External Devices Support Area			DIP% - Destination IP RNAME% - Router Name	, %URL% - URL	
Product Registration				ОК	
All Rights Reserved.					

2. Open CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile to create a WCF profile. Check Social Networking with Action, Block.

-Balance/Route Policy	Black/White List Enable Action: Block V	(Sroup/Object Selections	Edit
rdware Acceleration ewall	Action: Block V			
er Management	Groups	Categories		
iects Setting M PEnforcement Profile PPE Signature Upgrade N. Content Filter Profile eb Content Filter Profile	Select All Clear All	 ✓ Alcohol & Tobacco ✓ Hate & Intolerance ✓ Porn & Sexually ✓ School Cheating ✓ Child Abuse Images 	 ✓ Criminal Activity ✓ Illegal Drug ✓ Violence ✓ Sex Education 	 ✓ Gambling ✓ Nudity ✓ Weapons ✓ Tasteless
IS Filter Profile ndwidth Management plications	Select All	Entertainment	Games Leisure & Recreation	 Sports Fashion & Beauty
N and Remote Access tificate Management ntral VPN Management tiral AP Management	Business Select All Clear All	🗆 Business	🗆 Job Search	🗆 Web-based Mail
reless LAN L VPN B Application stem Maintenance	Chating Select All Clear All	Chat	🔲 Instant Messaging	
ernal Devices	Clear All	 Download Sites Search Engine,Portals Malware 	- Bounets	Phishing & Fraud Spam Sites Hacking
oduct Registration		🗆 Illegal Software	Information Security	🗆 Peer-to-Peer
All Rights Reserved.	Select All Clear All	 Adv & Pop-Ups Compromised Finance News 	 Arts Dating & Personals Government Non-profits & NGOs 	 Transportation Education Health & Medicine Personal Sites

3. Enable this profile in Firewall>>General Setup>>Default Rule.

Off • IR6	Firewall >> General Setup		
	General Setup		
WAN LAN			
Load-Balance/Route Policy	General Setup Default Rule		
NAT	General Setup Default Rule		
Hardware Acceleration			
Firewall General Setup	Actions for default rule:		
Filter Setup	Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
DoS Defense	Filter	Pass 🔻	
User Management	Sessions Control	0 / 102000	
Objects Setting	Quality of Service	None V	
CSM Bandwidth Management	User Management	None T	
Applications		140116	
VPN and Remote Access	APP Enforcement	140116	
Certificate Management	URL Content Filter	None 🔻	
Central VPN Management Central AP Management	Web Content Filter	None 🔻	
Wireless LAN	DNS Filter	None	
SSL VPN		[Create New]	
USB Application	Advance Setting	1-Default	
System Maintenance			
Diagnostics External Devices			
External Devices			
	L		
Support Area		OK Cancel	
Product Registration			

4. Next time when someone accesses facebook via this router, the web page would be blocked and the following message would be displayed instead.

The requested Web page from 192.168.2.114 to www.facebook.com/ that is categorized with [Social Networking] has been blocked by Web Content Filter.

Please contact your system administrator for further information.

[Powered by DrayTek]

II. Via URL Content Filter

A. Block the web page containing the word of "Facebook"

- 1. Open Object Settings>>Keyword Object. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 2. In the field of **Contents**, please type *facebook*. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Name	Facebook
Contents	facebook
	Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.
	You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out
	Result:
	1. backdoor
	2. virus
	3. keep out

- 3. Open CSM>>URL Content Filter Profile. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 4. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

Profile Name:	Facebook
Priority:	Either : URL Access Control First 👻 Log: None 💌
1.URL Access	s Control
🗹 Enal	ble URL Access Control
Acti	on: Group/Object Selections
Block	Facebook Edit
2.Web Featu	re
Enal	ble Restrict Web Feature
Actio	on:
Pass	Cookie Proxy Upload <u>File Extension Profile:</u> None 💙

5. When you finished the above steps, click OK. Then, open Firewall>>General Setup.

6. Click the **Default Rule** tab. Choose the profile just configured from the drop down list in the field of **URL Content Filter**. Now, users cannot open any web page with the word "facebook" inside.

I Setup			
General Setup	Default Rule	í	
Actions for defa	ult rule:		
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter		Pass 🛩	
Sessions Contr	ol	0 / 60000	
Quality of Serv	ice	None 😽	
Load-Balance	oolicy	Auto-Select 💌	
User Management		None 💌	
APP Enforcement		None 🗸	
URL Content Fi	lter	1-Facebook	
Web Content F	ilter	None 🖌	
Advance Setti	ng	Edit	

B. Disallow users to play games on Facebook

- 1. Open **Object Settings>>Keyword Object**. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 2. In the field of **Contents**, please type *apps.facebook*. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup

Profile Index : 2	
Name	facebook-apps
Contents	apps.facebook
	Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.
	You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out
	Result: 1. backdoor 2. virus 3. keep out
	OK Clear Cancel

- 3. Open CSM>>URL Content Filter Profile. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 4. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Firewall >> General Setup

Profile Index: 2	
Profile Name:	face.apps
Priority:	Either : URL Access Control First 👻 Log: None 💌
1.URL Acces	s Control
🗹 Ena	ble URL Access Control
Act	on: Group/Object Selections
Bloc	k 💙 facebook
2.Web Featu	re
🗌 Ena	ble Restrict Web Feature
Acti	on:
Pass	🛛 🕐 🗌 Cookie 🗌 Proxy 📄 Upload <u>File Extension Profile:</u> None 💌
Pase	Cookie Proxy Upload <u>File Extension Profile</u> : None

- 5. When you finished the above steps, please open Firewall>>General Setup.
- 6. Click the **Default Rule** tab. Choose the profile just configured from the drop down list in the field of URL Content Filter. Now, users cannot open any web page with the word "facebook" inside.

General Setup	Default Rule			
Actions for defa	ault rule:			
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog	
Filter		Pass 💌		
Sessions Contr	ol	0 / 60000		
Quality of Serv	ice	None 💌		
Load-Balance	policy	Auto-Select 💌		
<u>User Managem</u>	ent	None 💌		
APP Enforceme	<u>ent</u>	None 🗸		
URL Content Fi	ilter	2-face.apps 💙		
Web Content F	<u>ilter</u>	None 💌		
Advance Setti	20	Edit		

Part VI Management



There are several items offered for the Vigor router system setup: System Status, TR-069, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog /Mail Alert, Time and Date, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade and Activation.

It is used to control the bandwith of data transmission through configuration of Sessions Limit, Bandwidth Limit, and Quality of Servie (QoS).

It is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password.

VI-1 System Maintenance

For the system setup, there are several items that you have to know the way of configuration: System Status, TR-069, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog /Mail Alert, Time and Date, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade, Activation and Internal Service User List.

Below shows the menu items for System Maintenance.

System Maintenance System Status TR-069 Administrator Password User Password Login Page Greeting Configuration Backup SysLog / Mail Alert Time and Date SNMP Management Reboot System Firmware Upgrade Activation Internal Service User List

Web User Interface

VI-1-1 System Status

The **System Status** provides basic network settings of Vigor router. It includes LAN and WAN interface information. Also, you could get the current running firmware version or firmware related information from this presentation.

System Status

Model Name	: Vigor 3220n				
irmware Version	: vigoi 5220n : 3.8.2				
Build Date/Time	: Sep 30 2015 14:5	6:03			
		LAN			
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS
LAN1	00-1D-AA-00-00-00	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	Yes	8.8.8.8
LAN2	00-1D-AA-00-00-00	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	Yes	8.8.8.8
IP Routed Subnet	00-1D-AA-00-00-00	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	Yes	8.8.8.8
		Wireless LAN			
MAC Address	Frequency Domain	[/] Firmwa	re VersionSSID		
00-1D-AA-00-0		3.0.3.2	DrayT	ek	
		WAN			
Link Status		Connec	tion IP Addres	s Default Gat	eway
WAN1 Disconnecte					
WAN2 Disconnecte					
WAN3 Disconnecte					
WAN4 Disconnecte					
WAN5 Disconnecte	ed 00-1D-AA-00-00-	-05			
		IPv6			
Address LAN FE80::21D:A	AFF:FE00:0/64	Scop Link	e Internet Ac	cess Mode	

User Mode is OFF now.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Model Name	Display the model name of the router.		
Firmware Version	Display the firmware version of the router.		
Build Date/Time	Display the date and time of the current firmware build.		
LAN	 MAC Address Display the MAC address of the LAN Interface. IP Address Display the IP address of the LAN interface. Subnet Mask Display the subnet mask address of the LAN interface. DHCP Server Display the current status of DHCP server of the LAN interface DNS Display the assigned IP address of the primary DNS. 		

WAN	Link Status
	- Display current connection status.
	MAC Address
	- Display the MAC address of the WAN Interface.
	Connection
	- Display the connection type.
	IP Address
	- Display the IP address of the WAN interface.
	Default Gateway
	- Display the assigned IP address of the default gateway.
IPv6	Address - Display the IPv6 address for LAN.
	Scope - Display the scope of IPv6 address. For example, IPv6 Link Local could only be used for direct IPv6 link. It can't be used for IPv6 internet.
	Internet Access Mode - Display the connection mode chosen for accessing into Internet.

VI-1-2 TR-069

This device supports TR-069 standard. It is very convenient for an administrator to manage a TR-069 device through an Auto Configuration Server, e.g., VigorACS.

ACS Server On	Internet	۲				
ACS Server						
URL	http://vigoracs.draytek.com/ACSServer/services/AC{ Wizard					
Username	alpha					
Password						
	Test With	n Infe	orm Ever	nt Co	de	
	PERIODI				T	
Last Inform Response	Time :Thu	Au	g 7 10:27	7:16	201	4 🧶
CPE Client						
Disable						
Enable						
Http Http Http Https URL Https						
Port	8069					
Username						7
Password	vigor					_
ic Inform Settings						
 Disable 						
 Disable Enable 						
		900)	sec	ond	(s)
Settings			-			
Oisable						
 Enable 						
Server Address						
Server Port			3478			
Minimum Keep Alive Period			60		seco	ond(s)
Maximum Keep Alive Period			-1		seco	ond(s)
Settings to APs						
Settings to APs Disable						
-		_				

System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
ACS Server On	Choose the interface for the router connecting to ACS server.
ACS Server	URL/Username/Password - Such data must be typed according to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) you want to link. Please refer to Auto Configuration Server user's manual for detailed information.
	Test With Inform - Click it to send a message based on the event code selection to test if such CPE is able to communicate with VigorACS SI server.
	Event Code - Use the drop down menu to specify an event to perform the test.
	Last Inform Response Time - Display the time that VigorACS server made a response while receiving Inform message from CPE last time.
CPE Client	Such information is useful for Auto Configuration Server. Enable/Disable - Allow/Deny the CPE Client to connect with

	Auto Configuration Server.
	Port - Sometimes, port conflict might be occurred. To solve such problem, you might change port number for CPE.
	Username and Password - Type the username and password that VigorACS can use to access into such CPE.
Periodic Inform Settings	The default setting is Enable . Please set interval time or schedule time for the router to send notification to CPE. Or click Disable to close the mechanism of notification.
STUN Settings	The default is Disable . If you click Enable , please type the relational settings listed below:
	Server IP - Type the IP address of the STUN server.
	Server Port - Type the port number of the STUN server.
	Minimum Keep Alive Period - If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the minimum period. The default setting is "60 seconds".
	Maximum Keep Alive Period - If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the maximum period. A value of "-1" indicates that no maximum period is specified.
Apply Settings to APs	This feature is able to apply TR-069 settings (including STUN and ACS server settings) to all of APs managed by Vigor2925 at the same time.
	Disable - Related settings will not be applied to VigorAP.
	Enable - Above settings will be applied to VigorAP after clicking OK to save the configuration. If such feature is enabled, you have to type the password for accessing VigorAP.
	• AP Password - Type the password of the VigorAP that you want to apply Vigor2925's TR-069 settings.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

VI-1-3 Administrator Password

This page allows you to set new password.

System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup

Administrator Password	
Old Password	
New Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Note: Password can contain only	a-z A-Z O-9 , ; : . " < > * + = \ ? @ # ^ ! ()

Administrator Local User

🔲 Local User		
Local User List		
Index User Name		*
		-
Specific User		
User Name:		
Password:	Confirm Password:	
	Add Edit Delete	
💌 Enable 'Admin' Login From W	an	

Administrator LDAP Setting

	-
🔲 Enable LDAP/A	D login for Admin users
🕑 Enable 'Admin'	Login From Wan
LDAP Server Profile	S
	rd1
	shrd

Note: Please select 'Admin' from group select box on login UI.

0K

Item	Description
Administrator Password	Old Password - Type in the old password. The factory default setting for password is "admin".
	New Password -Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 23 characters.
	Confirm Password -Type in the new password again.
Administrator Local User	The administrator can login web user interface of Vigor router to modify all of the settings to fit the requirements. This feature allows other user in LAN who can access into the web user interface with the same privilege of the administrator.
	Local User - Check the box to enable the local user configuration.
	Local User List - It displays the username of the local user.
	User Name - Give a user name for the local user.

	Password - Type the password for the local user.
	Confirm Password - Type the password again for confirmation.
	Add - After typing the user name and password above, simply click it to create a new local user. The new one will be shown on the Local User List immediately.
	Edit - If the username listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and modify it on the field of User Name. Later, click Edit to update the information.
	Delete - If the local user listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and click Delete to remove it.
	Enable Admin Login From Wan - The default setting is enabled. It can ensure that any user is able to successfully accesses into web user interface of Vigor router through Internet by username/password of "admin/admin".
Administrator LDAP Setting	Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users - If it is enabled, any user can access into the web user interface of Vigor router through the LDAP server authentication.
	Enable Admin Login From Wan - The default setting is enabled. It can ensure that any user is able to successfully accesses into web user interface of Vigor router through Internet by username/password of "admin/admin".
	LDAP Server Profiles - Available profiles will be displayed here under the link of LDAP Profile Setup.
	LDAP Profile Setup - It allows you to create a new LDAP profile.

When you click $\mathbf{OK},$ the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

VI-1-4 User Password

This page allows you to set new password for user operation.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password

Set to Factory Default

Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Note: 1.Password can contain or	nlv a-z A-Z O-9 . : : . " < > * + = \ ? @ # ^ ! ()

2.Password can't be only *.Example:'*' or '**' or '***' is illegal, but '123*' or '*45' is OK.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable User Mode for simple web configuration	After checking this box, you can access into the web user interface with the password typed here for simple web configuration.
	The settings on simple web user interface will be different with full web user interface accessed by using the administrator password.
Password	Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 31 characters.
Confirm Password	Type in the new password again.
Set to Factory Default	Click to return to the factory default setting.

When you click OK, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

Below shows an example for accessing into User Operation with User Password.

- 1. Open System Maintenance>>User Password.
- 2. Check the box of Enable User Mode for simple web configuration to enable user mode operation. Type a new password in the field of New Password and click OK.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password		Set to Factory Default
Password	•••••	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	•••••	(Max. 23 characters allowed)

Note: 1.Password can contain only a-z A-Z O-9 , ; : . " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

2.Password can't be only *.Example:'*' or '**' or '***' is illegal, but '123*' or '*45' is OK.

OK

3. The following screen will appear. Simply click OK.

System Maintenance >> User Password		
Active Configuration		
Password	. ******	

4. Log out Vigor router web user interface by clicking the Logout button.



5. The following window will be open to ask for username and password. Type the new user password in the filed of **Password** and click **Login**.

Dray Tek	Vigor3220 Series
Login	
Username	
Password	•••••
	Login
Copyrigh	nt © 2015 DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.

6. The main screen with User Mode will be shown as follows.

Logout 🔻 IR6	Dashboa	rd				
board ds e Status cations	Vigo	or3220n NN Security Router	ACT WEAN VPN LOBI WANT WANS I BA Factory LIBB WANE WANE	Currante Car		
ess LAN m Maintenance ostics	Model Na Router N Firmware		Cun Buil		5 6 Thu 16:50:5 015 14:56:03	Quick Access System Status Dynamic DNS
	IPv4 Int	ernet Access Line/Mode	IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time	
	WAN1	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-01	00:00:00	
	WAN2	Ethernet / PPPoE	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-02	00:00:00	
		Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-03	00:00:00	
	WAN3					
	WAN4	Ethernet /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-04	00:00:00	
	WAN4 WAN5	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-00-00-04 00-1D-AA-00-00-05	00:00:00	
Rights Reserved.	WAN4	USB / e Connected : 0, Connected : 0,		00-1D-AA-00-00-05		

Settings to be configured in User Mode will be less than settings in Admin Mode. Only basic configuration settings will be available in User Mode.



Setting in User Mode can be configured as same as in Admin Mode.

VI-1-5 Login Page Greeting

When you want to access into the web user interface of Vigor router, the system will ask you to offer username and password first. At that moment, the background of the web page is blank and no heading will be displayed on the Login window. This page allows you to specify login URL and the heading on the Login window if you have such requirement.

System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting

Login Page Greeting

🔲 Enable		
Login Page Title	Router Login	(31 char max.)
Welcome Message ar	nd Bulletin (Max 511 characters)	Preview Set to Factory Default
message is displa with your own mes HTML so lists suc		· · · ·
	9 Message and Bulletin: ered>Welcome Message </th <th>b></th>	b>

OK	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable the login customization function.
Login Page Title	Type a brief description (e.g., Welcome to DrayTek) which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog.
Welcome Message and Bulletin	Type words or sentences here. It will be displayed for bulletin message. In addition, it can be displayed on the login dialog at the bottom. Note that do not type URL redirect link here.
Preview	Click it to display the preview of the login window based on the settings on this web page.
Set to Factory Default	Click to return to the factory default setting.

Below shows an example of login customization with the information typed in Login Description and Bulletin.

🖉 Yigor Login Page - Windows Internet Explorer	
http://192.168.1.1/weblogin.htm	
Just for Carrie Username Password Group Copyright@, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved. Username DrayTek	
This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message.	
 The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used 	

VI-1-6 Configuration Backup

Such function can be used to apply the router settings configured by Vigor2820/ Vigor2830/ Vigor2850 to Vigor3220.

Backup the Configuration

Follow the steps below to backup your configuration.

1. Go to **System Maintenance** >> **Configuration Backup**. The following page will be popped-up, as shown below.

System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup

Configuration Backup / Restoration
Restore
Restore settings from a configuration file.
Choose File
Click Restore to upload the file.
Restore
Backup
Back up the current settings into a configuration file.
Backup

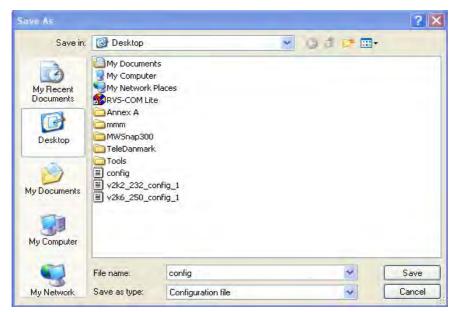
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Restore	Choose File - Click it to specify a file to be restored. Click Restore to restore the configuration.
Backup	Click it to perform the configuration backup of this router.

2. Click **Backup** button to get into the following dialog. Click **Save** button to open another dialog for saving configuration as a file.

File Do	wnload 🔀
?	You are downloading the file: config.cfg from 192,168.1.1 Would you like to open the file or save it to your computer? Open Save Cancel More Info I Always ask before opening this type of file

3. In Save As dialog, the default filename is config.cfg. You could give it another name by yourself.



4. Click **Save** button, the configuration will download automatically to your computer as a file named **config.cfg**.

The above example is using **Windows** platform for demonstrating examples. The **Mac** or **Linux** platform will appear different windows, but the backup function is still available.

()	
Info	Backup for Certification

Backup for Certification must be done independently. The Configuration Backup does not include information of Certificate.

Restore Configuration

1. Go to **System Maintenance** >> **Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.

System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup

Restore	
Re	estore settings from a configuration file.
С	hoose File
Cli	ick Restore to upload the file.
	Restore
Backup	
Ba	ack up the current settings into a configuration file.
	Backup

- 2. Click **Choose File** button to choose the correct configuration file for uploading to the router.
- 3. Click **Restore** button and wait for few seconds, the following picture will tell you that the restoration procedure is successful.

VI-1-7 Syslog/Mail Alert

SysLog function is provided for users to monitor router.

System	Maintenance	>>	SvsLog /	Mail	Alert Set	up

SysLog / Mail Alert Setup			
SysLog Access Setup		Mail Alert Setup	
🗹 Enable		🗖 Enable	Send a test e-mail
Syslog Save to:		SMTP Server	
Syslog Server 🗍 USB Disk		SMTP Port	25
	DrayTek	Mail To	
Server IP Address	braj tok	Return-Path	
	F44	Use SSL	
[514	Authentication	
Mail Syslog	🔲 Enable	Username	
Enable syslog message:		Password	
 Firewall Log VPN Log 		Enable E-Mail Alert:	
🗹 VPN LOG 🗹 User Access Log		DoS Attack	
WAN Log		APPE	
Router/DSL informa	ation	VPN LOG	
AlertLog Setup		APPE Signature	
Enable			
AlertLog Port	514		
Note: 1. Mail Syslog cannot	t he activated unless USB	Disk is ticked for "Syston 9	Save to"

Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its size reaches 1M Bytes.
 We only support secured SMTP connection on port 465.

OK	Clear

Item	Description
SysLog Access Setup	Enable - Check Enable to activate function of syslog.
	Syslog Save to - Check Syslog Server to save the log to Syslog server.
	Check USB Disk to save the log to the attached USB storage disk.
Router Name	Display the name for such router configured in System Maintenance>>Management.
	If there is no name here, simply lick the link to access into System Maintenance>>Management to set the router name.
	Server IP Address - The IP address of the Syslog server.
	Destination Port - Assign a port for the Syslog protocol.
	Mail Syslog - Check the box to recode the mail event on Syslog.
	Enable syslog message - Check the box listed on this web page to send the corresponding message of firewall, VPN, User Access, Call, WAN, Router/DSL information to Syslog.
AlertLog Setup	Check Enable to activate function of alert log.
	AlertLog Port - Type the port number for alert log. The

	default setting is 514.
Mail Alert Setup	Check Enable to activate function of mail alert.
	Send a test e-mail - Make a simple test for the e-mail address specified in this page. Please assign the mail address first and click this button to execute a test for verify the mail address is available or not.
	SMTP Server/SMTP Port - The IP address/Port number of the SMTP server.
	Mail To - Assign a mail address for sending mails out.
	Return-Path - Assign a path for receiving the mail from outside.
	Use SSL - Check this box to use port 465 for SMTP server for some e-mail server uses https as the transmission method.
	Authentication - Check this box to activate this function while using e-mail application.
	User Name - Type the user name for authentication.
	Password - Type the password for authentication.
	Enable E-mail Alert - Check the box to send alert message to the e-mail box while the router detecting the item(s) you specify here.

Click OK to save these settings.

For viewing the Syslog, please do the following:

- 1. Just set your monitor PC's IP address in the field of Server IP Address
- 2. Install the Router Tools in the **Utility** within provided CD. After installation, click on the **Router Tools>>Syslog** from program menu.



3. From the Syslog screen, select the router you want to monitor. Be reminded that in **Network Information**, select the network adapter used to connect to the router. Otherwise, you won't succeed in retrieving information from the router.

Dray Tek				Syslog Ut	
	172.16.3	130 🗸	WAN Inform	nation TX Rate	RX R
lter				✓	
vord Mise					IP
y to: Tool Setup Telnet Read-out Setup	Codepage Information Recovery N	etwork Information	Net State		
all V Host Name	carrie-0c7cb251				
NIC Description At	heros AR8121/AR8113/AR8114 PCI-E E	thernet Controller - P	acket Schedul 🔽		
stem NIC Information		On Line Routers			
MAC Address	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79	IP Address	Mask	MAC	
IP Address	192.168.1.10 💌	192.168.1.5	255.255.25	00-50-7F-CD-0	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0				
DNS Servers	8.8.4.4 8.8.8.8				
Default Geteway	192.168.1.5				
DHCP Server	192.168.1.5				Ŀ
Lease Obtained	Tue Aug 27 00:04:10 2013				
Lease Expires	Fri Aug 30 00:04:10 2013			Refresh	
			ОК	Cancel	
)		-

VI-1-8 Time and Date

It allows you to specify where the time of the router should be inquired from.

System Maintenance >> Time and Date

Current System Time	2000 Jan 6 Thu 17 : 15 : 44	Inquire Time
Time Setup		
🔍 Use Browser Time		
🖲 Use Internet Time		
Time Server	pool.ntp.org	
Priority	Auto 🔻	
Time Zone	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time	: Dublin 🔹
Enable Daylight Saving	Advanced	
Automatically Update Int	erval 30 min 🔻	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Current System Time	Click Inquire Time to get the current time.	
Use Browser Time	Select this option to use the browser time from the remote administrator PC host as router's system time.	
Use Internet Time	Select to inquire time information from Time Server on the Internet using assigned protocol.	
Time Server	Type the web site of the time server.	
Priority	Choose Auto or IPv6 First as the priority.	
Time Zone	Select the time zone where the router is located.	
Enable Daylight Saving	Check the box to enable the daylight saving. Such feature is available for certain area. Advanced - Click it to open a pop up dialog. Daylight Saving Advanced © Default Start: Yearly on March last Sun End: Yearly on October last Sun Date Range Start: Year ♥ Month ♥ Day ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly Month ♥ Day ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On January ♥ First ♥ Sunday ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On January ♥ First ♥ Sunday ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On January ♥ First ♥ Sunday ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On January ♥ First ♥ Sunday ♥ 00:00 ♥ Use the default time setting or set user defined time for your requirement.	
Automatically Update Interval	Select a time interval for updating from the NTP server.	

Click OK to save these settings.

VI-1-9 SNMP

This page allows you to configure settings for SNMP and SNMPV3 services.

The SNMPv3 is more secure than SNMP through the encryption method (support AES and DES) and authentication method (support MD5 and SHA) for the management needs.

System Maintenance >> SNMP

NMP Setup				
🗹 Enable SNMP Agent				
Get Community		public		
Set Community		private		
Manager Host IP(IPv4)	Index	IP	Subnet Mask	:
	1			¥
	2			•
	З			•
Manager Host IP(IPv6)	Index	:	(Pv6 Address	/ Prefix Length
	1			/0
	2			/0
	З			/0
Trap Community		public		
Notification Host IP(IPv4)	Index	IP		
	1			
	2			
Notification Host IP(IPv6)	Index	:	IPv6 Address	
	1			
	2			
Trap Timeout		10		
🔲 Enable SNMPV3 Agent				
USM User				
Auth Algorithm		No Auth 🔻		
Auth Password				
Privacy Algorithm		No Priv 🔻		
Privacy Password				

Item	Description
Enable SNMP Agent	Check it to enable this function.
Get Community	Set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. The default setting is public . The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.
Set Community	Set community by typing a proper name. The default setting is private. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.
Manager Host IP (IPv4)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.

Manager Host IP (IPv6)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv6 address to specify certain host.
Trap Community	Set trap community by typing a proper name. The default setting is public . The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.
Notification Host IP (IPv4)	Set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
Notification Host IP (IPv6)	Set the IPv6 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
Trap Timeout	The default setting is 10 seconds.
Enable SNMPV3 Agent	Check it to enable this function.
USM User	USM means user-based security mode.
	Type a username which will be used for authentication. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.
Auth Algorithm	Choose one of the encryption methods listed below as the authentication algorithm. No Auth Mo No Auth MD5 SHA SHA
Auth Password	Type a password for authentication. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.
Privacy Algorithm	Choose one of the methods listed below as the privacy algorithm. No Priv No Priv DES AES
Privacy Password	Type a password for privacy. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.

Click OK to save these settings.

VI-1-10 Management

This page allows you to manage the settings for Internet/LAN Access Control, Access List from Internet, Management Port Setup, TLS/SSL Encryption Setup, CVM Access Control and Device Management.

The management pages for IPv4 and IPv6 protocols are different.

VI-1-10-1 IPv4 Management Setup

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup IPv6 Management Setup LAN Access Setup Router Name DrayTek **Management Port Setup** Default:Disable Auto-Logout 🖲 User Define Ports 🔍 Default Ports Enable Validation Code in Internet/LAN Access Telnet Port 23 (Default: 23) Note: IE8 and below version does NOT support HTTP Port 80 (Default: 80) DrayOS CAPTCHA auth code. HTTPS Port 443 (Default: 443) Internet Access Control FTP Port 21 (Default: 21) Allow management from the Internet TR069 Port 8069 (Default: 8069) Domain name allowed 22 SSH Port (Default: 22) FTP Server HTTP Server TLS/SSL Encryption Setup HTTPS Server Enable SSL 3.0 🖉 Telnet Server **CVM Access Control** TR069 Server 8000 CVM Port (Default: 8000) SSH Server Disable PING from the Internet CVM SSL Port 8443 (Default: 8443) Access List from the Internet Device Management index in List IP / Mask Respond to external device IP Object 1 2 З 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

OK

Item	Description
Router Name	Type in the router name provided by ISP.
Default: Disable Auto-Logout	If it is enabled, the function of auto-logout for web user interface will be disabled.

	Off For Contract The web user interface will be open until you click the Logout icon manually.
Internet Access Control	Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify. Disable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to reject all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.
Access List from the Internet	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. List index in <u>IP Object</u> - Type the index number of the IP object profile. Related IP with Subnet Mask will appear automatically.
Management Port Setup	User Define Ports - Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, TR-069 and SSH servers. Default Ports - Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.
TLS/SSL Encryption Setup	Enable SSL 3.0 - Check the box to enable the function of SSL 3.0 if required. Due to security consideration, the built-in HTTPS and SSL VPN server of the router had upgraded to TLS1.x protocol. If you are using old browser(eg. IE6.0) or old SmartVPN Client, you may still need to enable SSL 3.0 to make sure you can connect, however, it's not recommended.
CVM Access Control	CVM Port - Check the box to enable such port setting. CVM SSL Port - Check the box to enable such port setting.
Device Management	Check the box to enable the device management function for Vigor3220. Respond to external device - If it is enabled, Vigor3220 will be regarded as slave device. When the external device (master device) sends request packet to Vigor3220, Vigor3220 would send back information to respond the request coming from the external device which is able to manage Vigor3220.

After finished the above settings, click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the configuration.

VI-1-10-2 IPv6 Management Setup

IPv4 Management Se	etup	IPv6 Management Setup	LAN Access Setup
Management Access Co	ontrol		
Allow management fr	om the Inter	net	
🔲 Telnet Serve	er (Port : 23)	
🔲 HTTP Server	(Port : 80)		
🔲 HTTPS Serve	er (Port : 44	3)	
🔲 SSH Server ((Port : 22)		
🗹 Disable PING from	n the Interne	t	
1 2 3			
2 3 4			
2 3 4 5			
2			

ΟK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Management Access Control	Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.
	Enable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to enable all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is disabled by default.
Access List	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.
	Index in <u>IP Object</u> - Type the index number of the IP object profile. Related IP address will appear automatically.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

VI-1-10-3 LAN Access Control

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup		jement Setup	LAN Access Set
Allow management from LAI	N		
FTP Server			
HTTP Server			
HTTPS Server			
🗹 Telnet Server			
🗹 SSH Server			
Apply To Subnet	In	dex in <u>IP Object</u>	_
🗹 LAN1			
🖉 LAN2]
🖉 LAN3]
🖉 LAN4]
🖉 LANS]
🗹 LAN6			
🗹 LAN7			
🗹 LAN8			
🗹 DMZ			
🗹 IP Routed Subnet			

Note: If an IP Object is specified in a LAN Subnet, the setting will be applied to the selected IP only.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Allow management from LAN	Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from LAN interface. There are several servers provided by the system which allow you to manage the router from LAN interface. Check the box(es) to specify.
Apply To Subnet	Check the LAN interface for the administrator to use for accessing into web user interface of Vigor router. Index in <u>IP Object</u> - Type the index number of the IP object profile. Related IP address will appear automatically.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the configuration.

2

VI-1-11 Reboot System

The Web user interface may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** from **System Maintenance** to open the following page.

System Maintenance >> Reboot System

Reboot System
Do you want to reboot your router ?
 Using current configuration Using factory default configuration
Reboot Now Auto Reboot Time Schedule
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,
Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.
OK Cancel

Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for performing system reboot. All the schedules can be set previously in **Applications** >> **Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

If you want to reboot the router using the current configuration, check Using current configuration and click Reboot Now. To reset the router settings to default values, check Using factory default configuration and click Reboot Now. The router will take 5 seconds to reboot the system.



Info

When the system pops up Reboot System web page after you configure web settings, please click Reboot Now to reboot your router for ensuring normal operation and preventing unexpected errors of the router in the future.

VI-1-12 Firmware Upgrade

Download the newest firmware from DrayTek's web site or FTP site. The DrayTek web site is www.DrayTek.com (or local DrayTek's web site) and FTP site is ftp.DrayTek.com.

Click System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade to launch the Firmware Upgrade Utility.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

Web Firmware Upgrade

Select a firmware file. Select Click Upgrade to upload the file. Upgrade

TFTP Firmware Upgrade from LAN

Current Firmware Version: 3.8.2_RC6

Firmware Upgrade Procedures:

- 1. Click "OK" to start the TFTP server.
- 2. Open the Firmware Upgrade Utility or other 3-party TFTP client software.
- 3. Check that the firmware filename is correct.
- 4. Click "Upgrade" on the Firmware Upgrade Utility to start the upgrade.
- 5. After the upgrade is compelete, the TFTP server will automatically stop running.

Do you want to upgrade firmware ? OK

Note:Upgrade using the ALL file will retain existing router configuration, whereas using the RST file will reset the configuration to factory defaults.

Choose the right firmware by clicking **Select**. Then, click **Upgrade**. The system will upgrade the firmware of the router automatically.

Click OK. The following screen will appear. Please execute the firmware upgrade utility first.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade



For the detailed information about firmware update, please go to Chapter 5.

VI-1-13 Activation

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using Service Activation Wizard, by means of CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile or via System Maintenance>>Activation.

After you have finished the setting profiles for WCF (refer to Web Content Filter Profile), it is the time to activate the mechanism for your computer.

Click **System Maintenance**>>**Activation** to open the following page for accessing http://myvigor.draytek.com.

System Maintenance >> Activation	Activate via interface : auto-selected 🔻	
Web-Filter License	Activate	
[Status:Not Activated]		
Authentication Message		

Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the <u>SysLog/Mail Alert Setup</u> page. If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.

OK	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Activate via Interface	Choose WAN interface used by such device for activating Web Content Filter.
Activate	The Activate link brings you accessing into www.vigorpro.com to finish the activation of the account and the router.
Authentication Message	As for authentication information of web filter, the process of authenticating will be displayed on this field for your reference.

Below shows the successful activation of Web Content Filter:

System Maintenance >> Activation Activate via interface : a	auto-selected
-------------------------------------------------------------	---------------

Web-Filter License

Activate

•

[Status:Commtouch] [Start Date:2011-03-28 Expire Date:2011-04-27]

Authentication Message				
	/			

Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the $\ \underline{SysLog/Mail \ Alert \ Setup}$ page.

VI-1-14 Internal Service User List

User profiles (clients) defined and enabled in User Management>>User Profile will be displayed in this page.

Such page allows you to turn on or turn off security authentication service (offered by inernal RADIUS and/or Local 802.1X) for each user profile without accessing into the User Management configuration page.

System Maintenance >> Internal Service User List

User Name	🔲 Radius	🔲 Local 802.1X	User Name	🔲 Radius	🔲 Local 802
No valid User Profile					

Note:

1. Only the user profiles which is enabled in User Management >> User Profile will be listed here.

2. If you enable RADIUS or Local 802.1X for a user profile here, it will use the default authentication methods; however, you may change its authentication methods via User Management >> User Profile.

Item	Description
User Name	Display the name of the existed user profile. To modify the detailed settings, simply click the user name link to access into the web page for modification.
Radius	Check the box to turn on the security authentication service offered by internal RADIUS server for the user profile.
	Uncheck the box to turn off ecurity authentication service offered by internal RADIUS server for the user profile.
	If you check the box next to such item, all of the user profiles listed in this page will be enabled with RADIUS service enabled vice versa.
Local 802.1X	Check the box to turn on the security authentication service offered by Local 802.1X server for the user profile.
	Uncheck the box to turn off ecurity authentication service offered by Local 802.1X server for the user profile.
	If you check the box next to such item, all of the user profiles listed in this page will be enabled with Local 802.1X service enabled; vice versa.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Info

For the detailed setting (such as IP address, port number) configuration of internal RADIUS, refer to Applications>>RADIUS/TACACS+. For the detailed setting (such as IP address, port number) configuration of

Local 802.1X, refer to LAN>>Wired 802.1X and Wireless LAN>>Security.

VI-2 Bandwidth Management

Sessions Limit

A PC with private IP address can access to the Internet via NAT router. The router will generate the records of NAT sessions for such connection. The P2P (Peer to Peer) applications (e.g., BitTorrent) always need many sessions for procession and also they will occupy over resources which might result in important accesses impacted. To solve the problem, you can use limit session to limit the session procession for specified Hosts.

Bandwidth Limit

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Limit Bandwidth to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Deploying QoS (Quality of Service) management to guarantee that all applications receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modern enterprise network.

One reason for QoS is that numerous TCP-based applications tend to continually increase their transmission rate and consume all available bandwidth, which is called TCP slow start. If other applications are not protected by QoS, it will detract much from their performance in the overcrowded network. This is especially essential to those are low tolerant of loss, delay or jitter (delay variation).

Another reason is due to congestions at network intersections where speeds of interconnected circuits mismatch or traffic aggregates, packets will queue up and traffic can be throttled back to a lower speed. If there's no defined priority to specify which packets should be discarded (or in another term "dropped") from an overflowing queue, packets of sensitive applications mentioned above might be the ones to drop off. How this will affect application performance?

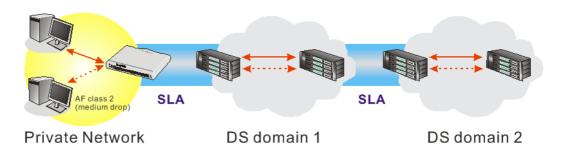
There are two components within Primary configuration of QoS deployment:

- Classification: Identifying low-latency or crucial applications and marking them for high-priority service level enforcement throughout the network.
- Scheduling: Based on classification of service level to assign packets to queues and associated service types

The basic QoS implementation in Vigor routers is to classify and schedule packets based on the service type information in the IP header. For instance, to ensure the connection with the headquarter, a teleworker may enforce an index of QoS Control to reserve bandwidth for HTTPS connection while using lots of application at the same time.

One more larger-scale implementation of QoS network is to apply DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) and IP Precedence disciplines at Layer 3. Compared with legacy IP Precedence that uses Type of Service (ToS) field in the IP header to define 8 service classes, DSCP is a successor creating 64 classes possible with backward IP Precedence compatibility. In a QoS-enabled network, or Differentiated Service (DiffServ or DS) framework, a DS domain owner should sign a Service License Agreement (SLA) with other DS domain owners to define the service level provided toward traffic from different domains. Then each DS node in these domains will perform the priority treatment. This is called per-hop-behavior (PHB). The definition of PHB includes Expedited Forwarding (EF), Assured Forwarding (AF), and Best Effort (BE). AF defines the four classes of delivery (or forwarding) classes and three levels of drop precedence in each class.

Vigor routers as edge routers of DS domain shall check the marked DSCP value in the IP header of bypassing traffic, to allocate certain amount of resource execute appropriate policing, classification or scheduling. The core routers in the backbone will do the same checking before executing treatments in order to ensure service-level consistency throughout the whole QoS-enabled network.



However, each node may take different attitude toward packets with high priority marking since it may bind with the business deal of SLA among different DS domain owners. It's not easy to achieve deterministic and consistent high-priority QoS traffic throughout the whole network with merely Vigor router's effort.

Web User Interface

Below shows the menu items for Bandwidth Management.

Bandwidth Management Sessions Limit Bandwidth Limit Quality of Service APP QoS

VI-2-1 Sessions Limit

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Sessions Limit to open the web page.

Bandwidth Management >> Sessions Limit

essions Limit			
🔍 Enable 🛛 🖲 Disable			
Default Max Sessions: 100			
Limitation List			
Index Start IP	End IP	Max Sessions	*
Specific Limitation	End IP:		Ŧ
Maximum Sessions:	Add Ed	it Delete	
Iministration Message (Max 255	characters)		Default Message
ou have reached the maximu r more applications to all aministrator for frther in	ow further Inter		
ime Schedule			
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> S	etup:,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Note: Action and Idle Timed	out settings will be i	gnored.	
	0	ĸ	

To activate the function of limit session, simply click **Enable** and set the default session limit. Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Session Limit	Enable - Click this button to activate the function of limit session.

	Disable - Click this button to close the function of limit session.
	Default session limit - Defines the default session number used for each computer in LAN.
Limitation List	Displays a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.
Specific Limitation	Start IP- Defines the start IP address for limit session.
	End IP - Defines the end IP address for limit session.
	Maximum Sessions - Defines the available session number for each host in the specific range of IP addresses. If you do not set the session number in this field, the system will use the default session limit for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	Add - Adds the specific session limitation onto the list above.
	Edit - Allows you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
Administration Message	Type the words which will be displayed when reaches the maximum number of Internet sessions permitted.
	Default Message - Click this button to apply the default message offered by the router.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

After finishing all the settings, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save the configuration.

VI-2-2 Bandwidth Limit

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Bandwidth Limit to open the web page.

Bandwidth	Management >>	Bandwidth	Limit
Danaraaa	managomont	D dill dill dill dill di	

Bandwidth Limit
🔍 Enable 📃 IP Routed Subnet 💿 Disable
Default TX Limit: 2000 Kbps 🔻 Default RX Limit: 8000 Kbps 🔻
Allow auto adjustment to make the best utilization of <u>available bandwidth</u> .
Limitation List
Index Start IP End IP TX limit RX limit Shared
Start IP: End IP:
● Each Shared TX Limit: Kbps ▼ RX Limit: Kbps ▼
Add Edit Delete
Smart Bandwidth Limit
For any LAN IP Not in Limitation List, when session number exceeds 1000
TX Limit : 200 Kbps ▼ RX Limit : 800 Kbps ▼
Note: For TX/RX, a setting of "O" means unlimited bandwidth.
Time Schedule
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,

TUREY(T T2)	in <u>scheu</u>	uic Jetu	P·				۰ L	
Note: Action	and Idle	Timeout	settings	will be	e ignore	d.		

OK

To activate the function of limit bandwidth, simply click **Enable** and set the default upstream and downstream limit.

Item	Description
Bandwidth Limit	Enable - Click this button to activate the function of limit bandwidth.
	 IP Routed Subnet - Check this box to apply the bandwidth limit to the second subnet specified in LAN>>General Setup.
	Disable - Click this button to close the function of limit bandwidth.
	Default TX limit - Define the default speed of the upstream for each computer in LAN.
	Default RX limit - Define the default speed of the downstream for each computer in LAN.
	Allow auto adjustment Check this box to make the best utilization of available bandwidth.
Limitation List	Display a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.
Specific Limitation	Start IP - Define the start IP address for limit bandwidth.

	End IP - Define the end IP address for limit bandwidth.
	Each /Shared - Select Each to make each IP within the range of Start IP and End IP having the same speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields; select Shared to make all the IPs within the range of Start IP and End IP share the speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields.
	TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	RX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	Add - Add the specific speed limitation onto the list above.
	Edit - Allow you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
Smart Bandwidth Limit	Check this box to have the bandwidth limit determined by the system automatically.
	TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	RX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

VI-2-3 Quality of Service

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Quality of Service to open the web page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General	l Setup							Set t	o Factory De	efault
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

Enable the First Priority for VolP	SIP/RTP:	
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default	:5060)	
	ОК	

Item	Description
General Setup	Index - Display the WAN interface number that you can edit.
	Status - Display if the WAN interface is available for such function or not.
	Bandwidth - Display the inbound and outbound bandwidth setting for the WAN interface.
	Direction - Display which direction that such function will influence.
	Class 1/Class2/Class 3/Others - Display the bandwidth percentage for each class.
	UDP Bandwidth Control – Display the UDP bandwidth control is enabled or not.
	Online Statistics – Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference
	Setup - Allow to configure general QoS setting for WAN interface.
Class Rule	Index - Display the class number that you can edit.
	Name - Display the name of the class.
	Rule - Allow to configure detailed settings for the selected Class.
	Service Type - Allow to configure detailed settings for the service type.
Enable the First Priority	When this feature is enabled, the VoIP SIP/UDP packets will be

Item	Description
for VoIP SIP/RTP	sent with highest priority.
	SIP UDP Port - Set a port number used for SIP.

This page displays the QoS settings result of the WAN interface. Click the **Setup** link to access into next page for the general setup of WAN interface. As to class rule, simply click the **Edit** link to access into next for configuration.

You can configure general setup for the WAN interface, edit the Class Rule, and edit the Service Type for the Class Rule for your request.

Online Statistics

Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference. This feature is available only when the Quality of Service for WAN interface is enabled.

Statistics		Refr	resh Interval: 5 🚩 seconds 🛛 🛛 🥂 Refr
Direction	Class Name	Reserved-bandwidth Ratio	Outbound Throughput (Bytes/sec)
OUT	VoIP		0
OUT		25%	0
OUT		25%	0
OUT			0
OUT	Others	25%	0
		Others	
		0 5	10 (Bps)
	OUT OUT OUT OUT	Direction Class Name OUT VoIP OUT OUT OUT	Direction Class Name Reserved-bandwidth Ratio OUT VoIP OUT 25% 0 OUT 0 25% OUT Others 25%

Vigor3220 Series User's Guide

General Setup for WAN Interface

When you click **Setup**, you can configure the bandwidth ratio for QoS of the WAN interface. There are four queues allowed for QoS control. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. Yet, the last one is reserved for the packets which are not suitable for the user-defined class rules.

WAN1 General	Setup				
Enable the	e QoS Control OUT 🔹				
	WAN Inbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 Kbps	Mbps	
	WAN Outbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 Kbps	Mbps	
Index	Class Name		R	eserved_band	lwidth Ratio
Class 1				25	%
Class 2				25	%
Class 3				25	%
	Others			25	%
_	P Bandwidth Control TCP ACK Prioritize		Lir	nited_bandwid	dth Ratio 25 %
Note:1 Before	enable OoS, you should test the n	aal bandwid:	th first Oo	S may not w	ork properly if the

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Note:1.Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

2.You can do speed test by <u>http://speedtest.net</u> or contact with your ISP for speed test program.

OK Clear Cancel

Item	Description
Enable the QoS Control	The factory default for this setting is checked.
	Please also define which traffic the QoS Control settings will apply to.
	IN- apply to incoming traffic only.
	OUT-apply to outgoing traffic only.
	BOTH- apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic.
	Check this box and click OK , then click Setup link again. You will see the Online Statistics link appearing on this page.
WAN Inbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data input for other WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 1000kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data output for other WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 256kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
Reserved Bandwidth Ratio	It is reserved for the group index in the form of ratio of reserved bandwidth to upstream speed and reserved bandwidth to downstream speed.
Enable UDP Bandwidth Control	Check this and set the limited bandwidth ratio on the right field. This is a protection of TCP application traffic since UDP application traffic such as streaming video will exhaust lots of bandwidth.
Outbound TCP ACK	The difference in bandwidth between download and upload

Prioritize	are great in ADSL2+ environment. For the download speed might be impacted by the uploading TCP ACK, you can check this box to push ACK of upload faster to speed the network traffic.
Limited_bandwidth Ratio	The ratio typed here is reserved for limited bandwidth of UDP application.

0	
Info	The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.

Edit the Class Rule for QoS

1. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. To add, edit or delete the class rule, please click the Edit link of that one.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General Setup Set to Factory Del							<u>efault</u>			
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

CIGOD ITATO			
Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

✓ Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)
OK

2. After you click the Edit link, you will see the following page. Now you can define the name for that Class. In this case, "Test" is used as the name of Class Index #1.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

С	lass Inde	× #1				
Ν	ame	me 📃 Tag packets as: Default 🔹				
Γ	NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
l	1	Empty	-	-	-	-
			A	Add Edit Delet	е	
				OK Cancel		

3. For adding a new rule, click **Add** to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

🗹 АСТ	Hardware Acceleration	
Ethernet Type	🖲 IPv4 🔍 IPv6	
Local Address	Any	Edit
Remote Address	Any	Edit
DiffServ CodePoint	ANY	
Service Type	Predefined	
Note: Please choose/set	up the <u>Service Type</u> first.	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
ACT	Check this box to invoke these settings.		
Hardware Acceleration	Check this box to enable the hardware acceleration when such rule is applied.		
Ethernet Type	Please specify which protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) will be used for this rule.		
Local Address	Click the Edit button to set the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.		
Remote Address	Click the Edit button to set the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.		
	192.168.1.1/doc/QoslpEdt.htm - Google Chrome		
	192.168.1.1/doc/QosIpEdt.htm		
	Ethernet Type: IPv4 Address Type Any Address Start IP Address 0.0.0 End IP Address 0.0.0 Subnet Mask 0.0.0 OK Close Address Type - Determine the address type for the source address.		
	For Single Address, you have to fill in Start IP address.		
	For Range Address , you have to fill in Start IP address and End IP address.		
	For Subnet Address , you have to fill in Start IP address and Subnet Mask.		
DiffServ CodePoint	All the packets of data will be divided with different levels and will be processed according to the level type by the system. Please assign one of the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.		
Service Type	It determines the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. It can also be edited. You can choose the predefined service type from the Service Type drop down list. Those types are predefined in factory. Simply choose the one that you want for using by current QoS.		

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

By the way, you can set up to 20 rules for one Class. If you want to edit an existed rule, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit** to open the rule edit page for modification.

	st	Class Index #1 Jame test						
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type			
1 🔍	Active	Any	Any	IP precedence 3	GRE			
Add Edit Delete								

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Edit the Service Type for Class Rule

1. To add a new service type, edit or delete an existed service type, please click the Edit link under Service Type field.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Genera	l Setup							Set t	o Factory D	efault
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

Class Rule			
Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	test	<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)					
ОК					

2. After you click the Edit link, you will see the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

User Defined Service Type						
NO	Name	Protocol	Port			
1	Empty	-	-			
		Add Edit Delete				
		Cancel				

3. For adding a new service type, click **Add** to open the following page.

 Service Type Edit

 Service Name

 Service Type

 Port Configuration

 Type

 Port Number

Cancel

ΟK

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Service Name	Type in a new service for your request. The maximum length of the name you can set is 11 characters.		
Service Type	Choose the type (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP or other) for the new service.		
Port Configuration	Type - Click Single or Range as the Type . If you select Range, you have to type in the starting port number and the end porting number on the boxes below.		
	Port Number - Type in the starting port number and the end porting number here if you choose Range as the type.		

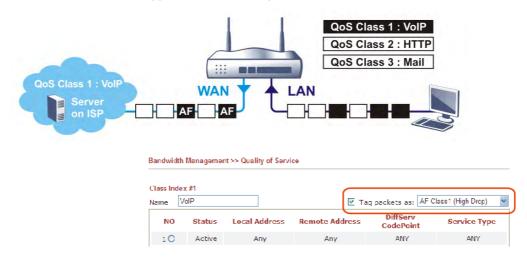
5. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

By the way, you can set up to 10 service types. If you want to edit/delete an existed service type, please select the radio button of that one and click Edit/Edit for modification.

Retag the Packets for Identification

Packets coming from LAN IP can be retagged through QoS setting. When the packets sent out through WAN interface, all of them will be tagged with certain header and that will be easily to be identified by server on ISP.

For example, in the following illustration, the VoIP packets in LAN go into Vigor router without any header. However, when they go forward to the Server on ISP through Vigor router, all of the packets are tagged with AF (configured in Bandwidth >>QoS>>Class) automatically.



VI-2-4 APP QoS

The QoS function is used to do bandwidth management for the services with certain IP or port number. However, there is no effect of bandwidth management on the service such as VNC or PPTV without fixed IP or port number.

APP QoS employs the function of APP Enforcement to detect the types of software in application layer. By combining the function of QoS (adjustment on Inbound/Outbond bandwidth and bandwidth ratio), Vigor router can perform the bandwidth management for the protocols, streaming, remote control, web HD and so on.

Click Bandwidth Management>>APP QoS to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> APP QoS

APP QoS

FTP QoS 0 HTTP 1.1 QoS 0 IMAP 4.1 QoS 0 IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS 0 IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS 0 IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS 0 IRC 2.4.0 QoS 0 POP3 POP3 QOS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 SMB 3.0 QOS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 SSH 2 QOS 0 SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QOS 0		
DNS QoS 0 FTP GOS 0 HTTP 1.1 QOS 0 IMAP 4.1 QOS 0 IMAP STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 IMAP STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 SMB 3.0 QOS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QOS 0 QOS 0 SSH 2 QOS 0 SSH 3.0/1.2 QOS 0	1 (High) 🔻	Apply
FTP QoS Q HTTP 1.1 QoS Q IMAP 4.1 QoS Q IMAP STARTTLS 2.4.0 QoS Q IMAP STARTTLS QoS Q IMAP STARTTLS QoS Q POP3 STARTTLS QoS Q SMB 3.0 QoS Q SMTP STARTTLS QoS Q SSH 2 QoS Q SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS Q	Action	
HTTP 1.1 QoS O IMAP 4.1 QoS O IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS O IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS O IRC 2.4.0 QoS O POP3 POP3 QoS O POP3 STARTTLS QoS O SMB 3.0 QoS O SMTP STARTTLS QoS O SSH 2 QoS O SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS O	3 Class 1 (High)	•
IMAP 4.1 QoS Q IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS Q IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS Q IRC 2.4.0 QoS Q NNTP QoS Q POP3 QoS Q POP3 STARTTLS QoS Q SMB 3.0 QoS Q SMTP STARTTLS QoS Q SSH 2 QOS Q QOS Q	S Class 1 (High)	•
IMAP STARTTLS 4.1 QoS 0 IRC 2.4.0 GoS 0 NNTP QoS 0 POP3 QoS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QoS 0 SMB 3.0 QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SMMP STARTTLS QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SSH 2 QoS 0 SSH 3.0/1.2 QoS 0	6 Class 1 (High)	T
IRC 2.4.0 QoS O NNTP QoS O POP3 QOS O POP3 STARTTLS QOS O SMB 3.0 QOS O SMTP QOS O SMTP STARTTLS QOS O SNMP 2C SSH 2 SSH 2.0/1.2	6 Class 1 (High)	•
NNTP QoS 0 POP3 POP3 QoS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QoS 0 QoS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QoS 0 QoS 0 SMB 3.0 QoS 0 SMB 3.0 QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SSH 2 QoS 0 SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS 0	6 Class 1 (High)	•
POP3 QoS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QoS 0 POP3 STARTTLS QoS 0 SMB 3.0 QoS 0 SMTP QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SSH 2C QoS 0 SSH 2 QoS 0 SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QOS 0	6 Class 1 (High)	•
POP3 STARTTLS Qo S C SMB 3.0 Qo S C SMB 3.0 Qo S C SMTP Qo S C Qo S C SMTP STARTTLS Qo S C SMTP STARTTLS Qo S C SNMP 2C Qo S C SSH 2 Qo S C SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 Qo S C	3 Class 1 (High)	•
SMB 3.0 QoS 0 SMTP QoS 0 SMTP STARTTLS QoS 0 SSH 2C QoS 0 SSH 2 QoS 0 SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS 0	Class 1 (High)	•
SMTP QoS C SMTP STARTTLS GoS C SMTP STARTTLS GoS C SNMP 2C QoS C SSH 2 QoS C SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS C	Class 1 (High)	T
SMTP STARTTLS QoS C SMTP STARTTLS QoS C SNMP 2C QoS C SSH 2 QoS C SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS C	Class 1 (High)	•
SNMP 2C QoS C SSH 2 QoS C SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS C	Class 1 (High)	•
SSH 2 QoS (SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS (Class 1 (High)	•
SSL/TLS 3.0/1.2 QoS C	Class 1 (High)	•
	Class 1 (High)	•
	Class 1 (High)	Ŧ
U TELNET QUS C	Class 1 (High)	T

ОK

Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable to activate APP QoS function. Click Disable to deactivate APP QoS function.
Traceable	The protocol listed below is traceable by Vigor router. Each tab offers different types of protocols to fit your request.
Untraceable	The protocol listed below is not easy to be traced by Vigor router. Each tab offers different types of protocols to fit your

	request.					
Select All	Click it to select all of the protocols.					
Clear All	Click it to de-select all of the protocols.					
Apply to all	Choose one of the actions from the drop down list. It is prepared for applying to all protocols.					
	Apply to all: QoS Class 1 (High) 🔻 Apply					
	Version QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 2 (Medium) QoS Class 3 (Low) QoS Other (Lowest)					
	Apply - Click it to make the selected action be applied all of the selected protocols immediately.					
Action	There are many protocols which can be specified with different QoS Class.					
	Action QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 2 (Medium) QoS Class 3 (Low) QoS Other (Lowest)					

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Application Notes

A-1 How to Optimize the Bandwidth through QoS Technology

Have you ever gotten any problems in uploading/downloading files (Voice, video or email/data only) with the narrow/districted bandwidth you may share from the common Internet connection line? The advanced bandwidth management technology-QoS (Quality of Service) helps you to well allocate the bandwidth upon your demand of Voice, Video, or Data transferring. Let's see how to get the optimum bandwidth per your request by using DrayTek Vigor router as below.

Scenario: The Internet connection you got from ISP line is 2MB/512Kb. There are VoIP telephony network, IPTV set top box and data server at your home. Assume you want to allocate 30% of the bandwidth you got to VoIP demand, 50% for IPTV, 15% for mail/data, 5% for others. Let's see how easily it is to do the setting as below:

- 1. Open Bandwidth Management>> Quality of Service.
- 2. You will get the following page. Click the Edit link for Class 1.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General	l Setup							<u>Set t</u>	o Factory D	<u>efault</u>
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		Edit	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:						
SIP UDP Port: 5060	(Default: 5060)					
	OK					

 In the following page, type a name (e.g., VoIP) for such class and click Add. Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Class Inde	• x #1 /oIP		🗆 Ta	ag packets as: Defau	lt 🔻
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1 0	Active	Any	Any	IP precedence 3	GRE
		A	dd Edit Delet	e	
			OK Cancel		

4. Check the box of ACT. Click Edit to specify the local address.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit		
	🖉 ACT	Hardware Acceleration
	Ethernet Type	● IPv4 ○ IPv6
	Local Address	Any Edit
	Remote Address	Any Edit
	DiffServ CodePoint	ANY
	Service Type	Predefined
	Note: Please choose/setup th	e <u>Service Type</u> first.
	[OK Cancel

5. In the pop-up window, choose **Range Address** as the **Address Type** and type the start IP address and end IP address in relational fields. Click **OK** to save the settings and exit the window.

🕖 192.168.1.1/doc/QosIpEdt.htm - Google Chrome		x
🗅 192.168.1.1/doc/QosIpEdt.htm		
Ethernet Type: IPv4 Address Type Start IP Address End IP Address Subnet Mask	Range Address 172.16.2.240 172.16.2.241 0.0.08	•
OK	Close	•

6. Click **OK** again to save the settings.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit	
🗹 ACT	Hardware Acceleration
Ethernet Type	● IPv4 ○ IPv6
Local Address	172.16.2.240~172.16.2.241 Edit
Remote Address	Any Edit
DiffServ CodePoint	ANY
Service Type	Predefined
Note: Please choose/setup th	ne <u>Service Type</u> first.
	OK

7. The class rule for VoIP has been set. Click **OK** to return to previous page.

Class In	dex #1				
Name	VoIP		🔲 та	ag packets as: Defaul	t
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1 0	Active	Any	Any	IP precedence 3	GRE
2 🔍	Active	172.16.2.240 ~ 172.16.2.241	Any	ANY	ANY
		A	dd Edit Delet	e	

8. Do the same steps to add class rules for IPTV and Data/Email with IP addresses as shown below.

Class Ind	ex #2						
Name	IPTV		🔲 Ta	ag packets as: Defau	ılt 🔻		
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type		
1 0	Active	172.16.1.242 ~ 172.16.1.249	Any	ANY	ANY		
Add Edit Delete							
			OK Cancel				

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

and

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

lame	Data/Email		🔲 Та	ag packets as: Defaul	t '
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1 0	Active	Any	Any	IP precedence 4	ANY
		-	Add Edit Delet	te	

9. Assuming you get 2MB/512Kb Internet line. You can click the Setup link of WAN1 to set up the bandwidth for different groups among VoIP, IPTV and Data/Email.

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
			Name						Service T	ype
Ind	ех		Name					Rule	Service T	ype
			VoIP					<u>Edit</u>		
Class										
Clas	5 2		IPTV					<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>	
	5 2	D	IPTV ata/Email					<u>Edit</u> Edit	Edit	
Clas: Clas: Clas:	5 2 5 3 able the	D. First Priority for VolP SIP/R ort: 5060 (Default: 5060	ata/Email							

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

10. In the Setup page, check the box of Enable the QoS Control. Type 30, 50 and 15 in the boxes for VoIP, IPTV and Data/Email respectively. Check the box of Enable UDP Bandwidth Control.

WAN1 General	Setup 2 QoS Control OUT T WAN Inbound Bandwidth	100	Kbps 🖲 Mbps
	WAN Outbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 Kbps 🛛 🖲 Mbps
Index	Class Name		Reserved_bandwinth Ratio
Class 1	VoIP		30 %
Class 2	IPTV		50 %
Class 3	Data/Email		15 %
	Others		5-98
🔲 Enable VD	P Bandwidth Control		Limited_bandwidth Ratio 25 %
Outbound	TCP ACK Prioritize		

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Note:1.Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

2.You can do speed test by http://speedtest.net or contact with your ISP for speed test program.

OK	Clear	Cancel

Click OK to save the settings. The class rules for WAN1 are defined as shown below.
 Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Enable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Outbound	30%	50%	15%	5%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	VoIP	<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2	IPTV	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3	Data/Email	<u>Edit</u>	

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:

SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)

ОK

A-2 QoS Setting Example

Assume a teleworker sometimes works at home and takes care of children. When working time, he would use Vigor router at home to connect to the server in the headquarter office downtown via either HTTPS or V PN to check email and access internal database. Meanwhile, children may chat on Skype in the restroom.

1. Go to Bandwidth Management>>Quality of Service.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

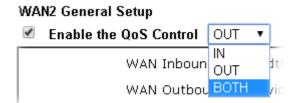
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN5	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

Class 1 Edit	vice Type
Class 0	
Class 2 Edit	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3 Edit	

ΟK

```
Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)
```

2. Click Setup link of WAN(1/2/3/4/5). Make sure the QoS Control on the left corner is checked. And select BOTH in Direction.



3. Set Inbound/Outbound bandwidth.



The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.

4. Return to previous page. Enter the Name of Index Class #1 by clicking Edit link. Type the name "E-mail" for Class 1. Click OK to save the settings.

nail		🗌 Tag	packets as: Defau	ılt
Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
Active	Any	Any	ANY	ANY
	Status	Status Local Address	Status Local Address Remote Address	Status Local Address Remote Address CodePoint

5. Click the Setup link for WAN2. The user can set reserved bandwidth (e.g., 25%) for E-mail using protocol POP3 and SMTP. Click OK to save the settings.

Enable the QoS Co	ntrol BOTH 🗸	
WAN I	nbound Bandwidth	100000 Kbps
WAN C	Outbound Bandwidth	100000 Kbps
Index	Class Name	Reserved_bandwidth Ratio
Class 1	E-mail	25 %
Class 2		25 %
Class 3		25 %
	Others	25 %
Enable UDP Bandw	idth Control	Limited_bandwidth Ratio 25
Outbound TCP AC	K Prioritize	

6. Return to previous page. Enter the Name of Index Class #2 by clicking Edit link. In this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth for HTTPS. And click OK.

Class Inc	lex #2				
Name	HTTPS		🔲 Та	ılt 💌	
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	Active	172.16.1.242 ~ 172.16.1.249	Any	ANY	ANY
		A	dd Edit Dele	te	
			OK Cancel		

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

7. Click Setup link for WAN2.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

<u>efault</u>	to Factory De	<u>Set t</u>							l Setup	Genera
	Online Statistics	UDP Bandwidth Control	Others	Class 3	Class 2	Class 1	Direction	Bandwidth	Status	Index
<u>Setup</u>	Status	Inactive	5%	15%	50%	30%	Outbound	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Enable	WAN1
<u>Setup</u>	Status	Inactive	25%	25%	25%	25%		100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Disable	WAN2
Setup	Status	Inactive	25%	25%	25%	25%		100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Disable	WAN3
<u>Setup</u>	Status	Inactive	25%	25%	25%	25%		100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Disable	WAN4
<u>Setup</u>	Status	Inactive	25%	25%	25%	25%		100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Disable	WAN5

Class Rule			
Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	Email	<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2	IPTV	<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

8. Check Enable UDP Bandwidth Control on the bottom to prevent enormous UDP traffic influence other application. Click OK.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

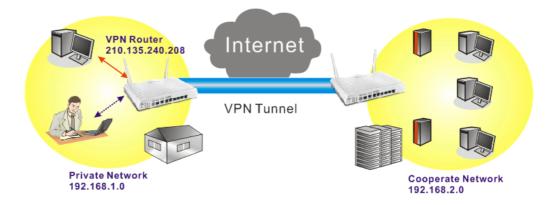
	WAN Inbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 Кbps	Mbps		
	WAN Outbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 Кbps	Mbps		
Index	Class Name		R	eserved_ban	dwidth Ratio	
Class 1	Email			25	%	
Class 2	IPTV			25	%	
Class 3	Data/Email			25	%	
	Others			25	%	
🗹 Enable UDP Bandwidth Control			Lir	mited_bandw	vidth Ratio 25	9
Outbound 1	CP ACK Prioritize					

Note:1.Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

2.You can do speed test by http://speedtest.net or contact with your ISP for speed test program.



9. If the worker has connected to the headquarter using host to host VPN tunnel. (Please refer to Chapter 3 VPN for detail instruction), he may set up an index for it. Enter the Class Name of Index 3. In this index, he will set reserved bandwidth for 1 VPN tunnel.



10. Click Edit for Class 3 to open a new window. In this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth for VPN.

ass Ind	ex #3				
ame	VPN		🗌 Та	g packets as: Defau	ılt i
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	Empty	-	-	-	-
Add Edit Delete					

11. Click \mbox{Add} to open the following window. Check the \mbox{ACT} box, first.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit	
🗹 ACT	Hardware Acceleration
Ethernet Type	● IPv4
Local Address	Any Edit
Remote Address	Any Edit
DiffServ CodePoint	ANY
Service Type	Predefined
Note: Please choose/setup th	ne <u>Service Type</u> first.
	OK Cancel

12. Then click Edit of Local Address to set a worker's subnet address. Click Edit of Remote Address to set headquarter's IP address. Leave other fields and click OK.

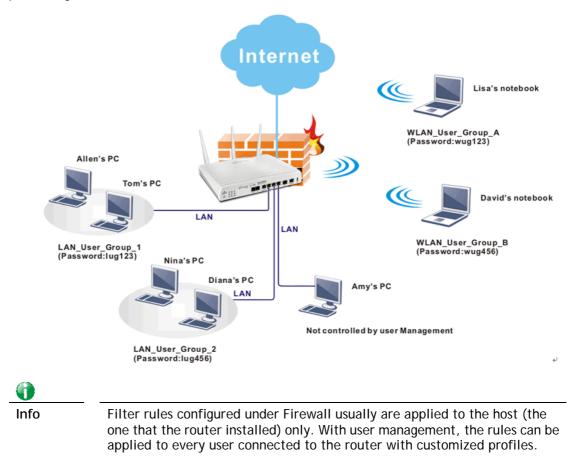
Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit			
🖉 ACT	Hardware Acceleration		
Ethernet Type	🖲 IPv4 🔍 IPv6		
Local Address	192.168.1.12	Edit	
Remote Address	192.168.2.12	Edit	
DiffServ CodePoint	ANY 🔻		
Service Type	Predefined		
Note: Please choose/set	Note: Please choose/setup the Service Type first.		

OK Cancel

VI-3 User Management

User Management is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password. Instead of managing with IP address/MAC address, User Management function manages hosts with user account. Network administrator can give different firewall policies or rules for different hosts with different User Management accounts. This is more flexible and convenient for network management. Not only offering the basic checking for Internet access, User Management also provides additional firewall rules, e.g. CSM checking for protecting hosts.



Web User Interface

User Management
General Setup
User Profile
User Group
User Online Status

VI-3-1 General Setup

General Setup can determine the standard (rule-based or user-based) for the users controlled by User Management. The mode (standard) selected here will influence the contents of the filter rule(s) applied to every user.

User Management >> General Setup

Rule-Based is a management method ba different firewall rules to different IP ac		strator may set
 User-Based is a management method ba different firewall rules to different user 	ased on user profiles. Admir	nistrator may set
Authentication page:		
Web Authentication: 💿 HTTPS 📿	НТТР	
Login Page Logo: Upload a file 💌 Default Blank Login Page Greetin Upload a file	(Max 524	× 352 pixel) Upload
Display IP address on the dialog bo:	pops up after successful	login.
_anding page:		
(Max 255 characters)	Preview	Set to Factory Default
<body stats="1"><script http:="" language="jav
window.location=" td="" www.draytek<=""><td>-</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></body>		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Mode	There are two modes offered here for you to choose. Each mode will bring different filtering effect to the users involved.
	User-Based - If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in User Management>>User Profile to the users.
	Rule-Based -If you choose such mode, the router will apply

	the filter rules configured in Firewall>>General Setup and Filter Rule to the users.
Authentication page	Web Authentication - Choose the protocol for web authentication.
	Login Page Logo - A logo which can be used as an identification of enterprise can be uploaded and displayed on the login page. You can use the default one, blank page or upload other image files (the size no mare than 524 × 352 pixel) to have an image of enterprise or have the effect of advertisement.
	Login Page Greeting - Such link allows you to access into the setting page for login greeting. For detailed information, refer to System Maintenance>>Login Page Greeting.
	Display IP Address on tracking window - Check the box to display the IP address of the client on the tracking window.
Landing Page	Type the information to be displayed on the first web page when the LAN user accessing into Internet via such router.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

VI-3-2 User Profile

This page allows you to set customized profiles (up to 200) which will be applied for users controlled under User Management. Simply open User Management>>User Profile.

Select Al	Clear All				Search
Profile	Enable	Name	Profile	Enable	Name
<u>1.</u>		admin	<u>17.</u>		
<u>2.</u>	4	Dial-In User	<u>18.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>19.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>20.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>21.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>22.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>23.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>24.</u>		
<u>9.</u>			<u>25.</u>		
<u>10.</u>			<u>26.</u>		
<u>11.</u>			<u>27.</u>		
<u>12.</u>			<u>28.</u>		
<u>13.</u>			<u>29.</u>		
<u>14.</u>			<u>30.</u>		
<u>15.</u>			<u>31.</u>		
16.			<u>32.</u>		

User Management >> User Profile

1.admin: To change the administrator password, please go to System Maintenance >> Administrator Password.

2.Dial-In User Profile: Dial-In User Profile is reserved for VPN authentication.

3.During authentication,Router will check all the local user profiles first, and then the profiles in external servers.



To set the user profile, please click any index number link to open the following page. Notice that profile 1 (admin) and profile 2 (Dial-In User) are factory default settings. Profile 2 is reserved for future use.

User Management >>User Profile

Profile Index 3		
1. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	LAN_User_Group_1	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password		
2. Web login Setting	<u>Online Status</u> : <u>Block</u> /	<u>Unblock</u>
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	5	0:Unlimited
External Server Authentication	None 🔹	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	v	
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Too	ol 🗹 Telnet
Landing Page		
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	,,	,
Enable Time Quota 0 min.	+ - 0	min.
Enable Data Quota 0	▼ + - O	МВ
Reset quota to default when schedul	ing time expired———	
Enable Default Time Quota) min. Def	ault Data Quota 0 MB
3. PPPoE Login Setting PPPoE User	<u>r Online Status Res</u>	<u>et User Online Status</u>
PPPoE MAC Bind	🔍 Enable 🛛 💿 Disable	
MAC Address	00:00:00:00:	00 : 00
DHCP From	LAN 1 🔻	
Static IP Address	0.0.0.0	(optional)
3. Internal Services		
RADIUS		
Local 802.1X		
OK	lefresh	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Common Settings	Enable this account - Check this box to enable such user profile.
	Username - Type a name for such user profile (e.g., LAN_User_Group_1, WLAN_User_Group_A, WLAN_User_Group_B, etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the User Name specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router. However the accessing operation will be restricted with the conditions configured in this user profile.
	The maximum length of the name you can set is 24 characters.
	Password - Type a password for such profile (e.g., <i>lug123</i> , <i>wug123</i> , <i>wug456</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the password specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the

	authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router with the limitation configured in this user profile.			
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 24 characters.			
	Confirm Password - Type the password again for confirmation.			
Web login Setting	Idle Timeout - If the user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the network connection will be stopped for such user. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 10 minutes.			
	Max User Login - Such profile can be used by many users. You can set the limitation for the number of users accessing Internet with the conditions of such profile. The default setting is 0 which means no limitation in the number of users.			
	Policy - It is available only when User-Based mode selected in User Management>>General Setup.			
	Default Default [Create New Policy]			
	• Default - If you choose such item, the filter rules pre-configured in Firewall can be adopted for such user profile.			
	• Create New Policy - If you choose such item, the following page will be popped up for you to define another filter rule as a new policy.			
	Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule			
	Filter Set 1 Rule 2			
	Check to enable the Filter Rule			
	Comments: Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, _,, _			
	Direction:			
	Source IP: Any			
	Destination IP: Any			
	Service Type: Any			
	For the detailed configuration, simply refer to Firewall>>Filter Rule. The firewall filter rules that are not selected in Firewall>>General>>Default rule can be available for use in User Management>>User Profile.			
	External Service Authentication - router will authenticate the dial-in user by itself or by external service such as LDAP server or Radius server or TACACS+ server. If LDAP, Radius or TACACS+ is selected here, it is not necessary to configure the password setting above.			
	Log - Time of login/log out, block/unblock for the user(s) can be sent to and displayed in Syslog. Please choose any one of the log items to take down relational records for the user(s).			
	Pop Browser Tracking Window - If such function is enabled, a pop up window will be displayed on the screen with time remaining for connection if Idle Timeout is set. However, the system will update the time periodically to keep the connection always on. Thus, Idle Timeout will not interrupt			

the network	connection.
to connect to authenticate	ion - Any user (from LAN side or WLAN side) tries o Internet via Vigor router must be ed by the router first. There are three ways ne router for the user to choose for on.
router popped passwo Messag Setup) destina	f it is selected, the user can type the URL of the from any browser. Then, a login window will be I up and ask the user to type the user name and rd for authentication. If succeed, a Welcome e (configured in User Management >> General will be displayed. After authentication, the tion URL (if requested by the user) will be automatically by the router.
Tool ar authen connec user ca Windov	Tool - If it is selected, the user can open Alert and type the user name and password for tication. A window with remaining time of tion for such user will be displayed. Next, the n access Internet through any browser on vs. Note that Alert Tool can be downloaded from k web site.
	 If it is selected, the user can use Telnet nd to perform the authentication job.
interface of password spe the web pag	e - When a user tries to access into the web user Vigor router series with the user name and ecified in this profile, he/she will be lead into e configured in Landing Page field in User t>>General Setup.
•	ox to enable such function.
time schedu previously in	in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of le for your request. All the schedules can be set Application >> Schedule web page and you can ber that you have set in that web page.
time allowed Check the bo box displays The second b	e Quota - Time quota means the total connection d by the router for the user with such profile. bx to enable the function of time quota. The first the remaining time of the network connection. box allows to type the number of time (unit is ch is available for the user (using such profile) to net.
+ - Click t such profile.	this box to set and increase the time quota for
- Click t profile.	this box to decrease the time quota for such
6	
Info	A dialog will be popped up to notify how many time remained when a user accesses into Internet through Vigor router successfully.

	🥟 Internet Access 📃 🗖 🔀			
	Michael, you are now connected.			
	Time remaining online:			
	00:32:41			
	Time used: 01:12:54.			
	Logout			
	When the time is up, all the connection jobs including network, IM, social media, facebook, and etc. will be terminated.			
	Enable Data Quota - Data Quota means the total amount fo data transmission allowed for the user. The unit is MB/GB.			
	- Click this box to set and increase the data quota for such profile.			
	- Click this box to decrease the data quota for such profile.			
	Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired - Set default time quota and data quota for such profile. When the scheduling time is up, the router will use the default quota settings automatically.			
	 Enable - Check it to use the default setting for time quota and data quota. 			
	 Default Time Quota - Type the value for the time manually. 			
	 Default Data Quota - Type the value for the data manually. 			
Internal Services	RADIUS / Local 802.1X - Check the box to enable security authenticated via RADIUS / 802.1X server.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save the configuration.

VI-3-3 User Group

This page allows you to bind several user profiles into one group. These groups will be used in **Firewall>>General Setup** as part of filter rules.

ser Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		24.	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		32.	

User Management >> User Group

Please click any index number link to open the following page.

User Management >> User Group

ame:	
vailable User Objects	Selected User Objects(Max 32 Objects)
1-admin 2-Dial-In User 3-LAN_User_Group_1 4-WLAN_User_Group_A 5-WLAN_User_Group_B	» «

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this user group.
Available User Objects	You can gather user profiles (objects) from User Profile page within one user group. All the available user objects that you have created will be shown in this box. Notice that user object, Admin and Dial-In User are factory settings. User defined profiles will be numbered with 3, 4, 5 and so on.

Selected Keyword Objects	Click button to add the selected user objects in this box.
selected Reyword Objects	Click button to add the selected user objects in this box.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

VI-3-4 User Online Status

This page displays the user(s) connected to the router and refreshes the connection status in an interval of several seconds.

User Management >> User Online Status

Current	: Time : O	1-07 22:01:44			Refresh S	econds: 10 🔹	Page: 1	•	<u> </u>	efresh
Index	<u>User</u> 🗸	IP Address	Profile	Last Login Time	Expired Time	Data Quota	Idle Time		Action	
1	<u>admin</u>	192.168.1.5	<u>admin</u>	01-06 16:51:24	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	<u>Block</u>	<u>Logout</u>	<u>Delete</u>

Note:

1. Please click "IP Address" to view all online users.

2. Dial-in User profiles are linked to VPN clients and therefore cannot be logged-out or deleted while connecting.

3. Information about 802.1X authentication can be found at <u>Authentication User List.</u>

Total Number : 1

Item	Description
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
Index	Display the number of the data flow.
User	Display the users which connect to Vigor router currently. You can click the link under the username to open the user profile setting page for that user.
IP Address	Display the IP address of the device.
Profile	Display the authority of the account.
Last Login Time	Display the login time that such user connects to the router last time.
Expired Time	Display the expired time of the network connection for the user.
Data Quota	Display the quota for data transmission.
Idle Time	Display the idle timeout setting for such profile.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Action	Block - can avoid specified user accessing into Internet.
	Unblock - allow the user to access into Internet.
	Logout - the user will be logged out forcefully.

Application Notes

A-1 How to authenticate clients via User Management

Before using the function of User Management, please make sure User-Based has been selected as the Mode in the User Management>>General Setup page.

User Management >> General Setup

User Management >>User Profile

General Setup

Мо	de Selection:
0	Rule-Based is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	User-Based is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	 In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user

- Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the
- Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.

With User Management authentication function, before a valid username and password have been correctly supplied, a particular client will not be allowed to access Internet through the router. There are three ways for authentication: Web, Telnet and Alert Tool.

Profile Index 3 1. Common Settings Enable this account. Username LAN_User_Group_1 Password Confirm Password 2. Web login Setting User Online Status : Block/ Unblock Idle Timeout 10 min(s) 0:Unlimited 5 Max User Login 0:Unlimited • **External Server Authentication** None Log None 🔻 Pop Browser Tracking Window 1 Authentication 🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Tool 🗹 Telnet Landing Page

Authentication via Web

If a LAN client who hasn't passed the authentication opens an external web site in his browser, he will be redirected to the router's Web authentication interface first. Then, the client is trying to access <u>http://www.draytek.com</u> and but brought to the Vigor router. Since this is an SSL connection, some web browsers will display warning messages. • With Microsoft Internet Explorer, you may get the following warning message. Please press Continue to this website (not recommended).

6 Certificat	e Error. Navigation Blocked - Windows Internet Explorer	×
0.	🛛 🛃 https://192.168.1.1/cgi-bin/user_login.cgi?fid=101.8tsrc_ip 👻 🐓 🗙 🔀 Bing	۰ م
🔶 Favorite	s 🛛 🙀 🙋 Suggested Sites 🕶 🙋 Web Slice Gallery 🕶	
Certifica	ste Error: Navigation Blocked 🛛 👘 🔻 🖾 🔻 🖄 🔻 Page 🔻 Safety 🕶 Tools 👻	0.
8	There is a problem with this website's security certificate.	+
	The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority. The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.	
	Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.	
	We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.	
	Click here to close this webpage.	
	Section Continue to this website (not recommended).	
Done	🚱 Internet Protected Mode: On 🛛 🦓 🔻 🎕 100%	•

• With Mozilla Firefox, you may get the following warning message. Select I Understand the Risks.

Firefox * Untrusted Conn	tion +	2
← ▲ https://.	2.168.1.1/cgi-bin/user_login.cgi?fid=101&csrc_ip=192.161 🚖 = C Socole	
	This Connection is Untrusted You have asked Firefox to connect securely to 192.168.1.1, but we can't confirm that your connection is secure. Normally, when you try to connect securely, sites will present trusted identification to prove that you are going to the right place. However, this site's identity can't be verified. What Should I Do? If you usually connect to this site without problems, this error could mean that someone is trying to impersonate the site, and you shouldn't continue. Get me out of here! Technical Details I Understand the Risks	

• With Chrome browser, you may get the following warning. Click **Proceed anyway**.

SSL Error	× =	- • X
€ - C & but	rs://192.168.1.1 /cgi-bin/user_login.cgi?fid=101&src_ip=192.168.1.11⌖_	url=www.dra 🟠 🔧
4	The site's security certificate is not trusted!	
	You attempted to reach 192.168.1.1, but the server presented a certificate issued by an entity that is not trusted by your computer's operating system. This may mean that the server has generated its own security credentials, which Google Chrome cannot rely on for identity information, or an attacker may be trying to intercept your communications. You should not proceed, especially if you have never seen this warning before for this site. Proceed anyway Back to safety Help me understand	ŧ
-		-

After that, the web authentication window will appear. Input the user name and the password for your account (defined in User Management) and click Login.

🙀 Favorites 🛛 🚔 🙋 Suggested Sites 🔹	▼ Certificate <a> ★ <a> Sing
Username Password	user1 •••••
Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All	I Rights Reserved.
Dc 🕒 Internet	Protected Mode: On 🖓 👻 🔍 100% 👻

If the authentication is successful, the client will be redirected to the original web site that he tried to access. In this example, it is http://www.draytek.com . Furthermore, you will get a popped up window as the following. Then you can access the Internet.

https://192.168.1.1/doc/user_statu
Certificate Error
Hello, user1 login from 192.168.1.11
00.29.46
00.27.10
Logout
🕘 Internet Protected Mode: / 🆓 👻 🍕 100% 👻

Note, if you block the web browser to pop up any window, you will not see such window.

If the authentication is failed, you will get the error message, The username or password you entered is incorrect. Please login again.

d you entered is incorrect.
Login

In above description, you access an external web site to trigger the authentication. You may also directly access the router's Web UI for authentication. Both HTTP and HTTPS are supported, for example http://192.168.1.1 or https://192.168.1.1 . Replace 192.168.1.1 with your router's real IP address, and add the port number if the default management port has been modified.

If the authentication is successful, you will get the Welcome Message that is set in the User Management >> General Setup page.

Ŭ	Rule-Based is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	User-Based is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	 In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.
	 Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.
\u1	hentication page: Web Authentication: HTTPS
	Web Authentication: S HITPS A HITP
	Web Autrientication: ● HTPS ● HTP Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Uplord
	Login Page Logo: Default
	Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 邊摆檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Uplord Login Page Greeting
	Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Uplord
.aı	Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 邊摆檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Uplord Login Page Greeting
	Login Page Logo: Default 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Uploid Login Page Greeting Display IP address on the dialog box pops up after successful login.

With the default setup <body stats=1><script language='javascript'>

window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>, you will be redirected to http://www.draytek.com . You may change it if you want. For example, you will get the following welcome message if you enter Login Successful in the Welcome Message table.

Attps://192.168.1.1/doc/user_mgt_redir.htm - Windows Internet Explorer Image: Comparison of the second s	🔁 Bing	0	× • •
 ✓ Favorites ✓ Favorites ✓ Favorites ✓ Favorites ✓ Web Slice Gallery ✓ Image ✓ Image ✓ Image ✓ Image 	<u>S</u> afety ▼	T <u>o</u> ols 🕶	0 -
Pop-up blocked. To see this pop-up or additional options click here			×
"Login Successful"			*
			+
🕐 👼 Internet Protected Mode: On	4a +	100%	•

Also you will get a Tracking Window if you don't block the pop-up window.

Don't setup a user profile in User Management and a VPN Remote Dial-in user profile with the same Username. Otherwise, you may get unexpected result. It is because the VPN Remote Dial-in User profiles can be extended to the User profiles in User Management for authentication.

There are two different behaviors when a User Management account and a VPN profile share the same Username:

 If SSL Tunnel or SSL Web Proxy is enabled in the VPN profile, the user profile in User Management will always be invalid for Web authentication. For example, if you create a user profile in User Management with chaochen/test as username/password, while a VPN Remote Dial-in user profile with the same username "chaochen" but a different password "1234", you will always get error message The username or password you entered is incorrect when you use chaochen/test via Web to do authentication.

Index No. 1	
User account and Authentication Contemposity of the second of the secon	Username chaochen Password(Max 19 char)
Allowed Dial-In Type	PIN Code Secret
IPsec Tunnel I21P with IPsec Policy None SSL Tunnel	IKE Authentication Method Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key
 Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ID Netbios Naming Packet Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP, IP-Camera, DHCP Relayetc.) 	Digital Signature(X.509) None IPsec Security Method Medium(AH) High(ESP) DES 3DES AES Local ID (optional)
Subnet LAN 1 Assign Static IP Address 0.0.0	

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

• If SSL Tunnel or SSL Web Proxy is disabled in the VPN profile, a User Management account and a remote dial-in VPN profile can use the same Username, even with different passwords. However, we recommend you to use different usernames for different user profiles in User Management and VPN profiles.

Authentication via Telnet

The LAN clients can also authenticate their accounts via telnet.

1. Telnet to the router's LAN IP address and input the account name for the authentication:

Telnet 192.168.1.1	- 🗆 ×
Account:user1_	
•	

2. Type the password for authentication and press Enter. The message User login successful will be displayed with the expired time (if configured).



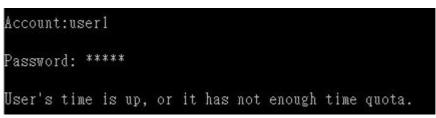
() Info

Here expired time is "Unlimited" means the Time Quota function is not enabled for this account. After login, this account will not be expired until it is logout.

3. In the Web interface of router, the configuration page of **Time Quota** is shown as below.

User Management >>User Profile			
Profile Index 3			
1. Common Settings			
Enable this account			
Username	user1]	
Password	•••••]	
Confirm Password	•••••]	
2. Web login Setting <u>User Online Status</u> : <u>Block/</u> <u>Unblock</u>			
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited	
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited	
External Server Authentication	None •		
Log	None 🔻		
Pop Browser Tracking Window	•		
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Too	ol 🗹 Telnet	
Landing Page			
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:			
🗹 Enable Time Quota O min. + - O min.			
Enable Data Quota O MB 🔻 🕂 - O MB			
Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired			
Enable Default Time Quota) min. Def	ault Data Quota 0 MB	

4. If the Time Quota is set with "0" minute, you will get the following message which means this account has no time quota.



If the Time Quota is enabled and time is not 0 minute,

User Management >>User Profile				
Profile Index 3 1. Common Settings				
Enable this account				
Username	user1]		
Password]		
Confirm Password	•••••]		
2. Web login Setting <u>User Online Status</u> : <u>Block/ Unblock</u>				
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited		
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited		
External Server Authentication	None •			
Log	None 🔻			
Pop Browser Tracking Window				
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Too	ol 🗹 Telnet		
Landing Page				
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:	Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:,,,,			
🗹 Enable Time Quota 0 min. + - 120 min.				
🗆 Enable Data Quota O 🛛 MB 🔻 🛛 + 🖕 O MB				
Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired				
Enable Default Time Quota 0 min. Default Data Quota 0 MB				

You will get the following message. The expired time is shown after you login.



After you run out the available time, you can't use this account any more until the administrator manually adds additional time for you.

Authentication via VigorPro Alert Notice Tool

Authentication via Web or Telnet is convenient for users; however, it has some limitations. The most advantage with VigorPro Alert Notice Tool to operate the authentication is the ability to do **auto login**. If the timeout value set on the router for the user account has been reached, the router will stop the client computer from accessing the Internet until it does an authentication again. Authentication via VigorPro Alert Notice Tool allows user to setup the re-authentication interval so that the utility will send authentication requests periodically. This will keep the client hosts from having to manually authenticate again and again.

The configuration of the VigorPro Alert Notice Tool is as follows:

1. Click Authenticate Now!! to start the authentication immediately.

	Authentication account info
	/
AlertTool	
Settings Authentication	
🔽 Enable	
User Name user rd 1	
User Password	
Save Password	and the second se
Authentication Server 172. 17. 1. 3 Gal	eway IP address
🔽 Enable Auto Login	
Sync Interval (1-9999 min.) 60	
Status Authentication Success	
Time Remaining 03:13:45	
Auto Login allows the Alter Tool to Logout Authentication Now!!	
authenticate the account automatically OK Cancel	
	The Time Quota left

Click "Logout" to keep the Time Quota

2. You may get the VigorPro Alert Notice Tool from the following link: http://www.draytek.com/user/SupportDLUtility.php

()	
Info 1	Any modification to the Firewall policy will break down the connections of all current users. They all have to authenticate again for Internet access.
Info 2	The administrator may check the current users from User Online Status page.

User Management >> User Online Status

Index	Profile 🗸	IP Address	User	Last Login Time	Expired Time	Data Quota	Idle Time	Action
1	<u>admin</u>	192.168.1.10	admin	01-01 00:28:10	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited B	lock Logou
2	user1	192.168.1.10	user1	02-22 01:59:14	01:59:47	Unlimited	00:00:13 B	lock Logo

A-2 How to use Landing Page Feature

Landing Page is a special feature configured under User Management. It can specify the message, content to be seen or specify which website to be accessed into when users try to access into the Internet by passing the authentication. Here, we take Vigor3220 Series router as an example.

Example 1: Users can see the message for landing page after logging into Internet successfully

- 1. Open the web user interface of Vigor3220.
- Open User Management -> General Setup to get the following page. In the field of Landing Page, please type the words of "Login Success". Please note that the maximum number of characters to be typed here is 255.

 Notice for User-Based mode: In User-Based mode, Activ 	e Rules in Firewa	ll will be ann	lied to all LAN clier	nts nackets
that matches the Active F authentication is required.	ules will be block			
 Only Inactive Rules in Firev mode, packets that do no Inactive Rule applied to th 	vall can be set fo t match Active R	ules will need	d authentication, a	
uthentication page:				
Web Authentication: 🔎 H	ттра 🔍 нттр	0		
Login Page Logo: Default 選擇檔案	▼ 未選擇任何檔案	(N	1ax 524 × 352 pixe	el) Upload
Login Page Greeting	_			
Display IP address on th	e dialog box pops	up after su	ccessful login.	
anding page:				
Max 255 characters)		I	Preview Set to Fa	ictory Default
Login success				

3. Now you can enable the Landing Page function. Open User Management -> User Profile and click one of the index number (e.g., index number 3) links.

User Management	>> User Profile	
User Profile Table		
Profile	Name	
<u>1.</u>	admin	
<u>2.</u>	Dial-In User	
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
5		

4. In the following page, check the box of Landing page and click OK to save the settings.

User Management >>User Profile	
--------------------------------	--

Profile Index 3		
1. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	Caca	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password		
2. Web login Setting <u>Use</u>	r Online Status : Block/	Unblock
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	5	0:Unlimited
External Server Authentication	None T	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	•	
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Too	I 🗹 Telnet
Landing Page		
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
🔲 Enable Time Quota 0 min.	+ - 0	min.
Enable Data Quota 0 MB	▼ + - 0	МВ
Reset quota to default when schedu	ling time expired———	
Enable Default Time Quota () min. Defa	ault Data Quota 🛛 🔤 MB

5. Open any browser (e.g., FireFox, Internet Explorer). The logging page will appear and asks for username and password. Please type the correct username and password.

Username	CaCa	
Password		
		ogin

6. Click Login. If the logging is successful, you will see the message of Login Success from the browser you use.



Example 2: The system will connect to http://www.draytek.com automatically after logging into Internet successfully

- 1. In the field of Landing Page, please type the words as below:
 - " <body stats=1><script language='javascript'>

window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>"

Ŭ	Rule-Based is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	User-Based is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	 In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.
	 Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.
Au	thentication page:
	Web Authentication: 💿 HTTPS 🔍 HTTP
	web Authentication: ● HTPS ● HTP Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload
	Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload
	Login Page Logo: Default
La	Login Page Logo: Default ▼ 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload

2. Next, enable the Landing Page function. Open User Management -> User Profile and click one of the index number (e.g., index number 3) links.

User Management	>> User Profile
User Profile Table	
Profile	Name
1.	admin
<u>2.</u>	Dial-In User
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	
5	

3. In the following page, check the box of Landing page and click OK to save the settings.

User Management >>User Profile

Profile Index 3		
1. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	Caca	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password		
2. Web login Setting Use	r Online Status : Block/	<u>Unblock</u>
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	5	0:Unlimited
External Server Authentication	None •	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	✓	
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Too	ol 🗹 Telnet
Landing Page		
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,
Enable Time Quota 0 min.	+ - 0	min.
🔲 Enable Data Quota 0 🛛 MB	▼ + - O	MB
Reset quota to default when schedu	ling time expired———	
Enable Default Time Quota	D min. Def	ault Data Quota O MB

4. Open any browser (e.g., FireFox, Internet Explorer). The logging page will appear and asks for username and password. Please type the correct username and password.

Jsername	CaCa	
assword		
		Lögín

5. Click Login. If the logging is successful, you will be directed into the website of www.draytek.com.



VI-4 Central AP Management (CAM)

Vigor3220 can manage the access points supporting AP management via Central AP Management.

AP Map

AP Map is helpful to determine the best location for VigorAP in a room. A floor plan of a room is required to be uploaded first. By dragging and dropping available VigorAP icon from the list to the floor plan, the placement with the best wireless coverage will be clearly indicated through simulated signal strength

AP Maintenance

Vigor router can execute configuration backup, configuration restoration, firmware upgrade and remote reboot for the APs managed by the router. It is very convenient for the administrator to process maintenance without accessing into the web user interface of the access point.

Load Balance for AP

The parameters configured for Load Balance can help to distribute the traffic for all of the access points registered to Vigor router. Thus, the bandwidth will not be occupied by certain access points.



AP Load Balance (Traffic overload)

Web User Interface

Central AP Management
Status
WLAN Profile
AP Maintenance
AP Map
Traffic Graph
Rogue AP Detection
Load Balance
Function Support List
TARLE I AND REAL ONLY

VI-4-1 Status

This page displays current status (online, offline or SSID hidden, IP address, encryption, channel, version, password and etc.) of the access points managed by Vigor router. Please open Central AP Management>>Function Support List to check what AP Models are supported.

Central AP Management >> Status

								<u>Clear Refresh</u>
Index	Device Name	IP Address	SSID	Encryption	Ch.	WL Client	Version	Password
<u>1</u>	AP810_007620482810	10.28.60.11						Password X
<u>102</u>	AP900_00507F223343	10.28.60.12						Password X



?)) Grey : Hidden SSID

Maximum support 20 APs.

Note:

When AP Devices connect via another intermediate router or switch, please check/unblock the following ports **UDP:67,68,4944** and **TCP:80** of the router/switch, thus AP status can be retrieved.

Item	Description
Index	Click the index number link for viewing the settings summary of the access point.
Device Name	The name of the AP managed by Vigor router will be displayed here.
IP Address	Display the true IP address of the access point.
SSID	Display the SSID configured for the access point(s) connected to Vigor3220.
Encryption	Display the encryption mode used by the access point.
Ch.	Display the channel used by the access point.
WL Client	Display the number of wireless clients (stations) connecting to the access point. In which, 0/64 means that up to 64 clients are allowed to connect to the access point. But, now no one connects to the access point.

	The number displayed on the left side means 2.4GHz; and the number displayed on the right side means 5GHz.
Version	Display the firmware version used by the access point.
Password	Vigor3220 can get related information of the access point by accessing into the web user interface of the access point. This button is used to modify the logging password of the connected access point.

VI-4-2 WLAN Profile

WLAN profile is used to apply to a selected access point. It is very convenient for the administrator to configure the setting for access point without opening the web user interface of the access point.

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

P	rofile Name					et to Factory Default
		Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Control
	Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	Enable	None	None
		Clone	Edit Cancel	Apply To De		

Check the box on the left side of the selected profile to modify the content of the profile. The Clone, Edit and Apply To Device buttons will be available then.

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

				<u>S</u> (et to Factory Default
Profile Name	Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Control
Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	Enable	None	None

Clone Edit Cancel Apply To Device

Item	Description
Profile	Display the name of the profile. The default profile cannot be renamed.
Main SSID	Display the SSID configured by such wireless profile.
Security	Display the security mode selected by such wireless profile.
Multi-SSID	Enable means multiple SSIDs (more than one) are active. Disable means only SSID1 is active.
WLAN ACL	Display the name of the access control list.
Rate Control	Display the upload and/or download transmission rate.

Clone	It can copy settings from an existing WLAN profile to another WLAN profile.					
	First, you have to check the box of the existing profile as the original profile. Second, click Clone . The following dialog will appear.					
	○ 172.16.3.143:2860/Acc/wlclone.htm - 機構調算器 □ × □ 172.16.3.143:2860/Acc/wlclone.htm Q ③ ↓					
	Clone WLAN Profile Setting Original Profile Name Default Renamed as Select Profile Index 1-(None) V Clear Cancel Apply					
	Third, choose the profile index to accept the settings from the original profile. Forth, type a new name in the field of Renamed as . Last, click Apply to save the settings on this dialog.					
	The new profile has been created with the settings coming from the original profile.					
Edit	It allows you to modify an existing wireless profile or create a new wireless profile.					
Apply to Device	Click it to apply the selected wireless profile to the specified Access Point.					
	16.3.143:2860/doc/wlapply.htm Q					
	Existing Device Selected Device					
	1-AP810_007620482810 2-AP900_00507F223343					
	Cancel OK					
	Simply choose the device you want from Existing Device field. Click >> to move the device to Selected Device field. Then, click OK.					
	The selected WLAN profile will be applied to the selected access point immediately. Later the access point will reboot.					

How to edit the wireless LAN profile?

- 1. Check the box on the left side of the selected profile.
- 2. Click the Edit button to display the following page.

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

WLAN Profile Edit

Device Settings							
Profile Name	Default	Auto Provision					
Administrator	admin						
Password							
2nd Subnet	🖲 Enable 🛛 🔍 Dis	able					

2.4G WLAN General Settings					
Wireless LAN	🔍 Enable 🔹 Disable				
Operation Mode	AP T				
2.4G Mode	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) ▼				
2.4G Channel	2462MHz (Channel 11) 🔻				
WMM	🔍 Enable 💿 Disable				
Tx Power	100% •				

5G WLAN General Settings					
Wireless LAN	eless LAN O Enable O Disable				
Operation Mode	AP V				
5G Mode	Mixed (11a+11n)				
5G Channel	5180MHz (Channel36)				

Cancel Next



The function of Auto Provision is available for the default WLAN profile.

3. After finished the general settings configuration, click **Next** to open the following page for 2.4G wireless security settings.

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

SSID1	SSID2 S	SID3	SSID4					
		2.4	G SSID					
Active	Enable Obisable							
SSID	DrayTek-LAN-A	DrayTek-LAN-A LAN-A 🗸 🗌 Hide SSID						
VLAN	0 (0:untag)							
Isolate	From Member							
		Secur	ity Settings					
	Disable	*						
	Set up RADIUS Serv WPA	<u>er</u> if 802.1X i	s enabled.					
	WPA Algorithms		TKIP 🔾 AES 💿	TKIP/AES				
Encryption	Pass Phrase	Pass Phrase						
	Key Renewal Inte	erval O	Seconds					
	WEP							
	Setup <u>WEP Key</u> if 802.1X WEP		ieu. Enable 💿 Disabl	•				
			ss Control	<u>.</u>				
Mode	None 🔽							
List								
	Clier	nt's MAC Add	ress : : :]:[]:[]:[]				
		Add	Delete Edit	Cancel				
		Bandy	width Limit					
Status	⊙Enable ○Disa	ole	Auto Adjustment	⊙Enable ○Disa	ble			
Upload	100	Kbps	Download	100	Kbps			
Total Upload	200	Kbps	Total Download	200	Kbps			

Back Cancel Next

4. After finished the above web page configuration, click **Next** to open the following page for 5G wireless security settings.

5G SSID1	5G SSID2	5G SSID3	5	G SSID4			
			5G	SSID			
Active	Enable	Disable	00	5510			
SSID	DrayTek-5G	LAN	-A 🔽	Hide SSID			
VLAN	0 (0:u	intag)					
Isolate	From Mem	ber					
		5	Security	/ Settings			
	Disable	*					
	Set up <u>RADIL</u> WPA	I <mark>S Server</mark> if 802	2.1X is	enabled.			
	WPA Algor	ithms	ОТ	KIP 🔿 AES 🔅	TKIP/AES		
Encryption	Pass Phra	5e					
	Key Renev	val Interval	3600) Seconds			
	WEP						
	Setup <u>WEF</u> 802.1X WE	• Key if WEP is					
	802.1X W			nable 💿 Disab s Control	le		
Mode	None 🗸		Access	control			
Mode	None 💉						
							~
List							~
		Client's MAC	: Addre	ess : 🔡 : 📄 :		:	
		Add		elete Edit	Cance	!	
			Bandwi	dth Limit			
Status	OEnable (Disable	1	Auto Adjustment	OEnable	💿 Disab	le
Upload	0	Kbps	1	Download	0		Kbps

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

Note: 5G SSID Configuration only work with VigorAP800 v1.1.1 and newer APM Client.



5. When you finished the above web page configuration, click **Finish** to exit and return to the first page. The modified WLAN profile will be shown on the web page.

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

					Set to Factory Defa	ault
Profile Name	Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Control	
Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	Disable	Disable	None	†100 Kbps ↓100 Kbps	
123	DrayTek	Disable	Disable	None	None	x
Clone Edit Cancel Apply To Device						

VI-4-3 AP Maintenance

Vigor router can execute configuration backup, configuration restoration, firmware upgrade and remote reboot for the APs managed by the router. It is very convenient for the administrator to process maintenance without accessing into the web user interface of the access point.

Info	

Config Backup can be performed to one AP at one time. Others functions (e.g., Config Restore, Firmware Upgrade, Remote Reboot can be performed to more than one AP at one time by using Vigor3220.

Central AP Management >> AP Maintenance

Select Action		
Action Type:	Config Backup 🔻	
File/Path:	選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案	
Select Device		
Existing Device	Selected Device	
	»» «	*
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

OK Cancel

Item	Description	
Action	There are four actions provided by Vigor router to manage the access points. Config Backup Config Backup Config Restore Firmware Upgrade Remote Reboot Factory Reset Vigor router can backup the configuration of the selected AP, restore the configuration for the selected AP, perform the firmware upgrade of the selected AP, reboot the selected AP remotely and perform the factory reset for the selected AP.	
File/Path	Specify the file and the path which will be used to perform Config Restore or Firmware Upgrade.	
Select Device	Display all the available access points managed by Vigor router. Simply click << or >> to move the device(s) between Select Device and Selected Device areas.	
Selected Device	Display the access points that will be applied by such function	

after clicking OK.

After finishing all the settings here, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to perform the action.

VI-4-4 AP Map

This function is helpful to determine the best location for VigorAP in a room. A floor plan of a room is required to be uploaded first. By dragging and dropping available VigorAP icon from the list to the floor plan, the placement with the best wireless coverage will be clearly indicated through simulated signal strength.

			Set	t to Factory Defa	ult
Location	АР	AP Signal Strength	Dimension(m)	Мар	
1	AP810: 3 AP900: 1	30%	200X100	MAP ready	x

Central AP Management >> AP Map

/iew Edit	Cancel
-----------	--------

Available settings are explained as follows:

V

Item	Description	
	Check the box to view or edit the AP Map.	
Location	Display a brief description (e.g., ground, roof) of the AP Map.	
АР	Display the model name and number of VigorAP located on the AP map.	
AP Signal Strength Display the pre-defined signal strength of the AP map		
Dimension(m)	Display the width and length of the AP map.	
MapDisplay if the uploaded file for AP map is ready or not.		
View	Click it to review the layout for the selected AP map.	
Edit	Click it to modify the geographic settings for the selected AP Map profile.	
Cancel	Click it to cancel the configuration in such page.	
Set to Factory Default	Click the link to clear current page configuration.	

Editing the AP Map Profile

1. Select an index 🔲 and click Edit to open the following web page.

Central AP Management >> AP Map

AP Map Profile Edit

Geographic Settings			
Location(Profile Name)	testmap		
Dimensions	Length 80 m width 40 m		
Upload Map	選擇檔案 2dhi6v7.png		

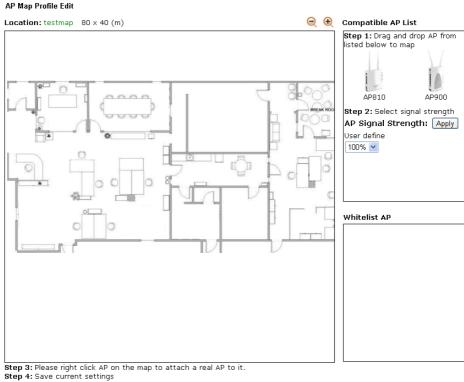
Note: The size of the map should be 200KB or smaller.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Location (Profile Name)	Name) Type a name (e.g., groudfloor) for the AP map profile.	
Dimensions	Type the real length and width of the uploaded map.	
Upload Map	Click the Select button to choose an image file (only JPG and PNG are supported) for floor plan.	
Cancel	Click it to cancel the configuration.	
Next	Click it to go to the next configuration page.	

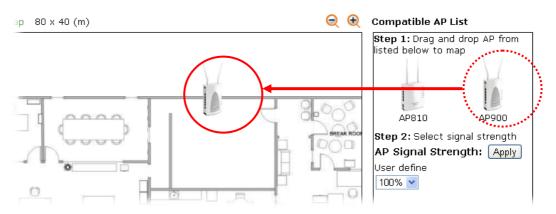
2. Click Next. The configuration page with floor plan will be shown as follows.

Central AP Management >> AP Map

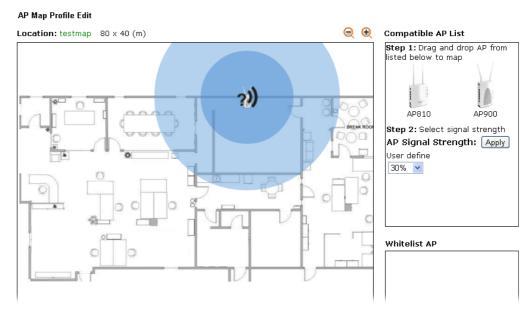


Save Reset Cancel

3. Drag and drop an AP icon from Compatible AP List to the map on the left side.



4. Choose the signal strength (e.g., 30% in this case) from User Define drop down list. Click Apply.



5. Adjust the AP on the map to find out which place can have the best wireless coverage. At last, click **Save**.

			Set	to Factory Defa	<u>ult</u>
Location	AP	AP Signal Strength	Dimension(m)	Мар	
testmap	AP900: 1	30%	80×40	MAP ready	x

Edit

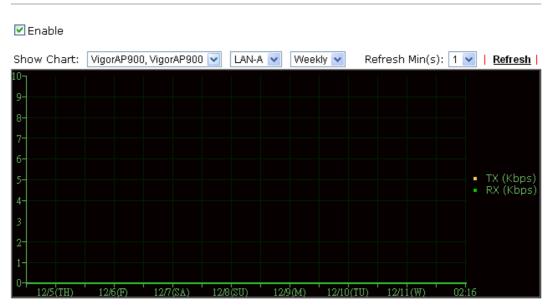
Cancel

View

Central AP Management >> AP Map

VI-4-5 Traffic Graph

Click **Traffic Graph** to open the web page. Choose one of the managed Access Points, LAN-A or LAN-B, daily or weekly for viewing data transmission chart. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.



Central AP Management >> Traffic Graph

Note: Enabling/Disabling AP Traffic Graph will also Enable/Disable the External Devices Function.

The horizontal axis represents time; the vertical axis represents the transmission rate (in kbps).

1nfo

Enabling/Disabling such function will also enable/disable the External Devices function.

VI-4-6 Load Balance

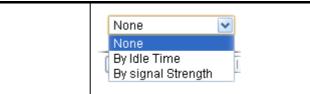
The parameters configured for Load Balance can help to distribute the traffic for all of the access points registered to Vigor router. Thus, the bandwidth will not be occupied by certain access points.

Enable: 🗹	
Mode: 🔽 (Overload Detected By)	By Station Number Maximum Station Number: Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) 64 (3-64) Wireless LAN (5GHz) 64 (3-64)
V	By Traffic Upload Limit 256K 💽 0K bps (Default unit: K Download Limit 512K 💽 0K bps (Default unit: K
Force Overload Disassociation:	None

Central AP Management >> Load Balance

OK Cancel

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable such function.
Mode	It is used to determine the operation mode when the system detects overload between access points.
	By Station Number -The operation of load balance will be executed based on the station number configured in this page. It is used to limit the allowed number for the station connecting to the access point. The purpose is to prevent lots of stations connecting to access point at the same time and causing traffic unbalanced. Please define the required station number for WLAN (2.4GHz) and WLAN (5GHz) separately.
	By Traffic - The operation of load balance will executed according to the traffic configuration in this page.
	 Upload Limit -Use the drop down list to specify the traffic limit for uploading.
	 Download Limit - Use the drop down list to specify the traffic limit for downloading.
Force Overload Disassociation	By Idle Time - When the access point is overload (e.g., reaching the limit of station number or limit of network traffic), it will terminate the network connection of the client's station which is idle for a longest time.
	By signal Strength - When the access point is overload (e.g., reaching the limit of station number or limit of network traffic), it will terminate the network connection of the client's station with the weakest signal.



After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

VI-4-7 Function Support List

Click the **Client** tab to list the AP management functions that the Access Points support under different firmware versions.

Click the **Server** tab to list the AP management functions that Vigor router supports under different firmware versions.

Central AP	Management >>	Function	Support List
------------	---------------	----------	--------------

Client S	erver									
					Mod	el Nam	ie			
Function Name		AP800			AP810	I		AP900	I	AP910C
	1.0.5	1.1.0	1.1.1	1.1.0	1.1.1	1.1.5	1.1.0	1.1.1	1.1.6	1.1.4
Register										
DHCP	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Static IP			V	V	V	V		V	V	V
Profile										
2.4GHz	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
5GHz			V				V	V	V	V
AP Mode	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Repeater Mode			V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Client Disable Auto Provision			V	V	V	V		V	V	V
WLAN Enable/Disable				V	V	V		V	V	V
Station List										
Station List			V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Load Balance										
Load Balance					V	V		V	V	V
Traffic Graph										
Traffic Graph			- V -	- V -	- V -	- V -	- V -	- V -	- V -	- V -

VI-5 External Devices

Vigor router can be used to connect with many types of external devices. In order to control or manage the external devices conveniently, open **External Devices** to make detailed configuration.

External	Devices
External	Devices

🔲 External Device Auto Discovery	
----------------------------------	--

External Devices Connected

Below shows available devices that connected externally:

For security reason:

If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
External Device Auto Discovery	Check this box to detect the external device automatically and display on this page.

From this web page, check the box of **External Device Auto Discovery**. Later, all the available devices will be displayed in this page with icons and corresponding information. You can change the device name if required or remove the information for off-line device whenever you want.

External Device >> All Devices

External Device Auto Discovery

External D	evices connected				
Below shi	Below shows available devices that connected externally:				
<u>On Line</u>	VigorAP900, VigorAP900, Connection Uptime:18:15:27				
	IP Address: 10.28.60.12	Account Clear			
<u>On Line</u>	P2261, Connection Uptime:18:15:17				
	IP Address:192.168.1.226	Account Clear			

For security reason:

If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

ОК

When you finished the configuration, click OK to save it.

Info

H

Only DrayTek products can be detected by this function.

<u>Refresh</u>

Part VII Others







USB device connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server or WAN interface. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications.

VII-1 Objects Settings

For IPs in a range and service ports in a limited range usually will be applied in configuring router's settings, therefore we can define them with *objects* and bind them with *groups* for using conveniently. Later, we can select that object/group that can apply it. For example, all the IPs in the same department can be defined with an IP object (a range of IP address).

Web User Interface

Objects Setting IP Object IP Group IPv6 Object IPv6 Group Service Type Object Service Type Group Keyword Object Keyword Group File Extension Object SMS/Mail Service Object Notification Object

VII-1-1 IP Object

You can set up to 192 sets of IP Objects with different conditions.

Objects Setting >> IP Object

IP Object Profiles:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	
<< <u>1-32 33-64 65</u>	<u>-96 97-128 129-160 161-19</u> 2	2 >>	<u>Next</u> >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Name:	RD Department
Interface:	Any 🗸
Address Type:	Range Address 💌
Mac Address:	00 00 00 00 00
Start IP Address:	192.168.1.59
End IP Address:	192.168.1.65
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Invert Selection:	

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Interface	Choose a proper interface.
Address Type	Determine the address type for the IP address. Select Single Address if this object contains one IP address only. Select Range Address if this object contains several IPs within a range. Select Subnet Address if this object contains one subnet for IP address. Select Any Address if this object contains any IP address. Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address. Range Address Single Address Single Address Subnet Address Mac Address
MAC Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.
Start IP Address	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is

	selected.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IP addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration. Below is an example of IP objects settings.

Objects Setting >> IP Object

IP Object Profiles:

Name	Index
RD Department	<u>17.</u>
Financial Dept	<u>18.</u>
HR Department	<u>19.</u>
	<u>20.</u>
	<u>21.</u>
	22.
	RD Department Financial Dept

VII-1-2 IP Group

This page allows you to bind several IP objects into one IP group.

Objects Setting >> IP Group

Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IP Group

Profile Index : 1 Name: Interface:	Administration
Available IP Objects	Selected IP Objects
1-RD Department 2-Financial Dept 3-HR Department	~~
	OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Interface	Choose WAN, LAN or Any to display all the available IP objects with the specified interface.
Available IP Objects	All the available IP objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
Selected IP Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-3 IPv6 Object

You can set up to 64 sets of IPv6 Objects with different conditions.

Objects Se	tting >>	IPv6 Ob	oject
------------	----------	---------	-------

Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object

Name:	
Address Type:	Subnet Address 💌
Mac Address:	00 00 00 00 00
Start IP Address:	
End IP Address:	
Prefix Length:	
Invert Selection:	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Address Type	Determine the address type for the IPv6 address. Select Single Address if this object contains one IPv6 address only. Select Range Address if this object contains several IPv6s within a range. Select Subnet Address if this object contains one subnet for IPv6 address. Select Any Address if this object contains any IPv6 address. Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address. Range Address Single Address Single Address Subnet Address Mac Address	
Mac Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.	
Start IP Address	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.	
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.	
Prefix Length	Type the number (e.g., 64) for the prefix length of IPv6 address.	
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IPv6 addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.	

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-4 IPv6 Group

This page allows you to bind several IPv6 objects into one IPv6 group.

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group

v6 Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group

ofile Index : 1 Name:	
Name.	
Available IPv6 Objects	Selected IPv6 Objects
	>>
	~~

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Available IPv6 Objects	All the available IPv6 objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
Selected IPv6 Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IPv6 objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-5 Service Type Object

You can set up to 96 sets of Service Type Objects with different conditions.

rvice Type Object	Profiles:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	
< <u>1-32 33-64 6</u>	<u>5-96</u> >>		<u>Next</u> >

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object Setup Profile Index : 1 www Name Protocol TCP ❤ 6 = 🗸 1 ~ 65535 Source Port Destination Port = 🗸 1 ~ 65535 0K Clear Cancel

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Protocol	Specify the protocol(s) which this profile will apply to. TCP 6 Any 6 ICMP IGMP TCP UDP TCP/UDP Other	
Source/Destination Port	 Source Port and the Destination Port columns are available for TCP/UDP protocol. It can be ignored for other protocols The filter rule will filter out any port number. (=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this profile. 	
	(!=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.	
	 (>) - the port number greater than this value is available. (<) - the port number less than this value is available for this profile. 	

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

Name	Inde
www	<u>1</u> 7
SIP	18
	19
	www

VII-1-6 Service Type Group

This page allows you to bind several service types into one group.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group

ervice Type Group 1	Table:		Set to Factory Default
Group	Name	Group	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Group column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects	Setting >> Service Typ	be Group Setup			
Profile	Index : 1				
	Name:	VoIP			
	Available Service T	ype Objects	Selected	Service Type Objects	
	1-www 2-SIP				
			>>		
			···		
		ОК	Clear C	ancel	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Available Service Type Objects	All the available service objects that you have added on Objects Setting>>Service Type Object will be shown in this box.
Selected Service Type Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-7 Keyword Object

You can set 200 keyword object profiles for choosing as black /white list in CSM >>URL Web Content Filter Profile.

eyword Object Prof	iles:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

ects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup		
Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.		
You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out		
Result: 1. backdoor 2. virus 3. keep out		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile, e.g., game. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Contents	Type the content for such profile. For example, type <i>gambling</i> as Contents. When you browse the webpage, the page with gambling information will be watched out and be passed/blocked based on the configuration on Firewall settings.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-8 Keyword Group

This page allows you to bind several keyword objects into one group. The keyword groups set here will be chosen as black /white list in CSM >>URL /Web Content Filter Profile.

Keyword Group Table	:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group Setup

Name:	
Available Keyword Objects	Selected Keyword Objects(Max 16 Objects)
1-Key-1 2-Key-2	
	>>
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this group. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Available Keyword Objects	You can gather keyword objects from Keyword Object page within one keyword group. All the available Keyword objects that you have created will be shown in this box.
Selected Keyword Objects	Click button to add the selected Keyword objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

VII-1-9 File Extension Object

This page allows you to set eight profiles which will be applied in CSM>>URL Content Filter. All the files with the extension names specified in these profiles will be processed according to the chosen action.

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object

File Extension Object	Profiles:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Profile column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Profile Index: 1	P	rofile Name	:				
Categories			Fi	le Extensio	ons		
Image Select All Clear All	.bmp .pct	□.dib □.pcx	□.gif □.pic	□.jpeg □.pict	.jpg .png	.jpg2 .tif	□.jp2 □.tiff
Video Select All Clear All	🗌 .asf 🗌 .qt	□.avi □.rm	.mov .wmv	.mpe .3gp	.mpeg .3gpp	.mpg .3gpp2	.mp4
Audio Select All Clear All	🗌 .aac 🗌 .ra	□.aiff □.ram	□.au □.vox	.mp3 .wav	□.m4a □.wma	🗌 .m4p	🗌 .ogg
Java Select All Clear All	□ .class □ .jse	□.jad □.jsp	🗌 .jar 🗌 .jtk	🗌 .jav	🗌 .java	🗌 .jcm	🗌 .js
ActiveX Select All Clear All	□ .alx □ .viv	.apb .vrm	.axs	ocx 🗌	olb. 🗌	ole .	.tlb
Compression							

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object Setup

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for this profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 7 characters.

3. Type a name for such profile and check all the items of file extension that will be processed in the router. Finally, click **OK** to save this profile.

VII-1-10 SMS/Mail Service Object

SMS Service Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service.

SMS Provider	Mail Server	Set to Factory De
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Custom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Custom 2	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile	Display the name for such SMS profile.
SMS Provider	Display the service provider which offers SMS service.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the SMS Provider tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server
Index	Profile Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

e Index: 1		
Profile Name	Line_down	
Service Provider	kotsms.com.tw (TVV) 🔻
Username	line1	
Password	•••••	
Quota	10	
Sending Interval	3	(seconds)

2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK	Clear	Cancel
----	-------	--------

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for such SMS profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.	
Service Provider	Use the drop down list to specify the service provider which offers SMS service.	
Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.	
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.	
Quota	Type the number of the credit that you purchase from the service provider chosen above. Note that one credit equals to one SMS text message on the standard route.	
Sending Interval	To avoid quota being exhausted soon, type time interval for sending the SMS.	

Available settings are explained as follows:

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile I	Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>	Line_d	own	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)

Customized SMS Service

Vigor router offers several SMS service provider to offer the SMS service. However, if your service provider cannot be found from the service provider list, simply use Index 9 and Index 10 to make customized SMS service. The profile name for Index 9 and Index 10 are fixed.

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Cust	om 1	
<u>10.</u>	Cust	om 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

You can click the number (e.g., #9) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile	Index:	9
1 101116	muca.	•

Profile Name	Custom 1	
Service Provider		
Please contact with your SMS provid	e to get the exact URL	String
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567/eapi/subn &password=###txtPwd###&msisdn=		
Username		
Password		
Quota	10]
Sending Interval	3	(seconds)
1. Only one message can be sent dur 2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to		

Available settings are explained as follows:

ОK

Item	Description	
Profile NameDisplay the name of this profile. It cannot be modified.		
Service Provider	Type the website of the service provider. Type the URL string in the box under the filed of Service Provider. You have to contact your SMS provider to obtain the exact URL string.	

Clear

Cancel

Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31
	characters.
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.
Quota	Type the total number of the messages that the router will send out.
Sending Interval	Type the shortest time interval for the system to send SMS.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Mail Service Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service.

SMS Pr	ovider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index			Profile Name	
<u>1.</u>				
<u>2.</u>				
<u>3.</u>				
<u>4.</u>				
<u>5.</u>				
<u>6.</u>				
<u>7.</u>				
<u>8.</u>				
<u>9.</u>				
<u>10.</u>				

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile	Display the name for such mail server profile.

Each item is explained as follows:

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

1. Click the Mail Server tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

```
SMS Provider
                                  Mail Server
Index
   <u>1.</u>
   2.
   <u>3.</u>
   4.
```

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

ofile Index: 1		
Profile Name	Mail_Notify	
SMTP Server	192.168.1.98	
SMTP Port	25	
Sender Address	carrie_ni@draytek.com	
Use SSL		
Authentication		
Username	John	
Password	••••	
Sending Interval	0 (seconds)	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Note: 1. Only one mail can be sent during the "Sending Interval" time.

2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK Clear Cancel	OK	Cancel	Clear	<	OK
-----------------	----	--------	-------	---	----

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such mail service profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
SMTP Server	Type the IP address of the mail server.
SMTP Port	Type the port number for SMTP server.
Sender Address	Type the e-mail address of the sender.
Use SSL	Check this box to use port 465 for SMTP server for some e-mail server uses https as the transmission method.
Authentication	The mail server must be authenticated with the correct username and password to have the right of sending message out. Check the box to enable the function.
	Username - Type a name for authentication. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
	Password - Type a password for authentication. The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.

Sending Interval Define the interval for the syst	tem to send the SMS out.
---------------------------------------------------	--------------------------

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index		Profile Name	
<u>1.</u>		Mail_Notify	
<u>2.</u>			
3.			

VII-1-11 Notification Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application**>>**SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

You can set an object with different monitoring situation.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Open Object Setting>>Notification Object, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Index	Profile Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	
5.	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Object Settings >> Notification Object

VPN Tunnel VAN Budget C	Notify_attack hisconnected hisconnected himit Reached		connected connected	
WAN C D VPN Tunnel C D WAN Budget C D C D C D C D C D C D C D C D C D C D	isconnected			
VPN Tunnel WAN Budget C	isconnected			
WAN Budget		🗹 Red	connected	
	imit Reached			
	:PE offline :PE config backup :PE config restore :PE firmware upgr :PE VPN profile se	e fail rade fail		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such notification profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Category	Display the types that will be monitored.
Status	Display the status for the category. You can check the box you want to be monitored.
	For example, the check box of CPE firmware upgrade fail under the category of Central VPN Management is checked. Once such profile is enabled, Vigor router system will send out notification to the recipient via SMS.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>	Notify_attack	WAN VPN
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		

Application Notes

A-1 How to Send a Notification to Specified Phone Number via SMS Service in WAN Disconnection

Follow the steps listed below:

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Configure relational objects first. Open Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Server Object to get the following page.

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	e Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Cust	tom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Cust	tom 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Index 1 to Index 8 allows you to choose the built-in SMS service provider. If the SMS service provider is not on the list, you can configure Index 9 and Index 10 to add the new service provider to Vigor router.

3. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure the SMS Provider setting. In the following page, type the username and password and set the quota that the router can send the message out.

ofile Name	Local number
Service Provider	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
Username	abc5026
Password	•••
Quota	3
Sending Interval	3 (seconds)

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

4. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. Now you have finished the configuration of the SMS Provider profile setting.

SMS Provider	Mail Server	Set to Factory Defaul
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>	Local number	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Custom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Custom 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

5. Open **Object Settings>>Notification Object** to configure the event conditions of the notification.

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

Object Settings >> Notification Object

6. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure conditions for sending the SMS. In the following page, type the name of the profile and check the Disconnected and Reconnected boxes for WAN to work in concert with the topic of this paper.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

ofile Name	WAN_Notify	
Category		Status
VAN	🗹 Disconnected	🗹 Reconnected
/PN Tunnel	Disconnected	🗆 Reconnected
VAN Budget	Limit Reached	
Central VPN Management	CPE offline CPE config backup fai CPE config restore fai CPE firmware upgrade CPE VPN profile setup	il 9 fail

7. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. You have finished the configuration of the notification object profile setting.

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>	WAN_Notify	WAN
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

Object Settings >> Notification Object

8. Now, open Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service. Use the drop down list to choose SMS Provider and the Notify Profile (specify the time of sending SMS). Then, type the phone number in the field of Recipient (the one who will receive the SMS).

Index	SMS Provider	Recipient	Notify Profile	Schedule(1-15)
1 🗹	1 - Local number 💌	0912345678	1 - WAN_Notify 💙	
2	1 - Local number 🚩		1 - WAN_Notify 🗠	
3	1 - Local number 🚩		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
4	1 - Local number 👻		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
5 🗌	1 - Local number 💙		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
6	1 - Local number 🗸		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
7	1 - Local number 🔽		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
8	1 - Local number 💙		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
9	1 - Local number 💙		1 - WAN_Notify 🗸	
10 🗌	1 - Local number ⊻		1 - WAN_Notify 💙	

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

9. Click OK to save the settings. Later, if one of the WAN connections fails in your router, the system will send out SMS to the phone number specified. If the router has only one WAN interface, the system will send out SMS to the phone number while reconnecting the WAN interface successfully.

Remark: How the customize the SMS Provider

Choose one of the Index numbers (9 or 10) allowing you to customize the SMS Provider. In the web page, type the URL string of the SMS provider and type the username and password. After clicking OK, the new added SMS provider will be added and will be available for you to specify for sending SMS out.

Profile Name	Custom 1	
Service Provider	clickatell	
Please contact with your 9	MS provide to get the exact	URL String
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MS provide to get the exact /eapi/submission/send_sms/2	URL String /2.0?username=###txtUser###
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567		/2.0?username=###txtUser###
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2	/2.0?username=###txtUser###
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567 &password=###txtPwd##	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2 #&msisdn=##txtDest##&r	/2.0?username=###txtUser###
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567 &password=###txtPwd## Username	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2, #&msisdn=###txtDest###&r ilan123	/2.0?username=###txtUser###

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

VII-2 USB Application

USB device connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server or WAN interface. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications. After setting the configuration in USB Application, you can type the IP address of the Vigor router and username/password created in USB Application>>USB User Management on the client software. Then, the client can use the FTP site (USB storage disk) or share the Samba service through Vigor router.



nfo

USB ports on Vigor router are allowed to connect to USB modem. Models of the modems supported by Vigor router can be seen from USB Application>>Modem Support List. For network connection via USB modem, refer to WAN>>Internet Access and WAN>>General Setup for detailed information.

Web User Interface

USB Application USB General Settings USB User Management File Explorer USB Device Status Modem Support List SMB Client Support List

VII-2-1 USB General Settings

This page will determine the number of concurrent FTP connection, default charset for FTP server and enable SMB service. At present, the Vigor router can support USB storage disk with formats of FAT16 and FAT32 only. Therefore, before connecting the USB storage disk into the Vigor router, please make sure the memory format for the USB storage disk is FAT16 or FAT32. It is recommended for you to use FAT32 for viewing the filename completely (FAT16 cannot support long filename).

USB Application >> USB General Settings

USB General Settings	
General Settings	
Simultaneous FTP Connections	5 (Maximum 6)
Default Charset	English •
SMB File Sharing Service (Network Neighb	orhood)
🔍 Enable 🔎 Disable	
Access Mode	
LAN Only	
NetBios Name Service	
Workgroup Name	WORKGROUP
Host Name	Vigor

Note: 1. If character set is set to "English", only English long file name is supported.
2. Multi-session FTP download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your FTP client has a multi-connection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you should limit client connections to 1 to improve performance.
3. A workgroup name must be different from the host name. The workgroup name can have up to

15 characters and the host name can have up to 15 characters.Names cannot contain any of the following: . ; : " < > * + = / \ | ?.

OK

Item	Description
General Settings	Simultaneous FTP Connections - This field is used to specify the quantity of the FTP sessions. The router allows up to 6 FTP sessions connecting to USB storage disk at one time.
	Default Charset - At present, Vigor router supports four types of character sets. Default Charset is for English based file name.

	English Chinese(Simple) Chinese(Traditional) German			
SMB File Sharing Service	Click Enable to invoke SMB file sharing service via the router.			
Access Mode	LAN Only - Users coming from internet cannot connect to the samba server of the router.LAN And WAN - Both LAN and WAN users can access samba server of the router.			
NetBios Name Service	For the NetBios service of USB storage disk, you have to specify a workgroup name and a host name. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name can have as many as 15 characters and the host name can have as many as 23 characters. Both them cannot contain any of the following; : " <> * + = \ ?. Workgroup Name - Type a name for the workgroup. Host Name - Type the host name for the router.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

VII-2-2 USB User Management

This page allows you to set profiles for FTP/Samba users. Any user who wants to access into the USB storage disk must type the same username and password configured in this page. Before adding or modifying settings in this page, please insert a USB storage disk first. Otherwise, an error message will appear to warn you.

JSB User Mar	nagement			1	Set to Factory Default
Index	Username	Home Folder	Index	Username	Home Folder
<u>1.</u>			<u>9.</u>		
<u>2.</u>			<u>10.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>11.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>12.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>13.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>14.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>15.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>16.</u>		

USB Application >> USB User Management

Click index number to access into configuration page.

Profile Index: 1		
FTP/SMB User	🔍 Enable	• Disable
Username		
Password		(Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm Password		
Home Folder		2
Access Rule		
File	🔲 Read	🔲 Write 🛑 Delete
Directory	🗆 List	Create Remove
Note: The folder name can only contain the space.	e following	characters: A-Z a-z O-9 \$ % ' @ ~ ` ! () and

OK	Clear	Cancel
----	-------	--------

Item	Description			
FTP/SMB User	 Enable - Click this button to activate this profile (account) for FTP service or SMB file sharing service. Later, the user can use the username specified in this page to login into FTP server. Disable - Click this button to disable such profile. 			
Username	Type the username for FTP/Samba users for accessing into FTP server (USB storage disk). Be aware that users cannot access into USB storage disk in anonymity. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the username specified here for accessing into USB storage disk. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.			
	Note: "Admin" could not be typed here as username, for the word is specified for accessing into web pages of Vigor router only. Also, it is reserved for FTP firmware upgrade usage.			
	Note: FTP Passive mode is not supported by Vigor Router.			
	Please disable the mode on the FTP client.			
Password	Type the password for FTP/Samba users for accessing FTP server. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the password specified here for accessing into USB storage disk. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.			
Confirm Password	Type the password again to make confirmation.			
Home Folder	It determines the folder for the client to access into. The user can enter a directory name in this field. Then, after clicking OK , the router will create the specific/new folder in the USB storage disk. In addition, if the user types "/" here, he/she can access into all of the disk folders and files in USB storage disk.			
	Note: When write protect status for the USB storage disk is ON, you cannot type any new folder name in this field. Only "/" can be used in such case.			
	You can click 🧭 to open the following dialog to add any new folder which can be specified as the Home Folder.			

	Note: The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ 06 ' (b ~ ' (() and space. Only 11 characters are ellowed.
Access Rule	It determines the authority for such profile. Any user, who uses such profile for accessing into USB storage disk, must follow the rule specified here.
	File - Check the items (Read, Write and Delete) for such profile.
	Directory -Check the items (List, Create and Remove) for such profile.

Before you click OK, you have to insert a USB storage disk into the USB interface of the Vigor router. Otherwise, you cannot save the configuration.

VII-2-3 File Explorer

File Explorer offers an easy way for users to view and manage the content of USB storage disk connected on Vigor router.

USB Application	>>	File	Explorer
-----------------	----	------	----------

File Explorer							
49	†	9	Current Path: /				
			Name		Size	Delete	Rename
<u> </u>							
🕆 Upla	ad File						
Select a 選擇檔 Uploa	案 ad						

Note: The folder can not be deleted when it is not empty.

Item	Description
** Refresh	Click this icon to refresh files list.
✤ Back	Click this icon to return to the upper directory.
Create	Click this icon to add a new folder.
Current Path	Display current folder.
Upload	Click this button to upload the selected file to the USB

	storage disk. The uploaded file in the USB diskette can be shared for other user through FTP.
--	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

VII-2-4 USB Device Status

This page is to monitor the status for the users who accessing into FTP or Samba server (USB storage disk) via the Vigor router. In addition, the status of the USB modem or USB printer connecting to Vigor router can be checked from such page. If you want to remove the storage disk from USB port in router, please click **Disconnect USB Disk** first. And then, remove the USB storage disk later.

Disk USB Mass Storag	Modem ge Device Status	Printer		<u>Refresh</u>
Connection Sta Disk Capacity:	atus: No Disk Coi	nnected		Disconnect USB Disk
Free Capacity:				
USB Disk Users	Connected			
Index	Service	IP Add	lress(Port)	Username

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in READ-ONLY mode. No data can be written to it.

Item	Description
Connection Status	If there is no USB storage disk connected to Vigor router, "No Disk Connected" will be shown here.
Disk Capacity	It displays the total capacity of the USB storage disk.
Free Capacity	It displays the free space of the USB storage disk. Click Refresh at any time to get new status for free capacity.
Index	It displays the number of the client which connects to FTP server.
IP Address	It displays the IP address of the user's host which connects to the FTP server.
Username	It displays the username that user uses to login to the FTP server.

Available settings are explained as follows:

When you insert USB storage disk into the Vigor router, the system will start to find out such device within several seconds.

USB Application >> USB Device Status

		Printer	Refresh	
JSB Mass Storag	je Device Status			
Connection Sta	atus: Disk Connec	ted	Disconnect USB Disk	
Write Protect S	itatus: No			
Disk Capacity:	2009 MB			
Free Capacity:	925 MB Refresh			
USB Disk Users Connected				
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username	

VII-2-5 Modem Support List

Such page provides the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

USB Application >> Modem Support List

The following compatibility test lists 3.5G/LTE modems **supported by Vigor router under certain environment or countries.** If the LTE modem you have is on the list but cannot work properly, please write an e-mail to support@draytek.com or consult your dealer for further information.

PPP mode	DHCP mode			
Brand		Model	LTE	Status
Aiko	Aiko 83	BD		γ
Alcatel	Alcatel	L100V	S	Y
Alcatel	Alcatel	W100	S	Y
BandRich	Bandlu	ке С17О		Y
BandRich	Bandlu	ке C270		Y
BandRich	Bandlu	ке С321		Υ
BandRich	Bandlu	ке С330		γ
BandRich	Bandlu	ке С331		γ
BandRich	Bandlu	ке С502		γ
Huawei	Huawe	i E169u		γ
Huawei	Huawe	i E220		γ
Huawei	Huawe	i E303D		γ
Huawei	Huawe	i E3131		γ
Huawei	Huawe	i E392	S	Y
Huawei	Huawe	E398	0	V

VII-2-6 SMB Client Support List

SMB Client Support List provides the test status information for applications with file sharing operated under different platforms.

USB Application >> SMB Client Support List



The following compatibility test lists suggested SMB clients supported by Vigor router.

Platform	Application	Status
Microsoft® Windows® XP	Built in	I
Microsoft® Windows Vista TM	Built in	Y
Microsoft® Windows® 7	Built in	Y
Microsoft® Windows® 8	Built in	М
OS X® 10.7.5	Built in	Y
OS X® 10.10	Built in	Y
Android TM	AndSMB	Y
Android TM	ES File Explorer	Y
Android TM	File Expert	Y
Android TM	File Manager	Y
Android TM	Solid Explorer	Y
Android TM	SharesFinder	Y
iOS	eXPlayer	Y
ios	nPlayer	Y

Y: Tested and is supported.

I: Supported but has some issue.

M: Has not been tested but might be supported.

Application Notes

A-1 How can I get the files from USB storage device connecting to Vigor router?

Files on USB storage device can be reviewed by opening USB Application>>File Explorer. If it is necessary for you to delete, copy files on the device or write, paste files to the devcie, it must be done through SAMBA server or FTP server.

Samba service is based on the original USB FTP service. You will need to setup USB FTP first. We would like to give brief instructions on USB FTP setup here.

 Plug the USB device to the USB port on the router. Open USB Application>>USB Device Status. Make sure Disk Connected appears on the Connection Status as the figure shown below:

USB Mass Sto	rage Device Status		
Connection	Status: Disk Connec	ted	Disconnect USB Disk
Write Protec	t Stat <mark>us: No</mark>	_	
Disk Capacit	:y: 2009 MB	J	
USB Disk Users Connected			<u>Refresh</u>
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username
	write protect switch o written to it.	of USB disk is turned on, the USB di	sk is in READ-ONLY mode. No data

2. Then, please open USB Application >> USB General Settings to enable SMB service.

USB Application >> USB General Settings

USB General Settings			
General Settings			
Simultaneous FTP Connections	5 (Maximum 6)		
Default Charset	English •		
SMB File Sharing Service (Network Neighborhood)			
🖲 Enable 🔍 Disable			
Access Mode			
LAN Only			
NetBios Name Service			
Workgroup Name	WORKGROUP		
Host Name	Vigor		
	•		

Note: 1. If character set is set to "English", only English long file name is supported.

2. Multi-session FTP download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your FTP client has a multi-

3. Setup a user account for the FTP service by using USB Application >>USB User Management. Click Enable to enable FTP/Samba User account. Here we add a new account "user1" and assign authorities "Read", "Write" and "List" to it.

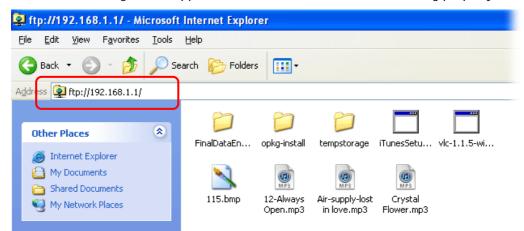
FTP/Samba User	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
Username	user1
Password	(Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm Password	
Home Folder	2
Access Rule	
File	🗹 Read 🗹 Write 🗌 Delete
Directory	☑ List □ Create □ Remove
: The folder name can only	contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' @ \sim ` ! ()
and space.	

USB Application >> USB User Management

- 4. Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- 5. Make sure the FTP service is running properly. Please open a browser and type *ftp://192.168.1.1.* Use the account "user1" to login.

Log On a	As	K			
۲	Either the server does not allow anonymous logins or the e-mail address was not accepted.				
	FTP server: 192.168.1.1				
	User name: user1				
	Password:				
	After you log on, you can add this server to your Favorites and return to it easily.				
A	FTP does not encrypt or encode passwords or data before sending them to the server. To protect the security of your passwords and data, use Web Folders (WebDAV) instead.				
	Learn more about using Web Folders.				
	□Log on anonymously				

6. When the following screen appears, it means the FTP service is running properly.



7. Return to USB Application >> USB Disk Status. The information for FTP server will be shown as below.

USB Application >> USB Disk Status

USB Mass St	orage Device Sta	tus			
Connection	Status: Disk Co	Disconnect US	B Disk		
Write Prote	Write Protect Status: No				
Disk Capaci	Disk Capacity: 2009 MB				
USB Disk Us	ers Connected			Refresh	
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username		
1.	FTP	192.168.1.10(1963)	user1	Drop	

Now, users in LAN of Vigor3220 can access into the USB storage device by typing ftp://192.168.1.1 on any browser. They can add or remove files / directories, depending on the Access Rule for FTP account settings in USB Application >>USB User Management.

Part VIII Troubleshooting



This part will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration.

VIII-1Diagnostics

This section will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration. Please follow sections below to check your basic installation status stage by stage.

- Checking if the hardware status is OK or not.
- Checking if the network connection settings on your computer are OK or not.
- Pinging the router from your computer.
- Checking if the ISP settings are OK or not.
- Backing to factory default setting if necessary.

If all above stages are done and the router still cannot run normally, it is the time for you to contact your dealer or DrayTek technical support for advanced help.

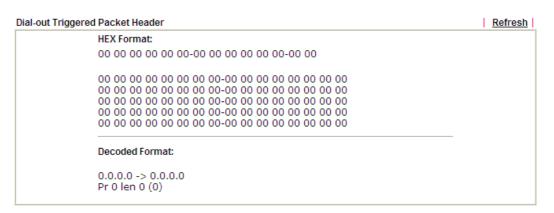
Web User Interface

Fisrt, take a look at the menu items under Diagnostics. Diagnostic Tools provide a useful way to view or diagnose the status of your Vigor router.

VIII-1-1 Dial-out Triggering

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Dial-out Triggering** to open the web page. The internet connection (e.g., PPPoE) is triggered by a package sending from the source IP address.





Item	Description
Decoded Format	It shows the source IP address (local), destination IP (remote) address, the protocol and length of the package.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

VIII-1-2 Routing Table

Click Diagnostics and click Routing Table to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

 Current Running Routing Table
 IPv6 Routing Table
 Refresh

 Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private
 2
 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0

 C~
 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0
 directly connected
 LAN1

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

Current Running Routing Table	IPv6 Ro	outing Tab	le		<u>Refresh</u>
Destination FE80::/64 FF00::/8	Interface LAN LAN	-	Metric 256 256	Next Hop	
					2

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

VIII-1-3 ARP Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **ARP Cache Table** to view the content of the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.

Diagnostics >> View ARP Cache Table

Show: ALL LANs	▼ and ALL VLANs ▼]			
Ethernet ARP Cach	e Table		I	<u>Clear</u> <u>R</u>	<u>efresh</u>
IP Address 192.168.1.5	MAC Address 00-05-5D-E4-D8-EE	Netbios Name A1000351	Interface LAN1	VLAN PO VLANO P	ort 1

Show Comment

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

VIII-1-4 IPv6 Neighbour Table

The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IPv6 address. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click Diagnostics and click IPv6 Neighbour Table to open the web page.

Pv6 Neighbour Table		Refres
IPv6 Address	Mac Address	Interface
FF02::2	33-33-00-00-00-02	LAN
FF02::1:3	33-33-00-01-00-03	LAN
FE80::3D5E:E74:8751:A44B	e8-9d-87-87-69-2f	LAN
FF02::1:FF51:A44B	33-33-ff-51-a4-4b	LAN
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC9:1E79	00-50-7f-c9-1e-79	LAN
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC8:4305	00-50-7f-c8-43-05	LAN
FF02::1	33-33-00-00-00-01	LAN
FF02::1	00-00-00-00-00	USB2
FF02::1:2	00-00-00-00-00-00	USB2
FE80::9D5C:CA86:5428:3CA7	00-26-2d-fe-63-4f	LAN
FF02::1:FF0A:673C	33-33-ff-0a-67-3c	LAN
<		>

Diagnostics >> View IPv6 Neighbour Table

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

VIII-1-5 DHCP Table

The facility provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click Diagnostics and click DHCP Table to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses

	DHCP IP Assignment Table	DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table	Refresh
LAN1	: 192.168.1.1/255.255.255	D, DHCP server: Off	
			~

and

Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses

DHCP IP Assignment Table	DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table	Refresh
DHCPv6 server binding client: Index IPv6 Address	MAC Address Leased Time	~
		~
<		>

Item	Description
Index	It displays the connection item number.
IP Address	It displays the IP address assigned by this router for specified PC.

MAC Address	It displays the MAC address for the specified PC that DHCP assigned IP address for it.
Leased Time	It displays the leased time of the specified PC.
HOST ID	It displays the host ID name of the specified PC.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

VIII-1-6 NAT Sessions Table

Click Diagnostics and click NAT Sessions Table to open the list page.

Diagnostics >> NAT Sessions Table

Private IP	:Port	#Pseudo Port	Peer IP	:Port	Interface	
192.168.1.11	2491	52078	24.9.93.189	443	WAN1	
192.168.1.11	2493	52080	207.46.25.2	80	WAN1	
192.168.1.10	3079	52665	207.46.5.10	80	WAN1	

Item	Description	
Private IP:Port	It indicates the source IP address and port of local PC.	
#Pseudo Port	It indicates the temporary port of the router used for NAT.	
Peer IP:Port	It indicates the destination IP address and port of remote host.	
Interface	It displays the representing number for different interface.	
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.	

VIII-1-7 DNS Cache Table

Click Diagnostics and click DNS Cache Table to open the web page.

The record of domain Name and the mapping IP address for answering the DNS query from LAN will be stored on Vigor router's Cache temporarily and displayed on Diagnostics >> DNS Cache Table.

Diagnostics >> DNS Cache Table

IPv4 DNS Cache Table	IPv6 DNS Cache Table	<u>Clear</u> <u>Refresh</u>
Domain Name	IP Address	TTL (s)
		/

Note: The LAN DNS entry's TTL is static.

 \square When an entry's TTL is larger than 0 s, this entry will be deleted from the table.

OK

Item	Description	
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.	
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.	
When an entry's TTL is larger than	Check the box the type the value of TTL (time to live) for each entry. Click OK to enable such function.	
	It means when the TTL value of each DNS query reaches the threshold of the value specified here, the corresponding record will be deleted from router's Cache automatically.	

VIII-1-8 Ping Diagnosis

Click Diagnostics and click Ping Diagnosis to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis

Ping Diagnosis	
● IPV4 ○ IPV6	
Note: If you want to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify which WAN to ping through, please select "Unspecified".	
Ping through: Unspecified 💌	
Ping to: Host / IP 🔻 IP Address:	
Run	
Result <u>Clear</u>	

or

Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis

🔍 IPV4 🛛 IPV6		
Note: If you want to ping through, please	ping a LAN PC or you don't want to speci select "Unspecified".	fy which WAN to
Ping through: Unspec	cified 🔻	
Ping IPv6 Address:		
	Run	
Result		<u>Clear</u>

Item	Description	
IPV4 /IPV6	Choose the interface for such function.	
Ping through	Use the drop down list to choose the WAN interface that you want to ping through or choose Unspecified to be determined by the router automatically.	
Ping to	Use the drop down list to choose the destination that you want to ping.	

IP Address	Type the IP address of the Host/IP that you want to ping.	
Ping IPv6 Address	Type the IPv6 address that you want to ping.	
Run	Click this button to start the ping work. The result will be displayed on the screen.	
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.	

VIII-1-9 Data Flow Monitor

This page displays the running procedure for the IP address monitored and refreshes the data in an interval of several seconds. The IP address listed here is configured in Bandwidth Management. You have to enable IP bandwidth limit and IP session limit before invoking Data Flow Monitor. If not, a notification dialog box will appear to remind you enabling it.

Bandwidth Management >> Sessions Limit

📀 Enab	le 🔘 Disable				
Default Max Sessions: 100					
Limitation List					
Index	Start IP	End IP			

Click Diagnostics and click Data Flow Monitor to open the web page. You can click IP Address, TX rate, RX rate or Session link for arranging the data display.

🗌 Ena	🔲 Enable Data Flow Monitor						
		Ret	fresh Seconds: 10 🔻 P	age: 1 🔻	<u>Refresh</u>		
Index	IP Address	TX rate(Kbps)	<u>RX rate(Kbps)</u> 🛩	Sessions	Action APP QoS		
		Current / Peak / Speed	Current / Peak / Speed	Current / Peak			
WAN1		0/0/Auto	0/0/Auto	0			
WAN2		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0			
WAN3		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0			
WAN4		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0			
WAN5		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0			
Total		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 46			

Note: 1. Click "Block" to prevent specified PC from surfing Internet for 5 minutes.

2. The IP blocked by the router will be shown in red, and the session column will display the remaining time that the specified IP will be blocked.

3. (Kbps): shared bandwidth

+ : residual bandwidth used

Current/Peak are average.

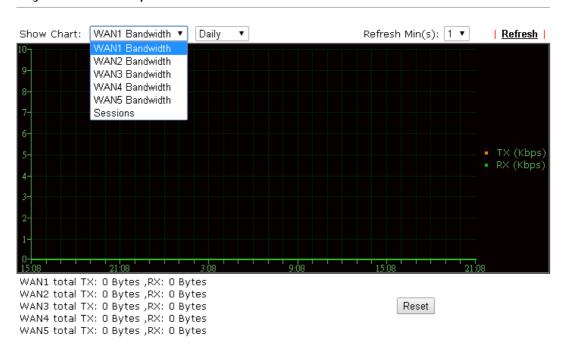
Item	Description
Enable Data Flow Monitor	Check this box to enable this function.
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.

Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.		
Index	Display the number of the data flow.		
IP Address	Display the IP address of the monitored device.		
TX rate (kbps)	Display the transmission speed of the monitored device.		
RX rate (kbps)	Display the receiving speed of the monitored device.		
Sessions	Display the session number that you specified in Limit Session web page.		
Action	Block - can prevent specified PC accessing into Internet within 5 minutes. Page: 1 V Refresh Sessions Action APP QoS 1 Block None V Unblock -The device with the IP address will be blocked for five minutes. The remaining time will be shown on the session column. Click it to cancel the IP address blocking. Page: 1 V Refresh Sessions Action APP QoS blocked / 299 Unblock None V		
Current /Peak/Speed	Current means current transmission rate and receiving rate for WAN interface.		
	 Peak means the highest peak value detected by the router in data transmission. Speed means line speed specified in WAN>>General Setup. If you do not specify any rate at that page, here will display Auto for instead. 		

VIII-1-10 Traffic Graph

Click Diagnostics and click Traffic Graph to open the web page. Choose

WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 Bandwidth, Sessions, daily or weekly for viewing different traffic graph. Click **Reset** to zero the accumulated RX/TX (received and transmitted) data of WAN. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.



Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph

The horizontal axis represents time. Yet the vertical axis has different meanings. For WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5 Bandwidth chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the transmitted and received packets in the past.

For Sessions chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the NAT sessions during the past.

VIII-1-11 Trace Route

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Trace Route** to open the web page. This page allows you to trace the routes from router to the host. Simply type the IP address of the host in the box and click **Run**. The result of route trace will be shown on the screen.

Diagnostics	>>	Trace	Route
-------------	----	-------	-------

Trace Route			
● IPV4			
Trace thr			
Protocol:	ICMP 🔻		
Host / IP	Address:		
	Run		
Result		<u>Clear</u>	
		/	

or

Diagnostics >> Trace Route

race Route		
○ IPV4 ● IPV6		
Trace Host / IP Address:		
	Run	
Result		<u>Clear</u>

Item	Description
IPv4 / IPv6	Click one of them to display corresponding information for it.
Trace through	Use the drop down list to choose the interface that you want

	to ping through.
Protocol	Use the drop down list to choose the protocol that you want to ping through.
Host/IP Address	It indicates the IP address of the host.
Trace Host/IP Address	It indicates the IPv6 address of the host.
Run	Click this button to start route tracing work.
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

VIII-1-12 Syslog Explorer

Such page provides real-time syslog and displays the information on the screen.

For Web Syslog

This page displays the time and message for User/Firewall/call/WAN/VPN settings. You can check **Enable Web Syslog**, specify the type of Syslog and choose the display mode you want. Later, the event of Syslog with specified type will be shown for your reference.

Diagnostics >> Syslog Explorer

Web Syslog	USB Syslog
🔲 Enable Web Syslog	<u>Export Refresh Clear </u>
	Syslog Type User 🔻 Display Mode Stop record when fulls 💌
Time	Message

Item	Description		
Enable Web Syslog	Check this box to enable the function of Web Syslog.		
Syslog Type	Use the drop down list to specify a type of Syslog to be displayed.		
Export	Click this link to save the data as a file.		
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.		
Clear	Click this link to clear information on this page.		
Display Mode	There are two modes for you to choose. Stop record when fulls Stop record when fulls Always record the new event Stop record when fulls - when the capacity of syslog is full, the system will stop recording. Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.		
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.		
Message	Display the information for each event.		

For USB Syslog

This page displays the syslog recorded on the USB storage disk.

Diagnostics >> Syslog Explorer

Web Syslog USB Syslog

Note:The syslog will	show while the saved s	yslog file size is over :	1MB.	
Folder: n/a	File: n/a	Page: n/a	Log Type: n/a	
Time	Log Type		Message	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.
Log Type	Display the type of the record.
Message	Display the information for each event.

VIII-1-13 IPv6 TSPC Status

IPv6 TSPC status web page could help you to diagnose the connection status of TSPC.

If TSPC has configured properly, the router will display the following page when the user connects to tunnel broker successfully.

```
Diagnostics >> IPv6 TSPC Status
```

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4	WAN5	<u>Refresh</u>
TSPC Enab	led				
TSPC Conn	ection Status				
Local End	lpoint v4 Address :	114.44.54	4.220		
Local End	point v6 Address :	2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:10b9			
Router DN	IS name :	88886666	88886666.broker.freenet6.net		
Remote E	ndpoint v4 Address :	81.171.72.11			
Remote E	ndpointv6 Address:	2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:10b8			
Tspc Prefi	x	2001:05c0:1502:0d00:0000:0000:0000:0000			
Tspc Prefi	xlen :	56			
Tunnel Br	oker:	amsterdam.freenet6.net			
Tunnel St	atus :	Connecte	d		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.

VIII-1-14 High Availability Status

All of the routers under the same DARP (DrayTek Address resolution Protocol) group can be viewed in such page. However, only partial information of the router status will be displayed.

Vigor routers with the following condtions will be treated as the same DARP group:

- HA enabled
- the same Redundancy method
- the same Group ID
- the same Authentication Key
- the same Management Interface

Open Diagnostics>>High Availablity Status.

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status

					De	tails <u>HA Setup</u> <u>Re</u> r	new <u>Refresh</u>
Status	Router Name	IPv4	State	Stable	WAN	Config Sync Status	Cached Time
<u> </u>	<u>DrayTek</u>	<u>192.168.1.1</u>	Down	No	All WANs Down - Eth	Not Ready Sync	-

Note: 1. High Availability Status table displays 10 routers maximum. The local router will always show in the first row of this table.

2. A Status of "!" indicates that an error has occurred, refer to the **Details** page for more information.

ltem	Description
Details/Back	Details - Click it to display detailed status about HA configuration for the selected router.
	Back - Return to previous page.
HA Setup	Click it to open Applications >> High Availability for modifying the configuration.
Renew	Click it to get the newest status of other router (except the primary router).
Refresh	Click it to get the newest status of the primary router.
Status	"!" means an error has occurred. Refer to Detailed information and modify HA settings if required.
Router Name	Display the name of the device.
IPv4	Display the IPv4 address of such router.
State	"Down" means the function of HA is disabled.
	"Primary" means such router stands for the primary router in HA.
	"Secondary" means such router stands for the secondary router in HA.
Stable	"No" means the primary router has not been determined yet. DARP is negotiating.
	"YES" means the primary router is determined.
WAN	"At Least One UP" means that at least one WAN interface connects to Internet.
	"All WANs Down" means that no WAN interface connects to Internet.
Config Sync Status	"Not Ready" means configuration synchronization is unable to execute, or configuration synchronization is disabled, or synchronization initialization executes but fails.
	"Ready" means configuration synchronization is ready to execute.
	"Progressing" means configuration synchronization is

Available settings are explained as follows:

	operating. "Fail" means configuration synchronization executed and failed; or wrong model name. "Equal" means the corresponding settings are equal to the primary router.
Cached Time	Display the time period since the last time to get the newest status of other router (except the primary router).

Cick the link of Status, Router Name, IPv4 or Details, the following page will be displayed on the screen.

[Local Route	r]		Back HA	<u>Setup Renew Refresh</u>
DrayTek				192.168.1.1
State	Stable	WAN	Config Sync Status	Cached Time
Down	No !	All WANs Down - Eth 🔄	Not Ready Sync	-
MAC		00:1d:aa:ba:07:28	HTTPs Port	443
Model		Vigor2925n+	Firmware Version	3.8.2_RC5d
Enable High	Availability	Off !	Redundancy Method	Active-Standby
Group ID		1	Priority ID	10
Authenticatio	on Key	draytek	Management Interface	LAN1
Update DDNS	5	Off		
Virtual IP		Off !		
Enable Confi	g Sync	Off	Config Sync Interval	0 Day 0 Hour 15 Minute

Note: Displays up to 10 routers. Each router can show up to 7 Virtual IPs.

VIII-1-15 Authentication Information

Authentication User List

Such page displays authentication jobs made by Internal RADIUS or Local 802.1X.

When the mouse cursor moves to the name link under User Name, the connection message (including authentication failed information) about internal RADIUS or local 802.1X service will be shown by a popped up dialog box.

Diagnostics >> Authentication Information

Authentica	ntion User List	Authentication Inform	ation Log	
			<u>Refresh</u> <u>Cl</u>	ear
User Name	Authentication Failure Times	s User Name	Authentication Failure Times	
<u>test_1</u>	Q	test_sales	Q	

Note

This is the authentication list for router's Internal RADIUS or Local 802.1X
 For those clients are authenticated by external RADIUS server, please find the information from the server.

Authentication Information Log

This page will display the complete authentication log information.

Diagnostics >> Authentication Information

Authentication	ı User List	Auti	nentication Information Log
🗖 Enable			<u>Refresh</u> <u>Clear</u>
	Syslog Type	ALL 🔽 Radius	Display Mode always record the new event 💌
Tim	ie	802.1X ALL	Message

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable such function.
Refresh	Click it to update current page.
Clear	Click it to remove all of the records.
Syslog Type	Specify RADIUS, 802.1X or All to display related authentication information log.
Display Mode	Choose the mode you want to display the related information on the following table.
	• Stop record when fulls - when the capacity of CVM log is full, the system will stop recording.
	• Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.
Time	Display the time the user authenticated by Vigor2860 series.
Message	Display authentication information done by Vigor2860 series.

VIII-1-16 DoS Flood Table

This page can display content of IP connection detected by DoS Flooding Defense mechanism. It is useful and convenient for network engineers (e.g., MIS engineer) to inspect the network environment to find out if there is any abnormal connection.

Information of IP traced and destination port used for SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP Flood attacks will be detected and shown respectively on different pages.

Moreover, IP address detected and suspected to attack the network system can be blocked shortly by clicking the **Block** button shown on pages of SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP Flood.

4				
SYN Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	Blocking IP List	Refresh
Tracing IP		Destination	Port	
192.168.1.22		80		Block
192.168.1.205		40005(3)		Block
192.100.1.205		10005(-)		DIOCK
6				
YN Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	Blocking IP List	Refresh
Tracing IP		Destinati	ion Port	
)				
fo	The ico	n - (🚳)- mea	ns there is somethin	g wrong (e.g., at

However, if an IP address is comfirmed to be blocked due to its abnormal behavior, click the **Blocking IP List** tab to block it forever. For example, IP address "192.168.1.123" (displayed on the following web page) will be blocked forever.

Diagnostics >> DoS Flood Table

	SYN Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	Blocking IP List	Refresh
/6 SYN Flood UDP Flood ICMP Flood Blocking IP List Refre	Blocking IP :		add	192.168.1.123	*
SYN Flood UDP Flood ICMP Flood Blocking IP List Refre				remove	~
Tracing IP Destination Port					
Destination		UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	Blocking IP List	Refresh
		UDP Flood			<u>Refrest</u>
	SYN Flood	UDP Flood			<u>Refrest</u>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Blocking IP	Type the IP address in this field and click add . It will be added to the IP List and appear in the right frame.
	IP list in the right frame will be blocked by Vigor system permanatly.
	Remove - It is used to remove selected IP address from the Blocking IP List.
Refresh	Click this link to refresh current page.

VIII-2 Checking If the Hardware Status Is OK or Not

Follow the steps below to verify the hardware status.

- 1. Check the power line and WLAN/LAN cable connections. Refer to "1.3 Hardware Installation" for details.
- 2. Turn on the router. Make sure the ACT LED blink once per second and the correspondent LAN LED is bright.

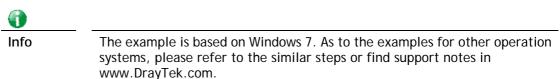


3. If not, it means that there is something wrong with the hardware status. Simply back to "1.2 Hardware Installation" to execute the hardware installation again. And then, try again.

VIII-3 Checking If the Network Connection Settings on Your Computer Is OK or Not

Sometimes the link failure occurs due to the wrong network connection settings. After trying the above section, if the link is stilled failed, please do the steps listed below to make sure the network connection settings is OK.

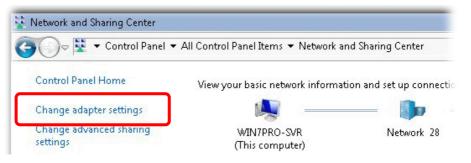
For Windows



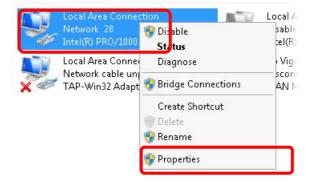
1. Open All Programs>>Getting Started>>Control Panel. Click Network and Sharing Center.

A Fonts
svel 🎕
🚆 Network and Sharing Center
Personalization
P Recovery

2. In the following window, click Change adapter settings.



3. Icons of network connection will be shown on the window. Right-click on Local Area Connection and click on Properties.



4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP) and then click Properties.

Local Area Connect	ion Properties	>
Networking Sharing		
Connect using:		
🔮 Intel(R) PRO/10	000 MT Network Conne	ection
		Configure
This connection uses	the following items:	
Client for Mic		
Privacyware		
🛛 🗹 🛃 QoS Packet		
	er Sharing for Microsoft	
	col Version 6 (TCP/IP)	
	col Version 4 (TCP/IP)	
Link-Layer To	opology Discovery Map	per 1/0 Driver
🗌 🗖 📥 Link-Layer To	opology Discovery Resp	ponder
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description		

5. Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Finally, click OK.

neral Alternate Configuration ou can get IP settings assigned au	tomatic	ally if		otwork	cupporte
is capability. Otherwise, you need the appropriate IP settings.					
Obtain an IP address automat -	ically				
Use the following IP address:-					_
IP address:			3	- (
Subnet mask:		1.1			
Default gateway:					_
C els sur ll					
 Obtain DNS server address au Use the following DNS server 	000000000000				
Preferred DNS server:					_
Alternate DNS server:					_
	1				
🗖 Validate settings upon exit				Adv	anced

For Mac OS

- 1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
- 2. Open the Application folder and get into Network.
- 3. On the Network screen, select Using DHCP from the drop down list of Configure IPv4.

0 0	Network	e
Show All Displays Sou	Network Startup Disk	
L	ocation: Automatic	
	Show: Built-in Ethernet	
TCP	/IP PPPoE AppleTalk Proxies Ethernet	
Configure IPv4:	Using DHCP	
IP Address:	192.168.1.10 (Renew D	HCP Lease
Subnet Mask:		
Router:	(If require 192.168.1.1	d)
DNS Servers:		(Optional)
Search Domains:		(Optional)
IPv6 Address:	fe80:0000:0000:0000:020a:95ff:fe8d:72e4	
	Configure IPv6	?
Click the lock to p	revent further changes. Assist me)	Apply Now

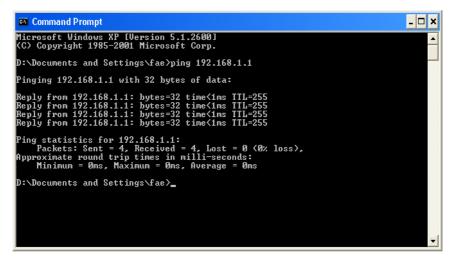
VIII-4 Pinging the Router from Your Computer

The default gateway IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. For some reason, you might need to use "ping" command to check the link status of the router. The most important thing is that the computer will receive a reply from 192.168.1.1. If not, please check the IP address of your computer. We suggest you setting the network connection as get IP automatically. (Please refer to the section 5.2)

Please follow the steps below to ping the router correctly.

For Windows

- 1. Open the Command Prompt window (from Start menu> Run).
- 2. Type command (for Windows 95/98/ME) or cmd (for Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista/7). The DOS command dialog will appear.



- 3. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "Reply from 192.168.1.1:bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255" will appear.
- 4. If the line does not appear, please check the IP address setting of your computer.

For Mac OS (Terminal)

- 1. Double click on the current used MacOs on the desktop.
- 2. Open the Application folder and get into Utilities.
- 3. Double click **Terminal**. The Terminal window will appear.
- 4. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=xxxx ms" will appear.

000	Terminal - bash - 80x24	
Last login: Sat Ja Welcome to Darwin!	n 302:24:18 on ttyp1	2
Vigor10:~ draytek\$		
PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 56 data bytes	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=0.755 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.697 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.716 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.731 ms	
64 bytes from 192. ^C	168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=0.72 ms	
192.168.1.1 pi	ng statistics	
The second s	ted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss /max = 0.697/0.723/0.755 ms	

VIII-5 Checking If the ISP Settings are OK or Not

If WAN connection cannot be up, check if the LEDs (according to the LED explanations listed on section 1.2) are correct or not. If the LEDs are off, please:

- Change the Physical Type from Auto negotiation to other values (e.g., 100M full duplex).
- Next, change the physical type of modem (e.g., DSL/FTTX(GPON)/Cable modem) offered by ISP with the same value configured in Vigor router. Check if the LEDs on Vigor router are on or not.
- If not, please install an additional switch for connecting both Vigor router and the modem offered by ISP. Then, check if the LEDs on Vigor router are on or not.
- If the problem of LEDs cannot be solved by the above measures, please contact with the nearest reseller, or send an e-mail to DrayTek FAE for technical support.
- Check if the settings offered by ISP are configured well or not.

When the LEDs are on and correct, yet the WAN connection still cannot be up, please:

• Open WAN >> Internet Access page and then check whether the ISP settings are set correctly. Click Details Page of WAN1~WAN4 to review the settings that you configured previously.

WAN >> Internet Access

Internet .	Access				
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		Ethernet	None 🔻	Details Page	₩6
WAN2		Ethernet	PPPoE v	Details Page IP	V6
WAN3		Ethernet	None 🔻	Details Page	v6
WAN4		Ethernet	None PPPoE	Details Page IP	₩6
WAN5		USB	Static or Dynamic IP PPTP/L2TP	Details Page	V6

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

VIII-6 Problems for 3G/4G Network Connection

When you have trouble in using 3G/4G network transmission, please check the following:

Check if USB LED lights on or off

You have to wait about 15 seconds after inserting 3G/4G USB Modem into your Vigor3220. Later, the USB LED will light on which means the installation of USB Modem is successful. If the USB LED does not light on, please remove and reinsert the modem again. If it still fails, restart Vigor3220.

USB LED lights on but the network connection does not work

Check the PIN Code of SIM card is disabled or not. Please use the utility of 3G/4G USB Modem to disable PIN code and try again. If it still fails, it might be the compliance problem of system. Please open DrayTek Syslog Tool to capture the connection information (WAN Log) and send the page (similar to the following graphic) to the service center of DrayTek.

Dray 1	`ek			Syslog Utility
Log Filter Keyword: Apply to: Apply to: A		Refresh WAN IPPB>	172.16.3.130	WAN Information TX Rate RX Rate WAN IP Gateway IP
Show Syslog List		🔵 Show Tr	affic Graph	Pause
System Time 2013-08-27 15:11:09	Router Time Aug 27 07:10:53	Host Vigor-router	Message statistic: Session Usage: 123 (5 min average)	
2013-08-27 15:11:09	Aug 27 07:10:53	Vigor-router Vigor-router	statistic: WAN1: Tx 81 Kbps, Rx 12 Kbps (5 min	average)
2013-08-27 15:10:07	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Host Controller Driver: OTG	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]EndpointAddress=82 (in), Attributes=02 ((Bulk)
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]EndpointAddress=01 (out), Attributes=02	2 (Bulk)
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Mass Storage device class	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Interface Class:SubClass:Protocol = [08	:06:50]
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Interface: 0	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Per-interface classes	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Device Class:SubClass:Protocol = [00:00:	00]
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]SerialNumber:[3] ED96E018	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Product:[2] Mass Storage	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Manufacturer:[1] Generic	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Usb new device: Vendor ID [058F], Produ	ct ID: [6387]
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]num of interfaces=1	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]usb_set_configuration: configuration=1	
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Usb Device Connected at Port 0	
<				>

Transmission Rate is not fast enough

Please connect your Notebook with 3G/4G USB Modem to test the connection speed to verify if the problem is caused by Vigor3220. In addition, please refer to the manual of 3G/4G USB Modem for LED Status to make sure if the modem connects to Internet via HSDPA mode. If you want to use the modem indoors, please put it on the place near the window to obtain better signal receiving.

VIII-7 Backing to Factory Default Setting If Necessary

Sometimes, a wrong connection can be improved by returning to the default settings. Try to reset the router by software or hardware. Such function is available in Admin Mode only.



Info

After pressing factory default setting, you will loose all settings you did before. Make sure you have recorded all useful settings before you pressing. The password of factory default is null.

Software Reset

System Maintenance >> Reboot System

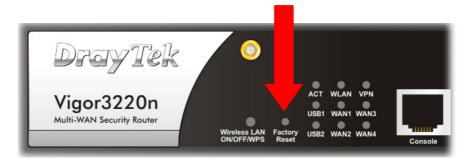
You can reset the router to factory default via Web page. Such function is available in Admin Mode only.

Go to **System Maintenance** and choose **Reboot System** on the web page. The following screen will appear. Choose **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. After few seconds, the router will return all the settings to the factory settings.

Reboot System	
D	o you want to reboot your router ?
0	Using current configuration
(Using factory default configuration
	Reboot Now
Auto Reboot Time Schedule	•
Index(1-1	5) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,
Note: Acti	ion and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.
	OK Cancel

Hardware Reset

While the router is running (ACT LED blinking), press the Factory Reset button and hold for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED blinks rapidly, please release the button. Then, the router will restart with the default configuration.



After restore the factory default setting, you can configure the settings for the router again to fit your personal request.

VIII-8 Contacting DrayTek

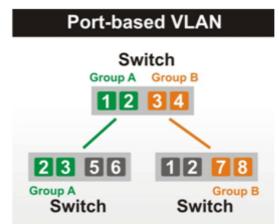
If the router still cannot work correctly after trying many efforts, please contact your dealer for further help right away. For any questions, please feel free to send e-mail to support@DrayTek.com.

Appendix I: VLAN Applications on Vigor Router

Virtual Local Area Network is so-called VLAN. It offers the logical grouping technique to separate the physical ports of Ethernet switches, thus we can manage our local network easier, more flexible and secure. For instance, you're a networking administrator in your company and you're planning to isolate the visitors' traffics from your private network for security considerations because you cannot ensure that visitors' computer is clean. Or you want to separate your private network into several parts by divisions because there are too many computers in the same network segment and it results in the local traffics heavily. VLAN helps you to solve these situations, and DrayTek's products support bellow two popular types:

Port-based

It uses a matrix table of the physical ports to define the traffics how to exchange between each port, and the traffics will be isolated from the ports are not being ticked in the same line. It is the easiest way to setup an isolate network, but not a flexible way to maintain a growing network. Because the idea of port-based VLAN is grouping by physical ports, but the difficulty is how to handle the traffics between two or more Ethernet switches. Thus, VLAN is suitable for some circumstances, for example, the rental apartment, SOHO office...and so on. These clients may need two or three isolated networks only and setup a network in a simple way.



Tag-based

The idea of tag-based VLAN is to identify a virtual LAN with a specific ID, therefore, VLAN ID introduced by tag-based VLAN. Through VLAN ID, ports with different VID (VLAN ID) will be identified as in different LANs, so the traffics also will be isolated from each of VLANs. Many administrators who manage an enterprise network or even the internet service providers (ISP) adopt Tag-based VLAN popularly because it is convenient to maintain and manage a distributed network. Setting a large-scale network is easy by giving each of them with different VID and isolating the traffics at the same time. Besides the VLAN ID, there is another feature, Trunk, introduced. While the role of a port on an Ethernet switch is setup as a Trunk port, it means the VLAN ID will be kept while forwarding the packets between switches. By this feature, VLANs are able to distribute over two or more Ethernet switches easily, moreover design a large and secured network is possible through Trunk port. When VLAN is being enabled on Vigor routers, the LAN ports are being turned into Trunk mode automatically. Therefore, a VLAN supported switch, like VigorSwitch G2260/P2261, or VigorSwitch G1240, is needed.

Switch VID:100 VID:200 12 3 23 5 VID:100 VID:200 VID:100 VID:200 Switch 12 78 78 VID:100 VID:200 Switch Switch

Vigor routers ^[Note] support Tag-based feature both on LAN and WAN interfaces. The next we'll demonstrate our web design and how to configure the settings by introducing the functionalities of Vigor router.

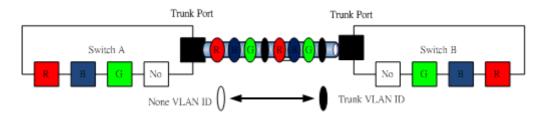
[Note]

Broadband router: Vigor2920/Vigor3200/Vigor2925/Vigo2960/Vigor3900

Modem router: Vigor2850/Vigor3220

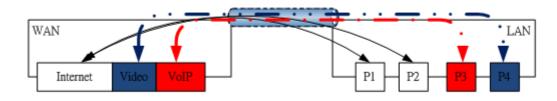
VLAN Packets on Vigor routers

Trunk mode of LAN



Trunk Port can carry the packets with VID but replace the Non-VID packet as the VID of Trunk port while forwarding the packets to another switch.

Bridge mode of WAN



P1 and P2 are doing NAT flow to access to the internet, but P3 and P4 will forward the packets between WAN and LAN ports directly.

Web User Interface

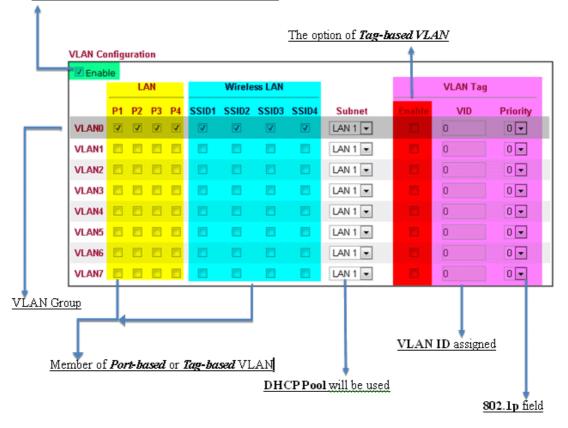
So far, there are two kinds of open system on Vigor router. One is DrayOS, which is DrayTek owned, and another is Linux-like which customized by DrayTek from OpenWRT. Here DrayOS system is going to be introduced to you because it is the most stable and superfast booting system in DrayTek products. If the UI style of yours is different from the following. It may not DrayOS system with new web style or maybe the Linux-like model.

WAN

Multi-VLA	N		1		
Mulu-VEA	General				
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based B	ridge
- 1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None		
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None		
<u>3.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	□ P3 □ P4 □ P
<u>4.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 F
5.WAN5	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 0
6.WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4
Z.WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 (
<u>8.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4
	N Tag:	0			
ers Prio Note: 2 Co Physic Physic	rity: 1.Tag valu Only one pen Port-bas sical Member 1	0 Image: Comparison of the set betwee channel can be untage connection betwee connection of the set of the s	gged (equal to for this Channel	-	
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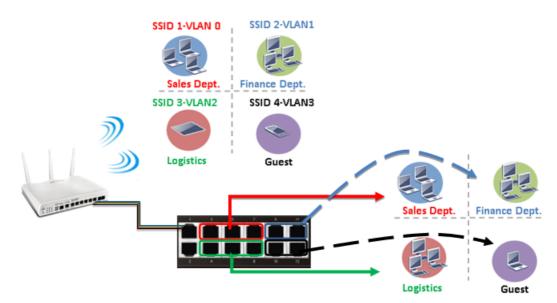
LAN

Enable Port-based VLAN by checking the option



VLAN applications on Vigor router

Multi Subnet (VLAN of LAN)



Port-based mode

	_	U	NN.			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Tag	1
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLANO	V	8	۵	8	V			23	LAN 1 💌		0	0 -
VLAN1	8	V	۵			V			LAN 2 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN2			9				2		LAN 3 📼		0	0 💌
VLAN3				V				V	LAN 4 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 -
VLAN5									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN7	23	83	23	23	23	23	23	23	LAN 1 💌	1	0	0 -

Tag-based mode

🗹 Enab	le	u	NN.			Wirele	ss LAN			VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority	
VLAND	1								LAN 1 👻		10	0 -	
VLAN1		V		8		V			LAN 2 💌	12	20	0 💌	
VLAN2			V	13			1	8	LAN 3 💌	V	30	0 💌	
VLAN3	۵			V				V	LAN 4 💌	V	40	0 💌	
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 .	
VLAN5				23					LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN7			23	63				12	LAN 1 💌	10	0	0 -	

By above settings, there are four private networks will be created and computers attached with each of LAN ports or SSIDs which are able to obtain a private IP address from each DHCP server (LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4). However, the traffics of the LAN port or SSID that are NOT being grouped in the same VLAN are unable to forward to each other. The benefit of Port-based is able to extend the wired ports by installing a cheaper dumb switch as many as you need, but Tag-based offers you a flexible and well-managed network. The networks are isolated, secured and reduce the broadcasting storm effectively in each of networks with VLAN.

- SSID 1-VLAN 0 SSID 2-VLANO Sales Dept. SSID 3-VLANO SSID 3-VLANO SSID 4-VLANI SS
- Guest Network

Port-based mode

Z Enab	le	υ	AN			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Tag	I
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLANO		V	V	V		V		8	LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN1								V	LAN 2 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN2									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN3									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN5									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN7	83	23	23	23	13	23	23	1	LAN 1 💌	23	0	0 💌

Tag-based mode

🗹 Enab	le											
		U	AN .			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Tag	1
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAND	8	2	$[\overline{\mathcal{C}}]$		1	V	1		LAN 1 💌	83	0	0 💌
VLAN1	V	۵	۵					V	LAN 2 💌	V	10	0 💌
VLAN2									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN3									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 -
VLAN5							1		LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN7									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌

To deploy a guest network, which serves your guests the internet accessibility, but the traffics have to be isolated from your private network due to the security considerations, it can be done by above settings. However, a switch support VLAN function is need if VLAN Tag enabled.

Triple Play (Multi-WAN)

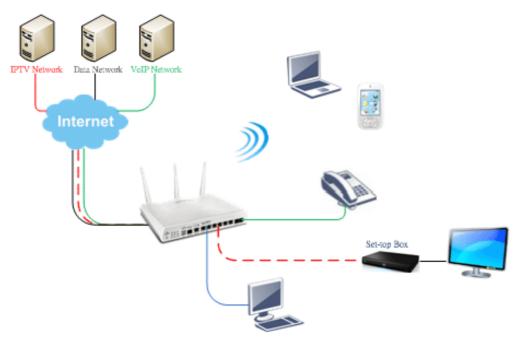
NAT mode with VLAN



Following settings, the set-top box (STB) is able to attach with any LAN port. Video streaming which your ISP provided will be played on your monitor.

WAN 1					1 0.4. 11 71		TT74 b14
Enable:	Yes				1. Setup the V	LAN ID of	n WAN1 profiles if
Display Name:					WAN is the n	imary inter	face of IPTV service.
Physical Mode:	Ethernet				write is all pi	innary miler	face of if i v service.
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation						
Line Speed(Kbps):							
DownLink	0						
UpLink	0						
VLAN Tag insertion :	Enable . (Please configure In	nternet Access	s setting first)				
Tag value:	10 (0~4095) 0 (0~7)						
Priority: Active Mode:	Always On 💌 Load Balance:	V	_	General	_		
			Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
			1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	
			2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
			3.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 F
Open the profile of WA	ANS by clicking the	ID	4.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
Spon are prome or wi		·	5.WANS	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
			6.WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
			<u>Z.</u> WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
			<u>8.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
VLAN Header VLAN 20 Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note:1.Tag value must be se each channel. 2.Only one channel can l	et between 1~4095 and be untagged (equal to 0));	P2 P3	P4	P5		ind the service onto it.
Header VLAN 20 Tag: 3 Priority: 3 Note:1.Tag value must be se each channel.	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5) i P1 Note:3.P configur	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv	P4 ved for N dge mode	P5 AT use,and canno a. s Channel	ot be	ind the service onto it.
Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note: 1. Tag value must be se each channel. 2. Only one channel can Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members P1 P2 P3 P4 1	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use,and cannot be	Note:3.P configur	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv WAN Interf Router-bor	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi me Applica	P5 AT use,and canno a. s Channel stion: IPTV		ind the service onto it.
Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note: 1.Tag value must be se each channel. 2.Only one channel can 1 Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members. P1 P2 P3 P4 II Note: 3.P1 is reserved for NA	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use,and cannot be	Note:3.P configure Open WAN for WAN Set	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv WAN Interf Router-bor tup: Static	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi me Applica	P5 AT use,and canno a. s Channel stion: IPTV ic IP 💌	ot be	ind the service onto it.
Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note: 1.Tag value must be se each channel. 2.Only one channel can l Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members. P1 P2 P3 P4 I Note: 3.P1 is reser ed for NA configured for bridge mode.	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use,and cannot be	P1 Note:3.P configure WAN for WAN Set	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv WAN Interf Router-bor tup: Static ess Setup	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi me Applica	P5 AT use, and canno a. s Channel ation: IPTV ic IP v	ot be	ind the service onto it.
Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note: 1.Tag value must be se each channel. 2.Only one channel can l Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members. P1 P2 P3 P4 I Note: 3.P1 is reserved for NA configured for bridge mode.	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use,and cannot be	 P1 Note: 3.P configure Open WAN for WAN Set ISP Accel ISP Name 	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv WAN Interf Router-bor tup: Static ess Setup ne	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi me Applica	P5 AT use, and canno a. s Channel stion: IPTV Ic IP WAN IP Netv @ Obtain an	work Settings	ind the service onto it.
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Header VAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note:1.Tag value must be se each channel. 2.Only one channel can Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members P1 P2 P3 P4 I Note:3.P1 is reserved for NA configured for bridge mode. O need to enable Port-1	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use,and cannot be) i P1 configu VAN for WAN for WAN Set ISP Acce ISP Nan Usernal Passwo PPP Authent	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for briv WAN Interf Router-bor tup: Static ess Setup ne me pord	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi rne Applica or Dynam	P5 AT use, and canno ation: IPTV ic IP V WAN IP Nets Obtain an automatical Router Name	work Settings	ind the service onto it.
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Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note: 1. Tag value must be se each channel. 2. Only one channel can l Open Port-based Bridge Cor Physical Members. P1 P2 P3 P4 N Note: 3.P1 is reserved for NA configured for bridge mode. O need to enable Port-1 ridge. Go to Application >> on PVC WAN. IGMP IGMP Proxy is 1	be untagged (equal to 0) nnection for this Channel P5 AT use, and cannot be based IGMP to bind Proxy PVC	 P1 P1 Configure Configure Configure WAN for WAN for WAN Set ISP Accession ISP Accession Usernation Password PA Authention Alway Idle Tii IP Addression Fixed IF Addression Addression 	P2 P3 P1 is reser red for brin WAN Interf Router-bor tup: Static ess Setup me me tication ys On meout 1 se ss From ISI o Yes s	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi me Applica or Dynam	P5 AT use, and canno a. s Channel stion: IPTV ic IP v WAN IP Netv © Obtain an automatical Router Name Domain Name bomain Name *: Requin Specify a IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway IP Address Secondary IP Address	vork Settings IP address Vigor * ed for some IS n IP address IP Address 8.8.8.8 8.8.4	
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Bridge mode with VLAN



Multi-VLAN	1			
	General			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
3.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4 P5
<u>4.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4 P5
5.WAN5	No	#1		n n. n. n. n. n.
6.WAN6	No	Multi-VLAN Channel	3: 🦲 Enable	O Disable
LWAN7	No	WAN Type : Ethe	ernet(WAN1) 💌	
8.	No			
		2.Only one char Bridge mode C Enable Physical Members P1 P2 P3	ust be set be nnel can be u P4 P	tween 1~4095 and unique for each channel. ntagged (equal to 0) at a time. e,and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

Set-top box (STB) or the other kinds of media devices are able to attach with Port4 or Port5 of LAN. Those devices that attached with Port4 or Port5 are able to access the services network directly which your ISP provided.

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Part IX DrayTek Tools

Vigor3220 Series User's Guide

IX-1 SmartVPN Client

IX-1-1 DrayTek Android-based SmartVPN APP for the establishment of SSL VPN connection

DrayTek has been the world-leading company to integrate VPN with Vigor SOHO routers to serve professionals and business customers with secure data transactions over Internet. The facilities of VPN let businesses are able to receive and send data over Internet with secure tunnels. We provide multiple protocol VPN connections such as IPSec/PPTP/L2TP protocols for secure data exchange and communication. With SSL VPN embedded on Vigor routers, teleworkers can have convenient and simple access to central site VPN. The teleworkers do not need to install any VPN software manually. From regular web browser, you can establish VPN connection back to your main office even in a guest network or web cafe.

Dray Te	ek Smart VPN Client
vpn SSLTunnel VP	N .
C C Smartv	/PN save
Server	100.100.100.100
Port	443
Enable ser	ver certificate authentication
Use defau	It gateway on remote network

DrayTek provided free SmartVPN for Windows-based users to easily establish VPN tunnels. There were million downloads. Now, DrayTek released Android-based SmartVPN app for those who would like to set up SSL VPN connection with the VPN server working at the main office. The SmartVPN app is available for your free download! Then, you can use the SmartVPN App on smartphone/tablet PC to establish SSL VPN tunnels with your main office.

IX-1-2 How to Use SmartVPN Android APP to Establish SSL VPN Tunnel?

SmartVPN APP for Android is now available on Google play. This document demonstrates how to use the APP to establish a SSL VPN tunnel.

1. On VPN server, create a SSL user account. Please refer to "How to Set up SSL VPN" on www.draytek.com for detailed instructions.

SSL VPN >> Remote Dial-in User

User account and Authentication	Username draytek
Enable this account	Password(Max 19 char)
Idle Timeout 300 second(s)	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTF PIN Code
Allowed Dial-In Type	Secret
✓ PPTP	1
🗹 IPsec Tunnel	IKE Authentication Method
L2TP with IPsec Policy None	Pre-Shared Key
🖉 SSL Tunnel	IKE Pre-Shared Key
Specify Remote Node	Digital Signature(X.509)
Remote Client IP	None 🔻
	IPsec Security Method
or Peer ID	Medium(AH)
Netbios Naming Packet 💿 Pass 🔘 Block	High(ESP) 🖉 DES 🖉 3DES 🖉 AES
Multicast via VPN 🛛 💿 Pass 💿 Block	Local ID (optional)
(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	
Subnet	-
Assign Static IP Address	

2. Download the APP from Google play, and run the APP.



3. Click "+" to add a new profile.



- 4. Edit the profile.
 - a. Enter description of this profile.
 - b. Enter VPN Server's IP in Server.
 - c. Enter Port as the port which VPN server uses for SSL VPN; for Vigor Routers, it is 443 by default.
 - d. Tap SAVE to save the profile or "<" to cancel.

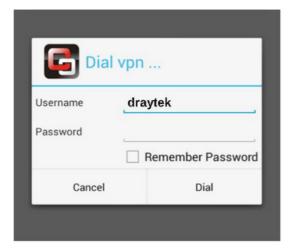
🔁 Sma	rtVPN	SAVE
Description	vpn	
Server	100.100.100.100	
Port	443	
Enable	server certificate authentica	ation
Use de	fault gateway on remote net	twork
()		
Info	Installation of relevant Root CA is authentication.	s required to enable server certificate

If you check "Use default gateway on remote network", all the traffic of this smart device will be forwarded to the remote gateway.

5. Tap the profile bar to establish SSL VPN tunnel.



6. Enter Username and Password, then tap Dial.



7. When the tunnel is up, the profile will turn green. Tap the bar again will disconnect the tunnel.



8. Tap the pencil icon to edit or remove the profile.



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Part X Telnet Commands

Vigor3220 Series User's Guide

Accessing Telnet of Vigor3220

This chapter also gives you a general description for accessing telnet and describes the firmware versions for the routers explained in this manual.

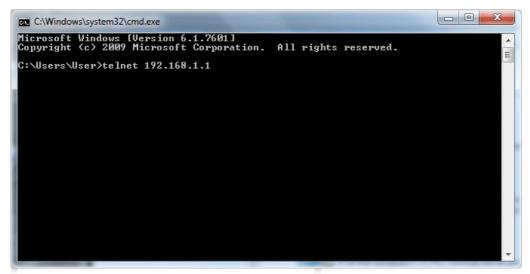
Info

For Windows 7 user, please make sure the Windows Features of Telnet Client has been turned on under Control Panel>>Programs.

Type cmd and press Enter. The Telnet terminal will be open later.

Programs (1)	
cmd	
₽ See more results	
cmd ×	Shut down 🔸

In the following window, type **Telnet 192.168.1.1** as below and press Enter. Note that the IP address in the example is the default address of the router. If you have changed the default, enter the current IP address of the router.



Next, type admin/admin for Account/Password. Then, type ?. You will see a list of valid/common commands depending on the router that your use.

Telnet 192.168.1.1							
bpa ip mngt prn switch vigbrg wl_dual apm	csm ip6 msubnet gos sys vlan radius ha	ddns ipf object quit testmail vpn wol	dos log port show fs wan user	exit Idap portmaptime smb upnp wptl appqos	internet tacacsplus ppa srv usb wl nand		

For users using previous Windows system (e.g., 2000/XP), simply click **Start** >> **Run** and type **Telnet 192.168.1.1** in the Open box as below. Next, type admin/admin for Account/Password. And, type **?** to get a list of valid/common commands.

Run	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
<u> </u>	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
<u>O</u> pen:	telnet 192.168.1.1
	OK Cancel <u>B</u> rowse

Telnet Command: bpa

This command allows to configure a network setting specified for Australia's ISP.

Syntax

bpa m [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
m	Available settings are 1 and 2.	
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.	
-a <enable></enable>	1/0 to enable/disable this entry	
-n <username></username>	contact UserName(max. 24 characters)	
-p <password></password>	contact PassWord (max. 24 characters)	
-s <select></select>	It means to specify an IP address for Server. 0 : no selection. 1 : NSW(61.9.192.13) 2 : QLD(61.9.208.13), 3 : VIC(61.9.128.13) 4 : SA(61.9.224.13), 5 : WA(61.9.240.13)	
-l <list></list>	List all settings configured.	

Example

```
> bpa 1 -a 1 -n testUser -p testPassword -s 4
> bpa -1
------index: 1 active-----
UserName[1]: testUser
PassWord[1]: testPassword
ServerIP[1]:4
-----index: 2 inactive-----
UserName[2]:
PassWord[2]:
ServerIP[2]:0
>
```

Telnet Command: csm appe prof

Commands under CSM allow you to set CSM profile to define policy profiles for different policy of IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer) application.

"csm appe prof " is used to configure the APP Enforcement Profile name. Such profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

Syntax

csm appe prof -i INDEX [-v | -n NAME/setdefault]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description		
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.		
- V	View the configuration of the CSM profile.		
- n	Set a name for the CSM profile.		
NAME	Specify a name for the CSM profile, less then 15 characters.		
setdefault	Reset to default settings.		

Example

```
> csm appe prof -i 1 -n games
The name of APPE Profile 1 was setted.
```

Telnet Command: csm appe set

It is used to configure group settings for $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IM}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathsf{Protocol}}\xspace$ and Others in APP Enforcement Profile.

Syntax

csm appe set -i INDEX [-v GROUP| -e AP_IDX | -d AP_IDX | -a AP_IDX [ACTION]]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.
- V	View the IM/P2P/Protocol and Others configuration of the CSM profile.
-е	Enable to block specific application.
-d	Disable to block specific application.
-a	Set the action of specific application
GROUP	Specify the category of the application. Available options are: IM, P2P, Protocol and Others.
AP_IDX	Each application has independent index number for identification in CLI command.
	Specify the index number of the application here. If you have no idea of the inex number, do the following (Take IM as an example):
	Type "csm appe set -I 1 -v IM", the system will list all of the index numbers of the applications categorized under IM.
ACTION	Specify the action of the application, 0 or 1.
	0: Block. All of the applications meet the CSM rule will be blocked.
	1: Pass. All of the applications meet the CSM rule will be passed.

Example

```
>csm appe set -i 1 -a 1 1
Profile 1 - : <NULL> action set to Pass.
>
```

Telnet Command: csm appe show

It is used to display group (IM/P2P/Protocol and Others) information APP Enforcement Profile.

Syntax

csm appe show [-a/-i/-p/-t/-m]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-a	View the configuration status for All groups.
-i	View the configuration status of IM group.
-р	View the configuration status of P2P group.
- <i>t</i>	View the configuration status of protocol group.
-m	View the configuration status of Others group.

Example

>csm appe show -t					
11 -	Index (M)essage,	Name (F)ile Transfer,	Version Advance (G)ame, (C)onference,		
PROTOCOL	52	DB2			
PROTOCOL	53	DNS			
PROTOCOL	54	FTP			
PROTOCOL	55	HTTP	1.1		
PROTOCOL	56	IMAP	4.1		
PROTOCOL	57	IMAP STARTTLS	4.1		
PROTOCOL	58	IRC	2.4.0		

Telnet Command: csm appe config

It is used to display the configuration status (enabled or disabled) for IM/P2P/Protocol/Other applications.

Syntax

csm appe config -v INDEX [-i/-p/-t/-m]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.
-i	View the configuration status of IM group.
-p	View the configuration status of P2P group.
- <i>t</i>	View the configuration status of protocol group.
-т	View the configuration status of Others group.

Example

> csm appe config -v 1 -m							
Group vance Enable	Туре	Index	Name	Enable	А		
Advance abbreviation: Message, File Transfer, Game, Conference, and Other Advance abbreviation: : M, F, G, C, and O							
OTHERS	TUNNEL	75	DNSCrypt	Disable	e		

OTHERS	TUNNEL	76	DynaPass	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	77	FreeU	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	78	HTTP Proxy	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	79	HTTP Tunnel	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	80	Hamachi	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	81	Hotspot Shield	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	82	MS Teredo	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	83	PGPNet	Disable	
OTHERS	TUNNEL	84	Ping Tunnel	Disable	
•					
Total 66 APPs					
>					

Telnet Command: csm appe interface

It is used to configure APPE signature download interface.

Syntax

csm appe interface [AUTO/WAN#]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
AUTO	Vigor router specifies WAN interface automatically.
WAN	Specify the WAN interface for signature downloading.

Example

```
> csm appe interface wan1
Download interface is set as "WAN1" now.
> csm appe interface auto
Download interface is set as "auto-selected" now.
```

Telnet Command: csm appe email

It is used to set notification e-mail for APPE signature based on the settings configured in System Maintenance>>SysLog/Mail Alert Setup (in which, the box of APPE Signature is checkd under Enable E-Mail Alert).

Syntax

csm appe email [-e/-d/-s]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-е	Enable notification e-mail mechanism.
-d	Disable notification e-mail mechanism.
-S	Send an example e-mail.

```
> csm appe email -e
Enable APPE email.
```

Telnet Command: csm ucf

It is used to configure settings for URL control filter profile.

Syntax

csm ucf show csm ucf setdefault csm ucf msg *MSG* csm ucf obj *INDEX [-n PROFILE_NAME | -I [P/B/A/N] | uac | wf]* csm ucf obj *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm ucf obj *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm ucf obj *INDEX -p VALUE* csm ucf obj *INDEX -I P/B/A/N* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	Display all of the profiles.
setdefault	Return to default settings for all of the profile.
msg MSG	Set the administration message. MSG means the content (less than 255 characters) of the message itself.
obj	Specify the object for the profile.
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8.
-n	Set the profile name.
PROFILE_NAME	Specify the name of the profile (less than 16 characters)
-p	Set the priority (defined by the number specified in VALUE) for the profile.
VALUE	 Number 0 to 3 represent different conditions. 0: It means Bundle: Pass. 1: It means Bundle: Block. 2: It means Either: URL Access Control First. 3: It means Either: Web Feature First.
-1	It means the log type of the profile. They are: P: Pass, B: Block, A: All, N: None
MSG	Specify the Administration Message, less then 255 characters
uac	Set URL Access Control part.
wf	Set Web Feature part.

```
> csm ucf obj 1 -n game -l B
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[game]
```

```
Log:[none]

Priority Select : [Bundle : Pass]

[ ]Enable URL Access Control

Action:[pass]

[ ]Prevent web access from IP address.

No Obj NO. Object Name

No Grp NO. Group Name
```

Telnet Command: csm ucf obj INDEX uac

It means to configure the settings regarding to URL Access Control (uac).

Syntax

csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -v* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -e* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -d* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -a P/B* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -i E/D* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -o KEY_WORD_Object_Index* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -g KEY_WORD_Group_Index*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8.
- V	View the protocol configuration of the CSM profile.
-е	Enable the function of URL Access Control.
-d	Disable the function of URL Access Control.
-a	Set the action of specific application, P or B. B: Block. The web access meets the URL Access Control will be blocked. P: Pass. The web access meets the URL Access Control will be passed.
- <i>i</i>	Prevent the web access from any IP address. E: Enable the function. The Internet access from any IP address will be blocked. D: Disable the function.
-0	Set the keyword object.
KEY_WORD_Object_Index	Specify the index number of the object profile.
- <i>g</i>	Set the keyword group.
KEY_WORD_Group_Index	Specify the index number of the group profile.

Example

> csm ucf obj 1 uac -i E

```
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[game]
Log:[none]
Priority Select : [Bundle : Pass]
[ ]Enable URL Access Control
Action: [pass]
[v]Prevent web access from IP address.
No Obj NO. Object Name
--- -----
No Grp NO. Group Name
---- ------
> csm ucf obj 1 uac -a B
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[game]
Log:[none]
Priority Select : [Bundle : Pass]
[ ]Enable URL Access Control
Action:[block]
[v]Prevent web access from IP address.
No Obj NO. Object Name
--- ------
No Grp NO. Group Name
---- ------
```

Telnet Command: csm ucf obj INDEX wf

It means to configure the settings regarding to Web Feature (wf).

Syntax

csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -v* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -e* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -d* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -a P/B* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -s WEB_FEATURE* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -u WEB_FEATURE* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -f File_Extension_Object_index*

Parameter Description INDEX Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8. - V View the protocol configuration of the CSM profile. -е Enable the restriction of web feature. Disable the restriction of web feature. -d -а Set the action of web feature, P or B. B: Block. The web access meets the web feature will be blocked. P: Pass. The web access meets the web feature will be passed. Enable the the Web Feature configuration. -S Features available for configuration are

Syntax Description

	reatures available for configuration are.
	c: Cookie
	p: Proxy
	u: Upload
-U	Cancel the web feature configuration.
-f	Set the file extension object index number.
File_Extension_Object_inde x	Type the index number (1 to 8) for the file extension object.

```
[ ]Enable Restrict Web Feature
Action:[pass]
File Extension Object Index : [0] Profile Name : []
[V] Cookie [ ] Proxy [ ] Upload
```

Telnet Command: csm wcf

It means to configure the settings regarding to web control filter (wcf).

Syntax

csm wcf show
csm wcf look
csm wcf cache
csm wcf server WCF_SERVER
csm wcf msg MSG
csm wcf setdefault
csm wcf obj INDEX -v
csm wcf obj INDEX -a P/B
csm wcf obj INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME
csm wcf obj INDEX -I N/P/B/A
csm wcf obj INDEX -o KEY_WORD Object Index
csm wcf obj INDEX -g KEY_WORD Group Index
csm wcf obj INDEX -w E/D/P/B
csm wcf obj INDEX -s CATEGORY/WEB_GROUP
$csm \; wcf \; obj \; \mathit{INDEX} \; \textit{-}u \; \mathit{CATEGORY} / \mathit{WEB_GROUP}$

Parameter	Description
show	Display the web content filter profiles.
Look	Display the license information of WCF.
Cache	Set the cache level for the profile.
Server WCF_SERVER	Set web content filter server.
Msg MSG	Set the administration message. MSG means the content (less than 255 characters) of the message itself.
setdefault	Return to default settings for all of the profile.
obj	Specify the object profile.
INDEX	Specify the index number of web content filter profile, from 1 to 8.
- V	View the web content filter profile.
-a	Set the action of web content filter profile, P or B.B: Block. The web access meets the web feature will be blocked.P: Pass. The web access meets the web feature will be passed.
-n	Set the profile name.
PROFILE_NAME	Specify the name of the profile (less than 16 characters)
-1	It means the log type of the profile. They are: P: Pass,

	B: Block,
	A: All,
	N: None
-0	Set the keyword object.
KEY_WORD_Object_Index	Specify the index number of the object profile.
- <i>g</i>	Set the keyword group.
KEY_WORD_Group_Index	Specify the index number of the group profile.
- <i>W</i>	Set the action for the black and white list.
	E:Enable,
	D:Disable,
	P:Pass,
	B:Block
-S	It means to choose the items under CATEGORY or WEB_GROUP.
-И	It means to discard items under CATEGORY or WEB_GROUP.
WEB_GROUP	Child_Protection, Leisure, Business, Chating, Computer Internet, Other
CATEGORY	Includes:
	Alcohol & Tobacco, Criminal Activity, Gambling, Hate & Intoleranc, Illegal Drug, Nudity, Pornography/Sexually Explicit, Weapons, Violence, School Cheating, Sex Education, Tasteless, Child Abuse Imges, Entertainment, Games, Sports, Travel, Leisure & Recreation, Fashin & Beauty, Business, Job Search, Web-based Emai, Chat, Instant Messaging, Anonymizers, Forums & Newsgroups, Computers & Technology, Download Sites, Streaming Media & Downloads, Phishing & Fraud, Search Engines & Portals, Social Networking, Spam Sites, Malware, Botnets, Hacking, Illegal Software, Information Security, Peer-to-eer, Advertisements & Pop-Ups, Arts, Transportation, Compromised, Dating & Personals, , Education, Finance, Government, Health & Medcine, News, Non-profits & NGOs, Personal Sites, Politics, Real Estate, Rligion, Restaurants & Dining, Shopping, Translators, General, Cults, Greetig cards, Image Sharing, Network Errors, Parked Domains, Private IP Addresses)

```
> csm wcf obj 1 -n test_wcf
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[test_wcf]
[]White/Black list
Action:[block]
No Obj NO. Object Name
---- ------
No Grp NO. Group Name
--- -----
Action:[block]
Log:[block]
_____
_____
child Protection Group:
 [v]Alcohol & Tobacco [v]Criminal & Activity [v]Gambling
 [v]Hate & Intolerance [v]Illegal Drug
                                [v]Nudity
 [v]Pornography & Sexually explicit [v]Violence
[v]Weapons
 [v]School Cheating [v]Sex Education [v]Tasteless
 [v]Child Abuse Images
_____
_____
leisure Group:
[]Entertainment[]Games[]Sports[]Travel[]Leisure & Recreation[]Fashion & Beauty
.
```

Telnet Command: csm dnsf

It means to configure the settings regarding to DNS filter.

Syntax

csm dnsf enable *ON/OFF* csm dnsf syslog *N/P/B/A* csm dnsf service WCF_PROFILE csm dnsf service_ucf UCF_PROFILE csm dnsf time CACHE_TIME csm dnsf blockpage *show/on/off* csm dnsf profile_show csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -1 N/P/B/A* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -w WCF_PROFILE* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -u UCF_PROFILE* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -c CACHE_TIME*

Parameter	Description
enable	Enable or disable DNS Filter.
	ON: enable.
	OFF: disable.
syslog	Determine the content of records transmitting to Syslog.
	P: Pass. Records for the packets passing through DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	B: Block. Records for the packets blocked by DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	A: All. Records for the packets passing through or blocked by DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	N: None. No record will be sent to Syslog.
service WCF_PROFILE	WCF_PROFILE: Specify a WCF profile as the base of DNS filtering. Type a number to indicate the index number of WCF profile (1 is first profile, 2 is second profile, and so on).
time CACHE_TIME	CACHE_TIME: It means to set the time for cache to live (available values are 1 to 24; 1 is one hour, 2 is two hours, and so on) for DNS filter.
blockpage	DNS sends block page for redirect port. When a web page is blocked by DNS filter, the router system will send a message page to describe that the page is not allowed to be visisted.
	ON: Enable the function of displaying message page.
	OFF: Disable the function of displaying message page.
	SHOW: Display the function of displaying message page is ON or OFF.
profile_show	Display the table of the DNS filter profile.
profile_edit	Modify the content of the DNS filter profile.
-n PROFILE_NAME	PROFILE_NAME: Type the name of the DNS filter profile that you want to modify.
-I N/P/B/A	Specify the log type of the profile.
	P: Pass.
	B: Block.
	A: All.
	N: None.
-w WCF_PROFILE	WCF_PROFILE: Type the index number of the WCF profile.
-u UCF_PROFILE	UCF_PROFILE: Type the index number of the UCF profile.
-c CACHE_TIME	-c means to set the cache time for DNS filter.
	CACHE_TIME: It means to set the time for cache to live (available values are 1 to 24; 1 is one hour, 2 is two hours, and so on) for DNS filter.

Syntax Description

```
> csm dnsf service 2
dns service set up!!!
>csm dnsf service 3
wcf profile 3 is empty.....
>csm dnsf cachetime 1
```

Telnet Command: ddns log

Displays the DDNS log.

Example

>ddns log >

Telnet Command: ddns time

Sets and displays the DDNS time.

Syntax

ddns time <update in minutes>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Update in minutes	Type the value as DDNS time. The range is from 1 to 14400.

Example

```
> ddns time
ddns time <update in minutes>
Valid: 1 ~ 14400
%Now: 14400
> ddns time 1000
ddns time <update in minutes>
Valid: 1 ~ 14400
%Now: 1000
```

Telnet Command: dos

This command allows users to configure the settings for DoS defense system.

Syntax

dos [-V | D | A]
dos [-s ATTACK_F [THRESHOLD][TIMEOUT]]
dos [-a | e [ATTACK_F][ATTACK_0] | d [ATTACK_F][ATTACK_0]]

Parameter	Description
- <i>V</i>	View the configuration of DoS defense system.
-D	Deactivate the DoS defense system.
-А	Activate the DoS defense system.
-S	Enable the defense function for a specific attack and set its parameter(s).
ATTACK_F	Specify the name of flooding attack(s) or portscan, e.g., synflood,

	udpflood, icmpflood, or postscan.
THRESHOLD	It means the packet rate (packet/second) that a flooding attack will be detected. Set a value larger than 20.
TIMEOUT	It means the time (seconds) that a flooding attack will be blocked. Set a value larger than 5.
-a	Enable the defense function for all attacks listed in ATTACK_0.
-е	Enable defense function for a specific attack(s).
ATTACK_0	Specify a name of the following attacks: ip_option, tcp_flag, land, teardrop, smurf, pingofdeath, traceroute, icmp_frag, syn_frag, unknow_proto, fraggle.
-d	Disable the defense function for a specific attack(s).

>dos -A
The Dos Defense system is Activated
>dos -s synflood 50 10
Synflood is enabled! Threshold=50 <pke sec=""> timeout=10 <pke sec=""></pke></pke>

Telnet Command: exit

Type this command will leave telnet window.

Telnet Command: Internet

This command allows you to configure detailed settings for WAN connection.

Syntax

internet -W n -M n [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Parameter	Description
-W n	W means to set WAN interface. 1=WAN1, 2=WAN2, Default is WAN1.
-M n	M means to set Internet Access Mode (Mandatory) and n means different modes (represented by 0 - 3) n=0: Offline n=1: PPPoE n=2: Dynamic IP n=3: Static IP n=4: PPTP with Dynamic IP, n=5: PPTP with Static IP, n=6: L2TP with Static IP n=7: L2TP with Static IP n=A: 3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode),
	n=B: 3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-S <isp name=""></isp>	Set ISP Name (max. 23 characters).
-P <on off=""></on>	Enable PPPoE Service.
-u <username></username>	Set username (max. 49 characters) for Internet accessing.
-p <password></password>	Set password (max. 49 characters) for Internet accessing.
-a n	It means to set PPP Authentication Type and n means different types (represented by 0-1). n=0: PAP/CHAP (this is default setting) n=1: PAP Only
-t n	Set connection duration and n means different conditions. n=-1: Always-on n=1 ~ 999: Idle time for offline (default 180 seconds)
-i <ip address=""></ip>	It means that <i>PPPoE server</i> will assign an IP address specified here for CPE (PPPoE client). If you type 0.0.0.0 as the <ip address="">, ISP will assign suitable IP address for you. However, if you type an IP address here, the router will use that one as a fixed IP.</ip>
-w <ip address=""></ip>	It means to assign WAN IP address for such connection. Please type an IP address here for WAN port.

Syntax Description

It means to assign netmask for WAN connection. You have to type 255.255.255.xxx (x is changeable) as the netmask for WAN port.

Assign gateway IP for such WAN connection.

-n <netmask>

-g <gateway>

- <i>V</i>	View Internet Access profile.	
-C <sim code="" pin=""></sim>	Set (PPP mode) SIM PIN code (max. 15 characters).	
-0 <init string=""></init>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Initial String (max. 47 characters).	
-T <init string2=""></init>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Initial String2 (max. 47 characters)	
-D <dial string=""></dial>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Dial String (max. 31 characters).	
-v <service name=""></service>	Set (PPP mode) Service Name (max. 23 characters).	
-m <ppp username=""></ppp>	Set (PPP mode) PPP Username (max. 63 characters).	
-o <ppp password=""></ppp>	Set (PPP mode) PPP Password (max. 62 characters).	
-e n	Set (PPP mode) PPP Authentication Type. n= 0: PAP/CHAP (default), 1: PAP Only	
-q n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-One	
-x n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Two	
-y n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Three	
-z n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Four	
-Q <mode></mode>	Set (PPP mode or DHCP mode) WAN Connection Detection Mode. <mode> 0: ARP Detect; 1: Ping Detect</mode>	
-I <ping ip=""></ping>	Set (PPP mode or DHCP mode) WAN Connection Detection Ping IP. <ping ip="">= ppp.qqq.rrr.sss: WAN Connection Detection Ping IP</ping>	
-L n	Set (PPP mode) WAN Connection Detection TTL (1-255) value.	
-E <sim code="" pin=""></sim>	Set (DHCP mode) SIM PIN code (max. 19 characters).	
-G <mode></mode>	Set (DHCP mode) Network Mode. <mode> 0: 4G/3G/2G; 1: 4G Only; 2: 3G Only; 3: 2G Only</mode>	
-N <apn name=""></apn>	Set (DHCP mode) APN Name (max. 47 characters)	
-U n	(DHCP mode) MTU(1000-1440)	

```
>internet -M 1 -S tcom -u username -p password -a 0 -t -1 -i 0.0.0.0
WAN1 Internet Mode set to PPPoE/PPPoA
WAN1 ISP Name set to tcom
WAN1 Username set to username
WAN1 Password set successful
WAN1 PPP Authentication Type set to PAP/CHAP
WAN1 Idle timeout set to always-on
WAN1 Gateway IP set to 0.0.0.0
> internet -V
WAN1 Internet Mode:PPPoE
ISP Name: tcom
Username: username
Authentication: PAP/CHAP
```

```
Idle Timeout: -1
WAN IP: Dynamic IP
> internet -W 1 -M 1 -u link1 -p link1 -a 0
You are going to watching and setting in WAN 1
WAN1 Internet Mode set to PPPoE/PPPoA
WAN1 Username set to link1
WAN1 Password set successful
WAN1 PPP Authentication Type set to PAP/CHAP
>
```

Telnet Command: ip pubsubnet

This command allows users to enable or disable the IP routing subnet for your router.

Syntax

ip pubsubnet <Enable/Disable>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable the function.
Disable	Disable the function.

Example

> ip 2ndsubnet enable public subnet enabled!

Telnet Command: ip pubaddr

This command allows to set the IP routed subnet for the router.

Syntax

ip pubaddr ?

ip pubaddr <public subnet IP address>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	Display an IP address which allows users set as the public subnet IP address.
public subnet IP address	Specify an IP address. The system will set the one that you specified as the public subnet IP address.

Example

```
> ip pubaddr ?
% ip addr <public subnet IP address>
% Now: 192.168.0.1
> ip pubaddr 192.168.2.5
% Set public subnet IP address done !!!
```

Telnet Command: ip pubmask

This command allows users to set the mask for IP routed subnet of your router.

Syntax

ip pubmask ?

ip pubmask <public subnet mask>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	Display an IP address which allows users set as the public subnet mask.
public subnet IP address	Specify a subnet mask. The system will set the one that you specified as the public subnet mask.

Example

```
> ip pubmask ?
% ip pubmask <public subnet mask>
% Now: 255.255.255.0
> ip pubmask 255.255.0.0
% Set public subnet mask done !!!
```

Telnet Command: ip aux

This command is used for configuring WAN IP Alias.

Syntax

ip aux add [IP] [Join to NAT Pool][wanX]

ip aux remove [index]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
add Create a new WAN IP address.		
<i>remove</i> Delete an existed WAN IP address.		
IP	It means the auxiliary WAN IP address.	
Join to NAT Pool	0 (disable) or 1 (enable).	
wanX	Add or remove an address for WAN interface.	
index	Type the index number of the table displayed on your screen.	

Example

```
> ip aux add 192.168.1.65 1
% 192.168.1.65 has added in index 3.
```

When you type *ip aux*?, the current auxiliary WAN IP Address table will be shown as the following:

```
Index no. Status IP address IP pool

1 Enable 172.16.3.229 Yes
```

2	Enable	172.16.3.56	No	
3	Enable	172.16.3.113	No	

Telnet Command: ip addr

This command allows users to set/add a specified LAN IP your router.

Syntax

ip addr [IP address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	The LAN IP address.

Example

```
>ip addr 192.168.50.1
% Set IP address OK !!!
```



When the LAN IP address is changed, the start IP address of DHCP server are still the same. To make the IP assignment of the DHCP server being consistent with this new IP address (they should be in the same network segment), the IP address of the PC must be fixed with the same LAN IP address (network segment) set by this command for accessing into the web user interface of the router. Later, modify the start addresses for the DHCP server.

Telnet Command: ip nmask

This command allows users to set/add a specified netmask for your router.

Syntax

ip nmask [IP netmask]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP netmask	The netmask of LAN IP.

Example

```
> ip nmask 255.255.0.0
% Set IP netmask OK !!!
```

Telnet Command: ip arp

ARP displays the matching condition for IP and MAC address.

Syntax

ip arp add [IP address] [MAC address] [LAN or WAN] ip arp del [IP address] [LAN or WAN] ip arp flush ip arp status

ip arp accept [0/1/2/3/4/5status]

ip arp setCacheLife [time]

In which, **arp add** allows users to add a new IP address into the ARP table; **arp del** allows users to remove an IP address; **arp flush** allows users to clear arp cache; **arp status** allows users to review current status for the arp table; **arp accept** allows to accept or reject the source /destination MAC address; arp **setCacheLife** allows users to configure the duration in which ARP caches can be stored on the system. If **ip arp setCacheLife** is set with "60", it means you have an ARP cache at 0 second. Sixty seconds later without any ARP messages received, the system will think such ARP cache is expired. The system will issue a few ARP request to see if this cache is still valid.

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the LAN IP address.
MAC address	It means the MAC address of your router.
LAN or WAN	It indicates the direction for the arp function.
0/1/2/3/4/5	 0: disable to accept illegal source mac address 1: enable to accept illegal source mac address 2: disable to accept illegal dest mac address 3: enable to accept illegal dest mac address 4: Decline VRRP mac into arp table 5: Accept VRRP mac into arp table status: display the setting status.
Time	Available settings will be 10, 20, 30,2550 seconds.

Syntax Description

Example

> ip arp status [ARP Table]			
Index IP Address	MAC Address	Netbios Name	Interface VLAN
Port			
1 192.168.1.5	00-05-5D-E4-D8-EE	1	LAN1
VLANO P1			
>			

Telnet Command: ip dhcpc

This command is available for WAN DHCP.

Syntax

```
ip dhcpc option
ip dhcpc option -h/l
ip dhcpc option -d [idx]
ip dhcpc option -e [1 or 0] -w [wan unmber] -c [option number] -v [option value]
ip dhcpc option -e [1 or 0] -w [wan unmber] -c [option number] -x "[option value]"
ip dhcpc option -e [1 or 0] -w [wan unmber] -c [option number] -a [option value]
ip dhcpc option -u [idx unmber]
```

ip dhcpc release [wan number]
ip dhcpc renew [wan number]
ip dhcpc status

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
option	It is an optional setting for DHCP server.
	-h: display usage
	-I: list all custom set DHCP options
	-d: delete custom dhcp client option by index number
	-e: enable/disable option feature, 1:enable, 0:disable
	-w: set WAN number (e.g., 1=WAN1)
	-c: set option number: 0~255
	-v: set option value by string
	-x: set option value by raw byte (hex)
	-u: update by index number
release	It means to release current WAN IP address.
renew	It means to renew the WAN IP address and obtain another new one.
status	It displays current status of DHCP client.

Example

>ip dhcpc status		
I/F#3 DHCP Client :	Status:	
DHCP Server IP	: 172.16.3.7	
WAN Ipm	: 172.16.3.40	
WAN Netmask	: 255.255.255.0	
WAN Gateway	: 172.16.3.1	
Primary DNS	: 168.95.192.1	
Secondary DNS	: 0.0.0.0	
Leased Time	: 259200	
Leased Time T1	: 129600	
Leased Time T2	: 226800	
Leased Elapsed	: 259194	
Leased Elapsed T1	: 129594	
Leased Elapsed T2	: 226794	

Telnet Command: ip ping

This command allows users to ping IP address of WAN1/WAN2 for verifying if the WAN connection is OK or not.

Syntax

ip ping [IP address] [WAN1/WAN2]

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the WAN IP address.
WAN1/WAN2	It means the WAN interface that the above IP address passes

through.

Example

```
>ip ping 172.16.3.229 WAN1
Pinging 172.16.3.229 with 64 bytes of Data:
Receive reply from 172.16.3.229, time=0ms
Receive reply from 172.16.3.229, time=0ms
Packets: Sent = 5, Received = 5, Lost = 0 <0% loss>
```

Telnet Command: ip tracert

This command allows users to trace the routes from the router to the host.

Syntax

ip tracert [Host/IP address] [WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5] [Udp/Icmp]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	The target IP address.
WAN1/WAN2	It means the WAN port that the above IP address passes through.
Udp/Icmp	The UDP or ICMP.

Example

```
>ip tracert 22.128.2.62 WAN1
Traceroute to 22.128.2.62, 30 hops max
   172.16.3.7 10ms
1
2
   172.16.1.2 10ms
3
  Request Time out.
4
   168.95.90.66
                    50ms
5
   211.22.38.134
                   50ms
б
   220.128.2.62
                   50ms
Trace complete
```

Telnet Command: ip telnet

This command allows users to access specified device by telnet.

Syntax

ip telnet [IP address][Port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	Type the WAN or LAN IP address of the remote device.
Port	Type a port number (e.g., 23). Available settings: 0 ~65535.

>

Telnet Command: ip rip

This command allows users to set the RIP (routing information protocol) of IP.

Syntax

ip rip [0/1/2]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
0/1/2	0 means disable;
	1 means LAN1 and 2 means IP Routed.

Example

> ip rip 1	
%% Set RIP LAN1.	

Telnet Command: ip wanrip

This command allows users to set the RIP (routing information protocol) of WAN IP.

Syntax

ip wanrip [ifno] -e [0/1]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface. 1: WAN1,2: WAN2, 3: PVC3,4: PVC4,5: PVC5 Note: PVC3 ~PVC5 are virtual WANs.
-e	It means to disable or enable RIP setting for specified WAN interface. 1: Enable the function of setting RIP of WAN IP. 0: Disable the function.

Telnet Command: ip route

This command allows users to set static route.

Syntax

ip route add [dst] [netmask][gateway][ifno][rtype] ip route del [dst] [netmask][rtype] ip route status ip route cnc ip route default [wan1/wan2/off/?] ip route clean [1/0]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
add	It means to add an IP address as static route.
del	It means to delete specified IP address.
status	It means current status of static route.
dst	It means the IP address of the destination.
netmask	It means the netmask of the specified IP address.
gateway	It means the gateway of the connected router.
ifno	It means the connection interface. 3=WAN1, 4=WAN2, 5=WAN3, 6=WAN4
rtype	It means the type of the route. default : default route; static: static route.
cnc	It means current IP range for CNC Network.
default	Set WAN1/WAN2/off as current default route.
clean	Clean all of the route settings. 1: Enable the function. 0: Disable the function.

Example

> ip route add 172.16.2.0 255.255.255.0 172.16.2.4 3 static

> ip route status
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private
C~ 192.168.9.0/ 255.255.0 is directly connected, DMZ
C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.0 is directly connected, LAN1
S 172.16.2.0/ 255.255.0 via 172.16.2.4, WAN1

Telnet Command: ip igmp_proxy

This command allows users to enable/disable igmp proxy server.

Syntax

ip igmp_proxy set

ip igmp_proxy reset

ip igmp_proxy wan

ip igmp_proxy query

ip igmp_proxy ppp [0/1]

ip igmp_proxy status

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
set	It means to enable proxy server.
reset	It means to disable proxy server.
wan	It means to specify WAN interface for IGMP service.
query	It means to set IGMP general query interval. The default value is 125000 ms.
ррр	0 - No need to set IGMP with PPP header. 1 - Set IGMP with PPP header.
status	It means to display current status for proxy server.

This command is for setting IGMP General Query Interval				
The default value is 125000 ms				
Current Setting is:130000 ms				
> ip igmp_proxy set				
% ip igmp_proxy [set reset wan status], IGMP Proxy is ON				
> ip igmp_proxy status				
%% ip igmp_proxy [set reset wan status], IGMP Proxy is ON				
%%% igmp_proxy WAN:				
239.255.255.250 state=1				
239.255.255.250 timer=0				

Telnet Command: ip igmp_snoop

This command is used to enable/disable igmp snoop server.

Syntax

- ip igmp_snoop enable
- ip igmp_snoop disable
- ip igmp_snoop status
- ip igmp_snoop table
- ip igmp_snoop txquery [on/off] [v2/v3]
- ip igmp_snoop mode [hw/sw]
- ip igmp_snoop chkleave [on/off]
- ip igmp_snoop separate [on/off]
- ip igmp_snoop portchk [on/off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description		
enable	It means to enable proxy server.		
disable	It means to disable proxy server.		
status	It means to display current status for proxy server.		
table	Display the whole table of IGMP Snoop configuration.		
txquery [on/off] [v2/v3]	IGMP query will be sent out to LAN periodically.		
mode [hw/sw]	Make IGMP snooping work on software or hardware.		
chkleave [on/off]	Off - Vigor router will drop LEAVE if clients still on the same group.		
separate [on/off]	On - IGMP packets will be separated by NAT/Bridge mode.		

Example

```
> ip igmp_snoop mode sw
igmp snooping works on SW mode now.
```

Telnet Command: ip dmz

Specify MAC address of certain device as the DMZ host.

Syntax

ip dmz [mac]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
mac	It means the MAC address of the device that you want to specify.

```
>ip dmz ?
% ip dmz <mac>, now : 00-00-00-00-00
> ip dmz 11-22-33-44-55-66
> ip dmz ?
% ip dmz <mac>, now : 11-22-33-44-55-66
```

>

Telnet Command: ip dmzswitch

This command is to enable /disable private IP DMZ or Active True IP DMZ for DMZ host.

Syntax

ip dmzswitch off

ip dmzswitch private

ip dmaswitch active_trueip

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description		
off	Disable the function of DMZ host.		
private	Enable private IP address of the DMZ host.		
Active_trueip	Enable active true IP address of the DMZ host.		

Example

```
> ip dmzswitch ?
%% ip dmzswitch [off|private|active_trueip], DMZ is OFF
> ip dmzswitch private
%% ip dmzswitch [off|private|trueip|active_trueip], PRIVATE IP DMZ is
ON
> ip dmzswitch trueip
> ip dmzswitch active_trueip
%% ip dmzswitch [off|private|trueip|active_trueip], ACTIVE TRUE IP DMZ
is ON
```

Telnet Command: ip session

This command allows users to set maximum session limit number for the specified IP; set message for exceeding session limit and set how many seconds the IP session block works.

Syntax

ip session on

ip session off

ip session default [num]

ip session defaultp2p [num]

ip session status

ip session show

ip session timer [num]

ip session [block/unblock][IP]

ip session [add/del][IP1-IP2][num][p2pnum]

Parameter	Description

on	Turn on session limit for each IP.			
off	Turn off session limit for each IP.			
default [num]	Set the default number of session num limit.			
DefautIp2p [num]	Set the default number of session num limit for p2p.			
status	Display the current settings.			
show	Display all session limit settings in the IP range.			
timer [num]	Set when the IP session block works. The unit is second.			
[block/unblock][IP]	Block/unblock the specified IP address. Block: The IP cannot access Internet through the router. Unblock: The specified IP can access Internet through the router.			
add	Add the session limits in an IP range.			
del	Delete the session limits in an IP range.			
IP1-IP2	It means the range of IP address specified for this command.			
num	It means the number of the session limits, e.g., 100.			
p2pnum	It means the number of the session limits, e.g., 50 for P2P.			

```
>ip session default 100
> ip session add 192.168.1.5-192.168.1.100 100 50
> ip session on
> ip session status
IP range:
    192.168.1.5 - 192.168.1.100 : 100
Current ip session limit is turn on
Current default session number is 100
```

Telnet Command: ip bandwidth

This command allows users to set maximum bandwidth limit number for the specified IP.

Syntax

ip bandwidth *on* ip bandwidth *off* ip bandwidth *default [tx_rate][rx_rate]* ip bandwidth *status* ip bandwidth *show*

ip bandwidth [add/del] [IP1-IP2][tx][rx][shared]

Parameter	Description
on	Turn on the IP bandwidth limit.

off	Turn off the IP bandwidth limit.			
default [tx_rate][rx_rate]	Set default tx and rx rate of bandwidth limit. The range is from 0 - 65535 Kpbs.			
status	Display the current settings.			
show	Display all the bandwidth limits settings within the IP range.			
add	Add the bandwidth within the IP range.			
del	Delete the bandwidth within the IP range.			
IP1-IP2	It means the range of IP address specified for this command.			
tx	Set transmission rate for bandwidth limit.			
rx	Set receiving rate for bandwidth limit.			
shared	It means that the bandwidth will be shared for the IP range.			

```
> ip bandwidth default 200 800
> ip bandwidth add 192.168.1.50-192.168.1.100 10 60
> ip bandwidth status
IP range:
   192.168.1.50 - 192.168.1.100 : Tx:10K Rx:60K
Current ip Bandwidth limit is turn off
Auto adjustment is off
```

Telnet Command: ip bindmac

This command allows users to set IP-MAC binding for LAN host.

Syntax

- ip bindmac on
- ip bindmac off
- ip bindmac strict_on
- ip bindmac show
- ip bindmac add [IP][MAC][Comment]
- ip bindmac del [IP]/all

Parameter	Description			
on	Turn on IP bandmac policy. Even the IP is not in the policy table, it can still access into network.			
off	Turn off all the bindmac policy.			
strict_on	It means that only those IP address in IP bindmac policy table can access into network.			
show	Display the IP address and MAC address of the pair of binded one.			

add	Add one IP bindmac.			
del	Delete one IP bindmac.			
IP	Type the IP address for binding with specified MAC address.			
MAC	Type the MAC address for binding with the IP address specified.			
Comment	Type words as a brief description.			
AII	Delete all the IP bindmac settings.			

> ip bind	lmac add	192.168.	1.46	00:50:7f:22:33:5	5 just	for	test
> ip bind	lmac show						
ip bind r	nac funct	ion is t	arne	d ON			
IP : 192.	168.1.46	bind MA	: :	00-50-7f-22-33-55	Commen	it :	just

Telnet Command: ip maxnatuser

This command is used to set the maximum number of NAT users.

Syntax

ip maxnatuser user no

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
User no	A number specified here means the total NAT users that Vigor router supports. 0 - It means no limitation.

Example

> ip maxnatuser 100
% Max NAT user = 100

Telnet Command: ip policy_rt

This command is used to set the IP policy route profile.

Syntax

ip policy_rt [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Parameter	Description
<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
General Setup for Policy Rout	e
-i [value]	Specify an index number for setting policy route profile. Value: 1 to 60. "-1" means to get a free policy index automatically.
-e [0/1]	0: Disable the selected policy route profile.1: Enable the selected policy route profile.
-o [value]	Determine the operation of the policy route. Value: add - Create a new policy rotue profile. del - Remove an existed policy route profile. edit - Modify an existed policy route profile. flush - Reset policy route to default setting.
-1 [any/range]	Specify the source IP mode. Range: Indicate a range of IP addresses. Any: It means any IP address will be treated as source IP address.
-2 [any/ip_range/ip_subnet/do main]	Specify the destination IP mode. Any: No need to specify an IP address for any IP address will be treated as destination IP address. ip_range: Indicates a range of IP addresses. ip_subnet: Indicates the IP subnet. domain: Indicates the domain name.
-3 [any/range]	Specify the destination port mode. Range: Indicate a range of port number.

-S [value] Indicate the source IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.100) -d [value] Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0) -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0) -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.100) -p [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: Type a number (1 ~ 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 ~ 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 ~ 250). The default value is "150". -I [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 ~ LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, VMN1 - VMN5, VPN_PROFILE_100, VAN1 - 1P_ALIAS_1 - VAN_4 IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1		Any: It means any port number can be used as destination port.
-s [value] Indicate the source IP start. Value: The type format shall be *xxx.xxx.xxx*. (e.g. 192.168.1.0 -s [value] Indicate the source IP end. Value: The type format shall be *xxx.xxx.xxx*. (e.g. 192.168.1.0 -d [value] Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be *xxx.xxx.xxx*. (e.g. 192.168.2.0 -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be *xxx.xxx.xxx*. (e.g. 192.168.2.100) -p [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: The type a number (1 - 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is *150°. Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is *150°. Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces seculace, LAN1 - LAN8, P.P.Routed_Subnet, DMX_Subnet, DMX_Subnet, MMX1 - VMN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN1_IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the failover IP address. <	-G [default/specific]	Specify the gateway mode.
Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx xxx". (e.g., 192.168.1.0 -S [value] Indicate the source IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g., 192.168.1.0 -d [value] Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g., 192.168.2.0 -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xx". (e.g., 192.168.2.00) -p [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: Type a number (1 ~ 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (0 ~ 250). The default value is "150". -J [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Value: Type a number (0 ~ 250). The default value is "150". -J [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Value: Available interfaces include, VAN_1_PLALMS_1 - WAN_4_PP_ALIAS_8 VAN_1_PLALMS_8 -g [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: Indicate the failover IP address. Value: Indicate the failover IP address. Value: Indicate the failovere	-L [default/specific]	Specify the failover gateway mode.
Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.". (e.g, 192.168.1.100) -d [value] Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0 -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0 -D [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.00) -p [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -1 [value] Indicate the interfaces specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 - LAN8, IP_ROUTEd_Subnet, VMAT WANS, VPN_PROFILE_100, VWA_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, VWA_PROFILE_10, VMA_Subnet, VANA_SI_P_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -1 [value] Indicate the function of "Force NAT". -1 [value] Indicate the function. -1 [value] Indicates the function of "Force NAT".	-s [value]	Indicate the source IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.0)
Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xx". (e.g. 192.168.2.0 -D [value] Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g. 192.168.2.0) -p [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -I [value] Indicate the interfaces specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LANT - LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, VMX_Subnet, VMN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, VAN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 - VAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8 -9 -g [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxxx". (e.g. 192.168.3.1 -t [value] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". -value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -1 -t [value] Indicates the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enab	-S [value]	Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g,
Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.100) -p [value] Indicate the destination port start. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -1 [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 - UANS, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 - WANS, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1_IP_ACHAS_1 - VAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -1 [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx. (e.g. 192.168.4.1 -t [value] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -t [value] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -t [value] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: E	-d [value]	Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0)
Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000). -P [value] Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -I [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN. LAN. LAN. P.Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 - WANS, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1 - WANS, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1_IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -I [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. <td>-D [value]</td> <td>Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g,</td>	-D [value]	Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g,
Value: Type a number (1 - 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000). -y [value] Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -I [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 - LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, VMX1 - WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN1 - WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN1 - WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 + VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN1_1_P_ALIAS_1 - WAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8 Indicate the gateway IP address. value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -I [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER,	-p [value]	
Value: Type a number (0 - 250). The default value is "150". -/ [value] Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 - LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 - WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 - WAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -/ [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -/ [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". O: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. O: Disable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. O: Disable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Availabe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 - Policy60 LAN1 - LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-P [value]	
Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 - LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 - WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 - VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 - WAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8 -g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -I [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Available interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-y [value]	
-g [value] Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1 -I [value] Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Available interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 - Policy60 LAN1 - LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-I [value]	Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 ~ LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 ~ WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 ~ VPN_PROFILE_100,
Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1 -t [value] It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enable the function. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. <t< td=""><td>-g [value]</td><td></td></t<>	-g [value]	
Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any". -n [0/1] Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-I [value]	Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1)
0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -a [0/1] Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-t [value]	Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP"
0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function. -f [value] It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-n [0/1]	0: Disable the function.
Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet,	-a [0/1]	0: Disable the function.
VPN_PROFILE_1 ~ VPN_PROFILE_100,	-f [value]	Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 ~ WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 ~ VPN_PROFILE_100,
-b [value] It means "failback".	h [valua]	

	Value: Available settings include,
	0: Disable the function of "failback".
	1: Enable the function of "failback".
	-v: View current failback setting.
Diagnose for Policy Route	·
-s [value]	It means "source IP".
	Value: Available settings include:
	Any: It indicates any IP address can be used as source IP address.
	"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx": The type format (e.g, 192.168.1.0).
-d [value]	It means "destination IP".
	Value : Available settings include:
	Any: It indicates any IP address can be used as destination IP address.
	"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx": Specify an IP address.
-p [value]	It means "destination port".
	Value: Specify a number or type Any (indicating any number).
-t [value]	It means "protocol".
	Value: Available settings include "ICMP", "TCP", "UDP" and "Any".

Telnet Command: ip IanDNSRes

This command is used to set LAN DNS profile.

Syntax

ip lanDNSRes [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a <ip address=""></ip>	Set IP Address that domain name mapped.
-c <cname></cname>	Set CNAME value.
-d <address index<br="" mapping="">number></address>	Delete the selected LAN DNS profile.
-e <0/1>	0: disable the selected LAN DNS profile. 1: enable the selected LAN DNS profile.
-i <profile index<br="" setting="">number></profile>	Type the index number of the profile.
-1	List the content of LAN DNS profile (including domain name, IP address and message).
-n <domain name=""></domain>	Set domain name.
-p <profile name=""></profile>	Set profile name for LAN DNS.
-r	Reset the settings for selected profile.
-s <0/1>	0:reply all 1:reply only same subnet packet.
-Z	Update LAN DNS config to DNS Cache.

Example

```
>
ip lanDNSRes -i 1 -p test
% Configure Setl's Profile:test
> ip lanDNSRes -i 1 -l
% Idx: 1
% State: Disable
% Profile: test
% Domain Name:
% ------ Address Mapping Table ------
% Not Set Address Mapping.
>
```

Telnet Command: ip dnsforward

This command is used to set LAN DNS profile for conditional DNS forwarding.

Syntax

ip dnsforward [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Parameter	Description
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a <ip address=""></ip>	Set forwarded DNS server IP Address.
-d <dns mapping<br="" server="">index number></dns>	Delete the selected LAN DNS profile.
-e <0/1>	0: disable such function. 1: enable such function.
-i <profile index<br="" setting="">number></profile>	Type the index number of the profile.
-1	List the content of LAN DNS profile (including domain name, IP address and message).
-n <domain name=""></domain>	Set domain name.
-p <profile name=""></profile>	Set profile name for LAN DNS.
-r	Reset the settings for selected profile.

```
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -n ftp.drayTek.com
% Configure Set1's DomainName:ftp.drayTek.com
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -a 172.16.1.1
% Configure Set1's IP:172.16.1.1
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -1
% Idx: 1
% State: Disable
% Profile: test
% Domain Name: ftp.drayTek.com
% DNS Server IP: 172.16.1.1
>
```

Telnet Command: ip6 addr

This command allows users to set the IPv6 address for your router.

Syntax

ip6 addr -s [prefix] [prefix-length] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] ip6 addr -d [prefix] [prefix-length] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] ip6 addr -a [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#]

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to add a static ipv6 address.
-d	It means to delete an ipv6 address.
-a	It means to show current address(es) status.
-U	It means to show only unicast addresses.
prefix	It means to type the prefix number of IPv6 address.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.

```
> ip6 addr -a
LAN
Unicast Address:
FE80::250:7FFF:FE00:0/64 (Link)
Multicast Address:
FF02::2
FF02::1:FF00:0
FF02::1
```

Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp req_opt

This command is used to configure option-request settings for DHCPv6 client.

Syntax

ip6 dhcp req_opt [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] [-<command> command> command>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
req_opt	It means option-request.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-S	It means to ask the SIP.
-S	It means to ask the SIP name.
-d	It means to ask the DNS setting.
-D	It means to ask the DNS name.
-n	It means to ask NTP.
-i	It means to ask NIS.
-1	It means to ask NIS name.
-р	It means to ask NISP.
-P	It means to ask NISP name.
-b	It means to ask BCMCS.
-В	It means to ask BCMCS name.
-r	It means to ask refresh time.
Parameter	 the parameter related to the request will be displayed. the parameter related to the request will not be displayed.

```
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -S 1
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -r 1
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -a
% Interface WAN2 is set to request following DHCPv6 options:
% sip name
```

>

Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp client

This command allows you to use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

Syntax

ip6 dhcp client [WAN1/WAN2/iface#] [-<command> <parameter>/ ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
client	It means the dhcp client settings.
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-а	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-p [IAID]	It means to request identity association ID for Prefix Delegation.
-n [IAID]	It means to request identity association ID for Non-temporary Address.
-c [parameter]	It means to send rapid commit to server.
-i [parameter]	It means to send information request to server.
-e[parameter]	It means to enable or disable the DHCPv6 client. 1: Enable 0: Disable

Example

> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -p 2008::1
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -a
Interface WAN2 has following DHCPv6 client settings:
DHCPv6 client enabled
request IA_PD whose IAID equals to 2008
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -n 1023456
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -a
Interface WAN2 has following DHCPv6 client settings:
DHCPv6 client enabled
request IA_NA whose IAID equals to 2008
> system reboot

Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp server

This command allows you to configure DHCPv6 server.

Syntax

ip6 dhcp server [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Parameter	Description
server	It means the dhcp server settings.
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.

-a	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-i <pool_min_addr></pool_min_addr>	It means to set the start IPv6 address of the address pool.
-x <pool_max_addr></pool_max_addr>	It means to set the end IPv6 address of the address pool.
-d <addr></addr>	It means to set the first DNS IPv6 address.
-D <addr></addr>	It means to set the second DNS IPv6 address.
-c <parameter></parameter>	It means to send rapid commit to server. 1: Enable 0: Disable
-e <parameter></parameter>	It means to enable or disable the DHCPv6 server. 1: Enable 0: Disable

```
> ip6 dhcp server -d FF02::1
> ip6 dhcp server -i ff02::1
> ip6 dhcp server -x ff02::3
> ip6 dhcp server -a
% Interface LAN has following DHCPv6 server settings:
% DHCPv6 server disabled
% maximum address of the pool: FF02::3
% minimum address of the pool: FF02::1
% 1st DNS IPv6 Addr: FF02::1
```

Telnet Command: ip6 internet

This command allows you to configure settings for accessing Internet.

Syntax

ip6 internet -W n -M n [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Parameter	Description
-W n	W means to set WAN interface and n means different selections. Default is WAN1.
	n=1: WAN1
	n=2: WAN2
	n=3: WAN3
	n=X: WANx
-M n	M means to set Internet Access Mode (Mandatory) and n means different modes (represented by 0 - 5)
	n= 0: Offline,
	n=1: PPP,
	n=2: TSPC,
	n=3: AICCU,
	n=4: DHCPv6,

	n=5: Static
	n=6:6in4-Static
	n=7:6rd
[<command/>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
<parameter>/]</parameter>	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
- <i>m n</i>	It means to set IPv6 MTU.
	N = any value (0 means "unspecified").
-u <username></username>	It means to set Username.
	 <username>= type a name as the username (maximum 63 characters).</username>
-p <password></password>	It means to set Password.
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
-s <server></server>	It means to set Tunnel Server IP.
	<pre><server>= IPv4 address or URL (maximum 63 characters).</server></pre>
-d <server></server>	It means to set the primary DNS Server IP.
	<server>= type an IPv6 address for first DNS server.</server>
-D <server></server>	It means to set the secondary DNS Server IP.
	<server>= type an IPv6 address for second DNS server.</server>
-t <dhcp none="" ra=""></dhcp>	It means to set IPv6 PPP WAN test mode for DHCP or RADVD.
	<dhcp none="" ra="">= type IPv6 address.</dhcp>
- <i>V</i>	It means to view IPv6 Internet Access Profile.
-0	It means to set AICCU always on.
	1=On,
	0=Off

```
> ip6 internet -W 2 -M 2 -u 88886666 -p draytek123456 -s
amsterdam.freenet6.net
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> system reboot
```

Telnet Command: ip6 neigh

This command allows you to display IPv6 neighbour table.

Syntax

ip6 neigh -s[inet6_addr] [eth_addr] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 neigh -d [inet6_addr] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 neigh -a [inet6_addr] [-N LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

Parameter	Description	
-S	It means to add a neighbour.	
-d	It means to delete a neighbour.	
-a	It means to show neighbour status.	
inet6_addr	Type an IPv6 address	
eth_addr	Type submask address.	

LAN/WAN1/WAN2

Specify an interface for the neighbor.

<pre>> ip6 neigh -s 2001:2222:3333::1111 00:50:7F:11:ac:22:WAN2</pre>				
> ip6 neigh -a				
I/F ADDR	MAC	STATE		
LAN FF02::1	33-33-00-00-00-01	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:5C0:1400:B::10B8	$0\ 0 - 0\ 0 - 0\ 0 - 0\ 0 - 0\ 0 - 0\ 0$	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:2222:3333::1111	00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:2222:6666::1111	00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00	CONNECTED		
WAN2 ::	00-00-00-00-00-00	CONNECTED		
LAN ::		NONE		
>				

Telnet Command: ip6 pneigh

This command allows you to add a proxy neighbour.

Syntax

ip6 pneigh -s inet6_addr [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 pneigh -d inet6_addr [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 pneigh -a [inet6_addr] [-N LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-S	It means to add a proxy neighbour.	
-d	It means to delete a proxy neighbour.	
-a	It means to show proxy neighbour status.	
inet6_addr	Type an IPv6 address	
LAN/WAN1/WAN2	Specify an interface for the proxy neighbor.	

Example

> ip6 neigh -s FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:300 LAN
% Neighbour FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:300 successfully added!

Telnet Command: ip6 route

This command allows you to

Syntax

ip6 route -s [prefix] [prefix-length] [gateway] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#> [-D] ip6 route -d [prefix] [prefix-length] ip6 route -a [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-S	It means to add a route.	
-d	It means to delete a route.	
-a	It means to show the route status.	
-D	It means that such route will be treated as the default route.	
prefix	It means to type the prefix number of IPv6 address.	
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.	
gateway	It means the gateway of the router.	
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.	

```
> ip6 route -s FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:500 16 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:100 LAN
% Route FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:500/16 successfully added!
> ip6 route -a LAN
```

PREFIX/PREFIX-LEN _EXP	IRES	NEXT-HOP	I/F	METRIC	STATE	FLAGS
FE80::/128			LAN	0	UNICAST	U
	0	::				
FE80::250:7FFF:FE00:0/1	28		LAN	0	UNICAST	U
	0	::				
FE80::/64			LAN	256	UNICAST	U
	0					
FE80::/16			LAN	1024	UNICAST	UGA
	0	FE80::250:7FF	F:FE12	:100		
FF02::1/128			LAN	0	UNICAST	UC
	0	FF02::1				
FF00::/8			LAN	256	UNICAST	U
	0					
::/0			LAN	-1	UNREACHAB	LE !
	0					

Telnet Command: ip6 ping

This command allows you to pin an IPv6 address or a host.

Syntax

ip6 ping [IPV6 address/Host] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
IPV6 address/Host	It means to specify the IPv6 address or host for ping.	
LAN/WAN1/WAN2	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.	

```
> ip6 ping 2001:4860:4860::8888 WAN2
Pinging 2001:4860:4860::8888 with 64 bytes of Data:
Receive reply from 2001:4860:4860::8888, time=330ms
Packets: Sent = 5, Received = 5, Lost = 0 <% loss>
>
```

Telnet Command: ip6 tracert

This command allows you to trace the routes from the router to the host.

Syntax

ip6 tracert [IPV6 address/Host]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IPV6 address/Host	It means to specify the IPv6 address or host for ping.

Example

> ip6 tracert 2001:4860:4860:	:8888
traceroute to 2001:4860:4860:	:8888, 30 hops max through protocol ICMP
1 2001:5C0:1400:B::10B8	340 ms
2 2001:4DE0:1000:A22::1	330 ms
3 2001:4DE0:A::1	330 ms
4 2001:4DE0:1000:34::1	340 ms
5 2001:7F8:1: :A501:5169:1	330 ms
6 2001:4860::1:0:4B3	350 ms
7 2001:4860::8:0:2DAF	330 ms
8 2001:4860::2:0:66 ^E	340 ms
9 Request timed out.	*
10 2001:4860:4860::8888	350 ms
Trace complete.	
>	

Telnet Command: ip6 tspc

This command allows you to display TSPC status.

Syntax

ip6 tspc [ifno]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface.
	Ifno=1 (means WAN1)
	Info=2 (means WAN2)

```
> ip6 tspc 2
Local Endpoint v4 Address : 111.243.177.223
Local Endpoint v6 Address : 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:10b9
Router DNS name : 8886666.broker.freenet6.net
Remote Endpoint v4 Address :81.171.72.11
Remote Endpoint v6 Address : 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:10b8
Tspc Prefixlen : 56
Tunnel Broker: Amsterdam.freenet.net
```

```
Status: Connected
```

>

Telnet Command: ip6 radvd

This command allows you to enable or disable RADVD server.

Syntax

lp6 radvd -s [1/0] [lifetime]

ip6 radvd -V

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to enable or disable the default lifetime of the RADVD server. 1: Enable the RADVD server. 0: Disable the RADVD server.
Lifetime	It means to set the lifetime. The lifetime associated with the default router in units of seconds. It's used to control the lifetime of the prefix. The maximum value corresponds to 18.2 hours. A lifetime of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router and should not appear on the default router list. Type the number (unit: second) you want.
- <i>V</i>	It means to show the RADVD configuration.
-r	It means RA default test.
-r [num]	It means RA test for item [num].

Example

```
> ip6 radvd -s 1 1800
> ip6 radvd -V
% IPv6 Radvd Config:
Radvd : Enable, Default Lifetime : 1800 seconds
```

Telnet Command: ip6 mngt

This command allows you to manage the settings for access list.

Syntax

ip6 mngt list

ip6 mngt list [add<index> <prefix> <prefix-length>/remove <index>/flush]

ip6 mngt status

ip6 mngt [http/telnet/ping/https/ssh] [on/off]

Parameter	Description	
list	It means to show the setting information of the access list.	
status	It means to show the status of IPv6 management.	
add	It means to add an IPv6 address which can be used to execute	

	management through Internet.
index	It means the number (1, 2 and 3) allowed to be configured for IPv6 management.
prefix	It means to type the IPv6 address which will be used for accessing Internet.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
remove	It means to remove (delete) the specified index number with IPv6 settings.
flush	It means to clear the IPv6 access table.
http/telnet/ping/https/ssh	These protocols are used for accessing Internet.
on/off	It means to enable (on) or disable (off) the Internet accessing through http/telnet/ping.

```
> ip6 mngt list add 1 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1010 128
> ip6 mngt list add 2 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1020 128
> ip6 mngt list add 3 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:2080 128
> ip6 mngt list
% IPv6 Access List :
Index IPv6 Prefix
                    Prefix Length
1
     FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1010
                                 128
2
      FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1020
                                 128
3
      FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:2080
                                 128
> ip6 mngt status
% IPv6 Remote Management :
             http : off,
telnet : off,
                        ping : off
```

Telnet Command: ip6 online

This command allows you to check the online status of IPv6 LAN /WAN.

Syntax

ip6 online [ifno]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface.
	0=LAN1
	1=WAN1
	2=WAN2

```
> ip6 online 0
% LAN 1 online status :
% Interface : UP
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
```

```
% Tx packets = 408, Tx bytes = 32160, Rx packets = 428, Rx bytes =
33636
> ip6 online 1
% WAN 1 online status :
% IPv6 WAN1 Disabled
% Default Gateway : ::
% UpTime : 0:00:00
% Interface : DOWN
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% Tx packets = 0, Tx bytes = 0, Rx packets = 0, Rx bytes = 0
```

Telnet Command: ip6 aiccu

This command allows you to set IPv6 settings for WAN interface with connection type of AICCU.

Syntax

ip6 aiccu [ifno]

ip6 aiccu subnet [add <ifno> <prefix> <prefix-length>/remove <ifno>/show <info>]

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface. 1=WAN1 2=WAN2
add	It means to add an IPv6 address which can be used to execute management through Internet.
prefix	It means to type the IPv6 address which will be used for accessing Internet.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
remove	It means to remove (delete) the specified index number with IPv6 settings.
show	It means to display the AICCU status.

Syntax Description

Example

```
> ip6 aiccu subnet add 2 2001:1111:0000::1111 64
> ip6 aiccu 2
Status: Connecting
>ip6 aiccu subnet show 2
IPv6 WAN2 AICCU Subnet Prefix Config:
2001:1111::1111/64
>
```

Telnet Command: ip6 ntp

This command allows you to set IPv6 settings for NTP (Network Time Protocols) server.

Syntax

ip6 ntp -h ip6 ntp -v ip6 ntp -p [0/1]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-h	It is used to display the usage of such command.
-V	It is used to show the NTP state.
-p <0/1>	It is used to specify NTP server for IPv6. 0 - Auto 1 - First Query IPv6 NTP Server.

Example

```
> ip6 ntp -p 1
% Set NTP Priority: IPv6 First
```

Telnet Command: ipf view

IPF users to view the version of the IP filter, to view/set the log flag, to view the running IP filter rules.

Syntax

ipf view [-VcdhrtzZ]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
- <i>V</i>	It means to show the version of this IP filter.
-С	It means to show the running call filter rules.
-d	It means to show the running data filter rules.
-h	It means to show the hit-number of the filter rules.
-r	It means to show the running call and data filter rules.
- <i>t</i>	It means to display all the information at one time.
-Z	It means to clear a filter rule's statistics.
-Z	It means to clear IP filter's gross statistics.

Example

```
> ipf view -V -c -d
ipf: IP Filter: v3.3.1 (1824)
Kernel: IP Filter: v3.3.1
Running: yes
Log Flags: 0x80947278 = nonip
Default: pass all, Logging: available
```

Telnet Command: ipf set

This command is used to set general rule for firewall.

Syntax

ipf set [Options]
ipf set [SET_NO] rule [RULE_NO] [Options]

Parameter Description Options There are several options provided here, such as -v, -c [SET_NO], -d [SET_NO], ... and etc. SET_NO It means to specify the index number (from 1 to 12) of filter set. RULE_NO It means to specify the index number (from 1 to 7) of filter rule set. Type "-v" to view the configuration of general set. -V -c [SET_NO] It means to setup Call Filter, e.g., -c 2. The range for the index number you can type is "0" to "12" (0 means "disable). -d [SET_NO] It means to setup Data Filter, e.g., -d 3. The range for the index number you can type is "0" to "12" (0 means "disable). -I [VALUE] It means to setup Log Flag, e.g., -12 Type "0" to disable the log flag. Type "1" to display the log of passed packet. Type "2" to display the log of blocked packet. Type "3" to display the log of non-matching packet. - p [VALUE] It means to setup actions for packet not matching any rule, e.g., -p Type "0" to let all the packets pass; Type "1" to block all the packets. -M [P2P_NO] It means to configure IM/P2P for the packets not matching with any rule, e.g., -M 1 Type "0" to let all the packets pass; Type "1" to block all the packets. -U [URL_NO] It means to configure URL content filter for the packets not matching with any rule, e.g., -U1 Type "0" to let all the packets pass; Type "1" to block all the packets. -a [AD_SET] It means to configure the advanced settings. -f [VALUE] It means to accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets. -E [VALUE] It means to set the maximum count for session limitation. -F [VALUE] It means to configure the load-balance policy.

Syntax Description

Example

-Q [VALUE]

```
> ipf set -c 1 #set call filter start from set 1
Setting saved.
> ipf set -d 2 #set data filter start from set 2
Setting saved.
> ipf set -v
Call Filter: Enable (Start Filter Set = 1)
Data Filter: Enable (Start Filter Set = 2)
```

It means to set the QoS class.

```
Log Flag : None
Actions for packet not matching any rule:
 Pass or Block : Pass
 CodePage
            : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
 Max Sessions Limit: 60000
 Current Sessions : 0
 Mac Bind IP
             : Non-Strict
 QOS Class
            : None
 APP Enforcement : None
 URL Content Filter: None
 Load-Balance policy : Auto-select
 _____
 CodePage
                  : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
 Window size
                  : 65535
 Session timeout
                   : 1440
 DrayTek Banner
                   : Enable
 _____
 Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets
                                     : Enable
 Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets: Enable
 _____
 Strict Security Checking
  [ ]APP Enforcement
>
```

Telnet Command: ipf rule

This command is used to set filter rule for firewall.

Syntax

ipf rule s r [-<command> <parameter> / ...

ipf rule s r -v

Syntax	Description	

Parameter	Description
S	Such word means Filter Set, range form 1~12.
r	Such word means Filter Rule, range from 1~7.
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-е	It means to enable or disable the rule setting. 0- disable 1- enable
-s o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify source IP object and IP group. o - indicates "object". g - indicates "group". obj - indicates index number of object or index number of group. Available settings range from 1-192. For example, "-s g 3" means the third source IP group profile.
-s u <address type=""> <start ip<br="">Address> <end address="" ip=""> / <address mask=""></address></end></start></address>	It means to configure source IP address including address type, start IP address, end IP address and address mask. u - It means "user defined".

	<i>Address Type</i> - Type the number (representing different address type).
	0 - Subnet Address
	1 - Single Address
	2 - Any Address
	3 - Range Address
	Example:
	Set Subnet Address => -s u 0 192.168.1.10 255.255.255.0
	Set Single Address => -s u 1 192.168.1.10
	Set Any Address => -s u 2
	Set Range Address => -s u 3 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.15
-d u <address type=""> <start ip<br="">Address> <end address="" ip=""> /</end></start></address>	It means to configure destination IP address including address type start IP address, end IP address and address mask.
<address mask=""></address>	u - It means "user defined".
	Address Type - Type the number (representing different address type).
	0 - Subnet Address
	1 - Single Address
	2 - Any Address
	3 - Range Address
	Example:
	Set Subnet Address => -d u 0 192.168.1.10 255.255.255.0
	Set Single Address => -d u 1 192.168.1.10
	Set Any Address => -d u 2
	Set Range Address => -d u 3 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.15
-d o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify destination IP object and IP group.
	o - indicates "object".
	g - indicates "group"
	<pre></pre>
	Available settings range from 1-192. For example, "-d g 1" means
	the first destination IP group profile.
-S o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify Service Type object and IP group.
	o - indicates "object".
	g - indicates "group"
	<obj> - indicates index number of object or index number of group</obj>
	Available settings range from 1-96. For example, "-S 0 1" means the first service type object profile.
-S u <protocol> <source_port_value></source_port_value></protocol>	It means to configure advanced settings for Service Type, such as protocol and port range.
<destination_port_vale></destination_port_vale>	u - it means "user defined".
	<protocol> - It means TCP(6), UDP(17), TCP/UDP(255).</protocol>
	<source_port_value> -</source_port_value>
	1 - Port OP, range is 0-3. 0:= =, 1:!=, 2:>, 3:<
	3 - Port range of the Start Port Number, range is
	1-65535.
	5 - Port range of the End Port Number, range is 1-65535.
	<pre><destination_port_value>:</destination_port_value></pre>
	2 - Port OP, range is 0-3, 0:==, 1:!=, 2:>, 3:<
	4 - Port range of the Start Port Number, range is 1-65535.
	6 - Port range of the End Port Number, range is 1-65535.
-F	It means the Filter action you can specify.
	0 -Pass Immediately,

	1 - Block Immediately,
	2 - Pass if no further match,
	3 - Block if no further match.
<i>a</i>	It means the classification for QoS.
- <i>q</i>	
	1- Class 1,
	2 - Class 2,
	3 - Class 3,
	4 - Other
-/	It means load balance policy.
	Such function is used for "debug" only.
-Е	It means to enable APP Enforcement.
-a <index></index>	It means to specify which APP Enforcement profile will be applied.
	<index> - Available settings range from 0 ~ 32. "0" means no profile</index>
	will be applied.
-u <index></index>	It means to specify which URL Content Filter profile will be applied.
	<index> - Available settings range from 0 ~ 8. "0" means no profile</index>
	will be applied.
-С	It means to set code page. Different number represents different
	code page.
	0. None
	1. ANSI(1250)-Central Europe
	2. ANSI(1251)-Cyrillic
	3. ANSI(1252)-Latin I
	4. ANSI(1253)-Greek
	5. ANSI(1254)-Turkish
	6. ANSI(1255)-Hebrew
	7. ANSI(1256)-Arabic
	8. ANSI(1257)-Baltic
	9. ANSI(1258)-Viet Nam
	10. OEM(437)-United States
	11. OEM(850)-Multilingual Latin I
	12. OEM(860)-Portuguese
	13. OEM(861)-Icelandic
	14. OEM(863)-Canadian French
	15. OEM(865)-Nordic
	16. ANSI/OEM(874)-Thai
	17. ANSI/OEM(932)-Japanese Shift-JIS
	18. ANSI/OEM(936)-Simplified Chinese GBK
	19. ANSI/OEM(949)-Korean
	20. ANSI/OEM(950)-Traditional Chinese Big5
-C <windows size=""></windows>	It means to set Window size and Session timeout (Minute).
<session_timeout></session_timeout>	-Windows Size> - Available settings range from 1 ~ 65535.
	Session_Timeout> - Make the best utilization of network resources.
-V	It is used to show current filter/rule settings.

```
> ipf rule 2 1 -e 1 -s "o 1" -d "o 2" -S "o 1" -F 2
> ipf rule 2 1 -v
Filter Set 2 Rule 1:
```

```
Status : Enable
Comments: xNetBios -> DNS
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: <null>, <null>, <null>, <null>,
Direction : LAN -> WAN
Source IP : Group1,
Destination IP: Group2,
Service Type : TCP/UDPGroup1,
Fragments : Don't Care
Pass or Block : Block Immediately
Branch to Other Filter Set: None
Max Sessions _
Current Sessions : U
' 'D : Non-Strict
Max Sessions Limit : 32000
Qos Class
APP Enforcement : None
URL Content Filter
                    : None
Load-Balance policy
                   : Auto-select
                 : Disable
Log
_____
____
                  : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
CodePage
Window size
                   : 65535
                  : 1440
Session timeout
DrayTek Banner
                    : Enable
       _____
___
 Strict Security Checking
  [ ]APP Enforcement
```

Telnet Command: ipf flowtrack

This command is used to set and view flowtrack sessions.

Syntax

ipf flowtrack set [-re]
ipf flowtrack view [-f]
ipf flowtrack [-i][-p][-t]

Parameter	Description
-r	It means to refresh the flowtrack.
-е	It means to enable or disable the flowtrack.
	0: Disable
	1: Enable

-f	It means to show the sessions state of flowtrack. If you do not specify any IP address, then all the session state of flowtrack will be displayed.
-b	It means to show all of IP sessions state.
- i [IP address]	It means to specify IP address (e.g., -i 192.168.2.55).
-p[value]	It means to type a port number (e.g., -p 1024). Available settings are 0 ~ 65535.
-t [value]	It means to specify a protocol (e.g., -t tcp). Available settings include: tcp udp icmp

```
>ipf flowtrack set -r
Refresh the flowstate ok
> ipf flowtrack view -f
Start to show the flowtrack sessions state:
ORIGIN>>
          192.168.1.11:59939 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
                                                 53 ,ifno=0
              8.8.8.8:
REPLY >>
                         53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11:59939 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93023180(3920), flag=203
ORIGIN>>
          192.168.1.11:15073 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
                                                 53 ,ifno=0
REPLY >>
              8.8.8.8:
                         53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11:15073 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93025100(2000), flag=203
ORIGIN>>
          192.168.1.11: 7247 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
                                                 53 ,ifno=0
REPLY >>
              8.8.8.8: 53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11: 7247 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93020100(7000), flag=203
End to show the flowtrack sessions state
```

Telnet Command: Log

This command allows users to view log for WAN interface such as call log, IP filter log, flush log buffer, etc.

Syntax

log [-cfhiptwx?] [-F a | c | f | w]

Parameter	Description
-С	It means to show the latest call log.
-f	It means to show the IP filter log.
-F	It means to show the flush log buffer. a: flush all logs c: flush the call log f: flush the IP filter log w: flush the WAN log
-h	It means to show this usage help.

-p	It means to show PPP/MP log.
- <i>t</i>	It means to show all logs saved in the log buffer.
-W	It means to show WAN log.
-X	It means to show packet body hex dump.

> log -w 25:36:25.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4 Client IP = 0.0.0.0Your IP = 0.0.0.0 Next server IP = 0.0.0.0Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.025:36:33.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4 Client IP = 0.0.0.0 Your IP = 0.0.0.0Next server IP = 0.0.0.0Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.025:36:41.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4 = 0.0.0.0 Client IP Your IP = 0.0.0.0 Next server IP = 0.0.0.0Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.025:36:49.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4 Client IP = 0.0.0.0Your IP = 0.0.0.0 Next server IP = 0.0.0.0Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.025:36:57.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4 = 0.0.0.0 Client IP Your IP = 0.0.0.0 --- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] ___

Telnet Command: mngt ftpport

This command allows users to set FTP port for management.

Syntax

mngt ftpport [FTP port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
FTP port	It means to type the number for FTP port. The default setting is 21.

Example

```
> mngt ftpport 21
% Set FTP server port to 21 done.
```

Telnet Command: mngt httpport

This command allows users to set HTTP port for management.

Syntax

mngt httpport [Http port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Http port	It means to enter the number for HTTP port. The default setting is 80.

Example

```
> mngt httpport 80
% Set web server port to 80 done.
```

Telnet Command: mngt httpsport

This command allows users to set HTTPS port for management.

Syntax

mngt httpsport [Https port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Https port	It means to type the number for HTTPS port. The default setting is 443.

Example

```
> mngt httpsport 443
% Set web server port to 443 done.
```

Telnet Command: mngt telnetport

This command allows users to set telnet port for management.

Syntax

mngt telnetport [Telnet port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Telnet port	It means to type the number for telnet port. The default setting is 23.

Example

```
> mngt telnetport 23
% Set Telnet server port to 23 done.
```

Telnet Command: mngt sshport

This command allows users to set SSH port for management.

Syntax

mngt sshport [ssh port]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ssh port	It means to type the number for SSH port. The default setting is 22.

Example

> mngt sshport	23
% Set ssh port	to 23 done.

Telnet Command: mngt ftpserver

This command can enable/disable FTP server.

Syntax

mngt ftpserver [enable]

mngt ftpserver [disable]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable	It means to activate FTP server function.
disable	It means to inactivate FTP server function.

Example

```
> mngt ftpserver enable
%% FTP server has been enabled.
> mngt ftpserver disable
%% FTP server has been disabled.
```

Telnet Command: mngt noping

This command is used to pass or block Ping from LAN PC to the internet.

Syntax

mngt noping [on]
mngt noping [off]
mngt noping [viewlog]
mngt noping [clearlog]

Parameter	Description
on	All PING packets will be forwarded from LAN PC to Internet.
off	All PING packets will be blocked from LAN PC to Internet.
viewlog	It means to display a log of ping action, including source MAC and source IP.

clearlog

It means to clear the log of ping action.

> mngt noping off	
No Ping Packet Out is OFF!!	

Telnet Command: mngt defenseworm

This command can block specified port for passing through the router.

Syntax

mngt defenseworm [on] mngt defenseworm [off] mngt defenseworm [add port] mngt defenseworm [del port] mngt defenseworm [viewlog] mngt defenseworm [clearlog]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to activate the function of defense worm packet out.
off	It means to inactivate the function of defense worm packet out.
add port	It means to add a new TCP port for block.
del port	It means to delete a TCP port for block.
viewlog	It means to display a log of defense worm packet, including source MAC and source IP.
clearlog	It means to remove the log of defense worm packet.

Example

```
> mngt defenseworm add 21
Add TCP port 21
Block TCP port list: 135, 137, 138, 139, 445, 21
> mngt defenseworm del 21
Delete TCP port 21
Block TCP port list: 135, 137, 138, 139, 445
```

Telnet Command: mngt rmtcfg

This command can allow the system administrators to login from the Internet. By default, it is not allowed.

Syntax

mngt rmtcfg [status] mngt rmtcfg [enable] mngt rmtcfg [disable] mngt rmtcfg [http/https/ftp/telnet/ssh/tr069] [on/off]

Parameter	Description
status	It means to display current setting for your reference.
enable	It means to allow the system administrators to login from the Internet.
disable	It means to deny the system administrators to login from the

	Internet.
http/https/ftp/teInet/ssh/t r069	It means to specify one of the servers/protocols for enabling or disabling.
on/off	on - enable the function. off - disable the function.

```
> mngt rmtcfg ftp on
Enable server fail
Remote configure function has been disabled
please enable by enter mngt rmtcfg enable
> mngt rmtcfg enable
%% Remote configure function has been enabled.
> mngt rmtcfg ftp on
%% FTP server has been enabled.
```

Telnet Command: mngt lanaccess

This command allows users to manage accessing into Vigor router through LAN port.

Syntax

```
mngt lanaccess -e [0/1] -s [value] -i [value]
mngt lanaccess -f
mngt lanaccess -d
mngt lanaccess -v
mngt lanaccess -h
```

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-e[0/1]	It means to enable/disable the function.
	0-disable the function.
	1-enable the function.
-s[value]	It means to specify service offered.
	Available values include:
	FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, TELNET, SSH, None, All
-i[value]	It means the interface which is allowed to access.
	Available values include:
	LAN2~LAN6, DMZ, IP Routed Subnet, None, All
	Note: LAN1 is always allowed for accessing into the router.
-f	It means to flush all of the settings.
-d	It means to restore the factory default settings.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view current settings.
-h	It means to get the usage of such command.

```
> mngt lanaccess -e 1
> mngt lanaccess -s FTP,TELNET
```

```
> mngt lanaccess -i LAN3
>> mngt lanaccess -v
Current LAN Access Control Setting:
* Enable:Yes
* Service:
  - FTP:Yes
  - HTTP:No
   - HTTPS:No
  - TELNET:Yes
  - SSH:No
* Subnet:
  - LAN 2: disabled
  - LAN 3: enabled
  - LAN 4: disabled
  - LAN 5: disabled
  - LAN 6: disabled
  - DMZ: disabled
  - IP Routed Subnet: disabled
Note: the settings do NOT apply to LAN1, LAN1 is always allowed to access
the router
```

Telnet Command: mngt echoicmp

This command allows users to reject or accept PING packets from the Internet.

Syntax

mngt echoicmp [enable] mngt echoicmp [disable]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable	It means to accept the echo ICMP packet.
disable	It means to drop the echo ICMP packet.

Example

```
> mngt echoicmp enable
%% Echo ICMP packet enabled.
```

Telnet Command: mngt accesslist

This command allows you to specify that the system administrator can login from a specific host or network. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.

Syntax

mngt accesslist *list* mngt accesslist *add* [index][ip addr][mask] mngt accesslist *remove* [index] mngt accesslist *flush*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
list	It can display current setting for your reference.
add	It means adding a new entry.
index	It means to specify the number of the entry.
ip addr	It means to specify an IP address.
mask	It means to specify the subnet mask for the IP address.
remove	It means to delete the selected item.
flush	It means to remove all the settings in the access list.

Example

Telnet Command: mngt snmp

This command allows you to configure SNMP for management.

Syntax

mngt snmp [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-e <1/2>	 Enable the SNMP function. Disable the SNMP function.
-g <community name=""></community>	It means to set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. (max. 23 characters)
-s <community name=""></community>	It means to set community by typing a proper name. (max. 23 characters)
-m <ip address=""></ip>	It means to set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.
-t <community name=""></community>	It means to set trap community by typing a proper name. (max. 23 characters)
-n <ip address=""></ip>	It means to set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
-T <seconds></seconds>	It means to set the trap timeout <0~999>.
-V	It means to list SNMP setting.

	> mngt snmp -e 1 -g draytek -s DK -m 192.168.1.1 -t trag	com -n 10.20.3.40
--	----------------------------------------------------------	-------------------

```
-T 88
SNMP Agent Turn on!!!
Get Community set to draytek
Set Community set to DK
Manager Host IP set to 192.168.1.1
Trap Community set to trapcom
Notification Host IP set to 10.20.3.40
Trap Timeout set to 88 seconds
```

Telnet Command: msubnet switch

This command is used to configure multi-subnet.

Syntax

msubnet switch [2/3/4/5/6][On/Off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On means turning on the subnet for the specified LAN interface. Off means turning off the subnet.

Example

```
> msubnet switch 2 On
% LAN2 Subnet On!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet addr

This command is used to configure IP address for the specified LAN interface.

Syntax

msubnet addr [2/3/4/5/6][IP address]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
21 01 47 07 0	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6

IP address

Type the private IP address for the specified LAN interface.

Example

```
> msubnet addr 2 192.168.5.1
% Set LAN2 subnet IP address done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet nmask

This command is used to configure net mask address for the specified LAN interface.

Syntax

msubnet nmask [2/3/4/5/6][IP address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
IP address	Type the subnet mask address for the specified LAN interface.

Example

```
> msubnet nmask 2 255.255.0.0
% Set LAN2 subnet mask done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet status

This command is used to display current status of subnet.

Syntax

msubnet status [2/3/4/5/6]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6

```
> msubnet status 2
% LAN2 Off: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0, PPP Start IP: 0.0.0.60
% DHCP server: Off
% Dhcp Gateway: 0.0.0.0, Start IP: 0.0.0.10, Pool Count: 50
```

Telnet Command: msubnet dhcps

This command allows you to enable or disable DHCP server for the subnet.

Syntax

msubnet dhcps [2/3/4/5/6][On/Off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On means enabling the DHCP server for the specified LAN interface.
	Off means disabling the DHCP server.

Example

```
> msubnet dhcps 3 off
% LAN3 Subnet DHCP Server disabled!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet nat

This command is used to configure the subnet for NAT or Routing usage.

Syntax

msubnet nat [2/3/4/5/6] [On/Off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On - It means the subnet will be configured for NAT usage. Off - It means the subnet will be configured for Routing usage.

```
>> msubnet nat 2 off
```

```
% LAN2 Subnet is for Routing usage!
%Note: If you have multiple WAN connections, please be reminded to setup
a Load-Balance policy so that packets from this subnet will be forwarded
to the right WAN interface!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet gateway

This command is used to configure an IP address as the gateway used for subnet.

Syntax

msubnet gateway [2/3/4] [Gateway IP]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface. 2=LAN2 3=LAN3 4=LAN4 5=LAN5 6=LAN6
Gateway IP	Specify an IP address as the gateway IP.

Example

```
> msubnet gateway 2 192.168.1.13
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Gateway IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet ipcnt

This command is used to defined the total number allowed for each LAN interface.

Syntax

msubnet ipcnt [2/3/4] [IP counts]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
IP counts	Specify a total number of IP address allowed for each LAN interface.
	The available range is from 0 to 220.

```
> msubnet ipcnt 2 15
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: msubnet talk

This command is used to establish a route between two LAN interfaces.

Syntax

msubnet talk [1/2/3/4/5/6] [1/2/3/4/5/6] [On/Off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
1/2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	1=LAN1
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On - It means
	Off - It means

Example

```
>msubnet talk 1 2 on
% Enable routing between LAN1 and LAN2
                                                !
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet talk ?
% msubnet talk <1/2/3/4/5/6> <1/2/3/4/5/6> <On/Off>
% where 1:LAN1, 2:LAN2, 3:LAN3, 4:LAN4, 5:LAN5, 6:LAN6
% Now:
°
           LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6
% LAN1
            V
             V
% LAN2
                   V
% LAN3
                         V
% LAN4
                               V
% LAN5
                                     V
% LAN6
                                          V
>
```

Telnet Command: msubnet startip

This command is used to configure a starting IP address for DCHP.

Syntax

msubnet startip [2/3/4/5/6] [Gateway IP]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
Gateway IP	Type an IP address as the starting IP address for a subnet.

```
> msubnet startip 2 192.168.2.90
%Set LAN2 Dhcp Start IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet startip ?
% msubnet startip <2/3/4/5/6> <Gateway IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.2.90; LAN3 192.168.3.10; LAN4 192.168.4.10; LAN5
192.168.5.1
0; LAN6 192.168.6.10
```

Telnet Command: msubnet pppip

This command is used to configure a starting IP address for PPP connection.

Syntax

msubnet pppip [2/3/4/5/6] [Start IP]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
Start IP	Type an IP address as the starting IP address for PPP connection.

```
> msubnet pppip 2 192.168.2.250
% Set LAN2 PPP(IPCP) Start IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet pppip ?
% msubnet pppip <2/3/4/5/6> <Start IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.2.250; LAN3 192.168.3.200; LAN4 192.168.4.200; LAN5
192.168.5.200; LAN6 192.168.6.200
```

Telnet Command: msubnet nodetype

This command is used to specify the type for node which is required by DHCP option.

Syntax

msubnet nodetype [2/3/4/5/6][count]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
count	Choose the following number for specifying different node type.
	1= B-node
	2= P-node
	4= M-node
	8= H-node
	0= Not specify any type for node.

Example

```
> msubnet nodetype ?
% msubnet nodetype <2/3/4/5/6> <count>
% Now: LAN2 0; LAN3 0; LAN4 0; LAN5 0; LAN6 0
% count: 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
> msubnet nodetype 2 1
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Node Type done !!!
> msubnet nodetype ?
% msubnet nodetype ?
% Now: LAN2 1; LAN3 0; LAN4 0; LAN5 0; LAN6 0
% count: 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
```

Telnet Command: msubnet primWINS

This command is used to configure primary WINS server.

Syntax

msubnet primWINS [2/3/4/5/6] [WINS IP]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3

	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
WINS IP	Type the IP address as the WINS IP.

```
>> msubnet primWINS ?
% msubnet primWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 0.0.0.0; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0; LAN6
0.0.0
> msubnet primWINS 2 192.168.3.5
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Primary WINS IP done !!!
> msubnet primWINS ?
% msubnet primWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.3.5; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0; LAN6
0.0.0
```

Telnet Command: msubnet secWINS

This command is used to configure secondary WINS server.

Syntax

msubnet secWINS [2/3/4/5/6] [WINS IP]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
WINS IP	Type the IP address as the WINS IP.

```
>> msubnet secWINS 2 192.168.3.89
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Secondary WINS IP done !!!
> msubnet secWINS ?
% msubnet secWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.3.89; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0;
LAN6 0.0.0.0
```

Telnet Command: msubnet tftp

This command is used to set TFTP server for multi-subnet.

Syntax

msubnet tftp [2/3/4/5/6] [TFTP server name]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
TFTP server name	Type a name to indicate the TFTP server.

Example

```
> msubnet tftp ?
\ msubnet tftp <2/3/4/5/6> <TFTP server name>
% Now: LAN2
     LAN3
     LAN4
     LAN5
     LAN6
> msubnet tftp 2 publish
% Set LAN2 TFTP Server Name done !!!
> msubnet tftp ?
\ msubnet tftp <2/3/4/5/6> <TFTP server name>
% Now: LAN2 publish
     LAN3
     LAN4
     LAN5
     LAN6
```

Telnet Command: msubnet mtu

This command allows you to configure MTU value for LAN/DMZ/IP Routed Subnet.

Syntax

msubnet mtu [interface][value]

Parameter	Description
interface	Available settings include LAN1~LAN6, IP_Routed_Subnet, and DMZ.
value	1000 ~ 1508 (Bytes), default: 1500 (Bytes)

```
> msubnet mtu LAN1 1492
> msubnet mtu ?
Usage:
 >msubnet mtu <interface> <value>
 <interface>: LAN1~LAN6, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ
 <value>: 1000 ~ 1508 (Bytes), default: 1500 (Bytes)
 e.x: >msubnet mtu LAN1 1492
Current Settings:
  LAN1 MTU:
                    1492 (Bytes)
  LAN2 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN3 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN4 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN5 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN6 MTU:
                     1500 (Bytes)
                     1500 (Bytes)
  DMZ MTU:
  IP Routed Subnet MTU: 1500 (Bytes)
```

Telnet Command: object ip obj

This command is used to create an IP object profile.

Syntax

object ip obj setdefault object ip obj *INDEX -v* object ip obj *INDEX -n NAME* object ip obj *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip obj *INDEX -s INVERT* object ip obj I*NDEX -a TYPE [START_IP] [END/MASK_IP]*

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified object profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified object profile. Example: $object \ ip \ obj \ 1 \ -v$
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object ip obj 9 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP object. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN

	INTERFACE=3, means WAN Example: object ip obj 8 -i 0
-s INVERT	It means to set invert seletion for the object profile. INVERT=0, means disableing the function. INVERT=1, means enabling the function. Example: object ip obj 3 -s 1
-a TYPE	It means to set the address type and IP for the IP object profile. TYPE=0, means Mask TYPE=1, means Single TYPE=2, means Any TYPE=3, means Rang Example: object ip obj 3 -a 2
[START_IP]	When the TYPE is set with 2, you have to type an IP address as a starting point and another IP address as end point. Type an IP address.
[END/MASK_IP]	Type an IP address (different with START_IP) as the end IP address.

```
> object ip obj 1 -n marketing
> object ip obj 1 -a 1 192.168.1.45
> object ip obj 1 -v
IP Object Profile 1
Name :[marketing]
Interface:[Any]
Address type:[single]
Start ip address:[192.168.1.45]
End/Mask ip address:[0.0.0.0]
Invert Selection:[0]
```

Telnet Command: object ip grp

This command is used to integrate several IP objects under an IP group profile.

Syntax

object ip grp setdefault object ip grp *INDEX -v* object ip grp *INDEX -n NAME* object ip grp *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip grp *INDEX -a IP_OBJ_INDEX*

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified group profile. Example: object ip grp 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP group. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.

	Example: object ip grp 8 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP group. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN INTERFACE=2, means WAN Example: <i>object ip grp 3 -i 0</i>
-a IP_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify IP object profiles for the group profile. Example: $:object \ ip \ grp \ 3 \ -a \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5$ The IP object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
> object ip grp 2 -n First
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Any]
Included ip object index:
[0:][0]
[1:][0]
[2:][0]
[3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
[6:][0]
[7:][0]
> object ip grp 2 -i 1
> object ip grp 2 -a 1 2
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Lan]
Included ip object index:
[0:][1]
[1:][2]
[2:][0]
 [3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

Telnet Command: object ipv6 obj

This comman is used to create an IP object profile.

Syntax

object ip obj setdefault object ip obj *INDEX -v* object ip obj *INDEX -n NAME* object ip obj *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip obj *INDEX -s INVERT* object ip obj I*NDEX -a TYPE [START_IP] [END/MASK_IP]*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified object profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified object profile. Example: $object$ ip obj 1 $-v$
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object ip obj 9 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP object. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN INTERFACE=3, means WAN Example: object ip obj 8 -i 0
-s INVERT	It means to set invert seletion for the object profile. INVERT=0, means disableing the function. INVERT=1, means enabling the function. Example: $object \ ip \ obj \ 3 \ -s \ 1$
-a TYPE	It means to set the address type and IP for the IP object profile. TYPE=0, means Mask TYPE=1, means Single TYPE=2, means Any TYPE=3, means Rang Example: object ip obj 3 -a 2
[START_IP]	When the TYPE is set with 2, you have to type an IP address as a starting point and another IP address as end point. Type an IP address.
[END/MASK_IP]	Type an IP address (different with START_IP) as the end IP address.

```
> object ip obj 1 -n marketing
> object ip obj 1 -a 1 192.168.1.45
> object ip obj 1 -v
IP Object Profile 1
Name :[marketing]
```

```
Interface:[Any]
Address type:[single]
Start ip address:[192.168.1.45]
End/Mask ip address:[0.0.0.0]
Invert Selection:[0]
```

Telnet Command: object ipv6 grp

This command is used to integrate several IP objects under an IP group profile.

Syntax

object ip grp setdefault object ip grp *INDEX -v* object ip grp *INDEX -n NAME* object ip grp *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip grp *INDEX -a IP_OBJ_INDEX*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified group profile.
	Example: object ip grp 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP group.
	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
	Example: object ip grp 8 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP group.
	INTERFACE=0, means any
	INTERFACE=1, means LAN
	INTERFACE=2, means WAN
	Example: object ip grp 3 -i 0
-a IP_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify IP object profiles for the group profile.
	Example: :object ip grp 3 -a 1 2 3 4 5
	The IP object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
> object ip grp 2 -n First
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Any]
Included ip object index:
[0:][0]
[1:][0]
[2:][0]
[3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
[6:][0]
```

```
[7:][0]
> object ip grp 2 -i 1
> object ip grp 2 -a 1 2
IP Group Profile 2
Name
       :[First]
Interface:[Lan]
Included ip object index:
 [0:][1]
 [1:][2]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

Telnet Command: object service obj

This command is used to create service object profile.

Syntax

object service obj setdefault object service obj *INDEX -v* object service obj *INDEX -n NAME* object service obj *INDEX -p PROTOCOL* object service obj *INDEX -s CHK [START_P] [END_P]* object service obj *INDEX -d CHK [START_P] [END_P]*

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified service object profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified service object profile.
	Example: object service obj 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object.
	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
	Example: object service obj 9 -n bruce
-i PROTOCOL	It means to define a PROTOCOL for the service object profile.
	PROTOCOL =0, means any
	PROTOCOL =1, means ICMP
	PROTOCOL =2, means IGMP
	PROTOCOL =6, means TCP PROTOCOL =17, means UDP
	PROTOCOL =255, means TCP/UDP
	Other values mean other protocols.
	Example: object service obj 8 -i 0
СНК	It means the check action for the port setting.
	0=equal(=), when the starting port and ending port values are the

	same, it indicates one port; when the starting port and ending port values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.
	1=not equal(!=), when the starting port and ending port values are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the starting port and ending port values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.
	2=larger(>), the port number greater than this value is available
	3=less(<), the port number less than this value is available for this profile.
-s CHK [START_P] [END_P]	It means to set souce port check and configure port range (1~65565) for TCP/UDP.
	END_P, type a port number to indicate source port.
	Example: object service obj 3 -s 0 100 200
-d CHK [START_P] [END_P]	It means to set destination port check and configure port range (1~65565) for TCP/UDP.
	END_P, type a port number to indicate destination port.
	Example: object service obj 3 -d 1 100 200

```
> object service obj 1 -n limit
> object service obj 1 -p 255
> object service obj 1 -s 1 120 240
> object service obj 1 -d 1 200 220
> object service obj 1 -v
Service Object Profile 1
Name :[limit]
Protocol:[255]
Source port check action:[!=]
Source port range:[120~240]
Destination port check action:[!=]
```

Telnet Command: object service grp

This command is used to integrate several service objects under a service group profile.

Syntax

object service grp setdefault object service grp *INDEX -v* object service grp *INDEX -n NAME* object service grp *INDEX -a SER_OBJ_INDEX*

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified group profile. Example: <i>object service grp 1 -v</i>
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the service group.

	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object service grp 8 -n bruce
-a SER_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify service object profiles for the group profile.
	Example: :object service grp 3 -a 1 2 3 4 5
	The service object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
>object service grp 1 -n Grope_1
Service Group Profile 1
       :[Grope_1]
Name
Included service object index:
 [0:][0]
 [1:][0]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
> object service grp 1 -a 1 2
Service Group Profile 1
Name
       :[Grope_1]
Included service object index:
 [0:][1]
 [1:][2]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

Telnet Command: object kw

This command is used to create keyword profile.

Syntax

- object kw obj setdefault
- object kw obj show PAGE
- object kw obj INDEX -v
- object kw obj INDEX -n NAME

object kw obj INDEX -a CONTENTS

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
show PAGE	It means to show the contents of the specified profile.

	PAGE: type the page number.
show	It means to show the contents for all of the profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified keyword profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified keyword profile.
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the keyword profile. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
-a CONTENTS	It means to set the contents for the keyword profile. Example: object kw obj 40 -a test

```
> object kw obj 1 -n children
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[]
> object kw obj 1 -a gambling
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[gambling]
> object kw obj 1 -v
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[gambling]
```

Telnet Command: object fe

This command is used to create File Extension Object profile.

Syntax

object fe show
object fe setdefault
object fe obj INDEX -v
object fe obj INDEX -n NAME
<pre>object fe obj INDEX -e CATEGORY/FILE_EXTENSION</pre>
object fe obj INDEX -d CATEGORY/FILE_EXTENSION

Parameter	Description
show	It means to show the contents for all of the profiles.
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number (from 1 to 8) of the specified file extension object profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified file extension object profile.
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the file extension object profile. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
-е	It means to enable the specific CATEGORY or FILE_EXTENSION.

-d	It means to disable the specific CATEGORY or FILE_EXTENSION
-0	
CATEGORY FILE_EXTENSION	CATEGORY:
	Image, Video, Audio, Java, ActiveX, Compression, Executation
	Example: object fe obj 1 -e Image
	FILE_EXTENSION:
	".bmp", ".dib", ".gif", ".jpeg", ".jpg", ".jpg2", ".jp2", ".pct",
	".pcx", ".pic", ".pict", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff", ".asf", ".avi",
	".mov", ".mpe", ".mpeg", ".mpg", ".mp4", ".qt", ".rm", ".wmv",
	".3gp", ".3gpp", ".3gpp2", ".3g2", ".aac", ".aiff", ".au", ".mp3",
	".m4a", ".m4p", ".ogg", ".ra", ".ram", ".vox", ".wav", ".wma",
	".class", ".jad", ".jar", ".jav", ".java", ".jcm", ".js", ".jse",
	".jsp", ".jtk", ".alx", ".apb", ".axs", ".ocx", ".olb", ".ole",
	".tlb", ".viv", ".vrm", ".ace", ".arj", ".bzip2", ".bz2", ".cab",
	".gz", ".gzip", ".rar", ".sit", ".zip", ".bas", ".bat", ".com",
	".exe", ".inf", ".pif", ".reg", ".scr"
	Example: object fe obj 1 -e .bmp

```
> object fe obj 1 -n music
> object fe obj 1 -e Audio
> object fe obj 1 -v
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[music]
_____
_____
Image category:
[].bmp [].dib [].gif [].jpg [].jpg [].jpg2 [].jp2 [].pct
[].pcx [].pic [].pict [].png [].tif [].tiff
_____
_____
Video category:
[].asf [].avi [].mov [].mpe [].mpeg [].mpg [v].mp4 [].qt
[].rm [v].wmv [].3gp [].3gpp [].3gpp2 [].3g2
_____
____
Audio category:
[v].aac [v].aiff [v].au [v].mp3 [v].m4a [v].m4p [v].ogg [v].ra
[v].ram [v].vox [v].wav [v].wma
_____
Java category:
[].class [].jad [].jar [].jav [].java [].jcm [].js [].jse
[].jsp [].jtk
_____
_____
ActiveX category:
[].alx [].apb [].axs [].ocx [].olb [].ole [].tlb [].viv
[].vrm
_____
_____
Compression category:
[].ace [].arj [].bzip2 [].bz2 [].cab [].gz [].gzip [].rar
[].sit [].zip
```

```
------
Executation category:
[].bas [].bat [].com [].exe [].inf [].pif [].reg [].scr
```

Telnet Command: port

This command allows users to set the speed for specific port of the router.

Syntax

port [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, wan2, all] [AN, 100F, 100H, 10F, 10H, status]
port status
port sniff [on,off,port,txrx,restart,status]
port 802.1x[enable,disable,status,addport,delport]
port jumbo
port wanfc

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, wan2, all	It means the number of LAN port and WAN port.
AN 10H	It means the physical type for the specific port.
	AN: auto-negotiate.
	100F: 100M Full Duplex.
	100H: 100M Half Duplex.
	10F: 10M Full Duplex.
	10H: 10M Half Duplex.
status	It means to view the Ethernet port status.
sniff [on,off,port,txrx,restart,sta tus]	
<i>802.1x[enable,disable,statu s,addport,delport]</i>	
wanfc	It means to set WAN flow control.

Example

```
> port 1 100F
%Set Port 1 Force speed 100 Full duplex OK !!!
```

Telnet Command: portmaptime

This command allows you to set a time of keeping the session connection for specified protocol.

Syntax

portmaptime [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Parameter	Description
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-t <sec></sec>	It means "TCP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP session timeout.</sec>
-U <sec></sec>	It means "UDP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the UDP session timeout.</sec>
-i <sec></sec>	It means "IGMP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the IGMP session timeout.</sec>
-W <sec></sec>	It means "TCP WWW" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP WWW session timeout.</sec>
-s <sec></sec>	It means "TCP SYN" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP SYN session timeout.</sec>
-f	It means to flush all portmaps (useful for diagnostics).
-I <list></list>	List all settings.

```
> portmaptime -t 86400 -u 300 -i 10
> portmaptime -l
----- Current setting -----
TCP Timeout : 86400 sec.
UDP Timeout : 300 sec.
IGMP Timeout : 10 sec.
TCP WWW Timeout: 60 sec.
TCP SYN Timeout: 60 sec.
```

Telnet Command: prn

This command allows you to view current status (interface and driver) of USB printer.

Syntax

prn status

prn debug

```
> prn status
Interface: USB bus 2.0
Printer: NotReady
> prn debug
conn[0] :
none
conn[1] :
none
conn[2] :
none
conn[3] :
none
LPD_data_total=0
```

```
usblp_ptr=0
UsbPrintReady=0, UsbIsPrinting=0
```

Telnet Command: qos setup

This command allows user to set general settings for QoS.

Syntax

qos setup [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
[<command/>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
<parameter>]</parameter>	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-h	Type it to display the usage of this command.
-m <mode></mode>	It means to define which traffic the QoS control settings will apply to and eable QoS control.
	0: disable.
	1: in, apply to incoming traffic only.
	2: out, apply to outgoing traffic only.
	3: both, apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic.
	Default is enable (for outgoing traffic).
-i <bandwidth></bandwidth>	It means to set inbound bandwidth in kbps (Ethernet WAN only) The available setting is from 1 to 100000.
-o <bandwidth></bandwidth>	It means to set outbound bandwidth in kbps (Ethernet WAN only). The available setting is from 1 to 100000.
-r <index:ratio></index:ratio>	It means to set ratio for class index, in %.
-u <mode></mode>	It means to enable bandwidth control for UDP. 0: disable
	1: enable
	Default is disable.
-p <ratio></ratio>	It means to enable bandwidth limit ratio for UDP.
-t <mode></mode>	It means to enable/disable Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize.
	0: disable
	1: enable
-V	Show all the settings.
-D	Set all to factory default (for all WANs).
[]	It means that you can type in several commands in one line.

```
> qos setup -m 3 -i 9500 -o 8500 -r 3:20 -u 1 -p 50 -t 1
WAN1 QOS mode is both
Wan 1 is XDSL model ,don,t need to set up
Wan 1 is XDSL model ,don,t need to set up
WAN1 class 3 ratio set to 20
WAN1 udp bandwidth control set to enable
WAN1 udp bandwidth limit ratio set to 50
```

```
WAN1 Outbound TCP ACK Prioritizel set to enable
QoS WAN1 set complete; restart QoS
>
```

Telnet Command: qos class

This command allows user to set QoS class.

Syntax

qos class -c [no] -[a/e/d] [no][-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Parameter	Description
[<command/>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
<parameter>]</parameter>	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-h	Type it to display the usage of this command.
-C <no></no>	Specify the inde number for the class.
	Available value for <no> contains 1, 2 and 3. The default setting is class 1.</no>
-n <name></name>	It means to type a name for the class.
-a	It means to add rule for specified class.
-e <no></no>	It means to edit specified rule.
	<no>: type the index number for the rule.</no>
-d <no></no>	It means to delete specified rule.
	<no>: type the index number for the rule.</no>
-m <mode></mode>	It means to enable or disable the specified rule.
	0: disable,
	1: enable
-I <addr></addr>	Set the local address.
	Addr1 - It means Single address. Please specify the IP address directly, for example, "-I 172.16.3.9".
	addr1:addr2 - It means Range address. Please specify the IP addresses, for example, "-I 172.16.3.9: 172.16.3.50."
	<i>addr1:subnet</i> - It means the subnet address with start IP address. Please type the subnet and the IP address, for example, "- <i>I</i> <i>172.16.3.9:255.255.0.0".0</i>
	any – It means Any address. Simple type " - I " to specify any address for this command.
-r <addr></addr>	Set the remote address.
	addr1 - It means Single address. Please specify the IP address directly, for example, "-1 172.16.3.9".
	addr1:addr2 - It means Range address. Please specify the IP addresses, for example, "-I 172.16.3.9: 172.16.3.50."
	<i>addr1:subnet</i> - It means the subnet address with start IP address. Please type the subnet and the IP address, for example, "- <i>I</i> <i>172.16.3.9:255.255.0.0".0</i>
	<i>any</i> – It means Any address. Simple type "- <i>I</i> " to specify any address for this command.
-p <dscp id=""></dscp>	Specify the ID.
-s <service type=""></service>	Specify the service type by typing the number. The available types are listed as below:
	1:ANY 2:DNS 3:FTP 4:GRE 5:H.323

	6:HTTP 7:HTTPS 8:IKE 9:IPSEC-AH 10:IPSEC-ESP 11:IRC 12:L2TP 13:NEWS 14:NFS 15:NNTP 16:PING 17:POP3 18:PPTP 19:REAL-AUDIO 20:RTSP 21:SFTP 22:SIP 23:SMTP 24:SNMP 25:SNMP-TRAPS 26:SQL-NET 27:SSH 28:SYSLOG 29:TELNET 30:TFTP
-S <d s=""></d>	Show the content for specified DSCP ID/Service type.
-V <1/2/3>	Show the rule in the specified class.
[]	It means that you can type in several commands in one line.

```
> qos class -c 2 -n draytek -a -m 1 -l 192.168.1.50:192.168.1.80
Following setting will set in the class2
class 2 name set to draytek
Add a rule in class2
Class2 the 1 rule enabled
Set local address type to Range, 192.168.1.50:192.168.1.80
```

Telnet Command: qos type

This command allows user to configure protocol type and port number for QoS.

Syntax

qos type [-a <service name> | -e <no> | -d <no>].

Parameter	Description
-a <name></name>	It means to add rule.
-e <no></no>	It means to edit user defined service type. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.
-d <no></no>	It means to delete user defined service type. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.
-n <name></name>	It means the name of the service.
-t <type></type>	It means protocol type.
	6: tcp(default)
	17: udp
	0: tcp/udp
	<1~254>: other
-p <port></port>	It means service port. The typing format must be [start:end] (ex., 510:330).
-1	List user defined types. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.

```
> qos type -a draytek -t 6 -p 510:1330
service name set to draytek
service type set to 6:TCP
Port type set to Range
Service Port set to 510 ~ 1330
>
```

Telnet Command: quit

This command can exit the telnet command screen.

Telnet Command: show lan

This command displays current status of LAN IP address settings.

> show lan			
The LAN settings:			
ip	mask dhc	p star_ip	pool gateway
[V]LAN1 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.1.10	200
[X]LAN2 192.168.2.1 192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.2.10	0 100
[X]LAN3 192.168.3.1 192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.3.10	0 100
[X]LAN4 192.168.4.1 192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.4.10	0 100
[X]LAN5 192.168.5.1 192.168.5.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.5.10	0 100
[X]LAN6 192.168.6.1 192.168.6.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.6.10	0 100
[X]Route 192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 0.0.0.0	0 192.168.0.1

Telnet Command: show dmz

This command displays current status of DMZ host.

Example

```
> show dmz
% WAN1 DMZ mapping status:
Index Status WAN1 aux IP Private IP
1 Disable 172.16.3.221
2 Disable 192.168.1.65
```

Telnet Command: show dns

This command displays current status of DNS setting

Example

> show	/ dns
%%	Domain name server settings:
%	Primary DNS: [Not set]
8	Secondary DNS: [Not set]

Telnet Command: show openport

This command displays current status of open port setting.

Example

Telnet Command: show nat

This command displays current status of NAT.

> show nat					
Port	Port Redirection Running Table:				
Index	Protocol	Public Port	t Private IP	Private Port	
1	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
2	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
3	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
4	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
5	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
6	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
7	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
8	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
9	0	0 (0.0.0	0	
10	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	

11	0	0	0.0.0	0
12	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
13	0	0	0.0.0	0
14	0	0	0.0.0	0
15	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
16	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
17	0	0	0.0.0	0
18	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
19	0	0	0.0.0	0
20	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
MORI	E ['q'	: Quit,	'Enter': New Lines,	'Space Bar': Next Page]

Telnet Command: show portmap

This command displays the table of NAT Active Sessions.

Example

Telnet Command: show pmtime

This command displays the reuse time of NAT session.

Level0: It is the default setting.

Level1: It will be applied when the NAT sessions are smaller than 25% of the default setting.

Level2: It will be applied when the NAT sessions are smaller than the eighth of the default setting.

Example

```
> show pmtime
Level0 TCP=86400001 UDP=300001 ICMP=10001
Level1 TCP=600000 UDP=90000 ICMP=7000
Level2 TCP=60000 UDP=30000 ICMP=5000
```

Telnet Command: show session

This command displays current status of current session.

Example

```
> show session
% Maximum Session Number: 10000
% Maximum Session Usage: 49
% Current Session Usage: 0
% Current Session Used(include waiting for free): 0
% WAN1 Current Session Usage: 0
```

Telnet Command: show status

This command displays current status of LAN and WAN connections.

```
> show status
System Uptime:20:36:35
LAN Status
                  Secondary DNS:8.8.4.4
Primary DNS:8.8.8.8
IP Address:192.168.1.1
                        Tx Rate:12923 Rx Rate:8152
WAN 1 Status: Disconnected
Enable:Yes
             Line:xDSL
                           Name:tcom
Mode:Static IP Up Time:0:00:00 IP:172.16.3.221 GW
IP:172.16.3.2
           TX Rate:0 RX Packets:0 RX Rate:0
TX Packets:0
ADSL Information: ADSL Firmware Version:05-04-04-04-00-01
Mode:
                 State:TRAINING TX Block:0 RX Block:0
Corrected Blocks:0 Uncorrected Blocks:0
UP Speed:0
          Down Speed:0 SNR Margin:0 Loop Att.:0
```

Telnet Command: show adsl

This command displays current status of ADSL.

Example

> Vigor> show adsl			
	ATU-R Inf	o (hw: annex A, f/w: ann	ex A)
Running Mode	: T1.413	State : TRA	AINING
DS Actual Rate	: 0 bps	US Actual Rate :	0 bps
DS Attainable Rate	: 0 bps	US Attainable Rate :	0 bps
DS Path Mode	: Fast	US Path Mode :	Fast
DS Interleave Depth	: 0	US Interleave Depth :	0
NE Current Attenuatio	on: 0 dB	Cur SNR Margin :	0 dB
DS actual PSD	: 0.0 dB	US actual PSD :	0.0 dB
ADSL Firmware Version	1 : 05 - 04 - 04 - 04	-00-01	
	ATU-	C Info	
Far Current Attenuati	ion: 0 dB	Far SNR Margin :	0 dB
CO ITU Version[0]	: 00000000	CO ITU Version[1] :	0000000
DSLAM CHIPSET VENDOR	: < ADI >		

Telnet Command: show statistic

This command displays statistics for WAN interface.

Syntax

show statistic show statistic reset [interface]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
reset	It means to reset the transmitted/received bytes to Zero.
interface	It means to specify WAN1 ~WAN5 (including multi-PVC) interface for displaying related statistics.

```
> show statistic
WAN1 total TX: 0 Bytes ,RX: 0 Bytes
WAN2 total TX: 0 Bytes ,RX: 0 Bytes
WAN3 total TX: 0 Bytes ,RX: 0 Bytes
WAN4 total TX: 0 Bytes ,RX: 0 Bytes
WAN5 total TX: 0 Bytes ,RX: 0 Bytes
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp badip

This command is reserved for future using.

Syntax

srv dhcp badip

Example

> srv dhcp badip
>

Telnet Command: srv dhcp public

This command allows users to configure DHCP server for second subnet.

Syntax

srv dhcp public start [IP address]
srv dhcp public cnt [IP counts]
srv dhcp public status
srv dhcp public add [MAC Addr XX-XX-XX-XX-XX]
srv dhcp public del [MAC Addr XX-XX-XX-XX-XX/all/ALL]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
start	It means the starting point of the IP address pool for the DHCP server.
IP address	It means to specify an IP address as the starting point in the IP address pool.
cnt	It means the IP count number.
IP counts	It means to specify the number of IP addresses in the pool. The maximum is 10.
status	It means the execution result of this command.
add	It means creating a list of hosts to be assigned.
del	It means removing the selected MAC address.
MAC Addr	It means to specify MAC Address of the host.
all/ALL	It means all of the MAC addresses.

```
Vigor> ip route add 192.168.1.56 255.255.0 192.168.1.12 3 default
Vigor> srv dhcp public status
Index MAC Address
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp dns1

This command allows users to set Primary IP Address for DNS Server in LAN.

Syntax

srv dhcp dns1 [?]
srv dhcp dns1 [DNS IP address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current IP address of DNS 1 for the DHCP server.
DNS IP address	It means the IP address that you want to use as DNS1. Note: The IP Routed Subnet DNS must be the same as NAT Subnet DNS).

Example

> srv dhcp dns1 168.95.1.1
% srv dhcp dns1 <DNS IP address>
% Now: 168.95.1.1
(IP Routed Subnet dns same as NAT Subnet dns)

Telnet Command: srv dhcp dns2

This command allows users to set Secondary IP Address for DNS Server in LAN.

Syntax

srv dhcp dns2 [?]
srv dhcp dns2 [DNS IP address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current IP address of DNS 2 for the DHCP server.
DNS IP address	It means the IP address that you want to use as DNS2. Note: The IP Routed Subnet DNS must be the same as NAT Subnet DNS).

```
> srv dhcp dns2 10.1.1.1
% srv dhcp dns2 <DNS IP address>
% Now: 10.1.1.1
(IP Routed Subnet dns same as NAT Subnet dns)
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp frcdnsmanl

This command can force the router to invoke DNS Server IP address.

Syntax

srv dhcp frcdnsmanl [on]
srv dhcp frcdnsmanl [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display the current status.
on	It means to use manual setting for DNS setting.
Off	It means to use auto settings acquired from ISP.

Example

> srv dhcp frcdnsmanl on
% Domain name server now is using manual settings!
> srv dhcp frcdnsmanl off
% Domain name server now is using auto settings!

Telnet Command: srv dhcp gateway

This command allows users to specify gateway address for DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp gateway [?]
srv dhcp gateway [Gateway IP]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current gateway that you can use.
Gateway IP	It means to specify a gateway address used for DHCP server.

```
> srv dhcp gateway 192.168.2.1
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp ipcnt

This command allows users to specify IP counts for DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp ipcnt [?]

srv dhcp ipcnt [IP counts]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current used IP count number.
IP counts	It means the number that you have to specify for the DHCP server.

Example

```
> srv dhcp ipcnt ?
% srv dhcp ipcnt <IP counts>
% Now: 150
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp off

This function allows users to turn off DHCP server. It needs rebooting router, please type "sys reboot" command to reboot router.

Telnet Command: srv dhcp on

This function allows users to turn on DHCP server. It needs rebooting router, please type "sys reboot" command to reboot router.

Telnet Command: srv dhcp relay

This command allows users to set DHCP relay setting.

Syntax

srv dhcp relay servip [server ip]

srv dhcp relay subnet [index]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
server ip	It means the IP address that you want to used as DHCP server.
Index	It means subnet 1 or 2. Please type 1 or 2. The router will invoke this function according to the subnet 1 or 2 specified here.

Example

> srv dhcp relay servip 192.168.1.46
> srv dhcp relay subnet 2
> srv dhcp relay servip ?
% srv dhcp relay servip <server ip>
% Now: 192.168.1.46

Telnet Command: srv dhcp startip

Syntax

srv dhcp startip [?]
srv dhcp startip [IP address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current used start IP address.
IP address	It means the IP address that you can specify for the DHCP server as the starting point.

Example

```
> srv dhcp startip 192.168.1.53
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp status

This command can display general information for the DHCP server, such as IP address, MAC address, leased time, host ID and so on.

```
> srv dhcp status
DHCP server: Relay Agent
Default gateway: 192.168.1.1
Index IP Address MAC Address Leased Time HOST ID
1 192.168.1.113 00-05-5D-E4-D8-EE 17:20:08 A1000351
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp leasetime

This command can set the lease time for the DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp leasetime [?]

srv dhcp leasetime [Lease Time (sec)]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current leasetime used for the DHCP server.
Lease Time (sec)	It means the lease time that DHCP server can use. The unit is second.

Example

> srv dhcp leasetime ?	
% srv dhcp leasetime <lease< th=""><th>e Time (sec.)></th></lease<>	e Time (sec.)>
% Now: 86400	
>	

Telnet Command: srv dhcp nodetype

This command can set the node type for the DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp nodetype <count>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
count	It means to specify a type for node.
	1. B-node
	2. P-node
	4. M-node
	8. H-node

```
> srv dhcp nodetype 1
> srv dhcp nodetype ?
%% srv dhcp nodetype <count>
%% 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
% Now: 1
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp primWINS

This command can set the primary IP address for the DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp primWINS [WINS IP address]

srv dhcp primWINS clear

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
WINS IP address	It means the IP address of primary WINS server.
clear	It means to remove the IP address settings of primary WINS server.

Example

```
> srv dhcp primWINS 192.168.1.88
> srv dhcp primWINS ?
%% srv dhcp primWINS <WINS IP address>
%% srv dhcp primWINS clear
% Now: 192.168.1.88
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp secWINS

This command can set the secondary IP address for the DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp secWINS [WINS IP address]

srv dhcp secWINS clear

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
WINS IP address	It means the IP address of secondary WINS server.
clear	It means to remove the IP address settings of second WINS server.

```
> srv dhcp secWINS 192.168.1.180
> srv dhcp secWINS ?
%% srv dhcp secWINS <WINS IP address>
%% srv dhcp secWINS clear
% Now: 192.168.1.180
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp expired_RecycleIP

This command can set the time to check if the IP address can be assigned again by DHCP server or not.

Syntax

srv dhcp expRecycleIP <sec time>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
sec time	It means to set the time (5~300 seconds) for checking if the IP can be assigned again or not.

Example

```
Vigor> srv dhcp expRecycleIP 250
% DHCP expired_RecycleIP = 250
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp tftp

This command can set the TFTP server as the DHCP server.

Syntax

srv dhcp tftp <TFTP server name>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
TFTP server name	It means to type the name of TFTP server.

Example

```
> srv dhcp tftp TF123
> srv dhcp tftp ?
%% srv dhcp tftp <TFTP server name>
% Now: TF123
```

Telnet Command: srv dhcp option

This command can set the custom option for the DHCP server.

Syntax

```
srv dhcp option -h
srv dhcp option -l
srv dhcp option -d [idx]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -v [option value]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -a [option value]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -x [option value]
srv dhcp option -u [idx unmber]
```

Parameter	Description
-h	It means to display usage of this command.
-/	It means to display all the user defined DHCP options.
-d[idx]	It means to delete the option number by specifying its index number.
-е [1 or 0]	It means to enable/disable custom option feature. 1:enable 0:disable
-С	It means to set option number. Available number ranges from 0 to 255.
-V	It means to set option number by typing string.
-а	It means to set the option value by specifying the IP address.
-X	It means to set option number with the format of Hexadecimal characters.
-U	It means to update the option value of the sepecified index.
idx number	It means the index number of the option value.

> srv dhcp option -e 1 -c 1	8 -v /path		
> srv dhcp option -1			
% state idx interface	opt type	data	
% enable 1 ALL LAN	18 ASCII	/path	

Telnet Command: srv nat dmz

This command allows users to set DMZ host. Before using this command, please set WAN IP Alias first.

Syntax

Srv nat dmz n m [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
п	It means to map selected WAN IP to certain host. 1: wan1 2: wan2	
m	It means the index number of the DMZ host. Default setting is "1" (WAN 1). It is only available for Static IP mode. If you use other mode, you can set 1 ~ 8 in this field. If WAN IP alias has been configured, then the number of DMZ host can be added more.	
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.	
-е	It means to enable/disable such feature. 1:enable 0:disable	
-i	It means to specify the private IP address of the DMZ host.	
-r	It means to remove DMZ host setting.	
- <i>V</i>	It means to display current status.	

Example

```
> srv nat dmz 1 1 -i 192.168.1.96
> srv nat dmz -v
% WAN1 DMZ mapping status:
Index Status WAN1 aux IP Private IP
1 Disable 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.96
```

Telnet Command: srv nat ipsecpass

This command allows users to enable or disable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.

Syntax

Srv nat ipsecpass [options]

Parameter	Description
[options]	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
on	It means to enable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.
off	It means to disable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.

status

It means to display current status for checking.

Example

```
> srv nat ipsecpass status
%% Status: IPsec ESP pass-thru and IKE src_port:500 preservation is
OFF.
```

Telnet Command: srv nat openport

This command allows users to set open port settings for NAT server.

Syntax

srv nat openport n m [-<command> <parameter> | ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
п	It means the index number for the profiles. The range is from 1 to 20.
т	It means to specify the sub-item number for this profile. The range is from 1 to 10.
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a <enable></enable>	It means to enable or disable the open port rule profile. 0: disable 1:enable
-c <comment></comment>	It means to type the description (less than 23 characters) for the defined network service.
-i <local ip=""></local>	It means to set the IP address for local computer. Local ip: Type an IP address in this field.
-w <idx></idx>	It means to specify the public IP. 1: WAN1 Default, 2: WAN1 Alias 1, and so on.
-p <protocol></protocol>	Specify the transport layer protocol. Available values are TCP, UDP and ALL.
-s <start port=""></start>	It means to specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host. The range is from 0 to 65535.
-e <end port=""></end>	It means to specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host. The range is from 0 to 65535.
-V	It means to display current settings.
-r <remove></remove>	It means to delete the specified open port setting. remove: Type the index number of the profile.
-f <flush></flush>	It means to return to factory settings for all the open ports profiles.

```
> srv nat openport 1 1 -a 1 -c games -i 192.168.1.100 -w 1 -p TCP -s
23 -e 83
> srv nat openport -v
```

```
%% Status: Enable
%% Comment: games
%% Private IP address: 192.168.1.100
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
TCP
           23
                   83
1.
%% Status: Disable
%% Comment:
%% Private IP address: 0.0.0.0
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
%% Status: Disable
%% Comment:
%% Private IP address: 0.0.0.0
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
>
```

Telnet Command: srv nat portmap

This command allows users to set port redirection table for NAT server.

Syntax

srv nat portmap *add* [*idx*][*serv name*][*proto*][*pub port*][*pri ip*][*pri port*][*wan1/wan2*] srv nat portmap *del* [*idx*] srv nat portmap *disable* [*idx*] srv nat portmap *enable* [*idx*] [*proto*] srv nat portmap *flush* srv nat portmap *table*

Parameter	Description
Add[idx]	It means to add a new port redirection table with an index number. Available index number is from 1 to 10.
serv name	It means to type one name as service name.
proto	It means to specify TCP or UDP as the protocol.
pub port	It means to specify which port can be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host.
pri ip	It means to specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service.
pri port	It means to specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.
wan1/wan2	It means to specify WAN interface for the port redirection.
del [idx]	It means to remove the selected port redirection setting.
disable [idx]	It means to inactivate the selected port redirection setting.
enable [idx]	It means to activate the selected port redirection setting.
flush	It means to clear all the port mapping settings.

It means to display Port Redirection Configuration Table.

Example

> srv nat portmap add > srv nat portmap tab		cp 80 1	192.168.	1.11 100	wan	11
NAT Port Redirection	Configurat	tion Ta	able:			
Index Service Name Port ifno	Protocol	Publi	c Port	Private	IP	Private
1 game -1	6	80	192.168	3.1.11		100
2	0	0			0	-2
3	0	0			0	-2
4	0	0			0	-2
5	0	0			0	-2
6	0	0			0	-2
7	0	0			0	-2
8	0	0			0	-2
9	0	0			0	-2
10	0	0			0	-2
11	0	0			0	-2
12	0	0			0	-2
13	0	0			0	-2
14	0	0			0	-2
15	0	0			0	-2
16	0	0			0	-2
17	0	0			0	-2
18	0	0			0	-2
19	0	0			0	-2
20	0	0			0	-2
Protocol: 0 = Disable	е, б = TCP,	, 17 =	UDP			

Telnet Command: srv nat status

This command allows users to view NAT Port Redirection Running Table.

	> srv nat status NAT Port Redirection Running Table:				
Index	Protocol	Public Po	rt Private IP	Private Port	
1	6	80	192.168.1.11	100	
2	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	
3	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	
4	0	0	0.0.0	0	
5	0	0	0.0.0	0	

б	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
7	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
8	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
9	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
10	0	0	0.0.0	0
11	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
12	0	0	0.0.0	0
13	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
14	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
15	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
16	0	0	0.0.0	0
17	0	0	0.0.0	0
18	0	0	0.0.0	0
19	0	0	0.0.0	0
20	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
M	ORE ['q':	Quit,	'Enter': New Lines,	'Space Bar': Next Page]

Telnet Command: srv nat showall

This command allows users to view a summary of NAT port redirection setting, open port and DMZ settings.

Example

```
> srv nat showall ?
Index Proto WAN IP:Port
                          Private IP:Port
                                           Act
* * * *
R01 TCP 0.0.0.0:80
                         192.168.1.11:100
                                           Y
001
    TCP 0.0.0:23~83
                          192.168.1.100:23~83
                                           Y
D01
    All 0.0.0.0
                         192.168.1.96
                                           Y
R:Port Redirection, O:Open Ports, D:DMZ
```

Telnet Command: switch -i

This command is used to obtain the TX (transmitted) or RX (received) data for each connected switch.

Syntax

switch -i [switch idx_no] [option]

Parameter	Description
switch idx_no	It means the index number of the switch profile.
option	The available commands with parameters are listed below. cmd acc traffic [on/off/status/tx/rx]

cmd	It means to send command to the client.
acc	It means to set the client authentication account and password.
traffic [on/off/status/tx/rx]	It means to turn on/off or display the data transmission from the client.

```
> switch -i 1 traffic on
External Device NO. 1 traffic statistic function is enable
```

Telnet Command: switch on

This command is used to turn on the auto discovery for external devices.

Example

```
> switch on
Enable Extrnal Device auto discovery!
```

Telnet Command: switch off

This command is used to turn off the auto discovery for external devices.

Example

```
> switch off
Disable External Device auto discovery!
```

Telnet Command: switch list

This command is used to display the connection status of the switch.

Example

Telnet Command: switch clear

This command is used to reset the switch table and reboot the router.

Syntax

switch clear [idx]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
idx	It means the index number of each item shown on the table. The range is from 1 to 8.
-f	It means to clear all of the data.

```
> switch clear 1
Switch Data clear successful
> switch clear -f
Switch Data clear successful
```

Telnet Command: switch query

This command is used to enable or disable the switch query.

Example

```
> switch query on
Extern Device status query is Enable
> switch query off
Extern Device status query is Disable
```

Telnet Command: sys admin

This command is used for RD engineer to access into test mode of Vigor router.

Telnet Command: sys adminuser

This command is used to create user account and specify LDAP server. The server will authenticate the local user who wants to access into the web user interface of Vigor router.

Syntax

sys adminuser [option] sys adminuser edit [index] username password

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
option	Available options includes: Local [0-1] LDAP [0-1] edit [INDEX] delete [INDEX] view [INDEX]
Local [0-1]	0 - Disable the local user. 1 - Enable the local user.
LDAP [0-1]	0 - Disable the LDAP. 1 - Enable the LDAP.
edit [INDEX] username password	Edit an existed user account or create a new local user account. [INDEX] - 1 ~8. There are eight profiles to be added / edited. Username - Type a new name for local user. Password - Type a password for local user.
delete [INDEX]	Delete a local user account.
view [INDEX]	Show the user account/password detail information.

```
> > sys adminuser Local 1
Local User has enabled!
```

```
> sys adminuser LDAP 1
LDAP has enabled!
>> sys adminuser edit 1 carrie test123
Updated!
>> sys adminuser view 1
Index:1
User Name:carrie
User Password:test123
```

Telnet Command: sys bonjour

This command is used to disable/enable and configure the Bonjour service.

Syntax

sys bonjour [-<command> <parameter> / ...]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-e <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable bonjour service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-h <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable http (web) service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-t <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable telnet service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-f <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable FTP service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-s <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable SSH service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-p <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable printer service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-6 <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable IPv6 (0: disable, 1: enable).

```
> sys bonjour -s 1
>
```

Telnet Command: sys cfg

This command reset the router with factory default settings. When a user types this command, all the configuration will be reset to default setting.

Syntax

sys cfg default

sys cfg status

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
default	It means to reset current settings with default values.
status	It means to display current profile version and status.

Example

```
> sys cfg status
Profile version: 3.0.0 Status: 1 (0x491e5e6c)
> sys cfg default
>
```

Telnet Command: sys cmdlog

This command displays the history of the commands that you have typed.

Example

```
> sys cmdlog
% Commands Log: (The lowest index is the newest !!!)
[1] sys cmdlog
[2] sys cmdlog ?
[3] sys ?
[4] sys cfg status
[5] sys cfg ?
```

Telnet Command: sys ftpd

This command displays current status of FTP server.

Syntax

sys ftpd on

sys ftpd off

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on the FTP server of the system.
off	It means to turn off the FTP server of the system.

```
> sys ftpd on
% sys ftpd turn on !!!
```

Telnet Command: sys domainname

This command can set and remove the domain name of the system when DHCP mode is selected for WAN.

Syntax

sys domainname [wan1/wan2] [Domain Name Suffix]

sys domainname [wan1/wan2] clear

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1/wan2	It means to specify WAN interface for assigning a name for it.
Domain Name Suffix	It means the name for the domain of the system. The maximum number of characters that you can set is 40.
clear	It means to remove the domain name of the system.

Example

> sys domainname wan1 clever
> sys domainname wan2 intellegent
> sys domainname ?
<pre>% sys domainname <wan1 wan2=""> <domain (max.="" 40="" characters)="" name="" suffix=""></domain></wan1></pre>
% sys domainname <wan1 wan2=""> clear</wan1>
<pre>% Now: wan1 == clever, wan2 ==intelligent</pre>
>

Telnet Command: sys iface

This command displays the current interface connection status (UP or Down) with IP address, MAC address and Netmask for the router.

> sys iface	
Interface 0 Ethernet:	
Status: UP	
IP Address: 192.168.1.1	Netmask: 0xFFFFFF00 (Private)
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0xFFFFFFF
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-00	
Interface 4 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-02	
Interface 5 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-03	
Interface 6 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-04	

```
Interface 7 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-05
Interface 8 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-06
Interface 9 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-07
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
---
```

Telnet Command: sys name

This command can set and remove the name for the router when DHCP mode is selected for WAN.

Syntax

sys name [wan1] [ASCII string]

sys name [wan1] clear

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1	It means to specify WAN interface for assigning a name for it.
ASCII string	It means the name for router. The maximum character that you can set is 20.

Example

```
> sys name wan1 drayrouter
> sys name ?
% sys name <wan1/wan2> <ASCII string (max. 20 characters)>
% sys name <wan1/wan2> clear
% Now: wan1 == drayrouter, wan2 ==
```

Note: Such name can be used to recognize router's identification in SysLog dialog.

Telnet Command: sys passwd

This command allows users to set password for the administrator.

Syntax

sys passwd [ASCII string]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ASCII string	It means the password for administrator. The maximum character that you can set is 23.

Example

```
> sys passwd admin123
>
```

Telnet Command: sys reboot

This command allows users to restart the router immediately.

Example

> sys reboot >

Telnet Command: sys autoreboot

This command allows users to restart the router automatically within a certain time.

Syntax

sys autoreboot [on/off/hour(s)]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
on/off	On - It means to enable the function of auto-reboot. Off - It means to disable the function of auto-reboot.	
hours	It means to set the time schedule for router reboot. For example, if you type "2" in this field, the router will reboot with an interval of two hours.	

Example

```
> sys autoreboot on
autoreboot is ON
> sys autoreboot 2
autoreboot is ON
autoreboot time is 2 hour(s)
```

Telnet Command: sys commit

This command allows users to save current settings to FLASH. Usually, current settings will be saved in SRAM. Yet, this command will save the file to FLASH.

Example

> sys commit >

Telnet Command: sys tftpd

This command can turn on TFTP server for upgrading the firmware.

Example

```
> sys tftpd
% TFTP server enabled !!!
```

Telnet Command: sys cc

This command can display current country code and wireless region of this device.

Example

```
> sys cc
Country Code : 0x 0 [International]
Wireless Region Code: 0x30
>
```

Telnet Command: sys version

This command can display current version for the system.

Example

```
> sys version
Router Model: Vigor3220Vn+ Version: 3.7.4.1 English
Profile version: 3.0.0 Status: 1 (0x49165e6c)
Router IP: 192.168.1.1 Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Firmware Build Date/Time: Mar 20 2014 14:09:50
Router Name: drayrouter
Revision: 40055 2860_374
VDSL2 Firmware Version: 05-04-08-00-00-06
```

Telnet Command: sys qrybuf

This command can display the system memory status and leakage list.

Example

```
> sys qrybuf
System Memory Status and Leakage List
Buf sk_buff ( 200B), used#: 1647, cached#:
                                           30
Buf KMC4088 (4088B), used#: 0, cached#:
                                           8
Buf KMC2552 (2552B), used#: 1641, cached#:
                                           42
Buf KMC1016 (1016B), used#: 7, cached#:
                                           1
Buf KMC504 ( 504B), used#: 8, cached#:
                                           8
Buf KMC248 ( 248B), used#: 26, cached#:
                                           22
Buf KMC120 ( 120B), used#: 67, cached#: 61
Buf KMC56 ( 56B), used#: 20, cached#: 44
Buf KMC24 ( 24B), used#: 58, cached#:
                                          70
Dynamic memory: 13107200B; 4573168B used; 190480B/0B in level 1/2
cache.
FLOWTRACK Memory Status
# of free = 12000
# of maximum = 0
# of flowstate = 12000
\# of lost by siganture = 0
\# of lost by list = 0
```

Telnet Command: sys pollbuf

This command can turn on or turn off polling buffer for the router.

Syntax

sys pollbuf [on]
sys pollbuf [off]

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on pulling buffer.

off

It means to turn off pulling buffer.

Example

```
> sys pollbuf on
% Buffer polling is on!
> sys pollbuf off
% Buffer polling is off!
```

Telnet Command: sys britask

This command can improve triple play quality.

Syntax

sys britask [on] sys britask [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
on	It means to turn on the bridge task for improving the triple play quality.	
off	It means to turn off the bridge task.	

Example

```
> sys britask on
% bridge task is ON, now
```

Telnet Command: sys tr069

This command can set CPE settings for applying in VigorACS.

Syntax

sys tr069 get [parm] [option]
sys tr069 set [parm] [value]
sys tr069 getnoti [parm]
sys tr069 setnoti [parm] [value]
sys tr069 log
sys tr069 debug [on/off]
sys tr069 save
sys tr069 inform [event code]
sys tr069 port [port num]

Parameter	Description	
get [parm] [option]	It means to get parameters for tr-069.	
	option= <nextlevel>: only gets nextlevel for GetParameterNames.</nextlevel>	

set [parm] [value]	It means to set parameters for tr-069.	
getnoti [parm]	It means to get parameter notification value.	
setnoti [parm] [value]	It means to set parameter notification value.	
log	It means to display the TR-069 log.	
debug [on/off]	on: turn on the function of sending debug message to syslog. off: turn off the function of sending debug message to syslog.	
save	It means to save the parameters to the flash memory of the route	
Inform [event code]	It means to inform parameters for tr069 with different event codes. [event code] includes: 0-"0 BOOTSTRAP", 1-"1 BOOT", 2-"2 PERIODIC", 3-"3 SCHEDULED", 4-"4 VALUE CHANGE", 5-"5 KICKED", 6-"6 CONNECTION REQUEST", 7-"7 TRANSFER COMPLETE", 8-"8 DIAGNOSTICS COMPLETE", 9-"M Reboot"	
port [port num]	It means to change tr069 listen port number.	
cert_auth [on/off]	on: turn on certificate-based authentication. off: turn off certificate-based authentication.	

> sys tr069 get Int. nextlevel
Total number of parameter is 24
Total content length of parameter is 915
InternetGatewayDevice.LANDeviceNumberOfEntries
InternetGatewayDevice.WANDeviceNumberOfEntries
InternetGatewayDevice.DeviceInfo.
InternetGatewayDevice.ManagementServer.
InternetGatewayDevice.Time.
InternetGatewayDevice.Layer3Forwarding.
InternetGatewayDevice.LANDevice.
InternetGatewayDevice.WANDevice.
InternetGatewayDevice.Services.
<pre>InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_InternetAcc.</pre>
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_LAN.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_NAT.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Firewall.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Bandwidth.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Applications.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_VPN.
<pre>InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_VoIP.</pre>
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_WirelessLAN.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_System.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Status.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Diagnostics.

```
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
```

Telnet Command: sys sip_alg

This command can turn on/off SIP ALG (Application Layer Gateway) for traversal.

Syntax

sys sip_alg [1]

sys sip_alg [0]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
1	It means to turn on SIP ALG.
0	It means to turn off SIP ALG.

Example

```
> sys sip_alg ?
usage: sys sip_alg [value]
0 - disable SIP ALG
1 - enable SIP ALG
current SIP ALG is disabled
```

Telnet Command: sys license

This command can process the system license.

Syntax

sys license *licmsg* sys license *licauth* sys license *regser* sys license *licera* sys license *licifno* sys license *lic_wiz [set/reg/qry]* sys license *dev_chg* sys license *dev_key*

Parameter	Description	
licmsg	It means to display license message.	
licauth	It means the license authentication time setting.	
regser	It means the license register server setting.	
licera	It means to erase license setting.	
licifno	It means license and signature download interface setting.	
lic_wiz [set/reg/qry]	It means the license wizard setting. qry: query service support status	

	set [idx] [trial] [service type] [sp_id] [start_date] [License Key] reg: register service in portal
dev_chg	It means to change the device key.
dev_key	It means to show device key.

```
> sys license licifno
License and Signature download interface setting:
licifno [AUTO/WAN#]
Ex: licifno wan1
Download interface is "auto-selected" now.
```

Telnet Command: sys diag_log

This command is used for RD debug.

Syntax

sys diag_log [status| enable| disable| flush| lineno [w] | level [x] | feature [on|off] [y]| log]

Parameter	Description	
status	It means to show the status of diagnostic log.	
enable	It means to enable the function of diag_log.	
disable	It means to disenable the function of diag_log.	
flush	It means the flush log buffer.	
lineno [w]	It means the total lines for displaying message. w - Available value ranges from 100 to 50000.	
level[x]	It determines the level of data displayed. x - Available value ranges from 0 to 12. The larger the number is, the detailed the data is displayed.	
feature [on/off][y]	It is used to specify the function of the log. Supported features include SYS and DSL (Case-Insensitive). Default setting is "on" for "DSL".	
voip_feature [on/off][vf_name]	It means VoIP feature. Type on to enable the feature or type off to disable the feature.	
	vf_name: available settings include DRVTAPI, DRVVMMC, DRVMPS, DRVFXO, DRVHAL, PSMPHONE, PSMSUPP, PSM, FXO, PSMISDN, DTMFPSER, CALLERID (Case-Insensitive).	
log	It means the dump log buffer.	

Syntax Description

Example

> sys diag_log status
Status:
diag_log is Enabled.
lineno : 10000.

```
level : 3.
Enabled feature: SYS DSL
> sys diag_log log
0:00:02
          [DSL] Current modem firmware: AnnexA_548006_544401
0:00:02
          [DSL] Modem firmware feature: 5, ADSL_A, VDSL2
0:00:02
          [DSL] xtseCfg=04 00 04 00 0c 01 00 07
0:00:02 [DSL] don't have last showtime mode!! set next mode to VDSL!!
0:00:02
          [DSL] Status has changed: Stopped(0) -> FwWait(3)
0:00:02
          [DSL] Status has changed: FwWait(3) -> Starting(1)
0:00:02
          [DSL] Status has changed: Starting(1) -> Running(2)
0:00:02
         [DSL] Status was switched: firmwareReady(3) to Init(5)
0:00:02
          [DSL] Status was switched: Init(5) to Restart(10)
0:00:02
          [DSL] Status was switched: Restart(10) to
FirmwareRequest(1)
          [DSL] Line state has changed: 00000000 -> 000000FF
0:00:02
0:00:02
          [DSL] Entering VDSL2 mode
0:00:03 [DSL] modem code: [05-04-08-00-00-06]
0:00:05
          [DSL] Status was switched: FirmwareRequest(1) to
firmwareReady(3)
0:00:05
         [DSL] Status was switched: firmwareReady(3) to Init(5)
          [DSL] >> nXtseA=0d, nXtseB=00, nXtseV=07, nFwFeatures=5
0:00:05
0:00:05
          [DSL] >> nHsToneGroupMode=0, nHsToneGroup=106,
nToneSet=43, nCamState
=2
0:00:05
          [DSL] Line state has changed: 000000FF -> 00000100
0:00:05
          [DSL] Line state has changed: 00000100 -> 00000200
0:00:05
          [DSL] Status was switched: Init(5) to Train(6)
```

Telnet Command: testmail

This command is used to display current settings for sending test mail.

Example

```
> testmail
Send out test mail
Mail Alert:[Disable]
SMTP_Server:[0.0.0.0]
Mail to:[]
Return-Path:[]
```

Telnet Command: upnp off

This command can close UPnP function.

Example

```
>upnp off
UPNP say bye-bye
```

Telnet Command: upnp on

This command can enable UPnP function.

>upnp on		
UPNP start.		

Telnet Command: upnp nat

This command can display IGD NAT status.

Example

```
> upnp nat ?
          ((0))
InternalClient >>192.168.1.10<<, RemoteHost >>0.0.0.0<</pre>
InternalPort >>21<<, ExternalPort >>21<<</pre>
PortMapProtocol >>TCP<<
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapLeaseDuration >>0<<, PortMapEnabled >>0<<</pre>
Ftp Example [MICROSOFT]
((1))
InternalClient >>0.0.0.0<<, RemoteHost >>0.0.0.0<</pre>
InternalPort >>0<<, ExternalPort >>0<<</pre>
PortMapProtocol >><NULL><<
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapLeaseDuration >>0<<, PortMapEnabled >>0<<</pre>
PortMapProtocol >><NULL><<
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapLeaseDuration >>0<<, PortMapEnabled >>0<<</pre>
0<<
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] ---
```

Telnet Command: upnp service

This command can display the information of the UPnP service. UPnP service must be enabled first.

```
> upnp on
UPNP start.
> upnp service
>>>> SERVICE TABLE1 <<<<<
 serviceType urn:schemas-microsoft-com:service:OSInfo:1
 serviceId urn:microsoft-com:serviceId:OSInfo1
 SCPDURL
            /upnp/OSInfo.xml
 controlURL /OSInfol
 eventURL
            /OSInfoEvent1
           uuid:774e9bbe-7386-4128-b627-001daa843464
 UDN
>>>> SERVICE TABLE2 <<<<
 serviceType
urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:WANCommonInterfaceConfig:1
 serviceId urn:upnp-org:serviceId:WANCommonIFC1
```

```
SCPDURL /upnp/WComIFCX.xml
controlURL /upnp?control=WANCommonIFC1
eventURL /upnp?event=WANCommonIFC1
UDN uuid:2608d902-03e2-46a5-9968-4a54ca499148
.
```

Telnet Command: upnp subscribe

This command can show all UPnP services subscribed.

Example

```
> upnp on
UPNP start.
> upnp subscribe
Vigor> upnp subscribe
>>>> (1) serviceType urn:schemas-microsoft-com:service:OSInfo:1
 ----- Subscribtion1 ------
   sid = 7a2bbdd0-0047-4fc8-b870-4597b34da7fb
   eventKey =1, ToSendEventKey = 1
   expireTime =6926
   active =1
   DeliveryURLs
=<http://192.168.1.113:2869/upnp/eventing/twtnpnsiun>
>>>> (2) serviceType
urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:WANCommonInterfaceConfig:1
 ----- Subscribtion1 ------
   sid = d9cd47a5-d9c9-4d3d-8043-d03a82f27983
   eventKey =1, ToSendEventKey = 1
```

Telnet Command: upnp tmpvs

This command can display current status of temp Virtual Server of your router.

```
real_addr >>192.168.1.10<<, pseudo_addr >>172.16.3.229<<
real_port >>0<<, pseudo_port >>0<<
hit_portmap_index >>0<<
The protocol >>TCP<<
time >>0<<
((1))
real_addr >>0.0.0.0<<, pseudo_addr >>0.0.0.0<<
real_port >>0<<, pseudo_port >>0<<
hit_portmap_index >>0<<
The protocol >>0<<
time >>0<<
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
---</pre>
```

Telnet Command: upnp wan

This command is used to specify WAN interface to apply UPnP.

Syntax

upnp wan [n]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
п	It means to specify WAN interface to apply UPnP.
	n=0, it means to auto-select WAN interface.
	n=1, WAN1
	n=2, WAN2

Example

> upnp wan 1 use wan1 now.

Telnet Command: usb list

This command is use to display the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

> usb list	t ?			
Brand	Module	Standard		
Aiko	Aiko 83D	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C170	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C270	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C321	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C330	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C331	3.5G	Y	
BandRich	Bandluxe C502	3.5G	Y	
Huawei	Huawei E169u	3.5G	Y	
Huawei	Huawei E220	3.5G	Y	

Huawei	Huawei E303D	3.5G	У
Huawei	Huawei E392	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E398	3.5G	Y
Sony Erics	s Sony Ericsson MD30	3.5G	Y
TP-LINK	TP-LINK MA180	3.5G	Y
TP-LINK	TP-LINK MA260	3.5G	Y
Vodafone	Vodafone K3765-Z	3.5G	Y
Vodafone	Vodafone K4605	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF626	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF627 plus	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF633	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF636	3.5G	Y
SpinCom	SpinCom GPRS Modem	3.5G	Y
– MORE – [['q': Quit, 'Enter': N	New Lines,	'Space Bar': Next Page] -

Telnet Command: vigbrg on

This command can make the router to be regarded as a modem but not a router.

Example

```
> vigbrg on
%Enable Vigor Bridge Function!
```

Telnet Command: vigbrg off

This command can disable vigor bridge function.

Example

```
> vigbrg off
%Disable Vigor Bridge Function!
```

Telnet Command: vigbrg status

This command can show whether the Vigor Bridge Function is enabled or disabled.

```
> vigbrg status
%Vigor Bridge Function is enable!
%Wan1 management is disable!
```

Telnet Command: vigbrg cfgip

This command allows users to transfer a bridge modem into ADSL router by accessing into and adjusting specified IP address. Users can access into Web UI of the router to manage the router through the IP address configured here.

Syntax

vigbrg cfgip [IP Address]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP Address	It means to type an IP address for users to manage the router.

Example

```
> vigbrg cfgip 192.168.1.15
> vigbrg cfgip ?
% Vigor Bridge Config IP,
% Now: 192.168.1.15
```

Telnet Command: vigbrg wan1on

This command is used to enable the bridge WAN1 management.

Example

```
> vigbrg wanlon
%Enable Vigor Bridge Wanl management!
```

Telnet Command: vigbrg wan1off

This command is used to disable the bridge WAN1 management.

Example

```
> vigbrg wanloff
%Disable Vigor Bridge Wanl management!
```

Telnet Command: vpn I2Iset

This command allows users to set advanced parameters for LAN to LAN function.

Syntax

vpn l2lset [list index] peerid [peerid] vpn l2lset [list index] localid [localid] vpn l2lset [list index]main [auto/proposal index] vpn l2lset [list index] aggressive [g1/g2] vpn l2lset [list index]pfs [on/off] vpn l2lset [list index] phase1[lifetime] vpn l2lset [list index] phase2[lifetime]

Syntax Description

Parameter

Description

list index	It means the index number of L2L (LAN to LAN) profile.
peerid	It means the peer identity for aggressive mode.
localid	It means the local identity for aggressive mode.
main	It means to choose proposal for main mode.
auto index	It means to choose default proposals.
proposal index	It means to choose specified proposal.
aggressive	It means the chosen DH group for aggressive mode
pfs	It means "perfect forward secrete".
on/off	It means to turn on or off the PFS function.
phase1	It means phase 1 of IKE.
lifetime	It means the lifetime value (in second) for phase 1 and phase 2.
phase2	It means phase 2 of IKE.

```
> VPN 121set 1 peerid 10226
```

Telnet Command: vpn I2IDrop

This command allows users to terminate current LAN to LAN VPN connection.

Example

```
> vpn l2lDrop
>
```

Telnet Command: vpn dinset

This command allows users to configure setting for remote dial-in VPN profile.

Syntax

vpn dinset <list index>
vpn dinset <list index> <on/off>
vpn dinset <list index> motp <on/off>
vpn dinset <list index> pin_secret <pin> <secret>

Parameter	Description
<list index=""></list>	It means the index number of the profile.
<on off=""></on>	It means to enable or disable the profile. on - Enable. off - Disable.
motp <on off=""></on>	It means to enable or disable the authentication with mOTP function. on - Enable. off - Disable.
pin_secret <pin> <secret></secret></pin>	It means to set PIN code with secret. <pin> - Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234). <secret> - Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the</secret></pin>

```
> vpn dinset 1
Dial-in profile index 1
Profile Name: ???
Status: Deactive
Mobile OTP: Disabled
Password:
Idle Timeout: 300 sec
> vpn dinset 1 on
% set profile active
> vpn dinset 1 motp on
% Enable Mobile OTP mode!>
> vpn dinset 1 pin_secret 1234 e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6
> vpn dinset 1
Dial-in profile index 1
Profile Name: ???
Status: Active
Mobile OTP: Enabled
PIN: 1234
Secret: e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6
Idle Timeout: 300 sec
```

Telnet Command: vpn subnet

This command allows users to specify a subnet selection for the specified remote dial-in VPN profile.

Syntax

vpn subnet [index] [1/2/3/4/5/6]

Parameter	Description
<index></index>	It means the index number of the VPN profile.
<1/2/3/4/5/6>	1 - it means LAN1 2 - it means LAN2.

3 - it means LAN3
4 - it means LAN4.
5 - it means LAN51
6 - it means LAN6.

```
> vpn subnet 1 2
>
```

Telnet Command: vpn setup

This command allows users to setup VPN for different types.

Syntax

Command of PPTP Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> pptp_out <ip> <usr> <pwd> <nip> <nmask>

Command of IPSec Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> ipsec_out <ip> <key> <nip> <nmask>

Command of L2Tp Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> l2tp_out <ip> <usr> <pwd> <nip> <nmask>

Command of Dial-In

vpn setup <index> <name> dialin <ip> <usr> <pwd> <key> <nip> <nmask>

Parameter	Description
For PPTP Dial-Out	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the PPTP connection.
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.
	e.g.,
	vpn setup 1 name1 pptp_out 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
For IPsec Dial-Out	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.
<key></key>	It means the value of IPsec Pre-Shared Key.
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.
	e.g.,
	vpn setup 1 name1 ipsec_out 1.2.3.4 1234 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
For L2TP Dial-Out	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.

<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the L2TP connection.
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.
	e.g.,,
	vpn setup 1 name1 l2tp_out 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
For Dial-In	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address allowed to dial in.
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the PPTP/L2TP connection.
<key></key>	It means the value of IPsec Pre-Shared Key.
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.
	e.g.,
	vpn setup 1 name1 dialin 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 abc 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

```
> vpn setup 1 namel dialin 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 abc 192.168.1.0
255.255.255.0
% Profile Change Log ...
% Profile Index : 1
% Profile Name : name1
% Username : vigor
% Dassword : 1234
% Pre-share Key : abc
% Call Direction : Dial-In
% Type of Server : ISDN PPTP IPSec L2TP
% Dial from : 1.2.3.4
% Remote NEtwork IP : 192.168.1.0
% Remote NEtwork Mask : 255.255.255.0
>
```

Telnet Command: vpn option

This command allows users to configure settings for LAN to LAN profile.

Syntax

vpn option <index> <cmd1>=<param1> [<cmd2>=<para2> / ...]

Parameter	Description
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
	Available index numbers:

	1 ~ 32
For Common Settings	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
pname	It means the name of the profile.
ena	It means to enable or disable the profile.
	on - Enable
	off - Disable
thr	It means the way that VPN connection passes through. Available
	settings are wlf, wlo, w2f, and w2o.
	w1f - WAN1 First.
	w1o - WAN1 Only. w2f - WAN2 First.
	w20 - WAN2 Only.
nnnkt	It means the NetBios Naming Packet.
nnpkt	on - Enable the function to pass the packet.
	off - Disable the function to block the packet.
dir	It means the call direction. Available settings are b, o and i.
un	b - Both
	o - Dial-Out
	i - Dial-In.
idle=[value]	It means Always on and Idle Time out.
	Available values include:
	-1 - it means always on for dial-out.
	0 - it means always on for dial-in.
	Other numbers (e.g., idle=200, idle=300, idle=500) mean the route will be idle after the interval (seconds) configured here.
palive	It means to enable PING to keep alive.
	-1 - disable the function.
	1,2,3,4 - Enable the function and PING IP 1.2.3.4 to keep alive.
For Dial-Out Settings	
ctype	It means "Type of Server I am calling".
	"ctype=t" means PPTP.
	"ctype=s" means IPSec.
	"ctype= I" means L2TP(IPSec Policy None).
	"ctype= I1" means L2TP(IPSec Policy Nice to Have).
	"ctype= I2" means L2TP(IPSec Policy Must).
dialto	It means Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89).
Itype	It means Link Type.
	"Itype=0" means "Disable".
	"Itype=1" means "64kbps".
	"Itype=2" means "128kbps".
	"Itype=3" means "BOD".
oname	It means Dial-Out Username.
	"oname=admin" means to set Username = admin.
opwd	It means Dial-Out Password
	"opwd=1234" means to set Password = 1234.
pauth	It means PPP Authentication.
	"pauth=pc" means to set PPP Authentication = PAP&CHAP.

	"pauth=p" means to set PPP Authentication = PAP Only
ovj	It means VJ Compression.
	"ovj=on/off" means to enable/disable VJ Compression.
okey	It means IKE Pre-Shared Key.
	"okey=abcd" means to set IKE Pre-Shared Key = abcd.
ometh	It means IPSec Security Method.
ometh	"ometh=ah/" means AH.
	"ometh=espd/espda/" means ESP DES without/with
	Authentication.
	"ometh=esp3/esp3a/" means ESP 3DES without/with
	Authentication.
	"ometh=espa/espaa" means ESP AES without/with Authentication
sch	It means Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup.
	sch=1,3,5,7 Set schedule 1->3->5->7
rcallb	It means Require Remote to Callback.
	"rcallb=on/off" means to enable/disable Set Require Remote to
	Callback.
ikeid	It means IKE Local ID.
	"ikeid=vigor" means Set Local ID = vigor.
For Dial-In Settings	
itype	It means Allowed Dial-In Type. Available settings include:
	"itype=t" means PPTP.
	"itype=s" means IPSec.
	"itype=L1" means L2TP (None).
	"itype=L1" means L2TP(Nice to Have).
	"itype=12" means L2TP(Must).
peer	It means specify Peer VPN Server IP for Remote VPN Gateway.
,	Type "203.12.23.48" means to allow VPN dial-in with IP address o
	203.12.23.48.
	Type "off" means any remote IP is allowed to dial in.
peerid	It means the peer ID for Remote VPN Gateway.
	Type "draytek" means the word is used as local ID.
iname	It means Dial-in Username.
	"iname=admin" means to set username as "admin".
ipwd	It means Dial-in Password.
ιρινά	"ipwd=1234" means to set password as "1234".
1.1	
ivj	It means VJ Compression.
	"ivj=on/off" means to enable /disable VJ Compression.
ikey	It means IKE Pre-Shared Key.
	"ikey=abcd" means to set IKE Pre-Shared Key = abcd.
imeth	It means IPSec Security Method
	"imeth=h" means "Allow AH".
	"imeth=d" means "Allow DES".
	"imeth=3" means "Allow 3DES".
	"imeth=a" means "Allow AES.
For TCP/IP Settings	
mywip	It means My WAN IP.

mywip	It means My WAN IP.
	"mywip=1.2.3.4" means to set My WAN IP as "1.2.3.4".

rgip	It means Remote Gateway IP. "rgip=1.2.3.4" means to set Remote Gateway IP as "1.2.3.4".
rnip	It means Remote Network IP. "rnip=1.2.3.0" means to set Remote Network IP as "1.2.3.0".
rnmask	It means Remote Network Mask. "rnmask=255.255.255.0" means to set Remote Network Mask as "255.255.255.0".
rip	It means RIP Direction. "rip=d" means to set RIP Direction as "Disable". "rip=t" means to set RIP Direction as "TX". "rip=r" means to set RIP Direction as "RX". "rip=b" means to set RIP Direction as "Both".
mode	It means the option of "From first subnet to remote network, you have to do". "mode=r" means to set Route mode. "mode=n" means to set NAT mode.
droute	It means to Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this). droute=on/off means to enable/disable the function.

```
> vpn option 1 idle=250
% Change Log..
% Idle Timeout = 250
```

Telnet Command: vpn mroute

This command allows users to list, add or delete static routes for a certain LAN to LAN VPN profile.

Syntax

vpn mroute <index> list
vpn mroute <index> add <network ip>/<mask>
vpn mroute <index> del <network ip>/<mask>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
list	It means to display all of the route settings.
add	It means to add a new route.
del	It means to delete specified route.
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile. Available index numbers: 1 ~ 32
<network ip="">/<mask></mask></network>	Type the IP address with the network mask address.

```
> vpn mroute 1 add 192.168.5.0/24
% 192.168.5.0/24
% Add new route 192.168.5.0/24 to profile 1
```

Telnet Command: vpn list

This command allows users to view LAN to LAN VPN profiles.

Syntax

vpn list <index> all

vpn list <index>com

vpn list<index>out

vpn list <index> in

vpn list<index>net

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
all	It means to list configuration of the specified profile.
com	It means to list common settings of the specified profile.
out	It means to list dial-out settings of the specified profile.
in	It means to list dial-in settings of the specified profile.
net	It means to list Network Settings of the specified profile.
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile. Available index numbers: 1 ~ 32

> vpn list 32 all	
% Common Settings	
<pre>% Profile Name</pre>	: ;;;
% Profile Status	: Disable
% Netbios Naming Packet	: Pass
<pre>% Call Direction</pre>	: Both
% Idle Timeout	: 300
<pre>% PING to keep alive</pre>	: off
<pre>% Dial-out Settings</pre>	
% Type of Server	: PPTP
% Link Type:	: 64k bps
% Username	: ;;;
% Password	:
<pre>% PPP Authentication</pre>	: PAP/CHAP
% VJ Compression	: on
% Pre-Shared Key	:
% IPSec Security Method	: AH
% Schedule	: 0,0,0,0
% Remote Callback	: off
% Provide ISDN Number	: off

```
% IKE phase 1 mode : Main mode
% IKE Local ID :
% Dial-In Settings
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] ---
> vpn list 1 com
% Common Settings
% Profile Name : ???
% Profile Status : Disable
% Netbios Naming Packet : Pass
% Call Direction : Both
% Idle Timeout : 300
% PING to keep alive : off
>
```

Telnet Command: vpn remote

This command allows users to enable or disable PPTP/IPSec/L2TP VPN service.

Syntax

vpn remote [PPTP/IPSec/L2TP] [on/off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
PPTP/IPSec/L2TP	There are four types to be selected.
on/off	on - enable VPN remote setting. off - disable VPN remote setting.

Example

```
> vpn remote PPTP on
Set PPTP VPN Service : On
Please restart the router!!
```

Telnet Command: vpn 2ndsubnet

This command allows users to enable second subnet IP as VPN server IP.

Syntax

vpn 2ndsubnet on

vpn 2ndsubnet off

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable second subnet.

```
> vpn 2ndsubnet on
%Enable second subnet IP as VPN server IP!
```

Telnet Command: vpn NetBios

This command allows users to enable or disable NetBios for Remote Access User Accounts or LAN-to-LAN Profile.

Syntax

vpn NetBios set <H2I/L2I> <index> <Block/Pass>

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<h2i l2i=""></h2i>	H2I means Remote Access User Accounts. L2I means LAN-to-LAN Profile. Specify which one will be applied by NetBios.
<index></index>	The index number of the profile.
<block pass=""></block>	Pass - Have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting. Block - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both
	sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, set it block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.

Example

```
> vpn NetBios set H2l 1 Pass
% Remote Dial In Profile Index [1] :
% NetBios Block/Pass: [PASS]
```

Telnet Command: vpn mss

This command allows users to configure the maximum segment size (MSS) for different TCP types.

Syntax

vpn mss show

vpn mss default

vpn mss set <connection type> <TCP maximum segment size range>

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display current setting status.
default	TCP maximum segment size for all the VPN connection will be set as 1360 bytes.
set	Use it to specify the connection type and value of MSS.
<connection type=""></connection>	1~4 represent various type.

	1 - PPTP 2 - L2TP 3 - IPSec 4 - L2TP over IPSec
<tcp maximum="" segment="" size<br="">range></tcp>	Each type has different segment size range. PPTP - 1 ~ 1412 L2TP - 1 ~ 1408 IPSec - 1 ~ 1381 L2TP over IPSec - 1 ~ 1361

```
>vpn mss set 1 1400
% VPN TCP maximum segment size (MSS) :
    PPTP = 1400
    L2TP = 1360
    IPSec = 1360
    L2TP over IPSec = 1360
>vpn mss show
VPN TCP maximum segment size (MSS) :
    PPTP = 1400
    L2TP = 1360
    IPSec = 1360
    L2TP over IPSec = 1360
```

Telnet Command: vpn ike

This command is used to display IKE memory status and leakage list.

Syntax

vpn ike -q

Example

```
> vpn ike -q
IKE Memory Status and Leakage List
# of free L-Buffer=95, minimum=94, leak=1
# of free M-Buffer=529, minimum=529 leak=3
# of free S-Buffer=1199, minimum=1198, leak=1
# of free Msgid-Buffer=1024, minimum=1024
```

Telnet Command: vpn Multicast

This command allows users to pass or block the multi-cast packet via VPN.

Syntax

vpn Multicast set <H2I/L2I> <index> <Block/Pass>

Syntax Description

Parameter

Description

<h2i l2i=""></h2i>	H2I means Host to LAN (Remote Access User Accounts). L2I means LAN-to-LAN Profile.
<index></index>	The index number of the profile.
<block pass=""></block>	Set Block/Pass the Multicast Packets. The default is Block.

> vpn Multicast set L2l 1 Pass

% Lan to Lan Profile Index [1] :

% Status Block/Pass: [PASS]

Telnet Command: vpn pass2nd

This command allows users to determine if the packets coming from the second subnet passing through current used VPN tunnel.

Syntax

vpn pass2nd[on]

vpn pass2nd [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	on - the packets can pass through NAT.
	off - the packets cannot pass through NAT.

Example

```
> vpn pass2nd on
% 2nd subnet is allowed to pass VPN tunnel!
```

Telnet Command: vpn pass2nat

This command allows users to determine if the packets passing through by NAT or not when the VPN tunnel disconnects.

Syntax

vpn pass2nat [on]

vpn pass2nat [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	on - the packets can pass through NAT.
	off - the packets cannot pass through NAT.

```
> vpn pass2nat on
% Packets would go through by NAT when VPN disconnect!!
```

Telnet Command: wan ppp_mru

This command allows users to adjust the size of PPP LCP MRU. It is used for specific network.

Syntax

wan ppp_mru <WAN interface number> <MRU size >

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<wan interface="" number=""></wan>	Type a number to represent the physical interface. For Vigor130, the number is 1 (which means WAN1).
<mru size=""></mru>	It means the number of PPP LCP MRU. The available range is from 1400 to 1600.

Example

```
>wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1492
> wan ppp_mru 1 1490
>
> wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1490
> wan ppp_mru 1 1492
> wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1492
```

Telnet Command: wan mtu / mtu2

This command allows users to adjust the size of MTU for WAN1/WAN2.

Syntax

wan mtu *[value]* wan mtu2 *[value]*

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
value	It means the number of MTU for PPP. The available range is from 1000 to 1500.
	For Static IP/DHCP, the maximum number will be 1500.
	For PPPoE, the maximum number will be 1492.
	For PPTP/L2TP, the maximum number will be 1460.

```
> wan mtu 1100
> wan mtu ?
Static IP/DHCP (Max MSS: 1500)
PPPoE(Max MSS: 1492)
PPTP/L2TP(Max MSS: 1460)
% wan ppp_mss <MSS size: 1000 ~ 1500>
```

% Now: 1100

Telnet Command: wan DF_check

This command allows you to enable or disable the function of DF (Don't fragment)

Syntax

wan DF_check [on]

wan DF_check [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable DF.

Example

```
> wan DF_check on
%DF bit check enable!
```

Telnet Command: wan disable

This command allows you to disable WAN connection.

Example

```
> wan disable WAN
%WAN disabled.
```

Telnet Command: wan enable

This command allows you to disable wan connection.

Example

```
> wan enable WAN
%WAN1 enabled.
```

Telnet Command: wan forward

This command allows you to enable or disable the function of WAN forwarding. The packets are allowed to be transmitted between different WANs.

Syntax

wan forward [on]

wan forward [off]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable WAN forward.

```
>wan forward ?
%WAN forwarding is Disable!
```

```
> wan forward on
%WAN forwarding is enable!
```

Telnet Command: wan status

This command allows you to display the status of WAN connection, including connection mode, TX/RX packets, DNS settings and IP address.

Example

```
> wan status
WAN1: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
Primary DNS=0.0.0.0, Secondary DNS=0.0.0.0
PVC_WAN3: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
PVC_WAN4: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
PVC_WAN5: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
```

Telnet Command: wan modem

This command, wan modem, allows you to configure 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode) of WAN5.

Syntax

wan modem [init/init2/dial/pin][string] wan modem paponly [on/off] wan modem backup_wait [value] wan modem pipe [Int][Din][Dout] wan modem wakeup [on/off/value] wan modem vid [id] wan modem pid [id] wan modem status

Parameter	Description
init	Set initial modem AT command (default value is "AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0").

Init2	Set the second initial modem AT command.
dial	Set dial modem AT command (default value is "ATDT*99#").
pin	Set PIN code for SIM card. "0":disable
paponly	It means PAP Only. Set the PPP authentication of the USB WAN. on: None. off: PAP or CHAP.
backup_wait	Set waiting time after boot if USB WAN is in backup mode. This waiting time is reserved for the dial of main WANs so that the backup USB WAN will not go up first. Available setting is from 1 to 255. Unit is second.
pipe	It is for RD debug only. Please don't use it without our advice.
wakeup [on/off]	It is for RD debug only. Please don't use it without our advice.
vid	Set VID of VID/PID match to bind the USB modem to specify WAN interface. By default, this match is not set (0x0/0x0) and the router specifies WAN interface by USB port.
pid	Set PID of VID/PID match to bind the USB modem to specify WAN interface. By default, this match is not set (0x0/0x0) and the router specifies WAN interface by USB port.
status	Display current status of USB modem.

```
> wan modem pin 0000
> wan modem status
Modem Link Speed=0
Current Signal Strength=0
Last Fail Message:
Current Connect Stage:
```

Telnet Command: wan detect

This command allows you to Ping a specified IP to detect the WAN connection (static IP or PPPoE mode).

Syntax

wan detect [wan1][on/off/always_on]

wan detect [wan1]target [ip addr]

wan detect [wan1]ttl [1-255]

wan detect status

Parameter	Description
on	It means to enable ping detection. The IP address of the target shall be set.
off	It means to enable ARP detection (default).
always_on	disable link detect, always connected(only support static IP)
target	It means to set the ping target.
ip addr	It means the IP address used for detection. Type an IP address in this field.

ttl	It means to set the ping TTL value (work as trace route) If you do not set any value for ttl here or just type 0 here, the system will use default setting (255) as the ttl value.
status	It means to show the current status.

```
> wan detect status
WAN1: always on
WAN2: off
WAN3: off
WAN4: off
WAN5: off
> wan detect wan1 target 192.168.1.78
Set OK
> wan detect wan1 on
Set OK
> wan detect status
WAN1: on, Target=192.168.1.78, TTL=255
WAN2: off
WAN3: off
WAN4: off
WAN5: off
>
```

Telnet Command: wan Ib

This command allows you to Enable/Disable for each WAN to join auto load balance member.

Syntax

wan lb [wan1/wan2/...] on
wan lb [wan1/wan2/...] off

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1/wan2	It means to specify which WAN will be applied with load balance.
on	It means to make WAN interface as the member of load balance.
off	It means to cancel WAN interface as the member of load balance.

> wan 1	lb status
WAN1:	on
WAN2:	on
WAN3:	on
WAN4:	on
WAN5:	on
WAN6:	on
WAN7:	on

Telnet Command: wan mvlan

This command allows you to configure multi-VLAN for WAN and LAN. It supports pure bridge mode (modem mode) between Ethernet WAN and LAN port 2~4.

Syntax

wan mvlan [pvc_no/status/save/enable/disable] [on/off/clear/tag tag_no] [service type/vlan priority] [px ...][Keep Tag]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
pvc_no	It means index number of PVC. There are 10 PVC, 0(Channel-1) to 9(Channel-9) allowed to be configured.	
	However, only 2 to 9 are available for configuration.	
status	It means to display the whole Bridge status.	
save	It means to save the configuration into flash of Vigor router.	
enable/disable	It means to enable/disable the Multi-VLAN function.	
on/off	It means to turn on/off bridge mode for the specific channel.	
clear	It means to turn off/clear the port.	
tag tag_no	It means to tag a number for the VLAN.	
	-1: No need to add tag number.	
	1-4095: Available setting numbers used as tagged number.	
service type	It means to specify the service type for VLAN.	
	0: Normal.	
	1: IGMP.	
vlan priority	It means to specify the priority for the VALN setting.	
	Range is from 0 to 7.	
рх	It means LAN port. Available setting number is from 2 to 4. Port number 1 is locked for NAT usage.	
Keep Tag	It means Multi-VLAN packets will keep their VLAN headers to LAN.	

Example

PVC 7 will map to LAN port 2/3/4 in bridge mode; service type is Normal. No tag added.

Telnet Command: wan multifno

This command allows you to specify a channel (in Multi-PVC/VLAN) to make bridge connection to a specified WAN interface.

Syntax

wan multifno [channel #] [WAN interface #]

wan multifno status

Parameter	Description	
channel #	There are 4 (?) channels including VLAN and PVC. Available settings are: 1=Channel 1 3=Channel 3 4=Channel 4 5=Channel 5	
WAN interface #	Type a number to indicate the WAN interface. 1=WAN1	
status	It means to display current bridge status.	

Syntax Description

Example

```
> wan multifno 5 1
% Configured channel 5 uplink to WAN1
> wan multifno status
% Channel 3 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 4 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 5 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 6 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 7 uplink ifno: 3
>
```

Telnet Command: wan vlan

This command allows you to tag packets on WAN VLAN with specified number.

Syntax

```
wan vlan wan [#] tag [value]
wan vlan wan [#] [enable/disable]
wan vlan stat
```

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
#	It means the number of WAN interface. 1: means WAN1 2: means WAN2.	
value	It means the number to be tagged on packets. The range of the value is between 32 ~ 4095.	
enable/disable	It means to enable or disable the WAN interface for VLAN.	
stat	It means to display the table of WAN VLAN status.	

Telnet Command: wan budget

This command allows you determine the data *traffic volume* for each WAN interface respectively to prevent from overcharges for data transmission by the ISP.

Syntax

wan budget wan [#] rdate [day] [hour]
wan budget wan [#] [enable/disable]
wan budget wan [#] thres [budget limit (MB)]
wan budget wan [#] gthres [budget limit (GB)]
wan budget wan [#] mode [monthly/periodic/none]
wan budget wan [#] psday [th day in periodic]
wan budget wan [#] action [action bitmap]
wan budget status

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
wan[#]	Specify the WAN interface.	
rdate	Specify the WAN budget refresh time.	
	day - Available settings are from 1 to 30.	
	hour - Available settings are from 1 to 23.	
	E.g., wan budget wan 1 rdate 5 10	
	If monthy mode is selected: WAN budget will be refreshed on 5th day at 10:00 in each month	
	If periodic mode is selected: WAN budget will be refreshed every 5 days and 10 hours	
enable/disable	enable - Enable the function of wan budget. disable - Disable the function of wan budget.	
thres [budget limit (MB)]	Specify the maximum value for WAN budget limit. (Unit: MB) budget limit - Type a number.	
gthres [budget limit (GB)]	Specify the maximum value of wan budget limit. (Unit: GB) budget limit - Type a number.	
mode [monthly periodic none]	Specify the calculation mode (monthly, periodically, or none) for WAN budget.	
psday [th day in periodic]	It is used only when mode is set with "periodic". Specify the order of "today" in the cycle.	
	E.g., wan budget wan 5 psday \rightarrow It means "today" is the 5 th day in the billing cycle.	
action [action bitmap]	Determine the action to be performed when it reaches the WAN budget limit. action bitmap - Type a total number of actions to be executed.	
	Different numbers represent different actions.	
	1: shotdown wan	
	2: send mail alert	
	4: send sms alert	
	For example, if you type "5" (5=1+4), the system will send SMS alert when WAN shotdown is detected.	
status	Display current configuration status of WAN budget.	

```
> wan budget wan 1 action 5
% WAN 1 budget action set to 5
```

```
> wan budget wan 1 gthres 10
% WAN 1 budget limit set to 10 GB
```

Telnet Command: wan detect_mtu

This command allows you to run a WAN MTU Discovery. The user can specify an IPv4 target to ping and find the suitable MTU size of the WAN interface.

Syntax

wan detect_mtu -w [number] -i [Host/IP address] -s [base_size] -d [decrease_size] (-c
[count])

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-w [number]	Specify the WAN interface.	
	Value: Type the number of WAN interface. 1: WAN1; 2:WAN2and	
	etc.	
-I [Host/IP address]	Specify the IPv4 target to detect. If can be an IPv4 address or	
	domain name.	
	Host/IP address: Type the IP address/domain name of the target.	
-s [base_size]	Set the MTU size base for Discovery.	
	base_size: Available setting is 1000 ~ 1500.	
-d [decrease size]	Set the MTU size to decrease between detections.	
	decrease size: Available setting is 1 ~ 100.	
-c [count]	Set the maximum times of ping failure during a Discovery.	
	count: Available settings are 1 ~ 10. Default value is 3.	

Example

```
> wan detect_mtu -w 2 -i 8.8.8.8 -s 1500 -d 30 -c 10
detecting mtu size:1500!!!
```

```
mtu size:1470!!!
```

Telnet Command: wan detect_mtu6

This command allows you to run a WAN MTU Discovery. The user can specify an IPv6 target to ping and find the suitable MTU size of the WAN interface.

Syntax

wan detect_mtu6 -w [number] -i [IPv6 address] -s [base_size]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-w [number]	Specify the WAN interface	
	number: Type the number of WAN interface. 1: WAN1; 2:WAN2and etc.	
-I [IPv6 address]	Specify the IPv6 target to detect. It must be an IPv6 IP address.	
	IPv6 address: Type the IPv6 address of the target.	
-s [base_size]	Specify the size of MTU.	
	base_size: Available setting is 1000 ~ 1500.	

```
> wan detect_mtu6 -w 2 -i 2404:6800:4008:c06::5e -s 1500
>
```

Telnet Command: wl acl

This command allows the user to configure wireless access control settings.

Syntax

wl acl enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] wl acl disable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]

wl acl add [MAC] [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [isolate]

wl acl del [MAC]

wl acl mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]

wl acl show

wl acl showmode

wl acl clean

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to enable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.	
disable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to disable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.	
add [MAC] [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [isolate]	It means to associate a MAC address to certain SSID interfaces' access control settings. The isolate setting will limit the wireless client's network capabilities to accessing the wireless LAN only.	
	[MAC] format: xx-xx-xx-xx-xx	
	OF XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	
	OF XX.XX.XX.XX.XX	
del [MAC]	It means to delete a MAC address entry defined in the access control list.	
mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]	It means to set white/black list for each SSID.	
wl acl show	It means to show access control status.	
wl acl showmode	It means to show the mode for each SSID.	
wl acl clean	It means to clean all access control setting.	

```
> > wl acl showmode
ssid1: none
ssid2: none
ssid3: none
ssid4: none
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70
Set Done !!
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70 ssid1 ssid2 isolate
Set Done !!
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70 ssid1 ssid2 isolate
Set Done !!
> wl acl show
------Enable Mac Address Filter------
ssid1: dis ssid2: dis ssid3: dis ssid4: dis
-----MAC Address Filter------
```

```
Index Attribute MAC Address Associated SSIDs

0 00:50:70:ff:12:70 ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4

1 s 00:50:70:ff:12:70 ssid1 ssid2

s: Isolate the station from LAN

>
```

Telnet Command: wl config

This command allows users to configure general settings and security settings for wireless connection.

Syntax

wl config mode [value] wl config mode show

wl config channel [number]

wl config preamble [enable]

wl config txburst [enable]

wl config ssid [ssid_num enable ssid_name [hidden_ssid]]

wl config security [SSID_NUMBER] [mode]

wl config ratectl [ssid_num enable upload download]

wl config isolate [ssid_num lan member]

Parameter	Description	
mode[value]	It means to select connection mode for wireless connection. Available settings are: "11bgn", "11gn", "11n", "11bg", "11g", or "11b".	
mode show	It means to display what the current wireless mode is.	
channel [number]	It means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The available settings are 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12 and 13. number=0, means Auto number=1, means Channel 1 number=13, means Channel 13.	
preamble [enable]	 It means to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. 0: disable to use long preamble. 1: enable to use long preamble. 	
txburst [enable]	 It means to enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by enabling Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. 0: disable the function. 1: enable the function. 	
ssid[ssid_num enable ssid_name [hidden_ssid]]	It means to set the name of the SSID, hide the SSID if required. <i>ssid_num:</i> Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. <i>ssid_name</i> : Give a name for the specified SSID.	

	hidden_ssid: Type 0 to hide the SSID or 1 to display the SSID		
Security [SSID_NUMBER] [mode][key][index]	It means to configure security settings for the wirelesss connection. <i>SSID_NUMBER</i> : Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.		
	<i>mode</i> : Available settings are:		
	disable:	No security.	
	wpa1x:	WPA/802.1x Only	
	wpa21x:	WPA2/802.1x Only	
	wpamix1x:	Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only)	
	wep1x:	WEP/802.1x Only	
	wpapsk:	WPA/PSK	
	wpa2psk:	WPA2/PSK	
	wpamixpsk:	Mixed (WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
	wep:	WEP	
	<i>key, index</i> : Moreover, you have to add keys for <i>wpapsk, wpa2psk, wpamixpsk</i> and <i>wep</i> , and specify index number of schedule profiles to be followed by the wireless connection.		
		be in 5/13 ASCII text string or 10/26 Hexadecimal PA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII text string or 64 git format.	
ratectl [ssid_num enable	It means to set	the rate control for the specified SSID.	
upload download]	ssid_num: Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.		
	<i>enable</i> : It means to enable the function of the rate control for the specified SSID. 0: disable and 1:enable.		
	<i>upload</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data upload. The unit is kbps.		
	<i>download</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data download. The unit is kbps.		
isolate [ssid_num lan	It means to isola	ate the wireless connection for LAN and/or Member.	
member]	<i>Ian</i> - It can make the wireless clients (stations) with remote-dial and LAN to LAN users not accessing for each other.		
	<i>member</i> - It can make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other.		

```
> wl config mode 11bgn
Current mode is 11bgn
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the channel
> wl config channel 13
Current channel is 13
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the channel.
> wl config preamble 1
Long preamble is enabled
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl config ssid 1 enable dray
SSID Enable Hide_SSID Name
1
      1
             0
                      dray
\ <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl config security 1 wpalx
%% Configured Wlan Security Setting:
% SSID1
%% Mode: wpalx
%% Wireless card must be reset for configurations to take effect
```

%% (Telnet Command: wl restart)

Telnet Command: wl set

This command allows users to configure basic wireless settings.

Syntax

wl set [SSID] [CHAN[En]]

wl set txburst [enable]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
SSID	It means to type the SSID for the router. The maximum character that you can use is 32.
CHAN[En]	It means to specify required channel for the router. <i>CHAN:</i> The range for the number is between 1 ~ 13. <i>En:</i> type <i>on</i> to enable the function; type <i>off</i> to disable the function.
txburst [enable]	 It means to enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by enabling Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. 0: disable the function. 1: enable the function.

Example

```
> wl set MKT 2 on
% New Wlan Setting is:
% SSID=MKT
% Chan=2
% Wl is Enable
```

Telnet Command: wl act

This command allows users to activate wireless settings.

Syntax

wl act [En]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
En	It means to enable or disable the function of VPN isolation.
	0: diable
	1: enable

Example

> wl act on % Set Wlan to Enable.

Telnet Command: wl scan

This command allows users to perform AP scanning.

Syntax

wl scan [start] wl scan set [wlist/blist/stime][MAC] wl scan del [wlist/blist] [MAC] wl scan filter [ssid/channel/mac] wl scan show [0/1/2/3]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
start	It means to start AP scanning.
set [wlist/blist/stime] [MAC]	Set white list/block list/scan time. <i>wlist</i> - It means to set white list for passing. MAC address must be added in the end. e.g., <i>wl scan set wlist 001122aabbcc</i> <i>blist</i> - It means to set black list for blocking. MAC address must be added in the end.
	<i>stime</i> - It means to set scanning time. Time value (2~5 second) must be added in the end. e.g., <i>wl scan set time 5</i>
del	Remove white list/block list. e.g., wl scan del wlist 001122aabbcc
filter	Set which filter you want. ssid - scanning the AP based on SSID setting. channel - scanning the AP based on channel setting. mac - scanning the AP based on MAC address setting
show [0/1/2/3]	It is used to show AP list. 0 - display white list 1 - display block list, 2 - display gray/unknown list, 3 - display all list

Example

```
> wl scan set wlist 001122aabbcc
> wl scan start
> wl scan show 3
>
```

Telnet Command: wl stamgt

This command is used to configure connection time and reconnection time for each SSID that wireless client used for accessing into Internet.

Syntax

wl stamgt [enable/disable] [ssid_num].
wl stamgt [show] [ssid_num].
wl stamgt set [ssid_num] [c] [r]

wl stamgt reset [ssid_num].

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable/disable	It means to enable/disable the station management control.
ssid_num	It means channel selection. Available channel for 2.4G: 0/1/2/3 Available channel for 5G: 4/5/6/7.
show	It means to display status or configuration of the selected channel.
С	It means connection time. The unit is minute.
r	It means reconnection time. The unit is minute.

Example

```
> wl stamgt enable 1
% Station Management Status: enabled
> wl stamgt set 1 60 60
> wl stamgt show 1
NO. SSID BSSID Connect time Reconnect time
1. Draytek 00:11:22:aa:bb:cc 0d:0:58:26 0d:0:0
```

Telnet Command: wl iso_vpn

This command allows users to activate the function of VPN isolation.

Syntax

wl iso_vpn [ssid] [En]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ssid	It means the number of SSID. 1: SSID1 2: SSID2 3: SSID3 4: SSID4
En	It means to enable or disable the function of VPN isolation. 0: disable 1: enable

Example

```
> wl iso_vpn 1 on
% ssid: 1 isolate vpn on :1
```

Telnet Command: wl wpa

This command allows you to configure WPA wireless settings.

Syntax

wl wpa 1/2/3

Parameter	Description
wl wpa	Type 1/2/3 to represent different WPA modes. 1 - means WPA+WPA2 2 - means WPA2 Only 3 - means WPA Only

> wl wpa 1 >

Telnet Command: wl wmm

This command allows users to set WMM for wireless connection. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs).

Syntax

wl wmm ap Queldx Aifsn Cwmin Cwmax Txop ACM

wl wmm bss Queldx Aifsn Cwmin Cwmax Txop ACM

wI wmm ack Que0_Ack Que1_Ack Que2_Ack Que3_Ack

wl wmm enable SSID0 SSID1 SSID2 SSID3

wl wmm apsd value

wl wmm show

Parameter	Description
ар	It means to set WMM for access point.
bss	It means to set WMM for wireless clients.
ack	It means to map to the Ack policy settings of AP WMM.
enable	It means to enable the WMM for each SSID. 0: disable 1: enable
Apsd [value]	It means to enable / disable the ASPD(automatic power-save delivery) function. 0: disable 1: enable
show	It displays current status of WMM.
Queldx	It means the number of the queue which the WMM settings will be applied to. There are four queues, best effort, background, voice, and video.
Aifsn	It controls how long the client waits for each data transmission.
Cwmin/ Cwmax	CWMin means contention Window-Min and CWMax means contention Window-Max. Specify the value ranging from 1 to 15.
Тхор	It means transmission opportunity. Specify the value ranging from 0 to 65535.
ACM	It can restrict stations from using specific category class if it is enabled. 0: disable 1: enable

```
> wl wmm ap 0 3 4 6 0 0
QueIdx=0: APAifsn=3, APCwmin=4, APCwmax=6, APTxop=0, APACM=0
> wl wmm enable 1 0 1 0 
WMM_SSID0 =1, WMM_SSID1 =0, WMM_SSID2 =1, WMM_SSID3 =0
> wl wmm show
Enable WMM: SSID0 =1, SSID1 =0,SSID2 =1,SSID3 =0
APSD=0
QueIdx=0: APAifsn=3, APCwmin=4, APCwmax=6, APTxop=0, APACM=0
QueIdx=1: APAifsn=7, APCwmin=4, APCwmax=10, APTxop=0, APACM=0
QueIdx=2: APAifsn=1, APCwmin=3, APCwmax=4, APTxop=94, APACM=0
QueIdx=3: APAifsn=1, APCwmin=2, APCwmax=3, APTxop=47, APACM=0
QueIdx=0: BSSAifsn=3,BSSCwmin=4,BSSCwmax=10, BSSTxop=0,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=1: BSSAifsn=7,BSSCwmin=4,BSSCwmax=10, BSSTxop=0,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=2: BSSAifsn=2,BSSCwmin=3,BSSCwmax=4, BSSTxop=94,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=3: BSSAifsn=2,BSSCwmin=2,BSSCwmax=3, BSSTxop=47,BSSACM=0
AckPolicy[0]=0: AckPolicy[1]=0,AckPolicy[2]=0,AckPolicy[3]=0
```

Telnet Command: wI ht

This command allows you to configure wireless settings.

Syntax

- wl ht bw value
- wl ht gi value
- wl ht badecline value
- wl ht autoba value
- wl ht rdg value
- wl ht msdu value
- wI ht txpower value
- wl ht antenna value
- wl ht greenfield value

Parameter	Description
wl ht bw value	The value you can type is 0 (for BW_20) and 1 (for BW_40).
wl ht gi value	The value you can type is 0 (for GI_800) and 1 (for GI_4001)
wl ht badecline value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht autoba value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht rdg value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht msdu value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht txpower value	The value you can type ranges from 1 - 6 (level).
wl ht antenna value	The value you can type ranges from 0-3. 0: 2T3R 1: 2T2R 2: 1T2R

	3: 1T1R
wl ht greenfield value	The value you can type is 0 (for mixed mode) and 1 (for green field).

```
> wl ht bw value 1
BW=0
<Note> Please restart wireless after you set new parameters.
> wl restart
Wireless restart.....
```

Telnet Command: wl restart

This command allows you to restart wireless setting.

Example

```
> wl restart
Wireless restart.....
```

Telnet Command: wl btnctl

This command allows you to enable or disable wireless button control.

wl btnctl [value]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
value	0: disable
	1: enable

Example

```
> wl btnctl 1
Enable wireless botton control
Current wireless botton control is on
>
```

Telnet Command: wl iwpriv & wl wlanconfig

These two commands are reserved for RD debug. Do not use them.

Telnet Command: wl efuse

This command is used to configure parameters related to wireless RF hardware. At present, it is not allowed for end user to operate.

Telnet Command: wol

This command allows Administrator to set the white list of WAN IP addresses/Subnets, that the magic packet from these IP addresses/Subnets will be eligible to pass through NAT and wake up the LAN client. You also need to set NAT rule for LAN client.

Syntax

wol up [MAC Address]/[IP Address]
wol fromWan [on/off/any]
wol fromWan_Setting [idx][ip address][mask]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
MAC Address	It means the MAC address of the host.
IP address	It means the LAN IP address of the host. If you want to wake up LAN host by using IP address, be sure that that IP address has been bound with the MAC address (IP BindMAC).
on/off/any	It means to enable or disable the function of WOL from WAN. on: enable off: disable any: It means any source IP address can pass through NAT and wake up the LAN client. This command will allow the user to choose whether WoL packets can be passed from the Internet to the LAN network from a specific WAN interface.
[idx][ip address] [mask]	It means the index number (from 1 to 4). These commands will allow the user to configure the LAN clients that the user may wake up from the Internet through the use of the WoL packet. <i>ip address</i> - It means the WAN IP address. <i>mask</i> - It means the mask of the IP address.

Example

```
> wol fromWan on
> wol fromWan_Setting 1 192.168.1.45 255.255.255.0
>
```

Telnet Command: user

The command is used to create new user account profiles.

Syntax

user set [-e/-d/-c/-l/-o/-a/-r/-b]user edit $[PROFILE_IDX]$ [-e/-d/-n/-p/-t/-u/-i/-q/-r/-w/-s/-m/-x/-v]user account $[USER_NAME]$ [-t/-d/-q/-r/-w]

Parameter	Description
set	It means to configure general setup for the user management.
edit	It means to modify the selected user profile.
account	It means to
User Set	
-е	Enable User management function.
-d	Disable User management function.
-a[Profile idx][User name][IP_Address]	It means to pass an IP Address. <i>Profile idx-</i> type the index number of the selected profile. <i>User name-</i> type the user name that you want it to pass. <i>IP_Address-</i> type the IP address that you want it to pass.
-l all -l userl	Show online user. all - all of the users will be displayed on the screen.

-1 ip	user name - type the user name that you want to view on the	
	screen. <i>ip</i> - type the IP address that you want to view on the screen.	
-0	It means to show user account information.	
	e.g., - <i>o</i>	
-c[user name]	Clear the user record.	
-c all	<i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to get clear corresponding record. <i>all</i> - all of the records will be removed.	
-buser [user name]	Block specifies user or IP address.	
-b ip [ip address]	<i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to block. <i>ip address</i> type the IP address that you want to block.	
-u user [user name] -u ip [ip address]	Unblock specifies user or IP address. <i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to unblock. <i>ip address</i> type the IP address that you want to unblock.	
-r [user name all]	Remove the user record. <i>user name</i> - type the name of the user profile. <i>all</i> - all of the user profile settings will be removed.	
-q	It means to trigger the alert tool to do authentication.	
-S	It means to set login service. 0:HTTPS 1:HTTP	
	e.g.,-s 1	
User edit		
PROFILE_IDX	Type the index number of the profile that you want to edit.	
-e	Enable User profile function.	
-d	Disable User profile function.	
-N	It means to set a user name for a profile. e.g.,- <i>n fortest</i>	
-p	It means to configure user password. e.g., <i>-p 60fortest</i>	
- <i>t</i>	It means to enable /disable time quota limitation for user profile 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-И	It means to enable /disable data quota limitation for user profile 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-i	It means to set idle time. e.g., - <i>i 60</i>	
-q	set time quota It means to set time quota of the user profile. e.g., -q 200	
-r	It means to set data quota. e.g., <i>-r 1000</i>	
-W	It means to specify the data quota unit (MB/GB). e.g., -w MB	
-S	It means to set schedule index. Available settings are" sch_idx1,sch_idx2,sch_idx3, and sch_idx4.	

- <i>m</i>	It means to set the maximum login user number.
	e.g., <i>-m 200</i>
-X	It means to set external server authentication
	0: None
	1: LDAP
	2: Radius
	3: TACAS
	e.g., - <i>x 2</i>
-V	It means to view user profile(s).
User account	·
USER_NAME	It means to type a name of the user account.
- <i>t</i>	It means to enable /disable time quota limitation for user account.
	0:Disable
	1:Enable
-d	It means to enable /disable data quota limitation for user account.
	0:Disable
	1:Enable
- <i>q</i>	It means to set account time quota.
	e.g., <i>-q 200</i>
- <i>r</i>	It means to set account data quota.
	e.g., <i>-r 1000</i>
-W	It means to set data quota unit (MB/GB).

```
> user account admin -d 1
Enable the [admin] data quota limited
```

Telnet Command: nand bad /nand usage

"NAND usage" is used to display NAND Flash usage; "nand bad" is used to display NAND Flash bad blocks.

Syntax

nand bad

nand usage

Example

>nand usa	>nand usage				
Show NAND) Flash Usage:				
Partition	n Total	Used	Available	Use%	
cfg	4194304	7920	4186384	0%	
bin_web	33554432	11869493	21684939	35%	
cfg-bak	4194304	7920	4186384	0 %	
bin_web-b	ak 33554432	11869493	21684939	35%	
> nand ba	ıd				
Show NAND) Flash Bad Bl	ocks:			
Block Ad	ddress	Partition			
1020 02	x07f80000	unused			

102	1 0x07fa0000	unused
102	2 0x07fc0000	unused
102	3 0x07fe0000	unused

Telnet Command: apm show /clear/discover/query

The apm command(s) is use to display, remove, discover or query the information of VigorAP registered to Vigor3220.

Syntax

apm show

apm clear

apm discover

apm query

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	It displays current information of APM profile.
clear	It is used to remove all of the APM profile.
discover	It is used to search VigorAP on LAN.
query	It is used to query any VigorAP which has been registered to APM (Central AP Management) in Vigor3220. Information related to the registered AP will be send back to Vigor3220 for updating the web page of Central AP Management.

Example

```
> apm clear ?
Clear all clients ... done
```

Telnet Command: apm profile

This command allows to configure wireless profiles to be used in Central AP Management.

Syntax

apm profile clone [from index][to index][[new name] apm profile del [index] apm profile reset apm profile summary apm profile [show [profile index]]

apm profile apply [profile index] [client index1 [index2 .. index5]]

Parameter	Description
clone	It is used to copy the same parameters settings from one profile to another APM profile.
del	It is used to delete a specified APM profile. The default (index #1) should not be deleted.
reset	It is used to reset to factory settings for WLAN profile.

summary	It is used to list all of the APM profiles with required information.	
show	It is used to display specified APM profile.	
apply	It is used to apply the selected APM profile onto specified VigorAP.	
from index	Type an index number in this field. It is the original APM profile to be cloned to other APM profile.	
to index	Type an index number in this file. It is the target profile which will clone the parameters settings from an existed APM profile.	
new name	Type a name for a new APM profile.	
profile index	Type the index number of existed profile.	
client index1/2/3/4/5	It is useful for applying the selected APM profile to the specified VigorAP.	

```
> apm profile clone 1 2 forcarrie
(Done)
> apm profile summary
# Name
          SSID
                       Security ACL RateCtrl(U/D)
- ----- ----- ------ ------ ------
          DrayTek-LAN-A WPA+WPA2/PSK x
0 Default
                                           - /
           DrayTek-LAN-B WPA+WPA2/PSK x
                                           - /
                                                 _
1 -
                        _
2 forcarrie DrayTek Disable x
3 -
            _
                        _
                                 _
4 -
```

Telnet Command: apm cache

This command is used to display or remove the information of registered VigorAP, including MAC address, name, and authentication. Up to 30 entries of registered information can be stored and displayed.

Syntax

apm cache [show]

apm cache clear

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display the information related to VigorAP registered Vigor3220.
clear	It means to remove the information related to VigorAP registered Vigor3220.

Example

> apm cach	e show	
MAC	Name	Auth

Telnet Command: apm lbcfg

This command allows to set parameters related to AP management control.

Syntax

>

apm lbcfg [set] [value] apm lbcfg[show]

Parameter	Description	
set	It means to set the load balance configuration file for APM.	
Show	It shows the configuration value.	
[value]	You need to type 10 numbers in this field. Each number represents different setting value.	
	[1] - The first number means the load balance function. Type	
	1 - enable load balance,	
	0 - disable load balance.	
	[2] - The second number means the station limit function. Type	
	1 -enable station limit,	
	0 - disable station limit.	
	[3] - The third number means the traffic limit function. Type	
	1 - enable traffic limit,	
	0 - disable traffic limit.	
	[4] - The forth number means the limit num of station. Available range is 3~64.	
	[5] - The fifth number means the upload limit function. Type	
	1 - enable upload limit,	
	0 - disable upload limit.	
	[6] - The sixth number means the download limit function. Type	
	1 - enable download limit,	
	0 - disable download limit.	
	[7] - The seventh number means disassociation by idle time. Type	
	1 - enable disassociation,	
	0 - disable disassociation.	
	[8] - The eighth number means to enable or disable disassociation by signal strength. Type	
	1 - enable disassociation,	
	0 - disable disassociation.	
	[9] - The ninth number means to determine the unit of traffic limit (for upload)	
	1 - Mbps	
	0 - kbps	
	[10] - The tenth number means to determine the unit of traffic limit (for download)	
	1 - Mbps	
	0 - kbps	

```
> apm lbcfg show
apm LoadBalance Config :
1. Enable LoadBalance : 0
2. Enable station limit : 0
3. Enable traffic limit : 0
4. limit Number : 64
5. Upload limit : 0
6. Download limit : 0
7. Enable disassociation by idle time : 0
8. Enable disassociation by Signal strength : 0
9. Traffic limit unit (upload) : 0
10.Traffic limit unit (download) : 0
flag : 0
> apm lbcfg set 1 1 0 15 0 0 0 0 1 1
> apm lbcfg show
apm LoadBalance Config :
1. Enable LoadBalance : 1
2. Enable station limit : 1
3. Enable traffic limit : 0
4. limit Number : 15
5. Upload limit : 0
6. Download limit : 0
7. Enable disassociation by idle time : 0
8. Enable disassociation by Signal strength : 0
9. Traffic limit unit (upload) : 1
10.Traffic limit unit (download) : 1
flag : 49
```

Telnet Command: apm napdetect

This command is used to enable/disable AP detection function.

Syntax

apm napdetect [get] apm napdetect [set] [enable/disable AP Detection 1/0][Refresh Time].

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
get	It is used to get AP detection data from VigorAP (e.g., AP900).
set	It allows to set detect configuration to VigorAP.
<i>enable/disable AP Detection 1/0</i>	It is used to enable or disable the AP detection function. 0 - disable the function. 1 - enable the function.
Refresh Time	Available values are 1, 3 or 5 (minutes).

Example

Note: To check the scanning result of AP detection, use the command of "wl scan show".

```
> apm napdetect set 1 1
```

```
> wl scan show 3
Sta Ch SSID BSSID BssType Security Siganl(%) Beacon
Period First Detected Last Detected
11 DrayTek-LAN-B 02:1d:aa:4c:bd:a8 AP Mixed 26 100
11 DrayTek-LAN-A 00:1d:aa:4f:bd:a8 AP Mixed 42 100
Dec 09,10:35:44 Dec 09,10:35:44
```

Telnet Command: ha set

This command can be used to configure HA settings for Vigor routers.

Syntax

ha set [-<command> <parameter>/ ...]

Parameter	Description	
[<command/> <parameter>]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several parameters in one line.	
-e <1/0>	 Enable the function of High Availability (HA). Disable the function of High Availability (HA). 	
-1 <1/0>	 Enable the function of recording the operation record of HA in Syslog. Disable the function of recording the operation record of HA in Syslog. 	
-M <1/0>	Specify the Redundancy Method for HA. 1: Active-Standby 0: Hot-Standby	
-v <1-255>	Specify the group ID (VHID) 1- 255: Setting range.	
-R	Set HA settings to Factory Default.	
-p <1-30>	Specify the Priority ID. 1-30: Setting range.	
-k <key></key>	Specify the Authentication Key. Key: Max. 31 Characters.	
-u <1/0>	Enable or disable the function of Update DDNS. 1: Enable. When a router changes HA status to primary, it will update DDNS automatically. 0: Disable.	
-m <interface></interface>	Specify the management interface. Interface: LAN1 ~ LAN8, DMZ.	
-S	It means to renew the status for HA.	
-у	It means to perform config sync for HA.	
-c <1/0>	Enable or disable the function of Config Sync. 1: Enable. 0: Disable.	
-I -[M H D] <interval></interval>	Set the Config Sync Interval for HA. Minimum interval is 15 minutes. -M: Minute. Setting range is 0/15/30/45. (e.g., ha set -I -M 30) -H: Hour. Setting range is from 0 to 23. (e.g., ha set -I -H 12) -D: Day. Setting range is from 0 to 30. (e.g., ha set -I -D 15)	
-h <subnet> [<virtual ip="">]</virtual></subnet>	Enable and set virtual IP to the subnet. Subnet: LAN1 to LAN8, DMZ. Virtual IP: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.0) For example, to enable a virtual IP to the sunet, simply type:	

	ha set -h LAN1 192.168.1.5
-d <subnet></subnet>	Disable a virtual IP to the subnet.
	Subnet: LAN1 to LAN8, DMZ.
	For example, to disable a virtual IP to the subnet, just type:
	ha set -h LAN1

```
> ha set -h LAN1 192.168.1.5
% Enable Virtual IP on LAN1
% Set Virtual IP 192.168.1.5 OK!!
>
```

Telnet Command: ha show

This command can be used to show the *settings information* about config sync and general setup.

Syntax

ha show -c

ha show -g

Syntax Description

Parameter	ter Description	
-С	Show the settings of config sync.	
- <i>g</i>	Show the settings of general setup.	

Example

>]	ha show -g	3	
8	High Ava	ilabilit	y : Disable
90	Redundan	cy Metho	d : Active-Standby
8	Group ID		: 1
8	Priority	ID	: 10
8	Preempt	Mode	: Enable
8	Update D	DNS	: Disable
90	Manageme	nt Inter	face : LAN1
8	Authenti	cation K	ley : draytek
%	Syslog		: OFF
%			
%	[Index	Enable	e Virtual IP]
8	LAN1	-	0.0.0.0
8	LAN2	-	0.0.0.0
8	LAN3	-	0.0.0.0
8	LAN4	-	0.0.0.0
8	LAN5	-	0.0.0.0
8	LAN6	-	0.0.0.0
90	LAN7	-	0.0.0.0
00	LAN8	-	0.0.0.0
90	DMZ	-	0.0.0.0
>			

Telnet Command: ha status

This command is used to display HA status information.

Syntax

ha status -a [Detail Level] ha status -m [Detail Level]

Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-а	Show the status for all of the routers in HA group.	
- <i>m</i>	Show the status of local router only.	
Detail Level	 0: Basic information. 1: Basic information with more data (e.g., firmware version, model, HTTPs port. MAC address and etc). 2: Basic information with some HA settings. 	

Example

>	ha status -m 2		
00	[Local Router] DrayTek		
%	IPv4	: 192.168.1.1	
00	Status	: !	
%	High Availability	: ! Disable	
olo	Redundancy Method	: Active-Standby	
00	Group ID	: 1	
00	Priority ID	: 10	
00	Preempt Mode	: Enable	
olo	Update DDNS	: Disable	
olo	Management Interface		
00	Authentication Key	-	
00	Virtual IP: (Max. 7 V	irtual IPs)	
00	! OFF		
00		: Disable	
00		: O Day O Hour 15 Minute	
00	Cached Time	: 0 (s)	
	ha status -m O		
00	<pre>¿ [Local Router] DrayTek</pre>		
00	IPv4	: 192.168.1.1	
00	Status	: !	
00	State	: Down	
%	Stable	: ! No	
%	WAN	: ! All WANs Down - Eth	
o\0	Config Sync Status	: Not Ready	
olo	Cached Time	: 0 (s)	
00			
>			
L			